





 colver rode merriy amay to apen







Trom every splre on Chistmas eve,
The Chistmas bells ring clearly out
Therr mesaage of good will and peace

 dibpea the tot
 come miles to se it, andesprores ther

 An foum the eyeas oterery chlld


bright fire burned. and fragrant, while a long tabie cover-
ed with suowy linen (the work of
grandmas own hands) stood at the tar-
 As zoon an thon turke was pron












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\begin{aligned}
& \text { R.- Tis the preparations to } \\
& \text { usual Crasimas feast sire.". } \\
& \text { K. R. "he annual feast?" } \\
& \text { R. } \text { "Yes, sire." }
\end{aligned}
$$

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { R. Mes, sire.". } \\
& \text { K. R. (anxiously)-"Are we in any } \\
& \text { tmmediat danger"'. } \\
& \text { R. No, \&ree it is only the temates } \\
& \text { and young males." }
\end{aligned}
$$

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { R. No, ile. It is only the temales } \\
& \text { and young males. } \\
& \text { K. R. And thone 'up-to-date' hens } \\
& \text { Who have been the peat of co court } \\
& \text { lately with their attempts to tmitate }
\end{aligned}
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| OLD TINE CUSTOMS. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Christmas. The golden thread of isfluence can be traced through | Eood cherer |
| nearl nineeen centuree on tha | neran or |
| Teace on earti, good will io |  |
| eath Christman season in every | - |
| Io varees rratly in the habt ot | an abundance of sauce. When "the rarest dish in all the land," |
| forming companies which went from | placed at the head of the table, one of the company gang a carol suited to the |
|  |  |
| winter night or early Christmas morn- |  |
| ning to the merry day. | splendor of its brilliant picce of cotton gaturated |
| mingling instruments of those |  |
|  | sulil more curn |
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|  | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {admer }}$ |
| wit |  |
| made holy by the time, til |  |
|  | Went-TTreaon's in a peember ila |
| sounds of their far anthem came | Therd death within ita pot." |
| German chil |  |
| lieve more firmly in Kriss Kripgle, or |  |
| place of Kriss Kringle, and the won- | Wo have almesy be |
| derland of fable and poetry. Ger children are taught to love | An olt poem aysa |
| Cirraterna. In mayy parto of | Had bread to oat or colothes to wearr |
| atem | And ailil ho das be merry, |
|  | The eader of all the mm |
|  |  |
| little child-figure fil dimly past, and | (enter |
|  | sata Dim |
| d that they |  |
|  |  |
| beamitr | the |
|  | Oo plek the raitias out ot the naming |

When the Bells Weere Ringing.



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 1 Chisthas bells are ringing Heart, what gift of thine
Marks the day's sweet meaning
purnoee dil Purposes divine?
How dost tell the story
of the heaveniy brth
W) With its streaming glory
Filling all the earth? Christmas bells are
Ringing joyfully,
Heart, a holy helper Heart, a holy helper
Thou thyself must be;
Thou must follow, follo Thou must follow, follo
HIm who sthe way-
Be love's advent angel Be love's advent angel
Bringing Curistmas Day. LEGEND OF THE MAGS
The legend of the Wise Men of the
East, or as they are styled in the oriEast, or as they are styled in the ori-
ginal Greek, "the three Magi," became,
under monkish influence, one of the under monkish influence, one of the
most popular during the mildele ages.
The seripture nowhere informs us that
these individuals were kings, or their these individuals were kings, or their
number restricted to three. The legend
converts the magi into kings, converts the magi into kings,gives their
names and a minute account of their
stature and the nature of their
and gifts. Melchior, we are thus told, was
king of Nuble, the mallest man of the
triad, and he gave the Savior a gift * 解 myrrh. All came with "many rich or-
naments belonging to king's array, and
with a multitude of people to
wit
 legend made it a favorite with artists
during the midd ate ages. The picture of
"'The offering of the Magi,"" whlch we
The

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\begin{aligned}
& t \\
& \text { t }
\end{aligned}
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0the center of a morse or large brooch
used to fasten the decorated cope of an
ecelestiastc in the tatter part of the
fourteenth century
The Empress Helena, mother of Con-
and
stantine the Great, found what she ccn-
sidered the thurial place of the three
kings, and their remains were removed
to Constantinople and interred in thein the tweirth century to Cologne,where
they still Ite, in a magnificent rellquary.
enriched with gems and enamels. These
rellcs are enveloped in velvet and dec-

orated with embroilaery and Jewels, so
hat only the upper part of each skuil 1 tsthem. ase obectionce to parenta is the
cardinal virtue.

The primiture Anglo saxug name for
Cheren
ore Nizht.

