

THE NORTHWESTERN

GEO. E. BENSCHOTER, Editor & Pub. LOUP CITY, NEBRASKA.

NEBRASKA NEWS.

A new bank is to be opened at Crete about the 1st of August.

Eustis is beginning to put on airs. It has a colored boot black.

Fred Anderson, nine miles from Osceola, was killed by a kick from one of his horses.

York people are having their annual discussion over the question of building an opera house.

The opera house at Syracuse was purchased by a man who will convert it into a livery stable.

Kearney, David City, and innumerable other Nebraska towns, will have celebrations on the Fourth.

Three prisoners were sentenced to terms in the penitentiary by Judge Marshall at Fremont last week.

Gen. Manager Holdrege of the Burlington has announced these appointments: W. W. Johnson, commercial agent at Beatrice; H. B. Segur, general agent at Billings; H. L. Lewis, general agent at Atchison.

Tramps are so numerous hereabouts of late, says a West Point dispatch, as to be veritable nuisances.

A couple of little girls were assaulted in town one day the fore part of the week, but the villains could not be identified.

The little son of Columbus Thrash of Columbus drank a quantity of spavin liniment, and would have died but for the energy of the mother in drenching the little fellow with milk, eggs and other antidotes to corrosive poison.

Safe blowers visited Fairbury. The Houghton & McDowell mill was entered and the safe blown open, but nothing of any value was taken.

The hardware store of John Price was burglarized of a large amount of cutlery.

The old settlers of Palmyra and vicinity will hold their annual picnic on Thursday, June 10, in the morning.

Judge Samuel P. Davidson of Tecumseh will deliver the address, and in the afternoon Judge Hayward will do the talking.

Ex-Congressman Kem, who has been in Colorado since his term in congress expired, returned to Broken Bow last week to attend the graduation of his daughter. He is arranging affairs preparatory to removing permanently to Colorado.

The 12-year-old son of H. M. Wiedman, a stockman near Chappell, while herding cattle, tied the rope about his body, and his horse, becoming frightened, dragged him till his clothing was nearly all torn off. His injuries will doubtless prove fatal.

The transcript and petition in Omaha in the case of the Y. M. C. A. of Omaha against Douglas county have been filed in the supreme court. In this case the Y. M. C. A. people seek to be relieved from the payment of taxes levied upon their building by Douglas county, setting up that under the law it should be exempted.

A well-to-do man at McCool Junction was solicited by an agent of a harvester company to give his order for a binder only for the purpose of giving the agent his name in assisting him to make sales. This farmer has just been notified by the company of the receipt of his order. He is now wondering how he can get out of taking the harvester.

The Stanton Picket has discovered the cause of the death of the imported Texas "razor back" hogs. It was lice. Lice of the regular Texas variety, cross between an alligator and a mud turtle. In Stanton county hogs so affected were treated to an immersion of coal oil without biblical ceremonies and they are coming out all right after the operation.

Ignatz Renner filed a complaint with the clerk of court at West Point, alleging his belief that Philip Brandstetter, who lives in Bismarck township, is a fit subject for the hospital for the insane. Sheriff Phillips went out to the insane man's home to serve the warrant. He had become quite demonstrative in his manner, and as he is the father of several small children, it was feared he might do violence to them.

A distressing accident occurred at the tow mill of the Fremont hemp company, which cost Peter Iveson his right arm. Iveson works with the night shift, and operates one of the machines. While feeding into the machine it was necessary to push the tow into the rollers, and it is supposed that Iveson shoved the tow with his hand and turned to get more when his hand got caught in the machine and was so badly injured that amputation became necessary.

The clerk of the supreme court last week approved a bond for the appearance of E. S. Whitney, the county treasurer of Harlan county, who is under conviction for embezzlement of public funds. The amount of the bond as fixed by the court is \$8,000, and is to secure his obedience to the order of the supreme court if the appeal goes against him. Whitney had been in the penitentiary several days, having commenced to serve his sentence. He was released when the bond was approved.

The following data, covering a period of twenty-two years, has been compiled from the weather bureau records at North Platte for the month of June: Mean or normal temperature, 68 degrees; warmest month, 1881, 64 degrees; coldest month, 1881, 54 degrees; highest temperature, 101 degrees, June 25, 1876; lowest temperature, 33 degrees, June 3, 1876; average date on which first "killing" frost occurred in autumn, September 19; average date last "killing" frost in spring, May 3.

An accident occurred on the street at Wilcox resulting in the death of Clyde, the 16-year-old son of A. A. Cox. A team of horses hitched to a wagon being used by the boy became unmanageable and ran away, throwing him in such a manner as to cause injuries which brought death within an hour.

The seventh annual teachers institute for Cheyenne county will be held in Sidney June 14 to 15.

An ex-officer warns Norfolk merchants to keep a sharp eye on the cash taken in within the next few days. A man arrived in that city recently whom he recognized as a very shrewd counterfeit and shaver of the masses.

LONDON IS JUBILEE MAD.

PRESS WARNS AGAINST DISASTERS.

MANY AMERICANS ROBBED.

English Correspondents Want Great Britain to Be Rechristened Wiseland, the First Four Initial Letters of Wales, Ireland, Scotland and England - Russia to Honor France.

LONDON, June 7.—It is impossible to escape the jubilee. Already everything is turning upon the celebration dress, decorations and entertainments, while there is a chorus from the press warning everybody against all imaginary disasters which, it is claimed, are likely to ensue. It is even pointed out that the proposed bonfires are likely to set the whole country in a blaze, while other correspondents are so impressed with the importance of the jubilee that they are not satisfied with the name of England or Britain, and want England to be rechristened Wiseland, the first four letters being the initials of Wales, Ireland, Scotland and England. This is capped by another correspondent, who wants the empire to be called Enwiscolla, so as to bring in the colonies of England, and that all subjects of the queen be called Enwiscollians.

Jubilee seats swindling is rampant. Sharper are meeting the incoming steamers at Port Said, Brindisi and Queenstown and are selling unexisting seats to unsuspecting passengers. Many Americans have been victimized in this manner at Queenstown.

RUSSIA TO HONOR FRANCE MORE. PARIS, June 7.—The Figaro to-day announces that a vote for a credit to defray the expenses of President Faure's approaching visit to St. Petersburg will be asked during the last day of the session of parliament in order to avoid disagreeable discussion. The Figaro adds: "The government is exercised owing to Emperor William desiring to send Prince Henry of Prussia with a German fleet to meet the French squadron and salute President Faure."

M. L. Basile, a radical deputy, representing the First district of Poitiers, who has just returned from St. Petersburg, says he was told by M. De Witte, the Russian minister for finance, that the visit of President Faure to the capital of Russia is regarded at St. Petersburg as being of considerable importance. The deputy adds that naval and military reviews will be held in his honor, while Emperor William of Germany, whose visit was timed prior to President Faure's, will not witness a review.

POSTMASTER REMOVALS.

The Administration Modifies Its Policy Allowing Officials Full Terms. WASHINGTON, June 7.—The rule announced shortly after the administration assumed charge that postmasters would be allowed to serve out their full terms unless removed for cause has been modified and it is expected that wholesale appointments to post-offices will be made soon.

It was officially announced to-day that the President and the postmaster general will consider as having expired all postoffices which are due to expire between now and July 15. It is understood that the matter was discussed and the decision reached at today's cabinet meeting.

The reason assigned for the change is that it is the desire of the postoffice department to fill as many offices as possible before the expiration of the fiscal year, July 1, in order that accounts may be begun with a new quarter.

KANSAS PROBING ENDED.

The Supreme Court Discharges Davis, the Recalcitrant Witness. TORONTO, Kan., June 7.—To-day the supreme court discharged T. C. Davis, the witness who was held for contempt by the bribery investigation committee because he refused to testify before it. The opinion is written by Associate Justice Allen, Associate Justice Johnson concurring in the order discharging the prisoner, but dissenting on minor points. Chief Justice Dexter writes a long dissenting opinion. The discharge of Davis amounts to a dissolution of the committee, and nothing more will come of the investigation.

New York Gets the Bacchante. NEW YORK, June 7.—The Bacchante, by Frederick McMonies, has been accepted by the Metropolitan museum, and it will at once be placed in the center of the bronze room at the east gallery on the first floor. The much maligned Bacchante comes to New York as the gift of C. J. McKim of this city, after the rejection of a proposition to put it in one of the libraries of Boston.

Striking Tailors Ask Assistance. NEW YORK, June 7.—This is the twentieth day of the tailors' strike and an appeal has been issued to 218 shops, employing 5,000 men, to assist themselves to 15 per cent of their weekly earnings to assist the 17,500 men now on strike.

Who's Bigger? WASHINGTON, June 7.—Among the nominations sent to the Senate by the President to-day was Andrew D. Barlow of Missouri to be consul general at City of Mexico, Mex.

DEBT CAUSED HIS DEATH.

Banker Person Kills Himself to Pay an Impotent Creditor. CHICAGO, June 7.—Charles R. Person, the Bella Plaine, Kan., ex-banker who took poison in the Grand Central hotel yesterday and died at midnight, seems to have taken his life in order that a debt might be paid.

One of the letters found in the man's room was addressed to a man named Bowman, who lives in St. Louis. It stated that Person was indebted to Bowman, and that Bowman was the least of a number of creditors. It seems, according to the letter, that Bowman had been pressing his claim for the money and that Person had been unable to raise it. In the letter Person censures Bowman severely, saying that had Bowman wished he could have assisted Person in his time of trouble, instead of pressing him for the money he was unable to raise. In concluding the letter, Person states that Bowman is his last and only creditor, and insinuates that the money would be paid. The letter hints at suicide and the police say that Person took his life in order that Bowman might be paid out of the insurance money.

WEYLER CERTAIN TO GO.

Both Parties in Spain Weary of the Butcher. MADRID, June 7.—Everyone is convinced that the main question at issue in the present crisis is the selection of a new governor of Cuba capable of convincing the people that Spain is earnest in the matter of colonial reforms. The crisis is likely to be prolonged, but there is a significant change of tone visible in the Conservative papers, which are beginning to hint that the future fate of the Conservative party is not altogether dependent upon Captain General Weyler.

The impression gains ground that rather than see the Liberals in office, the Conservatives would consent to recall Weyler, and it is believed that Marshal Martinez Campos is willing to replace him.

Greece Signs an Armistice. ATHENS, June 7.—The cabinet decided to sign a sea armistice on the following conditions: "The Greek fleet will quit Ottoman waters. Vessels under Turkish or neutral flags, bound to or returning from Turkish ports and vessels north of the armistice line will not be examined. Vessels carrying troops and munitions for the Turkish army will not be allowed to enter ports north of the line. The Turkish fleet must not leave the Dardanelles. The dispatch of reinforcements to garrison towns in the Archipelago is prohibited."

Doctor Accused of Murder. DENVER, Col., June 7.—Dr. Lewis F. Preston was arrested to-day on a warrant charging him with the murder of David Frank, a cigarmaker from Brooklyn, N. Y. Dr. Preston is a consumptive specialist. It is said that his method of treatment is to run a trocar, or hollow needle, through the walls of the chest and introduce an electric wire into the lungs. Frank died under the treatment. The doctor sent a certificate to the health department giving consumption and weakness of the heart as the cause of death.

Big Chicago Receivership. CHICAGO, June 7.—After passing through much litigation, the stone firm of Dolose & Shepard went into the hands of a receiver to-day. The assets are placed at \$1,250,000, and the liabilities at \$730,000. The plant of the concern is, however, heavily mortgaged. The firm did a large business, and until it became tangled up with the courts its profits were over \$70,000 a year.

Fought With Axes. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 7.—A most horrible double tragedy was enacted in the woods four miles from Cabot, a small town in Pulaski county, yesterday, the parties in the affair being prominent citizens of that locality, C. G. Barrentine and John Brown, fought to a finish with axes, and the fight lasted until both men had received their death wounds.

Silver Republicans to Confer. WASHINGTON, June 7.—Chairman Towne of the national silver Republican committee will leave here to-day for Chicago to attend the first meeting of the committee. He will be accompanied by Senator Pettigrew and Representative Hartman. It is expected that Senator Teller of Colorado also will be present.

Noticees to Be Punished. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 7.—Forty ringleaders of the San Quentin strike have been sentenced to solitary confinement on bread and water for one month. The allowance of tobacco and possibly of sugar and syrup to the others will be cut off at least a year, saving \$30,000 to the state. The money will be used to pay for ten extra guards.

Judge Hoeker of Sedalia Dead. SEDALIA, Mo., June 7.—Judge William Hoeker died of dropsy last night at his home near Smithton, aged 77 years. Judge Hoeker was one of the pioneers of Pettis county, having resided near Smithton for the past fifty-two years.

Died for a Fire-Wagon Man. ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 7.—A young woman who seems to have been in love with the driver of a Cleveland fire wagon died in a lodging house here to-day from chloroform poisoning. She was known to the landlady as Mrs. Viola Koch.

Mount Vesuvius in Eruption. LONDON, June 7.—A special dispatch from Naples says Mount Vesuvius is in eruption. An area of 2,000 yards long by 500 wide is covered with lava, and it is dangerous to approach within 100 yards of the principal crater.

WILL ACCEPT ANGELL.

THE SULTAN FINDS HE WAS MISINFORMED. His Members to the Congregational Church Satisfactorily Explained to Turkish Government by the State Department—What the Sultan Feared.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The sultan of Turkey is said to have withdrawn his objection to the appointment of James B. Angell as minister of the United States at Constantinople. Official word to this effect was received by cable by Secretary Sherman from Minister Terrell.

Since the receipt of the first news that the sultan did not look favorably upon Dr. Angell's selection by the state department, he has been in communication with Mustapha Bey, the Turkish minister at Washington, and with Minister Terrell. As President McKinley appointed Dr. Angell only after much deliberation and on account of his signal fitness for the post at Constantinople, he was particularly desirous that the cancellation of the nomination should not be made necessary.

While every country has the unquestioned right to refuse to receive a minister accredited by another country, and while it is unusual for the country appointing the minister to protest against any objection which is raised, Dr. Angell's case is an exceptional one. It is one in which objection was offered not upon facts, but upon erroneous information, and Secretary Sherman felt warranted, under the circumstances, in opening a correspondence with the Turkish government.

As stated, he communicated with Mustapha Bey and Minister Terrell. The correspondence between Secretary Sherman and Mustapha Bey and Minister Terrell has developed the fact that the sultan objected to Dr. Angell's coming to Constantinople, chiefly on the ground that he was a member of the Congregational church. Minister Terrell has informed Secretary Sherman that the sultan had been advised that this denomination was Jesuitical in character and that Dr. Angell would be over-zealous in spreading the doctrine of his church among Mohammedans.

Secretary Sherman did not delay in having the truth presented to the Turkish government. The fact that Dr. Angell was a member of the Congregational church was not important. It was important, however, that the sultan should learn that the church was not a secret order; one whose objects differed essentially from those of other Christian denominations in this country.

Minister Terrell was instructed by Secretary Sherman to put the facts before the sultan and to assure him in a polite way that the United States would not accredit Turkey with a diplomatic representative who would be objectionable for any such reasons. Mr. Terrell carefully carried out his instructions and conveyed the intelligence that the Congregational church was merely one of many worthy religious denominations of this country, and that while Dr. Angell had been prominent in educational matters for a number of years, there was no good reason why he should not be accepted as minister to Turkey.

From this and other information imparted by Mr. Terrell it became apparent to the sultan that he had been misinformed. He accordingly withdrew his objections and cabled the fact to Secretary Sherman. Dr. Angell had arranged to start for Constantinople last Saturday, but the correspondence with the Turkish government made a change in his plans necessary. There is no further reason for delay and the doctor will probably sail next Saturday.

WEYLER'S LATEST ORDER.

Extreme War Measures Applied Now to the Provinces in Eastern Cuba. HAVANA, June 7.—A decree issued by Captain General Weyler, dated Sancti Spiritus, May 27, was published here to-day. He announces the approaching commencement of military operations in the eastern part of the island of Cuba, and orders the enforcement of the provisions of his decree of January in the provinces of Puerto Principe and Santa Clara, the organization of cultivation zones, the closing of stores in unfortified towns, the concentration of the country people, and the destruction of all resources which are undefended, as was done in the other provinces. The captain general gives the people of those two provinces one month in which to comply with the terms of the decree, to begin on the date of the publication of the decree in the various districts of those provinces.

Good Surplus for May. WASHINGTON, June 7.—The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures during May shows that the total receipts were \$10,797,309, and the expenditures \$10,100,250, leaving the surplus for the month, \$698,159. The statement for May, 1906, showed a deficit of \$1,182,875.

Democratic Candidate Elected to Congress in the First Missouri District. ST. LOUIS, June 7.—A special congressional election was held in the first Missouri district yesterday to elect a congressman to succeed Richard D. Smith, who died last winter. Estimates based upon returns received up to midnight indicate Lloyd (Dem.) elected over Clark (Rep.) by a plurality of 5,000. The total vote cast is about 90 per cent of that cast last November. Lloyd carried Hannibal, Clark's home, by 741 plurality, a Democratic gain of 230 over the November election.

FIVE CHILDREN CREMATED.

Left Alone by Their Parents—Enemies Thought to Have Fired the House. WELCH, W. Va., June 2.—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. White went for a visit last night, leaving their five children in bed in their farm house. They returned to find the house in ashes and their children burned to death. The children were from 4 to 12 years of age. It is thought the house was set on fire by white enemies. Blood hounds will be used to take up the scent if possible from the ruins.

DISPENSARY LAW.

South Carolina Cannot Prevent Sale of "Original Packages." CHARLESTON, S. C., June 2.—Judge Simonton of the United States circuit court to-day filed a decision restraining the state from preventing the sale of liquors brought into the state. This decision, if sustained on appeal, it is claimed, will have the effect of rendering nugatory the state dispensary law. Under the decision of Judge Simonton any person may import and sell liquor in original packages. The decision is based on the interstate commerce law, the court holding that the right of importation comprehends the right of sale.

MONUMENT DEDICATED.

Large Crowds Participate in Ceremonies at West Point. WEST POINT, N. Y., June 2.—In the presence of 5,000 people, the secretary of war and many high officials of the army, the battle monument erected by their comrades in honor of the officers and soldiers of the regular army who fell in battle in the civil war was dedicated. Everything combined to make the dedication of the monument an impressive and dignified ceremony. Among those who occupied seats on the speakers stand were Secretary Alger, General Merritt, General Ruger, General Franklin, General Butler, General Stanton, Paymaster General Vile, General Saxton and General James Longstreet.

THE TARIFF ON CHINA.

Decorated Ware Will Pay 60 Per Cent; Undecorated 55 Per Cent. WASHINGTON, June 2.—The tariff bill was taken up in the Senate to-day immediately after the disposal of routine business. Mr. Aldrich withdrew the proposed committee amendments to paragraph 90, china, etc., leaving the rates as reported by the House, viz: decorated china, 60 per cent ad valorem; undecorated china, 55 per cent. Mr. Jones of Arkansas moved to reduce these rates to 35 and 30 per cent respectively. Without debate a vote was taken and the proposed amendments were defeated, yeas 23, nays 74.

Messrs. McEnery and Cannon voted with the Republicans in the negative and Messrs. Harris (Kansas) and Heitfeld with the Democrats in the affirmative. In other respects the vote was on party lines.

Iowa Patent Office Report. Patents have been allowed but not yet issued as follows: To I. T. Evans of Clive for an improvement to his tripple v-shaped drag harrow covered by his prior patents. The improvements facilitate the self-adjustment of the parts as required to operate advantageously in passing over uneven surfaces.

To Bessie Larson of Ruthven for an attachment to pole yokes to prevent the dangers incident to accidental separation of the yoke from the pole when the vehicle to which they are hitched is advancing. An undivided half has been assigned to Dr. G. Baldwin of the same place.

To the Rhoads and Carman Buggy Co. of Marshalltown, assignee of A. B. Arnold, for an improvement in four wheeled vehicles to keep the elliptic springs perpendicular and to prevent the lurching motions incident to the body or box and persons seated thereon when the carriage is advancing on a rough road or over obstructions in the way of the wheels.

Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address. Printed copies of the drawings and specifications of any United States patent sent upon receipt of 25 cents.

Our practice is not confined to Iowa. Inventors in other states can have our service upon the same terms as Hawkeyes.

THOS. G. AND J. RALPH ORWIG, Solicitors of Patents, Des Moines, Ia., May 26, 1897.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKET.

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere. OMAHA. Butter—Creamery separator, 15 1/2 16 1/2. Butter—Choice fancy country, 11 1/2 12 1/2. Eggs—Fresh, 17 1/2 18 1/2. Spring Chickens—Per lb., 15 1/2 16 1/2. Hens—Per lb., 15 1/2 16 1/2. Leghorns—Choice Mississippis, 2 1/2 3 1/2. Hens—Fancy white, 13 1/2 14 1/2. Onions, per lb., 1 1/2 1 3/4. Beans—Hannibal Navy, 1 1/2 1 3/4. Potatoes—New, per bushel, 4 1/2 5 1/2. Potatoes—old, 3 1/2 4 1/2. Oranges, per box, 2 1/2 3 1/2. Hay—Upson, per ton, 4 1/2 5 1/2. Apples, choice, per bushel, 4 1/2 5 1/2.

SOUTH OMAHA STOCK MARKET. Hogs—Light mixed, 3 1/2 3 3/4. Hogs—Heavy weights, 3 1/2 3 3/4. Beef steers, 4 1/2 4 3/4. Bulls, 3 1/2 3 3/4. Cows, 3 1/2 3 3/4. Milk cows and springers, 3 1/2 3 3/4. Steers, 3 1/2 3 3/4. Calves, 3 1/2 3 3/4. Sheep—Wool, 1 1/2 1 3/4. Sheep—Wool, 1 1/2 1 3/4.

CHICAGO. Wheat—No. 2 Spring, 1 1/2 1 3/4. Corn—No. 2, 3 1/2 3 3/4. Soybeans, 11 1/2 12 1/2. Pork, 11 1/2 12 1/2. Lard, 11 1/2 12 1/2.

NEW YORK. Wheat—No. 2, 1 1/2 1 3/4. Corn—No. 2, 3 1/2 3 3/4. Soybeans, 11 1/2 12 1/2. Pork, 11 1/2 12 1/2. Lard, 11 1/2 12 1/2.

KANSAS CITY. Wheat—No. 2, 1 1/2 1 3/4. Corn—No. 2, 3 1/2 3 3/4. Soybeans, 11 1/2 12 1/2. Pork, 11 1/2 12 1/2. Lard, 11 1/2 12 1/2.

ATTEND BOSTON STORE.

OMAHA. GREAT CLOTHING SALE.

Half-Rate Excursion TO OMAHA.

JUNE 8, 9, 10 and 11.

A syndicate of eastern clothing manufacturers, organized to raise cash on their combined stocks of men's boys' and child's clothing.

Have shipped to Omaha over a hundred thousand dollars' (\$100,000) worth of the best clothing, all of which has been consigned to

BOSTON STORE, OMAHA. Sixteenth and Douglas streets, To turn it over to immediate cash.

The very fact of Boston Store managing the sale gives it an importance which cannot be too highly estimated.

This immense quantity of high grade, artistic clothing, made from the best of American and imported wools, will be literally sacrificed at one-half of its real value.

This sale is the opportunity of a lifetime, and we urgently advise you to take advantage of what is really and truly the greatest loss ever incurred by any number of firms ever engaged in the clothing business.

Nothing but the immediate and pressing need of spot cash to avoid a total ruin would have induced these manufacturers to take this step.

To give you a better idea of the way this clothing will be sacrificed, we will assure you that you can take your choice of it, most of it for one-half of what it sold for in New York, and in a great many cases it will cost you only one-third of the New York price.

We do not know how to sufficiently impress you with the importance of this sale of clothing. All we can say is that it will pay you over and over again to come to Boston Store and invest all you can in clothing. Clothing is something that you must need at some time or other, and when you can buy it at from one-half to one-third of the regular price and new, stylish goods at that, it is your duty to yourselves to do so.

In addition to this clothing sale, we are now having two great sales which is also to your interest to attend, one is a very large stock of Dry Goods and the other is a well known shoe stock, both of which we are selling at very much reduced prices.

Remember the half rate excursion to Omaha June 8, 9, 10 and 11, so that you can save money in railroad fare as well as in buying goods. Remember that this sale takes place only at Boston Store, northwest corner of Sixteenth and Douglas streets, Omaha.

If it is so that you cannot come yourself, write to us for our catalogue and samples.

Once more let us remind you the sale is at Boston Store, and nowhere else.

BOSTON STORE, OMAHA, Sixteenth and Douglas Sts.

GOOD NEWS FOR FARMERS.

Arctic overshoes will be cheaper next winter. Our readers have all heard something about the Rubber Trust, and have known that since the formation of the United States Rubber Co., rubber boots and shoes have been much higher than they used to be.

Several new companies, however, have commenced the manufacture of rubber goods within the past year or two, and the usual result of competition has followed. Prices are down, and the public will get the benefit. The first new concern to enter the field was the Providence Rubber Company, of Providence, R. I. The head of the concern was the Hon. A. C. Bourn, who had been in Europe as Consul-General to Rome. The first western house to put these goods on the market was Bentley & Olmsted, of Des Moines, who last year had the exclusive agency for the northwest, for the above Rubber Company. These goods were sold at considerably lower prices than the Trust goods, and Bentley & Olmsted were warned by the Trust that if they continued to handle outside brands they would discriminate against them. They, however, were not to be intimidated, and have this year secured the exclusive agency for Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, the Dakotas, and all west of these states, of another new concern, Geo. Watkinson & Co. There has been great reason for complaint because rubber goods have not worn well. Mr. Watkinson, who is one of the oldest manufacturers of rubber goods, when starting his new factory at Philadelphia, realized that a big business could be built up on a better grade of goods. He is therefore making his goods of pure Para rubber instead of using part African, which is much cheaper, and has also added several new improvements, such as heavier soles and heels, and tips on heavy goods, with the intention of making the best wearing goods ever produced.

Another new line of rubber goods made outside of the Trust, is made by the Hood Rubber Company, of Boston, who make a second quality line under the brand of the Old Colony. It remains to be seen whether the trust will be able to crush out these new concerns.

Where Will You Get the Money? A pleasant "guess" is to name how many dollar bills would be required to weigh as much as a \$20 gold piece. Answers fluctuate between 300 as the lowest and 1,000; the correct number being thirty-four.

His Dark Design. "Wonder why that man next door takes his wife's poll parrot out on his wheel every day?" "He probably hopes that he will fall off on it."—Chicago Record.

Cruelty Wherever Found. The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals does not hesitate to stop, through its agents, in the streets of Philadelphia United States mail wagons when they are being drawn by sick or maimed horses, and to take the animals away, whether the United States mail suffers detention or not. At least this is the story told by the local press. The agents protest that the law against inhumanity shall not be ignored through the greed of contractors, even if the wagons are conveying the mails.