

# LIE WINS A BATTLE.

### WELL-KNOWN GUEST OF INDIANA MINERAL SPRINGS HOTEL THE PROUD LIAR.

Capt. H. S. Cole Convinced the Advance Should Be Made Despite Gen. Gregg's Order—He Runs the Risk of Court Martial and Disgrace, But Victory Saves Him.

Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind., April 11.—(Special Correspondence)—Warlike dispatches in the morning newspapers stirred up a general discussion among a half score of gentlemen in a corner of the smoking room of the Indiana Mineral Springs Hotel today. Several veterans of the civil war who have been receiving health by means of the Magna Mud Baths and Lithia Water here took a lively interest in the discussion. Many interesting stories of the late conflict were told.

"In the campaign before Richmond in the last months of the war," said Capt. H. S. Cole, of Fergus Falls, Minn., "I was guilty of a distortion of an order that had the battle which it caused been a defeat for us, would have had and sent me; fortunately the falsehood I told rescued us from a perilous position and we won a victory."

Capt. Cole's regiment was the famous First Maine Cavalry which by special order of the War Department has seven more battalions on its colors than any other carried by any regiment in the Union army. The First Maine also has the record of having turned more of its troopers into preachers at the close of hostilities than any other regiment of the northern army, while several of the men who have been governors of the Pine Tree state since 1865 were at the front with the First Maine. But it was while he was on the staff of Gen. Chas. F. Smith, who commanded a brigade of the Second Cavalry corps, the head of which was Gen. D. Gregg, one of the best cavalry captains in the north or south, that the incident happened.

"Our brigade was in a desperate condition," said Capt. Cole, "when Gen. Smith sent me to ask Gen. Gregg for reinforcements. I found the Pennsylvania fighters and delivered my message. He thoughtfully stroked his beard.

"Give my compliments to Gen. Smith," he said, "and tell him he can't have a reinforcement." It was the first time I ever heard Gen. Gregg swear, and I was convinced that it was due to the serious condition of his command. I was also convinced that our brigade should fight its way out, so when I galloped up to Gen. Smith I determined to somewhat change his superior's orders.

"What success?" he asked. "Gen. Gregg can't send any reinforcements, and desires you to attack," I said. He was surprised, but the word was given. Inspired by our peril we routed the enemy and gained a safe place.

"Good time of day," I told Gen. Smith what I had done.

"What happened?" asked one of the other veterans.

"Drinks on the general," said the man from Minnesota, who added that with a few more Magna Mud Baths he would be in a fit condition to take a hand in the impending war with Spain.

## MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Oh, should some power the gift give us To see ourselves as others see us.

"Would do no good, for spite of blame, We'd chase our ills just the same."—Chicago Record.

He: "Miss Beatrice, I love you more than I can find words to tell." Miss Beatrice: "Why don't you buy a dictionary?"—Somerville Journal.

"Here, how's this? In this article on poets you speak of the stipladder of fame." "I wrote that one day when my wife was cleaning house."—Chicago Record.

Husband (angrily, after a somewhat heated argument with his better half)—Do you take me for a fool? Wife (soothingly)—No John! But I may be mistaken.—Tid-Bits.

"Mr. Jabbles is a man of extensive information." "Yes," replied Miss Cayenne. "Extensive" expresses it precisely. I never saw a man who could take a fact and stretch it as he can."—Washington Star.

Wife: "Horror! Husband, I've just heard there is a case of malaria in the flat above us." Husband: "Yes, I know about it. It's the young man who plays the flute."—New York Weekly.

Irwin McDowell Garfield, a son of ex-President Garfield, tried his first case in the municipal courts of Boston last week and came out victorious. He is 27 years old and is said to be an unusually able lawyer.

"And you swear that you will always love me?" she asked, eagerly. "The young circulation manager of the Daily Scoop bent over the fair girl lovingly. 'I shall draw up my affidavit to that effect at once,' he said, earnestly.—Puck.

"Did you hear how young Cadets made love to Miss Ducklets?" "No, how did he?" "He sent his valet to intercede for him." "Goodness! I never heard of such a thing!" "Nor I; but I suppose he thought it was beneath him to press his own suit."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

According to official statistics given out April 1, there were 104 suicides during the last three months in New York. Thirty got a gun and forty-four went to the drug store, where poison is plentiful. The majority were persons between the ages of 23 and 45 years. Of those who committed self-destruction, seventy-nine were males and twenty-five females.

Five hundred workmen, sculptors, electricians, painters and so forth are rushing the completion of a royal Spanish palace in New York's swiftest upper West side. It is the marvel of the neighborhood, and every pleasant day hundreds of men, women and children watch the workmen as they pound and paint and screw and saw in the efforts to please the master and complete the palace as soon as possible. On the outside walls are already hung coats of arms of the titled owner. The entrance, to which white marble stairs lead, is guarded by lions, rampant and flanked by iron lamps hung from chains held by the great iron grates.

The walls are a mass of electric wires to feed thousands of lights. As the electricians work the sculptors cut the main designs that will adorn the fireplaces and borders of the ceilings. The main staircase is a wonder in itself, highly polished. When the palace is completed it will be the show house of the metropolis and it will shelter the richest man in the world—Eugenia Parla de Talsaira, Marquis de Argila Blanca, diamond and gold mine owner, artist and thorough Bohemian.

# THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

### LESSON IV.—APRIL 24—MATT. 10: 21-35—FORGIVENESS.

Golden Text: "Forgive and Ye Shall Be Forgiven"—Luke 6: 37—Principle Enforced by a Parable in Three Sections—Historical Setting.

The section includes chap. 18: 7-35, and a view of all the instruction of Christ concerning forgiveness. Place in the life of Christ—The last part of the third year of his ministry, near the close of the great Galilee ministry. Time—Autumn of A. D. 33. After the Feast of Tabernacles, which that year occurred October 11.—Andrews. Others place it just before that feast. Place—Capernaum, near the Sea of Galilee. Jesus nearly 33 years old, five months before his crucifixion.

21. "Then came Peter to him." In the previous portions of this discourse Jesus had referred to offenses which led others to sin, and had been teaching the disciples what to do when others trespassed against them. The duty seemed to be on Peter's mind, as one difficult to perform, and differing from the prevailing opinions of the day. Hence Peter asked the question that follows, in order to gain more light. "How often shall my brother sin against me, and I forgive him?" He foresees that his brother would probably repeat his offense. And if forgiving him failed to cure him of his sin, how long should he continue to apply the same remedy that failed again and again, "until seven times?" "Is seven times sufficient?" To do that seemed a great stretch of virtue, far beyond that of the Rabbin, who forgave a first offense, a second, a third, a fourth,—"Prof. Marcus Dods. Compare Amos 2: 4 and Job 33: 29 (Margin), from which the rule was derived.

22. "I say unto thee, Until seven times, but until seventy times seven." "It is doubtful whether the original means 490 or 77 (seventy times seven, or seventy times and seven as in margin of E. V.). But in either case it is a symbolical expression for 'over-and-over' forgiveness. Love is not to be limited by the multiplication table."—Schaff. "Forgiveness is qualitative, not quantitative."

23. "Therefore." In order that thereby we may learn the duty of absolute, not limited, forgiveness.—Edersheim. "A man king." "I, a man, a king." "Which would take account of." Better, as R. V., make a reckoning with "his servants, who his officers, as governors, or nobles, who were farmers of taxes." The picture is drawn from an Oriental court. The provincial governors, farmers of taxes, and other high officials are summoned before a despotic sovereign to give an account of their administration.—Cambridge Bible.

24. "One was brought unto him." Unwillingly; such a debtor could not come of his own accord. "Which owed him ten thousand talents." A talent was a weight, not a coin. Hence a talent of gold would naturally be worth about sixteen times as much as a talent of silver. According to The Illustrated Bible Treasury (Nelson's), and the Oxford Helps, a Hebrew silver talent was worth 3,000 shekels or 12,000 denarii (the penny of N. B.). The 10,000 talents would, therefore, be worth \$15,000,000 or \$20,000,000, a sum impossible to pay. A Greek talent would be about half as much.

25. "As he had not to pay." Having wasted his money in luxurious living, "His lord commanded him to be sold." etc. It is still common in Oriental countries to inflict all this upon a man of the highest station.—Broadus. In Palestine at the present day "the laws which control debtors and creditors are arbitrary in the extreme. Creditors show little or no mercy, and debtors are thrust into prison or stripped of all they possess. The greater percentage of the inhabitants of the towns are likewise heavily in debt, and there is no prospect and no hope of payment."—Hon. Selah Merrill, in Sunday School Times.

26. "Worshipped him." Did him reverence by prostrating himself in the attitude of worship.

27. "Loosed him (released him), and forgave him the debt." There was no other way of deliverance.

28. "The same servant went out." From his king's presence. He could not commit the outrage which follows in the presence of his benefactor. He must first forget him. "And found one of his fellow servants." An inferior officer. "Owed him a hundred pence." "Shillings" or francs" would give us a better idea of the sum than pence. The silver penny, worth about the same as a denarius, the "penny" of the Bible, was the common coin among the Anglo-Saxons, and was in use, in reduced weight, at the time our Bible was translated. Copper pennies were not coined till 1387.

29. "Fell down at his feet." I will pay thee all. The very act and words which he himself had so lately uttered. And this fellow-servant could pay in time, for it was only about three months' wages that he owed, while he himself could never have paid his debt.

30. "And he would not; but went (went away) and cast him into prison." He had many reasons in his own mind, as (1) the man deserved the punishment; (2) it was his own fault that he was in debt; (3) it was not good for the community that such men go unpunished. But not one of these did he want applied to himself.

31. "His fellow servants." The scene changes again. The other servants felt great pity for the unfortunate man, "and told unto their lord," who they were sure would listen, since he had been so compassionate toward the first debtor. They were not revengeful, but grieved and disappointed at the oppression of the needy. O Lord, "how long shall the wicked triumph?"

32. "O thou wicked servant," etc. His heart must have been very hard and cruel. The mercy of his king could not soften it. He had sought forgiveness from fear of loss, not because he was sorry for his wrong doing. The sufferings of others did not move him.

33. "And his lord was wroth." Angry, indignant, and justly so, at such misconduct. "Delivered him to the tormentors." Not simply "ailers," but those who among the ancient Romans sought by legal tortures to find out whether the debtor had any concealed hoard.—Schaff.

34. "All that was due." The Lord really forgave the great sinner his debts, but he did not receive the forgiveness, he did not accept of the release. The debt of sin differs from a debt of money, in that the money account can be blotted out whether the debtor wills it or not; but the debt of sin cannot be paid, and necessarily holds against the sinner, till he repents and accepts the forgiveness by hating sin and loving the good.

35. "So likewise shall my heavenly Father do also unto you, if ye from your hearts." Not merely in words, but from sincere love, with true forgiveness.

## RECENT INVENTIONS.

Bomb-proof turrets are to be placed in express and mail cars for use of the clerks when the train is held up, the new device being hung from the roof of the car and fitted with port holes which cover all entrances to the car.

To automatically extinguish the flame in a circular burner lamp a round plate is set in the center of the burner on a spring wire, which can be pulled down by a button at the side to cover the wick and cut off the flame.

# THE CAUSE OF DYSPEPSIA.

From the Republican, Scranton, Pa. The primary cause of dyspepsia is lack of vitality; the absence of nerve force; the loss of the life-sustaining elements of the blood. No organ can properly perform its functions when the source of nutriment fails. When the stomach is robbed of the nutriment demanded by nature, assimilation ceases, unnatural gases are generated; the entire system responds to the discord. A practical illustration of the symptoms and torture of dyspepsia is furnished by the case of Joseph V. Vandylke, 440 Hickory St., Scranton, Pa.

In telling his story, Mr. Vandylke says: "Five years ago I was afflicted with a trouble of the stomach, which was very aggravating. I had no appetite, and I could not enjoy myself at any time, and especially was the trouble severe when I awoke in the morning. I tried to eat, but I could not get the aliment down, but it became steadily worse and I was in constant misery.

I called in my family physician, and he diagnosed the case as catarrh of the stomach. He prescribed for me and I had the prescription filled. I took nearly all of the medicine, but still the trouble became worse, and I felt that my condition was hopeless. I tried several remedies recommended by my friends but without benefit. After I had been suffering several months, Thomas Campbell, a resident of this city, urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"He finally persuaded me to buy a box and I began to use the pills according to directions. Before I had taken the second box I began to feel relieved, and after taking a few more boxes, I considered myself restored to health. The pills gave me new life, strength, ambition and happiness."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People restore to the blood the requisite constituents of life, by renewing the nerve force and enabling the stomach to promptly and properly assimilate the food. These pills are a specific for all diseases having their origin in impoverished blood or disordered nerves. They contain every element requisite to general nutrition, to restore strength to the weak, good health to the ailing.

Time future is not, and may never be.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents bottle.

A Kansas man has invented a device to prevent snoring.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, by management, use Dr. King's New Discovery. It cures the cough, soothes the throat, and makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

The experiments recently made public in the production of intense cold by liquefying air are of direct value to housekeepers. When effected and applied commercially it will mean, in addition to the large benefits, a number of small ones within the kitchen domain. Science now bids us hope that very soon we can store cold as we do electricity, and apply it easily and conveniently whenever we need it.

Subscriptions to the permanent orchestra fund in New York amount to \$52,500. They are made on condition that not less than \$125,000 be subscribed to meet the possible deficiency for five years. Of this total \$25,000 may be called for the first year, \$25,000 the next year, and so on, but if less than the subscription is needed the first year the remainder may be called for in any subsequent one of the five years.

Significant of the drift of public opinion is the statement that Everett P. Wheeler, of New York city, an advocate of arbitration on principle and a member of the peace society, has written a letter to Senator Proctor declaring the convincing power of the latter's calm story of the conditions prevailing in Cuba. Mr. Wheeler now says that the recognition of independence should speedily come, and that the United States cannot allow the suffering and starvation to continue. "If war should come," says Mr. Wheeler, "the suffering it entails would only be a title of the misery that is now being endured. It will be brief, and it had better come than the present conditions continue."

Colonel Wheelock G. Veazy, of Rutland, who has just died, was one of the notable men of Vermont. For his gallant conduct at Gettysburg congress conferred upon him a medal of honor. He was made a judge of the state supreme court in 1879, and served on the bench until 1889, when President Harrison appointed him to the inter-state commission. In 1890 he was elected Commander-in-chief of the Grand Army, an organization in which he had always maintained an active interest.

Yale's invested funds foot up, all told, \$3,921,699, against \$2,273,092 in 1887. The amount invested in real estate is \$369,343; in bond and mortgage \$1,712,284; in railroad bonds, \$1,243,871; in other bonds, \$239,000, and in stocks, \$223,373. The real estate investment returned last year 3.29 per cent., the bonds and mortgages, 5.51; the rail road bonds, 5.07; the other bonds, 2.25, and the stocks, 5.80 per cent; the return on all the investments being 4.84 per cent.

It is said that there are but two champagne agents in New York who make their living wholly by "pushing" their brands exclusively, whereas there were a dozen a few years ago. The change is not because of the falling off in the consumption of fizz, but because of the heavy tolls exacted by waiters who aid in the pushing.

While Turkey is known to be bankrupt, the sultan is believed to be the richest man in Europe.

IT IS HARD.

It is hard for any one to understand that Alabastine, the base of which is a cement that when applied to any clean solid surface goes through a process of setting and grows hard with age, should be used for the repair of plaster, but because of its resistance to time it is often having to wash and scrape off the old coat before reapplying it. It is usually paid that all plastering work, whether chases, coves, or a base and being stuck on the wall with glue, which when exposed to the air, dries, etc., soon decays, and the rubbing and scaling this causes, leaving the wall in a terrible condition.

On account of this bad report, most manufacturers of Alabastine brand best products with complete names, but the contents of the package still remain a mystery. Alabastine is for sale by druggists and paint dealers everywhere.

## MUCH SICKNESS.

Particularly throat and lung difficulties, promptly relieved by other means, in the result of unsanitary conditions of walls and ceilings. Think of having bedrooms covered with layers of moulding four paste to food vermin, with paper to hide them and to absorb the moisture of respiration, and an animal glue culture ground on its face for disease germs; this having strong colors added, like a colored shirt, to hide the dirt; then think of the "best practice" of repeating this papering without removing the old, and a number of times at that, as many do. Then think of a room coated with pure, porous, permanent Alabastine, which is retained with but little loss of expense, and is purifying and sweet-smelling and fits crevices. Wall paper free would be done than Alabastine if cost of removing paper is considered.

Egg shells should be thrown into the stock-pot directly the contents are used.

## The Twentieth Century.

The 20th century will begin Jan. 1st, 1901, and end with 2000. People did not reckon time from A. D. 1 but waited until about the 550th year of the Christian era. People who begin to take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, immediately after the first outbreak of dyspepsia or kidney trouble, will date their cure from then.

That Spain should appeal to France in the present crisis is perhaps natural, but it would be interesting to learn on what grounds she appeals to that country as "her traditional friend." France has always been the bitter enemy of Spain. It was Francis II. of France who did the most to defeat the schemes of the Emperor Charles V. It was Napoleon who conquered Spain by treachery; and it was an alliance between the English and Spanish that did the most to overthrow him. There could scarcely be found in Europe two nations traditionally more hostile than France and Spain.

Give the Children a Drink called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee, but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant, but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about 1/4 as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

Why does a young man always go to an old barber for his first shave?

Save Your Dollars. The Edward W. Walker Carriage Co. of Goshen, Ind., have inaugurated a new departure in the management of their extensive business, which cannot fail to be of great interest to prospective buyers of carriages, etc., throughout the country. They now sell direct to user at wholesale prices. It will pay you to send for their large illustrated free catalogue.

Don't spend too much money in trying to get something for nothing. Iowa Farms for sale on crop payment, \$1 per acre cash balance; \$100 yearly until paid for. J. Mulhall, Sioux City, Iowa.

Why is a deaf and dumb man seldom credited with being truthful?

Cocle's Cough Balm. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

Why do lovers always want more if love's first kiss is sweetest?

Don't lose the thread of your story when spinning a yarn.

I believe my prompt use of Piso's Cure prevented quick consumption.—Mrs. Lucy Walicak, Marquet, Kan., Dec. 12, '95.

About 400,000 couples are married every year in America.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All druggists.

At a recent concert in New York, during the rendition of the "Oberon" overture, in which the British air, "God Save the Queen," is introduced, as it is in the opera proper, the audience broke into vociferous applause, recognizing the music solely as that of "America." Had an Englishman been present he would have been justified in marveling at the number of Anglo-manics in the theater. It would be interesting to know just how many average Americans are aware that the melody of the American hymn is borrowed from the national air of England. The Star Spangled Banner, although its music is of foreign antecedents, is probably the most distinctively American of all our songs of this class. "Marching Through Georgia" and "Dixie" are unfortunate in being too sectional in character to serve as national anthems, though they are both martial and pulse stirring in the highest degree.

New Orleans street car conductors have a champion in a Northern woman, who entered a car, and kicking off her muddy goloshes placed them beside her feet. To her great surprise the conductor produced a newspaper and with the air of a gallant gentleman asked that he be permitted to wrap up the overshoes for her. He made a neat package, and now she says that New Orleans street car conductors are the most polite she has ever met.

While Turkey is known to be bankrupt, the sultan is believed to be the richest man in Europe.

# FIBROID TUMOR CONQUERED.

### Expelled by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Strong Statement from Mrs. B. A. Lombard.

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Fibroid Tumor. The growth of these tumors is so slow that frequently their presence is not suspected until they are far advanced.

So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by excessive menstruation accompanied by unusual pain extending from the ovaries down the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation; secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound right away and begin its use.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., will give you her advice free of all charge if you will write her about yourself. Your letter will be seen by women only, and you need have no hesitation about being perfectly frank.

Read what Mrs. B. A. Lombard, Box 71, Westdale, Mass., says: "I have reason to think that I would not be here now if it had not been for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cured me of a fibroid tumor in my womb. Doctors could do nothing for me, and they could not cure me at the hospital. I will tell you about it. I had been in my usual health, but had worked quite hard. When my monthly period came on I flowed very badly. The doctor gave me medicine, but it did me no good. He said the flow must be stopped if possible, and he must find the cause of my trouble. Upon examination he found there was a fibroid tumor in my womb, and gave me treatment without any benefit whatever. About that time a lady called on me and recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; said she owed her life to it. I said I would try it, and did. Soon after the flow became more natural and regular. I still continued taking the Compound for some time. Then the doctor made an examination again, and found everything all right. The tumor had passed away, and that dull ache was gone."



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