

FIGHT WITH INSURGENTS

A Fierce Battle in the Vicinity of Taguig.

THE REBELS SEVERELY PUNISHED

In the Darkness Two Americans Are Killed and Twenty Wounded—Lieutenant Frank Jones Among Fallen—Property of Insurgents Valued at \$500,000 Is Destroyed and Over Two Hundred Natives Killed.

MANILA, March 20.—Some of the rebels recently expelled from Cavite and small towns in the vicinity of Pasig combined forces and last night—as already cabled—attacked a company of the Washington volunteers, a detached post at Taguig, about a mile and a half southeast of Pasig. General Wheaton immediately reinforced the Americans with two companies each of the Washington and Oregon regiments. The post had held the enemy in check and the fire of the reinforcing companies repulsed them, driving them across to an island formed by the estuary. They were thus in control of the Twenty-second regiment.

On discovering that they were entrapped the rebels fought desperately, aided materially by the jungle and the darkness, but they were completely routed with heavy loss after two hours' fighting.

The Americans lost two killed and twenty wounded, among the latter being Lieutenant Frank Jones. General Wheaton determined to punish the natives and at daybreak today his brigade started in the following order: The Sixth artillery, holding the extreme right; the Oregon volunteers, heading the center; the Washington regiment keeping to the edge of the lake and the Twenty-second regulars occupying the right of the line which swept the whole country along the lake, in a southerly direction, toward General Jones' position.

General Jones thus extended over two miles of country, which was rough and covered with thick jungle, advanced seven miles. The enemy fled, the last of them being seen about 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. At scarcely any time did the Americans get within 1,200 yards of them.

The troops are returning to Pasig tonight, exhausted by the hard work under a hot sun.

The Oregon regiment had one man killed and four wounded and the Twenty-second regulars one wounded. According to the official reports no fewer than 200 Filipinos were killed.

General Otis says the American army and gunboats now command the lake. He estimates that property of the insurgents valued at \$500,000 has been destroyed, while quantities of rice and sugar and 400 tons of coal, which is very valuable here, have been captured.

Many prisoners represent that the Filipino soldiers are weakening. The generous treatment that the Americans administer to the native prisoners and wounded seems to influence the insurgent army powerfully.

In the opinion of the Americans, however, the Filipino leaders will continue to provoke fighting just as long as they can retain their hold upon their followers, because they have everything to gain and nothing to lose.

The enemy have twice as many men on their firing lines as they have arms, and the fact that so few arms are captured by the Americans is because the guns of the wounded Filipinos and many of those who surrender are spirited away.

The armed tug Laguna de Bay and Oeste have returned to San Pedro Macati and reported the result of their tour of the lake. On Friday morning last they shelled the town of Moreng, the rebels fleeing without making any response to the fire. The Americans landed a party, which destroyed a quantity of stores and all the stone buildings except the church.

The expedition then proceeded to Majayjay, where a sugar mill and saw mill were destroyed.

On arriving at Santa Cruz, a town of 1,200 inhabitants, it was learned that the enemy was strongly entrenched and prepared to defend the position, assisted by two gunboats and several launches. Moreover, the mouth of the river was blocked with rocks and bamboo.

A few shells caused an exodus of the citizens, but not of the enemy's troops. The Americans did not attempt a landing.

Captain Grant, who is in charge of the expedition, asks for reinforcements and will probably take Santa Cruz tomorrow.

Many Are Unidentified.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The quartermaster's department has received a report from Santiago saying that out of more than 200 disinterments of the remains of soldiers to be brought to this country 50 per cent are unknown dead.

It is expected the percentage of unknown will be much less than this when the list is complete.

Will Not Appoint a Senator.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 20.—Governor Wells has decided for the present, not to appoint a United States senator to succeed Senator Cannon, whose successor failed of election in the joint assembly which closed its session in a deadlock on March 9.

McKinley's Quiet Sunday.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., March 20.—President McKinley attended church today at the Methodist church of Thomasville. The president's carriage drove up in front of the church just before services began and Mr. McKinley, Vice President Hobart and Mrs. Hobart, who were the only ones to attend, were shown to a pew well to the front of the body of the church. Mrs. McKinley did not attend, the weather today having turned raw and cold, making it prudent to remain indoors. Presiding Elder J. O. Branch conducted the services.

RIOTING IN HAVANA.

Police Attempt to Maintain Order and Are Fired Upon.

HAVANA, March 20.—A serious conflict between the police and the people of Havana last night resulted in much shooting and clubbing. From thirty to fifty people were wounded, some seriously. Among the injured is Police Captain Estampes, formerly a lieutenant in the Cuban army.

Ever since the police interference about a week ago with the demonstration in honor of General Gomez, the police have been unpopular with the populace, who jeer at them and declare them inefficient. Certain newspapers let no opportunity escape to criticize the force, denouncing the arrests as unfair and charging the police with "trampling upon the rights of free people."

The police are virtually in the position of men who have to make the people fear them in order to secure obedience as they have no record to fall back upon for example.

Last night's trouble occurred at a public mulatto ball in San Jose street, an unsavory quarter of Havana. Many Cuban officers, colonels and captains among them, attended the affair. A policeman on duty in the crowd, following orders to prevent a street collecting in front of the building where the ball was in progress, asked a group of men to go in or disperse. His request was unheeded and after repeating it he was attacked by the group, whereupon many men issued from the building, set upon him, took away his club and revolver and handled him roughly.

The policeman immediately notified headquarters, who ordered twenty reserves to the scene of the trouble. The crowd had prepared for their arrival. It is said they opened with a revolver fire upon the police, which the latter returned, the shooting being kept up until the ammunition was exhausted. The opponents of the police acted with determination in the affray.

Many who were in the building mounted to the roof, which is comparatively low, and fired from that point. They were apparently well armed and this fact, together with the resolution with which they fought, seems to confirm the belief that the attacking party was mostly made up of Cuban officers, as ordinary civilians would have fled from the revolvers of the police.

Many women were wounded. A report is in circulation this evening that two of the injured civilians have succumbed to their wounds, but this is not confirmed. Among those seriously hurt are Policeman Donato Aroza, Enrique Munoz and Benigne Vasquez and Galvanes Jose Dominguez, Etoos and Cialiato, Alberto Aleja and Irene Roque.

Public opinion respecting the police is conflicting. Some sustain them and other charge them with interfering with the rights of the people. As the facts become known, however, opinion is increasing in favor of the force.

It is reported on good authority that many were wounded who withdrew hastily because unwilling to have it known they were present.

American troops were called to the scene when the trouble was over and numerous arrests followed. Police Captain Estampes, who is well known in Cuban military circles, is so badly injured that fears are entertained that he will not recover.

Police Inspector Kaoul Arango, who came into notice on the day of the Gomez demonstration, because of his attempts to break up the procession, and who subsequently challenged General Alejandro Rodriguez, chief of staff of General Gomez, for having accused him of clubbing a woman, is credited with coolness and bravery in his efforts to restore order.

Numerous permits have been issued for similar balls this evening including one for an affair at the same house and it is feared that there may be further trouble. Those who ought to know say that they are really against the law and that the permits should be revoked.

Major General Ludlow, military governor of the Department of Havana, desires to be relieved of his duties, and to go to the Philippines. It is understood that he has applied to the War department for a transfer and has strenuously urged that it be made. He is weary of the details of city administration.

Accepts the Kindly Offer.

KEARNEY, Neb., March 20.—Mrs. Greene sent to Congressman Stark the following letter written to the one she received from the Nebraska delegation offering their services:

Hon. W. L. Stark, Aurora, Neb.—Dear Sir and Friend: Your very kind favor, signed also by the other members of the Nebraska delegation in congress, is at hand. I cannot express in words how grateful I am for the interest you have shown in this, my hour of sorrow. I feel very much concerned as to the affairs of my late husband's constituents, and it seems to me that the arrangement made by the members of the delegation will insure prompt and satisfactory attention to any and all public matters that may arise, to which I shall be unable to attend. In this way the people of the Sixth district may correspond with the member of congress who has charge of that particular territory, thereby avoiding delay, which would otherwise necessarily follow. It is certainly very kind of you to offer to assume this burden, and I thank you sincerely for your kindness and for the deep sympathy extended myself and family. With highest personal esteem, I am, sincerely yours, MRS. W. L. GREENE.

Mr. Bryan's First Gun.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 20.—William J. Bryan arrive here at midnight from Knoxville in company with Governor McMillin. Mr. Bryan comes here to attend a banquet in his honor tonight by the Bryan birthday association of this city. This association gives each year on March 19, Mr. Bryan's birthday, a dinner to which the leading democrats of the state are invited. This event promises to be the most successful ever given, and is the first of the distinguished Nebraskan has ever attended.

The News Briefly Told.

Saturday.

The Midland Railway company, of England, has ordered ten more locomotives from the Baldwin locomotive works at Philadelphia.

Judge William Margrave, who has been a justice of the peace in Fort Scott, Kan., for forty-five years, has been legislated out of office by the state legislature.

The body of the late Princess Bismarck will be transferred from Vierzlin to Friedrichsruhe, where on April 1 it will be buried with the body of the prince in the Bismarck mausoleum.

John S. Cooke, president of the Cooke Brewing company, Chicago, and well known among liquor dealers throughout the west, died of heart failure after a short illness, aged 61 years.

P. H. Sprague of Chicago, who has made his large fortune in poultry, figures that 3,350,000 chickens and 13,000,000 eggs, valued together at \$290,000,000, were produced in the United States during 1898.

The total amount received by the Red Cross society as the result of the endless letter chain started during last summer by Miss Natalie Schenk of Babylon, L. I., is \$20,000. She still receives an occasional letter.

John Kelly and J. Burns were arrested at Wausau, Wis., suspected of being implicated in the Amber robbery. When searched over \$1,800 was found in their possession. Several others were rounded up after an exchange of shots and \$400 more recovered.

The will of Herbert Stewart, a wealthy New York engineer and contractor, bequeaths \$50,000 to establish the Herbert Stewart scientific fund at Yale university. Its purpose is to assist deserving young men who need aid to secure a higher scientific education.

At the meeting of the board of directors of the St. Paul Globe company George F. Gifford was chosen editor of the Globe, vice George F. Spinney, who has been in charge of the paper for the last thirteen months. Mr. Spinney resigned because of a disagreement with the directors.

The Paris Enclair confirms the report that the government inquiry regarding the explosion of the naval powder magazine at La Goubran has shown that it was not of accidental origin and much credence is now given to the rumor that it was an anarchist outrage.

Monday.

The navy department is informed by Admiral Dewey that the supply ship Nanshan has left Manila with supplies for the new naval station at Guam.

The position of the Spanish prisoners in the Philippine islands, it is announced, is a question which must remain in abeyance, as the ransom demanded by Aguinaldo is so enormous that the government cannot come to a decision.

A movement is on foot at Santiago to persuade the United States government to purchase San Juan hill, to be used as a public park. The idea is that a certain portion could be set apart to be used as an American cemetery and the site of a mortuary church.

The Shanghai correspondent of the London Daily Mail says: The Chinese here report that Great Britain has seized the Miao-Tao islands, opposite Port Arthur in the strait of Pochi-Li, and north of Teng-Chau-Fu, in the northwest portion of the Shan-tung peninsula.

Promotions in the marine corps in accordance with the naval personnel law were announced at the navy department as follows: Colonel Charles Heywood, to be brigadier general and commandant; Captain Charles Latch to be assistant adjutant; Lieutenants F. J. Moses and S. S. Radford, to be captains.

The navy department has agreed to loan the fine steamship Dixie, formerly the Morgan line to the war department for use as a troop transport. The vessel is now at Philadelphia and will be immediately sent to New York to be supplied with sleeping arrangements. It is said it will carry no less than 1,200 troops. It is to ply between Cuban and Porto Rican ports and the United States. The navy will provide a complement of officers to work the ship.

Tuesday.

The United States transport McPherson arrived from San Juan and Santiago, having on board ex-Congressman E. K. Valentine of Nebraska.

Admiral Koester, commander in chief of the Baltic fleet, the probable successor of Admiral von Knorr as commander in chief of the German navy, has been appointed inspector general of the navy.

Captain John M. Neall, Fourth cavalry, who left the Presidio, San Francisco, as a deserter, will return and give himself up. Friends have made up his shortage and his punishment is expected to be light.

The presence of 300 soldiers repatriated from Cuba at a Te Deum, celebrated in honor of Carlisle who were killed in colonial wars, exemplifies the intrigues of the Carlisle to gain the support of the repatriated troops. It is found that the Carlisle paid 50 pesos to each soldier attending.

All the men appointed second lieutenants in the army yesterday will have to pass examinations before they are commissioned. They will take rank according to the examinations which they pass, the men from the regular army taking precedence over those appointed from civil life.

An order has been issued by the war department increasing the age limit of enlistment from 21 to 25. The youngest age at which a man can be enlisted is 18 years. The results so far of the enlistment of troops are very encouraging.

Arrangements are now being perfected at the treasury department to restore the patrol of the floating sea by four ships of the revenue cutter service, the vessels to be assigned to this duty being the Rush, the Corwin, the Perry and the Grant, all of which are now on the Pacific coast. The fleet will sail north about May 1, and remain on duty until September 15.

"Spring Unlocks The Flowers"

To Paint the Laughing Soil.

And not even Nature would allow the flowers to grow and blossom to perfection without good soil. Now Nature and people are much alike; the former must have sunshine, latter must have pure blood in order to have perfect health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures blood troubles of all sorts. It is to the human system what sunlight is to Nature—the destroyer of disease germs. It never disappoints.

Poor Blood—The doctor said there were not seven drops of good blood in my body. Hood's Sarsaparilla built me up and made me strong and well. S. S. E. BROWN, 16 Astor Hill, Lynn, Mass.

Dyspepsia, etc.—A complication of troubles, dyspepsia, chronic catarrh and inflammation of the stomach, rheumatism, etc., made me miserable. Had no appetite until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acted like magic. I am thoroughly cured. N. B. SEELY, 1874 W. 14th St., Denver, Col.

Rheumatism—My husband was obliged to give up work on account of rheumatism. No remedy helped until he used Hood's Sarsaparilla, which permanently cured him. It cured my daughter of catarrh. I give it to the children with good results. Mrs. J. S. McMath, Stamford, Ct.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ill, the non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

There are fewer things in heaven and earth than are dreamed of in a nightmare.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

A man never cares anything about meeting his wife's relations—unless they are rich and distinguished.

\$100 Reward, \$100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hood's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hood's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The newspaper of the future will be issued tomorrow.

CRESCENT HOTEL.
EUREKA SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.
Opens February 23rd. In the Ozark Mountains. Delightful climate. Beautiful scenery. Unequaled medicinal waters. Cheap excursion rates. Through sleepers via Frisco Line. Address: J. O. Plank, Manager, Room H, Arcade, Central Building, or Frisco Ticket Office, No. 102 N. Broadway, St. Louis.

A Kansas man recently paid a Missouri woman \$4,000 to marry him. The question of "What is the matter with Kansas?" is now up to the women to answer.



Sergeant Buck Taylor.

Would take a volume to tell you all the good it has done me. Pe-ru-na is the best catarrh cure on earth, and I know, for I have tried nearly all of them. Respectfully, Buck F. Taylor.

Winter weather causes catarrh. Everybody knows this. But everybody does not stop to think that winter weather delays the cure of catarrh. It takes longer to cure a case of catarrh in the winter generally, than in the warm season. Spring is here. Now is the time favorable to the treatment of old and especially stubborn cases of catarrh.

Send for book entitled "Facts and Faces." Sent free by The Pe-ru-na Drug Mfg Co., Columbus, O.

Some men's charitable contributions are confined to suggestions.

Iowa Patent Office Report.
The total number of U. S. Patent's issued last week is 349. Of this number 43 are for Designs, 28 for trademarks, 7 for labels, 2 for prints and 1 reissue; all the others for compositions, methods and mechanical devices.

A patent has been allowed to P. Woodring, of Oelwein, Ia., for a simple and ingenious improvement in a well known art and described in his claim as follows:

In a buck saw frame the combination of two mating wooden stays that are unimpaird at their central portions by removal of wood, a flexible U-shaped metal clam having coinciding bolts in its ends and a screw bolt and nut, and for the purposes set forth.

A simple improvement in any known art may be of such importance as to control sales. When a dealer can point to a late patented improvement in a wagon, or farm implement, it often decides the selection of the farmer in making a purchase.

Consultations and advice about inventions and printed matter giving valuable information about securing and selling patents, free to all inquirers. THOMAS G. ORWIG & CO., Solicitors of Patents. Des Moines, March 4, 1899.

It pays better to be a dentist than an oculist. A man has thirty-two teeth and only two eyes.

FITS Permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE 60-day trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 151 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The Capitol City guards of Atlanta, who were sent to Palmato, Ga., by Governor Chandler to aid in preserving order, left for home. John Briggs, one of the negroes wounded by the party of lynchers, is still alive. The other wounded men will recover. No action looking to an investigation of the affair has been taken by the county authorities.

HOW TO DO IT.
CURE Pains and Aches WITH **ST. JACOB'S OIL** THEN IT IS DONE. WELL DONE. SAVES MONEY, TIME, AND SUFFERING.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

Grain=O

It takes the place of coffee at 1/4 the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

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Over 8000 Bicycles Used. STANDARD IN EUROPE. Guaranteed. \$20.75 to \$110. Shopworn & second hand wheels, good new, \$25 to \$100. Street safety steering axle. We ship to anyone on approval. Trade where you can. **EARN A BICYCLE** by helping us advertise our superb line of Bicycles. We give you \$100.00 worth of FREE USE of sample wheel to introduce them. Write at once for our special list. K. E. BRADTLE COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.



Spalding's Trade Mark Means "Standard of Quality" on Athletic Goods
Insist upon Spalding's

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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY gives quick relief and cures without cost. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. DR. R. H. GREEN'S OILS, Box 8, Atlantic, Va.