

NEBRASKA NEWS.

The school in district No. 71, Platte county, has been closed on account of diphtheria.

The disease of blackleg is spreading to some extent among the cattle in Burt county.

At Havelock, a six-year old boy, who was allowed to have a hatchet, chopped off two fingers of his little sister.

J. W. Waddell, a Pawnee county farmer, lost a thousand dollars worth of wheat by the burning of his stacks.

Reuben Cabney, on trial at West Point charged with statutory rape upon Ellen Asploff, 16 years old, was acquitted.

The city council of Columbus has passed the dog tax ordinance. It imposes a tax of \$3 per head on all canines and also makes provision for a dog catcher.

A proposition has been made to the business men of Lincoln to sell them the Y. M. C. A. building for \$73,000, to be paid in yearly payments of \$2,000, without interest.

A number of cars of sugar beets were shipped from Battle Creek to Norfolk. The beet crop is generally good, the average yield being from ten to fifteen tons per acre.

There has been a larger acreage of fall wheat sown in Adams county this season than ever before, and most of it is up nicely. The earlier sown completely covers the ground.

The regents of the state university have received from Mr. Bryan a donation of \$250, the interest from which is to be used for an annual prize for an essay on the science of government.

Pearl Wilsey of Kearney, a girl about 13 years of age, has disappeared and efforts to find her have so far failed. She has light complexion, is fairly good looking and weighs 113 pounds.

John Stewart, jr., the 15-year-old son of J. M. Stewart, the populist candidate for sheriff in Holt county, accidentally shot himself through the calf of the leg while handling a 32-caliber revolver.

A destructive prairie fire swept over the swamp about four miles west of Dakota City and near Coburn Junction, being ignited by the C., St. P., M. & O. railway. About 500 tons of hay were wiped up and several stacks of wheat.

Ten of the suspected pickpockets arrested at Tecumseh at the Bryan meeting were liberated. Complaint was made against one of the number and he was given a trial in the county court, but a case was not made against him.

Adam Keebler, who has carried on the blacksmith business in Harvard since 1876, dropped dead while engaged in setting a wagon tire. Mr. Keebler was 75 years old and his death is thought to be from paralysis of the heart.

The Omaha school of law, an association organized for the promotion of education in the science of law and for the establishment of an academy of law in the city of Omaha, have filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state.

Five men, giving their names as George Parezzo, Frank Rice, Fred Wilhoff, Jeff Ayres and Tom Harris, were arrested at Nebraska City. They are suspected of being the individuals who broke into the Missouri Pacific depot at Talmage a few days ago.

At a meeting of the board of regents of the University of Nebraska the contract for putting up the new mechanic arts building was let to Grace & Kelley, whose bid was \$25,648. Some additional items will make the amount slightly in excess of these figures.

John Sht, a well-to-do farmer of Saunders county, has just returned from a pleasure trip to the Hawaiian islands. He was well pleased with the islands and delighted with the climate. The natives impressed him as our Indians do here. They are opposed to annexation and live with a prospect of seeing their late queen restored to her throne.

A party of eight surveyors from Fort Crook arrived in Wahoo last week and went into camp on a vacant lot in the eastern part of town. They belong to companies C. E. G and H., and Lieutenant Dalton is in command. The party is engaged in making a government map of Nebraska. They have been at work now about thirty days and will occupy two months more in the work.

There has never been a time in Polk county when hog cholera was as prevalent as now and the farmers are losing them by the hundreds. Prof. G. W. Gregg, jr., who has been experimenting for the past year, thinks he has discovered something that will prevent and cure the disease in the first stages. He is riding about the country helping the farmers who have any hogs left.

A tramp, who, to his two companions, gave his name as Morrissey, was run over and killed by section two of the train No. 18 at Coburn Junction. The three men boarded the train at Dakota City, riding on the top of a box car. When nearing Coburn Junction a train man started over the train and the man who was killed attempted to go from one car to another, when he fell between the cars and was instantly killed. His right leg and right arm were completely severed from the body.

The receiver of the Bank of Superior was authorized to declare a dividend of 11 per cent at the last term of court Nuckolls in county.

A double runaway occurred last week in Johnson county. Five children were thrown out upon the road, and one of them was dangerously injured.

Miss Laverne Ashley, a former teacher in the primary department of the Ashland school, left last week for the east. Miss Ashley recently became heir to \$40,000 left her by the death of a relative in Connecticut, and she has decided to spend the winter in New York city and other eastern points.

Condensations that Embody a Good Deal of Information Without Requiring Much Space—Foreign and Domestic News Notes on All Subjects.

Monday, Oct. 4. All indications point to a flow of gold from Europe to America.

Town elections in Connecticut do not show much change since last fall.

Gov. Holcomb of Nebraska has issued the usual election proclamation.

Edward Langtry, former husband of Lily Langtry, has become demoralized.

The pope of Rome is in excellent health, reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

By floods in China fifteen or twenty thousand persons have recently lost their lives.

The London Globe predicts that Henry George will be the next mayor of New York.

The new Spanish ministry has taken the oath of office and entered upon their duties.

The town of Austin, Pa., was swept by fire, but five buildings being left. Hundreds are homeless.

A protest has been filed at Lincoln against admitting the national democrats to the official ballot.

A strong London syndicate is coming to this country to endeavor to purchase the Union Pacific.

Disastrous prairie fires have occurred in Minnesota and South Dakota. Some loss of life is reported.

It is rumored that Grover Cleveland is preparing to re-enter politics, having an eye on the New Jersey senatorship.

The steamship Christina has arrived at Havana with \$2,000,000 for Gen. Weyler, to be applied to military operations.

The condition of the national treasury on the 1st showed: Available cash balance, \$213,457,675; gold reserve, \$148,170,821.

W. R. Finch, of Wisconsin, has been appointed envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from the United States to Paraguay and Uruguay.

Tuesday, Oct. 5. Thirty-five conventions have been secured for Omaha next year.

The railroads are bringing many home-seekers into Nebraska.

In the inter-collegiate tennis contest at New Haven Harvard won.

A large hotel collapsed at Charlevoix, Mich., killing two and injuring ten.

Prof. Francis W. Newman, author and philosopher, is dead at London, aged 93.

Five political organizations will support Henry George for mayor of the great New York.

The veiled prophet pageant at St. Louis was said to be the finest ever presented in the city.

There is a fight on in Chicago over the price of beer. The price has been cut and the end is not yet.

Ex-Governor Botes announces that he will make no more speeches in Iowa during the present campaign.

Contracts have been let for a standard gauge road from Canon City to Cripple Creek, Colo., to cost about \$1,000,000.

The land owned by the Northern Pacific amounts to nearly 34,000,000 acres, of which almost all is west of the Missouri river.

A statement of the condition of the national treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$213,457,675; gold reserve, \$148,170,821.

It is probable that E. W. Winter will be elected president of the Union Pacific if the reorganized company gets control of the road.

Samuel R. McMillan, United States senator from 1875 to 1888, died at his home in St. Paul of an aneurism. He had been ill for nearly a year.

The London Times says the Wolcott commission intends to request the government to give an immediate and final reply to its financial proposals.

Captain W. A. Dunn has sold his six-mile hill copper mine at Houghton, Mich., to Cameron, Currie & Co. of Detroit, brokers for New York capitalists, for \$500,000.

As a result of the revival in trade, the mint in San Francisco will at once resume the coinage of silver dollars in accordance with instructions received from Washington.

Dr. L. E. Lusk has been elected president of the Northern Pacific Express company, which is an adjunct of the railroad company of which he is a director and vice-president.

Jacob Harlan, republican nominee for circuit clerk of Harlan county, Kentucky, was killed in a political fight on Straight creek. Joe Milton, democratic candidate for jailer, was mortally wounded.

Commissioner General Sullivan's annual report to the secretary of war shows the expenditures during the year amounted to \$2,165,200 of which \$1,872,732 were for the maintenance of the army and the balance to settle claims and other purposes.

The supreme court of Iowa has affirmed the decision of the lower court in not holding S. J. Spaulding, who embezzled \$18,000 from the secretary of the state pharmacy commission. The court holds he is not a public officer, but merely an employe of the commission. Spaulding appropriated the sum to speculate in grain.

Wednesday, October 6. It is so dry in Kentucky a water famine is threatened.

London dispatches report indications of a Carlist rise.

Prairie fires have done much damage in the vicinity of Chicago.

The government has received no offer from the capitalists for the Union Pacific.

The Colorado Fuel and Iron Company will build a \$500,000 addition to its plant at Pueblo.

Ten states were represented in the western waterways convention held in Davenport, Iowa, by fifty delegates.

A passenger train on the Boston and Maine road jumped the track, resulting in thirty persons being injured.

Mrs. Lena Ripley Waters, a bride of three months, committed suicide by hanging herself at the home of her sister.

Mrs. Langtry makes the announcement that she has retired from the stage and that her steam yacht, White Lady, will be sold.

The president has appointed Newton C. Bates, U. S. N., surgeon general and chief of the bureau of medicine and surgery of the navy.

The funeral of Neal Dow, the veteran temperance worker, at Portland, Me., was largely attended, many distinguished people being present.

The annual executive session of the National Council of Women of the United States will be held October 23, 24, 25 and 26 at Nashville, Tenn.

From Washington it is reported that Minister Woodford has received no additional instructions from Secretary Sherman or any other government officer since he sailed for Europe.

J. B. Harrison says this year is "the best that Kansas has seen in nineteen years. The people will live this year, not merely exist, and will put away in the neighborhood of \$15,000,000."

The supreme court of Michigan has sustained the act of the state legislature requiring

ing railroads to issue 1,000 mile tickets for \$25, good for use by any member of the purchaser's family.

Wedderburn & Co., of Washington, D. C., were disbarred from practice before the interior department as patent attorneys or agents. The firm is held to have been guilty "of gross fraud and unprofessional conduct."

According to private advices a vessel carrying supplies of medicine, clothing, arms and ammunition for the Cuban army left Havana for Cuba last Tuesday. The vessel was not authorized by the Cuban junta in New York.

Attempts to get the Union Pacific to arbitrate its differences with the lines of the Western Passenger Association have failed flat. The Union Pacific takes the stand that it will not arbitrate until the other roads have declared that they will not allow the Oregon Short Line any better commissions than they have been granting to the Central Pacific.

Thursday, Oct. 7. Three men were crushed to death in the Homestead mine at Lead, S. D.

The business portion of the town of Medina, Ill., was destroyed by fire.

The shops of the Central railway system of Macon, Ga., burned, loss, \$75,000.

The president has appointed Augustus G. Seyfert of Pennsylvania consul at Stratford, Ont.

During the fair festivities at Kansas City thirty persons were injured by a falling platform.

On the 6th the sum of \$100,000 (\$50,000) was withdrawn from the Bank of England for shipment to the United States.

The girls' dormitory of the South Dakota Industrial school was destroyed by fire. Seven lives were lost in the conflagration.

Yellow fever is gradually increasing in New Orleans and other southern cities. At Mobile the disease has reached the 100 mark.

The general officers of the national W. C. T. U. have requested all local unions to hold memorial services for the late General Neal Dow.

The Detroit opera house is a mass of ruins. The flames spread to other buildings and before controlled had done damage to exceed \$200,000.

Eight bandits held up a Chicago & Alton express train near Kansas City. They only succeeded in robbing the conductor and express agents of personal effects.

Editor Bran of the Innoceatist received a severe drubbing at Waco, Tex., at the hands of three trustees of Baylor university, about which he had published an article.

George H. Robinson, who several months ago mysteriously disappeared from Omaha, has been found in Michigan. During his absence he claims his mind has been a blank.

Gautamanian insurgents have lost Quezaltenango and sustained a severe defeat at Tototonicapan, turning the war strongly in favor of Director Barrios, says a New York Herald dispatch.

Official notice has been given by the Union Pacific to its connections in Chicago that the negotiations between that road and the Oregon Short Line have been brought to a conclusion without any of the matters in dispute being settled.

Harvey Cherry, who had just returned to Washington from Nebraska, where he had sold his farm and had \$50,000 in his person, was waylaid by three footpads, knocked senseless and robbed of the money and a valuable gold watch.

Friday, October 8. Disastrous forest fires have been raging in Manitoba.

Eugene V. Debs is about to make speeches in a number of eastern cities.

Senator Thurston was in Washington on the 7th and called on the president.

The drought in Tennessee is unprecedented. Late crops have been literally burned up.

John E. Hart of Nebraska has been reinstated as a tagger in the agricultural department.

Hon. L. M. Ammerman of Scranton, Pa., capitalist and ex-congressman, died suddenly of heart disease in the city of New York.

Jose Silveiro Jorin, formerly Cuban senator, is dead at his home in New York City of pneumonia, aged 81 years.

The design of Prof. Reinhold Bezas, the celebrated sculptor, has been selected for the Bismarck monument to be erected in Berlin.

The comptroller of the currency has called for a statement of the condition of the national banks at the close of business, October 5.

The lord mayor of London announces that the Indian famine fund contributed by Great Britain, the United States and India amounts to \$1,500,000.

Secretary Wilson of the agricultural department is making arrangements for the purchase of foreign seeds for distribution by the department.

October 8th was "Nebraska Day" at the Nashville Centennial exposition. Governor Holcomb, Hon. W. J. Bryan, Senator Allen and others were in attendance.

The president has appointed the following consuls: Rufus Semming of Ohio, at Edinburgh, Scotland; Samuel A. McAllister of Delaware, at Barbadoes, West Indies.

It is understood that the supreme court will hand down its decision this autumn in what are known as the Nebraska maximum freight rate cases and that it will be in favor of the railroads and against the state.

Dr. Jameson, the leader of the Transvaal raid, will speak at the Cape's assembly at the next general election. The chief plank in his platform will be "Federation for South Africa."

Saturday, October 9. Ex-Senator John R. McPherson of New Jersey is dead.

The corn crop yield of Nebraska this year is 229,967,853 bushels.

Senator Allen made quite a lengthy address at Nashville on "Nebraska Day."

The Presbyterian church at Lafayette, Ind., was destroyed by fire.

The report that \$50,000,000 has been bid for the Union Pacific has been confirmed.

The president has appointed G. H. Bridgeman of New York minister to Bolivia.

Discrepancies amounting to \$50,000 have been discovered in the accounts of the auditor of Brooklyn.

The government building at the Transvaal exposition is at once to be pushed forward to completion.

Governor Drake of Iowa, now at Excelsior Springs, Mo., is so sick that it is feared he will never leave his abode.

A dispatch from Tokyo says it is reported there that the king of Corea has proclaimed himself emperor of Corea.

Failures for the week ending Oct. 9 were 212 in the United States, as against 260 last year, and 29 in Canada against 46 last year.

Charles S. Davis of Sisseton, S. D., has declined an appointment as superintendent of the Chontari and Morris Indian schools, Minnesota.

George Morgan, who was living at Omaha, is said by one of the local papers to have made a confession and by another that he did not.

The Great Chicago ball player to sign a contract for next year was Phoster Dabner, who added his signature to an agreement to play in Chicago.

Special Master Cornish will conduct the sale of the entire property embraced by the Kansas Pacific railway consolidated mortgage at Topeka, Kan., Nov. 1 at 11 a. m.

Among the diplomatic changes reported at Madrid as being imminent is that the Duke of Almodovar, Senor Murugua, will replace Senor Dugu de Loma as Spanish minister to the United States.

ITS WORK IS DONE.

CLOSING SESSION OF THE IRRIGATION CONGRESS.

Tenor of the Resolutions Adopted—Colonization of the Arid West Commended—Cheyenne, Wyoming, Selected as the Place for the Next Meeting—The Executive Committee and Choice of Officers for the Ensuing year.

Closing of the Irrigation Congress. On the last day of the irrigation congress in Lincoln the following resolutions were adopted:

"The value of the irrigated farm and the security of the homps thereby created are alike dependent upon the efficient public control of the water supply and the prevention of water becoming a speculative commodity. We believe that the waters of all streams should forever remain public property and that the right to their use should inhere not in the individual or the ditch, but in the land reclaimed.

"Whereas, The perpetuation of the forests of the arid region is essential to the maintenance of the water supply for irrigation as well as the supply of timber for industrial needs,

"Resolved, That the president of the United States be memorialized, so soon as a proper and adequate form of administration shall be provided, withdraw from entry or sale under the act of congress of March 3, 1891, all the public lands which are of more value for their timber than for agriculture or for their minerals.

"Whereas, The present public land laws having developed under the conditions where irrigation is not a necessity and having in their operation proved utterly unsuited to the conditions and the needs of the arid region, and

"Whereas, The present policy of divided control between state and nation of the public lands and waters of the arid region retards development, misleads settlers, hampers enterprise and is responsible for the rapid destruction of western forests and pasture,

"Resolved, That we favor the creation by congress of a commission of skilled and experienced persons to investigate the conditions now existing and to submit to congress such changes in our land laws as the investigations shall show to be desirable.

"Resolved, That the executive committee be authorized to appoint a committee to proceed to Washington and urge the early creation of such a commission. We favor the construction at the earliest practicable date by the general government of two reservoirs, recently located under the direction of the United States engineer corps, one each in Colorado and Wyoming."

This section brought a minority report as follows:

"Believing that the construction of storage reservoirs for irrigation purposes is not a proper function of the federal government, but its work should be confined to surveys and investigations for the collection of information in regard to water supply, extent of irrigable lands, location of reservoir sites, etc., the minority of the committee on resolutions recommends that the resolution favoring construction by the federal government be rescinded.

The majority report was adopted.

"Resolved, That we commend all efforts looking to the colonization of the arid west and the creation of homes there for the worthy poor.

"Resolved, That we have heard with the greatest interest and pleasure Mrs. Booth-Tucker's presentation and explanation of the plans and purposes of the Salvation Army in organizing colonies of the worthy poor of our great cities to settle and build homes upon the rich irrigated lands of the west. Theirs is a grand, noble and patriotic work and deserves the earnest commendation and support of every citizen of our country. The west extends its hearty welcome to those worthy people and pledges our sympathy and support in aiding the people to make happy homes upon our rich and productive lands."

Delegate S. M. Emery of Montana warmly protested against a project which he asserted was bound to bring to the western states a population that might prove undesirable, but this motion to strike out was defeated. The report of the committee was then adopted as a whole.

Cheyenne, Wyo., was settled as the place for the next meeting.

The election of officers being in order the roll of states was called, and the following members of the executive committee were named: California, C. M. Heintz; Colorado, A. L. Kellogg; District of Columbia, E. F. Best; Idaho, F. J. Mills; Illinois, C. A. Park; Kansas, J. A. Churchhill; Kentucky, A. W. Pickering; Missouri, Thomas Knight; Minnesota, F. J. Frost; Michigan, O. E. McCutchen; Montana, S. M. Emery; New Mexico, Thomas J. Clark; Nebraska, Matt Daugherty; Nevada, H. B. Maxon; Ohio, W. Lawrence; Oklahoma, H. E. Glazier; South Dakota, C. V. Gardner; Tennessee, Chas. T. Harrison; Utah, H. L. Shurtliff, Wyoming, George East.

The executive committee made its report, having selected Joseph M. Cary of Wyoming as chairman; T. G. Mills of Idaho, secretary, and C. M. Heintz of California, treasurer. The selection of the committee to wait upon congress was left to the chairman. It was decided that each member present be charged \$1 membership fee.

The congress adopted a supplementary resolution endorsing the Herman irrigation and commission bill, which provides that the government cede to each state 1,000,000 acres of arid lands, provided they reclaim the same within ten days after the cession.

The business having been completed, the convention adjourned sine die.

State Irrigation Association. Lincoln dispatch: The state irrigation association elected the following officers for the coming year: President, A. G. Wolfenbarger; vice-president, W. R. Akers; secretary, Joseph Oberfelder; treasurer, T. C. Lloyd. The committee on resolutions was instructed to report to the executive committee, which was authorized to act on the report. President Wolfenbarger stated that the executive and other committees would be appointed at an early date and announcement of the selection would be made through the public press.

MORGAN TO HAWAIIANS.

The Senator Explains to the Islanders the Beauties of Annexation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 11.—Advices from Honolulu are that United States Senator Morgan addressed a crowd of enthusiastic Hawaiians a week ago, telling them that the United States could and would execute any contract into which it might enter; that the 50,000 islanders were numerically insignificant as compared with 80,000,000 Americans, and that the United States desire to annex the island was not because of the progressiveness of its people.

The senator concluded: "I shall take much pleasure in informing my colleagues in the Senate of what I have seen here, of the fertility of the soil of these islands, the intelligence and physique of their inhabitants and also of their evident desire to continue in the march of progress, and to impress upon them the joy I shall feel if we can clasp your hands as brothers of that great country to which we belong, but it will break my heart if, after all your sufferings and endeavors, you should drift back to barbarism and oblivion."

TELLER PESSIMISTIC.

The Colorado Senator Sees No Hope for Silver in This Country.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 11.—In an interview on the unfavorable reply anticipated from Great Britain to the international bimetallic envoys, Senator Teller said:

"I have all along said that France might be willing to open her mints, but that she would ask more concessions to silver than Great Britain would be willing to grant, and so the conference would come to naught. Moreover, I believe even if England should open the mints of India to the free coinage of silver as France requests, and France should open her mints, and the Bank of England should hold one-fifth of its reserve in silver, the present administration would do nothing for silver in this country."

Preacher Springs a Surprise.

NEVADA, Mo., Oct. 11.—Elder J. J. Lockhart, pastor of the Christian church of this city, doubly surprised his friends here yesterday. During the afternoon, in company with Mrs. Lois Fuller, a wealthy and handsome widow of this county, he drove to Fort Scott, where they were married, and later in the evening after returning to Nevada, he resigned his pastorate. His church edifice cost \$37,000, and was erected through Elder Lockhart's efforts. He goes from here to Canton, Mo., where he has accepted the chancellorship of the Christian university.

A Laundry Driver's Good Luck.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 11.—Hiram M. Davis, driver of a laundry wagon here, has recently received \$31,000 from the government in payment of a claim for horses and mules owned by him and killed by the Indians twenty-five years ago. The entire amount of the claim was \$50,000 and the balance will be paid in a few days. He will go to Denver to live in comfort.

Crowley is the Murderer.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 11.—Frank Crowley has confessed that he is the man that stabbed and killed John W. Dunlap of Kansas City, Kan., near the corner of Eighth and Delaware streets Thursday night. He says that he committed the deed in self defense. He will be charged with murder in first degree. Crowley is a member of the tough "Dirty Dozen" gang.

Retaliation by Argentina Favored.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—A dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says: "The finance committee of the chamber of deputies has approved the bill recently introduced providing for a retaliatory tariff on American imports as recommended by the president in his last message to congress."

Chicago Day at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 11.—The various delegations from Chicago to participate in the Chicago day exercises at the exposition arrived at 7:30 o'clock this morning and were met by a reception committee of representative citizens. At 1:30 o'clock the visitors went to the exposition grounds. The attendance there was very large.

Earthquake in Missouri.

NEW MADRID, Mo., Oct. 11.—At 5 a. m. an earthquake shock was felt here, but no damage was done. New Madrid was the scene of a violent earthquake in 1811, when a great part of the land in the entire county sank several feet and was overflowed by water from the Mississippi.

A Despondent Widow's Double Crime.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Mrs. Jerome Shonberger, a widow, shot and killed her 4-year-old boy and then placed the revolver to her own head and fired, inflicting a dangerous wound. The mother had become despondent through poverty.

Minister to Bolivia.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The president has appointed George H. Bridgeman of New York minister to Bolivia.

Rear Admiral Clinch Dead.

WASHINGTON,