

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

The plague at Astrakhan, Russia, is declared not to be bubonic.

Both General Brooke and General Wood have denied to the War department reports of riots and disturbances in Santiago.

Salvation Army folks are forbidden to use trumpet, drum or tambourine on the streets of Philadelphia and speech only is left to them in their public worship.

Postoffice department officials have received word that the stage running from Salmon to Red Lodge, Mont., was held up but the mails were not molested.

While delirious from illness Daniel Montgomery, a wealthy farmer living near Milan, Mo., attempted to kill his wife and little boy with a hatchet and then cut his throat with a razor.

General Otis cables from Manila that the sailing of the Zealandia and Valencia with Montana troops and discharged men on board, has been arrested by prevailing typhoon.

Assistant Secretary Vanderlip has instructed the collector of customs at Port Townsend not to institute proceedings against the seven Canadian fishing vessels seized last month.

The Dawes commission announces the land office for the Creek nation located at Muskogee will close September 1. Land offices will be opened for the Creeks at Okmulgee and Wetumpka.

A cable dispatch received at the War department from Major General Woods states that Major Russel B. Harrison, who is ill with yellow fever at Santiago, now appears to be out of danger.

Majors William C. Brown, John C. Gilmore and Henry B. Mulford have been ordered to report for duty at Fort Crook, where the Thirty-ninth United States volunteer infantry is to be recruited.

Major General Nelson A. Miles and Adjutant General Corbin notified the general committee of the Grand Army of the Republic encampment, which begins in Philadelphia September 4, that they will attend the reunion.

President McKinley has been elected to represent the local encampment No. 78, Union Veteran union, at the national encampment to be held in Baltimore September 13-14-15. The president is a member of the local organization.

Bishop John P. Newman's will shows his estate to be worth \$50,000. Aside from two or three nominal bequests, the estate is left for the life use of the widow, after which it goes to the DREW theological seminary, Madison, N. J.

Four Indians have been found over by the United States commissioner for the murder of Yellow Bull on the Rosebud Indian reservation about six weeks ago. They are: John Swift, Long Horn, Pretty Eagle and Noisy Owl.

The secretary of war has appointed Alexander R. Speer of St. Paul, Minn., chief of the division of customs and insular affairs of the War department in place of Major John J. Pershing, who has been ordered to Manila for duty on the staff of General Otis.

The Treasury department has advised American customs officials on Puget sound that fishermen who find themselves in over five fathoms of water at high tide for a distance of seven miles from the eastern shore of Point Roberts toward Blaine are almost certain to be fishing in American waters.

The Treasury department has received from the auditor general of Hawaii a comparative statement of the imports into the islands for June, 1898 and 1899, and the receipts and expenditures for July, 1898 and 1899. It shows a net increase in the importations from the United States since the islands came under our sovereignty.

A game of cards resulted in a tragedy at Noel, Mo. William Matney, James Smith and a stranger engaged in a game in the woods on the river bank. Matney was accused of cheating and in the difficulty which followed he drew a revolver and forced the stranger to jump into the river. Smith expecting to be forced to jump into the river, pulled his revolver and killed Matney.

Daniel J. Campau, Michigan member of the Democratic national committee, denies that there is any truth in the reported movement on foot to have the next national convention held three or four months earlier than usual. He said: "There has been no talk among the members of the committee, and I have heard of no such movement. It is not likely that the meeting of the national committee to fix the date of the convention will be held before next January."

Union Pacific construction gangs are still at work cutting down grades on the main line in Wyoming, and surveyors are kept busy mapping out new short cuts to get around steep hills. It has been decided to cut off a piece of line on Lookout hill, to lessen the grade and take out several curves. Over 100,000 yards of dirt will be removed and two and one-half miles of new track built. This piece of work will be completed early this fall. Next year the track between Cooper and Lookout is to be shortened three-quarters of a mile.

The Lake Shore met the Erie's cut rate on excursion business to New York for the first week of September.

The Navy department does not look with favor on the proposition to have the historic war ship Constitution take part in the Dewey demonstration at New York.

A war between England and the Transvaal would give the Portuguese settlements on Delagoa bay grand opportunities for blockade running.

Russia has decided to establish a system of education, largely state aided, for children of the nobility, landed gentry and officials.

RACE TROUBLES SOUTH

An Outbreak Expected and the Sheriff Calls for Help.

RIOTERS PLACED UNDER ARREST.

Blacks Are Massed in Delagell's Swamp Surrounded by Armed Force Which is Known to Be Outnumbered—Decisive Action to Be Taken at Daylight.

DARIEN, Ga., Aug. 26.—While everything is quiet here tonight the day was one of intense anxiety. An outbreak by the negroes has been momentarily expected since the killing by John Delagell, a negro, of Joseph Townsend, a prominent citizen and deputy sheriff of this county.

Today Sheriff Blount sent the following to Governor Candler: "Please order Liberty independent troop to report to me mounted at once. Situation critical. One deputy killed; another wounded."

Colonel A. R. Lawton, late commander of the Second Georgia regiment, U. S. V., also wired the governor to send a quantity of carbines and supply of ammunition for the soldiers.

Colonel Lawton was here this morning to investigate the situation. After a conference with the officials he returned to Savannah. When the governor received the message from Sheriff Blount he ordered Colonel Lawton to return if necessary and take command of the militia. He is now here in that capacity and has enough men, it is believed, to easily handle the situation.

The sheriff and his deputies continue to make arrests of the rioting negroes and the jail has a large number in it now. The tow boat Irish left here this morning for Savannah with twenty-five rioters who had been arrested. This was a precautionary measure, and to make room for those who have been imprisoned since the removal. The situation here is regarded as critical, though with determined military control it is thought further trouble can be prevented. It is estimated that the negroes outnumber the white people in this part of Georgia five to one, and the whites are consequently apprehensive.

John Delagell, the negro who killed Deputy Sheriff Joseph Townsend and wounded Deputy Hopkins, who were trying to arrest him, could not be found. He is the son of Henry Delagell, whose arrest for assault started the trouble. The county officials have offered \$100 reward for John Delagell and Governor Candler will be asked to increase the amount.

The seventy-five members of the First Georgia, who were left here two days ago when old man Delagell was taken to Savannah, are patrolling the town tonight. All saloons are closed and the strictest order is maintained. Nearly every negro left town this morning and tonight word comes that they are massed in Delagell's swamp, twelve miles from town. They are known to be armed and a posse of citizens left on a special train for the place tonight. They will maintain a guard over the negroes and keep them from doing any damage during the night. A telegram was sent to Brunswick urging all white citizens to come to Darien. A boat was dispatched to bring them to this city and a special train will be ready in case more want to come.

The presence of the whites is wanted to overawe the negroes, who are well aware of their superiority in numbers. One hundred men of the First Georgia are under orders in Savannah to be in readiness to move and if more militia is wanted the Liberty Rifles will be sent. The calling out of these troops is within the discretion of Colonel Lawton.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 26.—Upon receipt of the alarming telegrams from Sheriff Blount of McIntosh county and Colonel Lawton at Darien, Governor Candler took immediate steps to render every assistance to those officers. The governor sent the following telegram to Colonel Lawton: "R. Lawton, Savannah, Ga.: Blount, sheriff, wires for Liberty troops. I doubt propriety of sending them and leave it to your discretion. Have wired Hughes, captain Liberty troops, to hold command in readiness to respond if you call for them, but to do nothing until you order him. The people of McIntosh county are excited. The situation demands a cool head. You have it and I must rely on you to exercise that wise discretion which I, so far away, cannot exercise. If necessary return to Darien."

The governor was in conference with Acting Adjutant General Byrd during the day. A large number of carbines have been sent to Darien and a supply of ammunition is en route by special messenger, as the express company refused to carry it, owing to its explosive character.

Midnight—A conference was held at 11 o'clock tonight between Sheriff Blount, militia officials and a citizens' committee and it was decided to take decisive action at daylight against the negroes who are massed and armed in Delagell's swamp, twelve miles from this city. The sheriff wired Colonel Lawton, who is in Savannah, tonight to send the militia at once, and received a reply to the effect that the men are ready and Liberty county troops will start from Hinesville for Darien at 2 o'clock.

Miss Campbell Dies at Sea. SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 26.—Miss Gertrude Campbell, the young lady who eloped from Omaha about ten days ago, with Bert Campbell, tried to commit suicide here. She took a big dose of laudanum. She gave as her reason for committing the deed the articles which have appeared in the Leader-Democrat of this city, in which she was pictured as a thief and a woman of loose character. She and Campbell were arrested on their arrival here, on a telegram from the officers at Omaha.

PEACE REIGNS IN SAMOA.

The Provincial Government Being Carried on Without Hitch.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—The steamship Almada arrived today from Samoa and brings the following correspondence to the Associated Press: APLA, Samoa, Aug. 11.—When the commissioners left here it was feared by many natives and foreigners alike that serious trouble might immediately ensue, but such has not happened. Both factions are quiet and state that they will keep quiet. The Mataafa party has sent a large delegation into Apla since the Badger's departure. This party met the three consuls sitting as a provisional government and assured them of the desire of Mataafa and his followers to keep the peace. Nothing further took place at the meeting.

The provincial government is being carried on without any hitch so far by the three consuls. Of this body Luther Osborn, the American consul general, is chairman. He is also acting chief justice of Samoa and continues to act as the United States consular representative. Dr. Solif, as president, claimed the office, and has referred the whole matter to the German government. He was, however, persuaded ultimately to withdraw his resignation which he had written to the commissioners, and accept the holding of the office by Mr. Osborn. Mr. Osborn declined to accept the judgeship unless Dr. Solif was willing for him to act, and the doctor having given way, removed all difficulties.

SITUATION IN PHILIPPINES. It is Said to Be of a Decidedly Serious Character.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Labaun correspondent of the Reuter Telegram company cables that reliable news received there direct from Manila says an indescribable state of anarchy prevails. The Americans, according to these advices, occupy a radius of fifteen miles there; around the town of Iloilo they occupy a radius of nine miles, and around Cebu they occupy a small radius. The rest of the country, it is added, is in the hands of the Filipinos.

The correspondent also says it is reported the Filipinos have murdered the crew of the steamer Saturnus.

The steamer Saturnus of the Compania Maritima, coasting under the American flag, was beached under the insurgent trenches at San Fernando and burned August 2.

REJOICING IN SAN FRANCISCO. Troops Land and Receive Another Great Ovation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—The California regiment landed from the transport Sherman yesterday and marched to the Presidio. As this was San Francisco's home regiment the demonstration today exceeded in enthusiasm the reception accorded to other regiments. People came from all parts of the state to see the show and in the morning there were fully 100,000 strangers in town. The troops landed at 7 o'clock and were given a breakfast at the ferry building.

Then they marched to the Presidio, escorted by the Third artillery, the Colorado regiment and the National Guard. Immense crowds lined the streets for miles and gave the soldiers a rousing welcome home.

A Receiver Appointed. DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 26.—William C. Miller was today appointed receiver for the Mutual Fire Insurance company of this city. The officers are J. L. Gessler, president; C. G. Van Vliet, secretary. The state insurance examiner made an examination and revoked the authority to do business. The company, it is alleged, was carrying \$1,545,000 risks, owed \$10,000; had \$7,000 losses adjusted and not paid, and \$12,000 in litigation.

Engineer in Trouble. DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 26.—J. K. Meyers, an engineer of the Rock Island road, was arrested today, accused of criminally assaulting the 7-year-old daughter of W. F. Chery of Valley Junction. Meyers waived examination till Monday, and in default of \$10,000 bond was sent to jail. The child alleged to be his victim is in a precarious condition. Feeling at Valley Junction was so strong that the officers took extra precautions to prevent violence.

Mr. Brown's Kentucky Speeches. FRANKFORT, Ky., Aug. 26.—At a meeting of the campaign committee today Senator Blackburn announced that he had received a letter from W. J. Bryan, in which he said he would be in Kentucky the latter part of September or the first of October, at a time agreeable to the party leaders. The letter was written just before Mr. Bryan left for the Pacific coast, where he expects to remain until September 15.

Fighting in San Domingo. CAPE HAITIEN, Aug. 26.—Severe fighting took place yesterday and Wednesday in the neighborhood of Monte Christ, Santo Domingo, between the government forces and the revolutionists. It is said the former lost heavily, while the latter, owing to the advantageous positions which they occupied, only suffered slight loss.

The revolutionists are reported to be continually receiving reinforcements.

Otis Doesn't Want Cavalry. WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—It is not likely that any more cavalry regiments will be organized, save the one which General Otis formed in the Philippines. General Otis has cabled that cavalry cannot be used to the best advantage in the islands, and in his judgment, the two regiments of regular cavalry and the volunteer regiment will be sufficient to meet all needs of the campaign.

California roses contain 20 per cent more perfume than those grown in other states.

HOLCOMB IS NOMINATED

The Three Conventions in Omaha Work in Harmony.

HOLCOMB FOR SUPREME JUDGE.

J. L. Teeters and Edson Rich for Regents of the State University—Text of the Platform Upon Which the Fusion Forces Will Go Before the People for Endorsement.

Supreme Judge SILAS A. HOLCOMB, Populist, of Custer County REGENTS OF STATE UNIVERSITY. EDSON RICH Democrat, of Douglas County J. L. TEETERS Silver Republican, of Lancaster County OMAHA, Aug. 23.—The populist convention was called to order at 2:20 o'clock by J. N. Gaffin, chairman of the state committee.

A committee on credentials was appointed, consisting of E. O. Kretzinger of Gage, Charles Nerones of Sarpy, Boise of Otoe, J. L. Dalbey of Richardson and H. Cohen of Douglas.

The chair announced that no credentials had been received from the following counties: Banner, Blaine, Box Butte, Chase, Cheyenne, Deuel, Garfield, Grant, Hooker, Kimball, Logan, McPherson, Rock, Scotts Bluffs, Sioux, Thomas and Wheeler.

A motion by C. W. Stewart of Platte county authorized the chair to appoint a committee on resolutions, consisting of two from each congressional district and one from the state at large.

On proceeding to nominations names were selected as above given.

PLATFORM. The people's independent party of Nebraska in its tenth annual state convention assembled, adopts the following declaration of principles:

First—We affirm our devotion to the national platform of 1869 and to every plank therein contained.

Second—We declare the Monroe doctrine to be the doctrine of national self-preservation and that safety is to be found alone in avoiding the quicksands of imperialism and the dangerous waters of militarism. And we oppose all foreign political alliance and all interference in European and Asiatic politics.

Third—"We hold these truths to be self-evident: That all men are created equal and that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." And "that to secure these rights governments are instituted among men deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed."

Fourth—We condemn the administrative policy which has converted a war for humanity into a war of conquest. We believe that the Filipinos should have received the same treatment as the Cubans and that as the Cubans were assured of ultimate independence and protection so the Filipinos should have been assured in the beginning of our nation's intention to give them independence as soon as a lished and protection from outside interference. Such assurance should be given now.

Fifth—We condemn the republican national administration for its complicity with unlawful combinations which have increased nearly a hundred per cent within the last three years as a result of its failure to enact and enforce laws in the interests of the people.

Sixth—In dealing with trusts and corporations having a monopoly of public necessities we claim that the law of the land requires that they shall serve the public for reasonable compensation and in the absence of any legislation upon the question of what is reasonable the judiciary may determine the question. The trust danger of this country is so appalling that the evils thereof must be combated by every branch of the government. We demand judges who will obey the law that rests the judiciary with jurisdiction to protect the people from unreasonable and oppressive prices for the necessities of life.

Seventh—We declare that the republican party has needlessly increased the rate of taxation; that it is guilty of needlessly causing an annual deficit in the current revenues of the government by useless and prodigal expenditures of the people's money, to be made good by additional taxation, or the issuance of additional interest-bearing bonds; and that its attempts to retire the greenbacks and turn over the issuing power of paper money to private corporations is a shameless and inexcusable surrender to the money power.

Eighth—We heartily endorse all efforts of organized labor to better its condition and we believe that all classes of citizens and all legitimate enterprises should receive the protection of the laws and that all attempts to coerce honest labor by injunction or by the use of the military is a violation of the constitution and the established rights of American citizens.

Ninth—Municipal ownership of public utilities is a public necessity.

Tenth—The history of the three splendid military organizations furnished by Nebraska in the Spanish-American war is the just pride and glory of every citizen and for their bravery, valor and devotion to duty we offer the heartfelt gratitude of the patriotic people of the state.

Eleventh—We most heartily commend the able, patriotic and conservative administration of Governor Poynter, and his official associates and we congratulate the people of the state on his success in securing free transportation for the gallant First Nebraska to their respective homes.

Resignation of Congressman Reed. AUGUSTA, Me., Aug. 23.—The resignation of Thomas B. Reed as congressman in the First Maine district was received by Governor Powers today.

The resignation is to take effect September 4, and it has been accepted by Governor Powers.

LEPROSY IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Commissioner Powderly Orders Deportation of Mrs. Todd.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 23.—A case of personal interest in connection with immigration matters has been settled by Commissioner Powderly. It is that of Mrs. L. M. Todd, a British subject, who is now in the San Francisco pest house, suffering from leprosy. She contracted the disease in 1892 while working as a nurse in the San Francisco pest house. Some of her washing went to lepers to be done and a Chinese leper used to bring coal for her. Thirteen months after this, while in San Francisco, suspicious spots appeared on her left leg.

After contracting the disease she went to the Hawaiian islands and remained there until November 8, 1898, when she left to attempt to reach the United States. She took passage at Honolulu on the steamship City of Rio Japan. From Japan she shipped by the Canadian steamship line to Victoria, B. C., then coming across the border of the United States, reaching San Francisco December 22, avoiding the marine hospital examination at that point. Her condition and the story of her case were discovered by the immigrant inspector at San Francisco. He took the matter up, with the result that a special made a new examination of the woman, finding that she is badly diseased.

Commissioner Powderly has ordered that Mrs. Todd, who is a widow, be sent back to the Hawaiian islands and confined in the leper colony there. He has given the case much study, with a view of finding if she could be turned over to the British or Canadian authorities, but he does not desire to send her into British territory and put innocent people in danger.

In this connection Commissioner Powderly says that the leper colony in the Hawaiian islands is not closely guarded and the situation is somewhat dangerous. He has no power to send immigrant inspectors there and says the whole matter will have to be regulated by congress. There is no place to keep her in this country.

Immigrant inspectors sent out by Commissioner Powderly have recently reported it as their belief that a colony of lepers exists on the border of Canada and this country in the northern part of Washington. They do not live together, as that would attract attention and cause them to be separated, but they live in the same neighborhood and have an association for mutual defense and protection.

Agents of Mexican companies are in Cuba contracting for workmen to proceed to Mexico. This is a source of danger to Cuba, where there is already a scarcity of labor.

Judge Lewis A. Groff, formerly of Omaha, and who served two terms on the bench in Nebraska, is a candidate for postmaster at Los Angeles, Cal., where he has been a resident for several years. His chances for the appointment are very favorable.

Archibald A. Glenn, formerly state senator and lieutenant governor of Illinois, has just been elected city treasurer of Wichita, Kan. Judge Glenn is 80 years old, but discharges all of the duties of his office without the aid of a bookkeeper or clerk.

As a means of furnishing in popular form the necessary information in relation to methods of protecting crops from frost, the United States department of agriculture has had prepared and will soon issue farmers' bulletin No. 104, entitled "Notes on Frost."

The Herald says: Arrangements are maturing for the organization of a \$50,000,000 dry goods corporation in that city to control and operate dry goods and department stores throughout the country. The Mercantile Reorganization company has recently been incorporated in Trenton, N. J., as a preliminary to creating the big corporation.

Assistant General Superintendent Avery Turner, of the Santa Fe, on the 24th drove the last spike completing the only double track division in Kansas—that between Emporia junction and Florence, forty miles. It was a golden spike made expressly for this purpose. The ceremonies took place near Strong City.

That Darwinism is wrong in asserting we are always greatly affected by the nature of our environment, would seem to be shown by the case of an old printer named Edwin Thompson, who lately died in a Missouri town. In his early life he set type from the original manuscript of Fenimore Cooper, Hawthorne and others. But for the last forty years he has worked at nothing but different editions of the bible, and yet died an infidel.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE. Omaha, Chicago and New York Market Quotations.

OMAHA. Butter—Creamery separator, 20 @ 21 Butter—Choice fancy country, 14 @ 15 Eggs—Fresh, per doz, 11 @ 11 1/4 Chickens—Spring, per lb, 8 @ 9 Pigeons—Live, per doz, 75 @ 1 00 Lemons—Per box, 2 75 @ 3 00 Oranges—Per box, 4 50 @ 5 00 Cranberries—Jersey, per bbl, 3 25 @ 3 50 Apples—Per barrel, 2 00 @ 2 50 Potatoes—New, per bushel, 25 @ 30 Sweet potatoes—Per bbl, 2 00 @ 2 25 Hay—Upland, per ton, 3 00 @ 3 50

SOUTH OMAHA. Hogs—Choice light, 4 25 @ 4 50 Hogs—Heavy weights, 4 25 @ 4 50 Beef steers, 2 00 @ 2 25 Bulls, 1 50 @ 2 00 Stags, 4 75 @ 5 00 Calves, 3 00 @ 3 25 Cows, 1 50 @ 2 00 Heifers, 4 00 @ 4 25 Stockers and feeders, 2 00 @ 2 25 Sheep—Lamb, 3 00 @ 3 25 Sheep—Good grass wethers, 3 50 @ 4 25

CHICAGO. Wheat—No. 2 spring, 60 @ 70 Corn—Per bushel, 21 @ 21 1/4 Barley—No. 2, 21 @ 21 1/4 Oats—Per bushel, 15 @ 15 1/4 Rye—No. 2, 32 @ 33 Timothy seed, per bu, 2 00 @ 2 10 Pork—Per cwt, 90 @ 95 Cattle—Stockers and feeders, 3 25 @ 3 50 Cows, 1 50 @ 2 00 Hogs—Mixed, 4 00 @ 4 25 Sheep—Prime natives, 3 00 @ 3 25 Sheep—Western ranges, 2 75 @ 3 00

NEW YORK MARKET. Corn—No. 2 red, 20 @ 20 1/4 Wheat—No. 2, spring, 70 @ 71 1/4

KANSAS CITY. Sheep—Mutton, 3 50 @ 4 00 Hogs—Mixed, 4 00 @ 4 25 Cattle—Cows, and feeders, 2 75 @ 3 25