THE NORTHWESTERN

GEO. E. BENSCHOTER, Editor & Pub.

LOUP CITY, -:- NEBRASKA.

NEBRASKA NEWS.

Plattsmouth schools will open September 14.

The telephone line has been completed to Shelby.

The Nebraska Sangerbund will meet in Omaha in 1888.

Fire at Dannebrog destroyed $18,000 worth of property.

The Hebron Creamery company has made an assignment.

Mike Delaney fell from a haystack and dislocated his neck.

Syracuse's water plant has been inspected and found all right.

August Deck, living near Winside, lost four stacks of grain by lightning.

Grand Island German Lutherans will dedicate a 6,000 church within a few weeks.

North Platte people are going to have a building bee for the benefit of the irrigation fair.

Omaha street car employes have subscribed $10,000 toward the Trans-Mississippi Exposition.

Most of the outside work on the new government hospital at Fort Niobrara has been completed.

Isaac Henninger, son of Shelton's postmaster was seriously injured by an iron window falling on him.

Valentine proposes to float bonds and devote the proceeds to the construction of a new school building.

A sneak thief entered the residence of Jacob Thomas at David city and stole a purse containing $200.

Numbers of prairie schooners are seen on the move in Nebraska, but the movement is not out of the state.

Oxford is arranging for a base ball tournament September 10, 11 and 12, at which $150 will be offered as prizes.

Henry Schnase, a Saline county farmer, lost his barn and its contents by fire, superinduced by a bolt of lightning.

Dixon county people expect to make something of their coal mines yet. A vein twenty-four inches thick is now being worked.

Buy home made goods and build up home industries, is a good policy. Farrell's Fire Extinguisher, made by Farrell & co., Omaha.

Roy Johnson, a 9-year-old boy, living near Neligh, was instantly killed by a bolt of lightning while hauling a load of grain from the field to the barn.

Treasurer Talmage of Fillmore county has received a draft for $8,000 in in payment of delinquent taxes owing by the Kansas City & Omaha railroad.

The South Central Baptist association held its convention at Juniata last week. The convention was largely attended and much interest and enthusiasm displayed.

During a thunderstorm the 12-year-old daughter of William Brokhoff, living nine miles north of Thedford, was killed by a bolt of lightning, which went down the stove pipe.

As Linn Cartman was plowing near Cook he discovered what is supposed to be the largest snake in Nebraska. Linn says it is about sixteen feet long and nine inches in diameter.

Tramps are numerous about Sterling and cases of house breaking frequent. A number of citizens are sleeping with a gun handy, thinking they may get a nice fat tramp for breakfast.

M. T. Robinson, a prosperous looking farmer of about 55 years from Julian, suddenly became insane on the streets of Omaha, and created considerable consternation before he was locked up.

Hon. M. L. Hayward will deliver the dedicatory address at the state reunion of the G. A. R. August 24, and formally turn Camp Fairfield over to Captain Culver, the department commander.

The twentieth annual fair of the Hall county agricultural society will be held at Grand Island September 8 to 11, inclusive. Reduced rates are given on all railroads, and competition is open to the world.

Judge Westover held a special term of the district court at Chadron to enable three county prisoners to plead guilty to the charge of grand larceny. They were each sentenced to four years in the penitentiary.

A party is about to depart from O'Neill to Johnstown to investigate the matter of extension of the irrigation ditch started by the citizens of that section. It is likely that the project will be pushed to a finish.

The Lancaster county commissioners have decided to bring suit against the bondsmen of the late County Treasurer Maxey Cobb, who died owing the county nearly $40,000. Suit will be commenced against all the bondsmen.

The management of the York county agricultural association has set apart two days at the county fair for the discussion of the financial question, and has invited the gold standard and free silver people to arrange for speakers.

While hunting in Stanton county Sherman Porter, aged 14, was accidentally shot by Tom Stevens. The charge of shot passed through the leg just below the groin. The wound, though severe, is not regarded as fatal.

Joel C. Williams, who was found guilty of falsifying the books of the Blue Springs bank and was granted a new trial and admitted to $2,000 bail, is reported missing. Warrants have been issued for his arrest if apprehended.

The coroner's inquest at Humboldt, which was held over the remains of Alf Bacon, whose sudden death was reported in a dispatch of the 12th, resulted in a verdict of death from an overdose of morphine taken with suicidal intent.

The board of commissioners of insanity of Dodge county adjudged Mrs. Julia Bielmaster of Nickerson, insane, and she will be taken to the Norfolk asylum. She has been before the board once before, but it was not thought necessary to order her confined.

Clay county's old soldiers will hold an annual reunion hereafter. The first one will be held at Sutton at a date to be fixed for the near future.

The populist executive committee have decided to make Lincoln the headquarters of the committee during the campaign. There will be a branch office at Omaha.

James Campbell, the millionaire sugar planter of Honolulu who, while in San Francisco, was enticed into a house, bound and gagged and held prisoner for two days, is a brother of A. A. Campbell, a real estate dealer in West Point.

The 5-year-old son of Shine Osborne, living near Madison, was dragged with his foot in the stirrup of a runaway pony until the clothes were torn from his body, but fortunately no bones were broken and the little fellow was not seriously hurt.

Cecil Shaw and Levi Jackson met in a ring to settle a dispute over a girl on whom they were both stuck. The boys pounded each other viciously and both were covered with blood when the police arrived upon the scene and put an end to the encounter.

At Fremont Deputy Sheriff Edwards arrested Fred Bell, colored, on a telegram from Hamilton, Mo., where he is said to be wanted for some criminal offense. The authorities at Hamilton were notified and Bell will be held till word is received from them.

Receiver Milton Doolittle of the North Platte National bank is paying another 20 per cent dividend to the depositors. This makes a total dividend of 70 per cent already paid. It is confidently expected that the depositors will eventually obtain all their money.

Elias Robare was arrested and lodged in jail at David City, charged with seducing Emma Baer, the 17-year-old daughter of J. D. Baer, a farmer living in the western part of the county. He was bound over to the district court in $1,000 bonds, which he has failed to give.

Rolland Orr, who was arrested about three weeks ago on two counts, charging him with assault upon Mrs. Hiram Gray, appeared in Judge Ryan's court at Dakota City and waived examination. He was bound over to the district court and gave bonds to the amount of $1,000.

John Selvers of Ames, has invented a unique device by means of which sportsmen can easily get within range of a flock of wild geese. It consists of a willow frame-work covered with canvas, and is painted to resemble a cow. As geese are not afraid of cattle, it is expected that hunters can walk right into their midst by means of this device.

The new line of the Nebraska Telephone company, the extension of which was begun from York about four weeks ago, reached Rising City last week. Conversation with Lincoln and other towns was indulged in. The line will be extended to David City and will thus connect all the towns along the Union Pacific from York to David City.

A Kimball dispatch says that about seventy-five men gathered at the place where Paul Rose, the murdered rancheman, laid buried, and witnessed the uncovering of the body. County surveyor Hall commenced his work to locate the state line and decided that Kimball had no jurisdiction in the case. Two bullets were found in the dead man's body.

Word was received at Cheyenne of a fatal shooting affair at Curtis, this state, in which a farmer named Carry shot S. R. Razee, editor of the Curtis Courier. The men quarreled over the ownership of some land. Mr. Razee is the step-father of Mrs. Holliday, wife of the Burlington agent at Cheyenne. She was notified that her step-father's injuries were fatal.

An unknown man was found lying in R. E. Roberts' corn crib near Arlington in an unconscious condition. A physician was summoned and worked to restore him but he died. It was undoubtedly a case of suicide, as he had indications of an overdose of morphine, and besides, there was found in his pockets a small amount of morphine, a bottle of quinine and a razor.

The town of Murray, eight miles southwest of Plattsmouth, is somewhat divided against itself in regard to the advent of a saloon. For a long time an effort has been made to open a saloon there, but no one was willing to rent a building for that purpose, so eventually the promoters bought a lot, moved a building from Plattsmouth and a saloon will be started forthwith.

The citizens' committee, says the Lincoln Journal, which has charge of the G. A. R. encampment, held a meeting at the Commercial club. The committee expects 3,000 tents to arrive soon. They will be erected on the grounds some time next week. Nearly all have been reserved. All arrangements will be perfected at the grounds next week, so there will be nothing left to be done after the old soldiers commence to arrive.

The Union Pacific has issued the official circular notifying all agents that round-trip tickets from all points on its lines within the state from which the fare one way is over $5 will be sold for $5.50, which includes admission to the grounds. The board is now working to get the Elkhorn, Burlington and other roads to follow the example of the Union Pacific, and should they succeed it is stated the people in the people in the western part of the state, many of whom have not attended a state fair for years, will come in a body.

Arrangements have been completed for the exhibition of an exceedingly novel and interesting feature at the state fair. The famous pacing ostrich, W. W. P., will be on hand. On each of the six days it will give an exhibition of pacing. It will be harnessed and driven to a sulkey. It is owned by Benjamin Allen and B. B. Banks of Colorado, and is said to be the only ostrich in the world that has ever been successfully driven in this manner. Its owners say the ostrich can beat the time of any bicycle rider in this section of the country.

Mrs. Parthenia J. Maple of Western precinct, Johnson county, has been adjudged insane by the local board of insanity and transferred to the Lincoln asylum.

Lightning rod sharks caught a farmer named Hazan at Pierce recently in accordance with their usual custom. He signed a contract for $4.75 worth of road, which reappeared as a contract for $175 worth. He settled for $100.

City Marshall C. H. Smith at Shelton went to Grand Island and brought back young James Saulter, who was confined in the jail on the charge of stealing a saddle. He was taken on the charge of stealing a horse from Chris Pope. A horse was also taken at the same time from Monroe Henninger, and Allie Campbell is charged with the the theft, although he has not yet been found.

MR. M'KINLEY AND TARIFF

THE MAJOR ADDRESSES VISITING PENNSYLVANIANS.

HE LAUDS PROTECTION.

The Chicago Convention Policies Attacked—Declares That the People Will Not Have Free Trade and Free Silver at 16 to 1, and That Both Will Be Buried at November Election.

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 24.—Two thousand farmers, mechanics and other citizens of Newcastle, Elwood and other parts of Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, came here in special trains to-day to call on Major McKinley. When they had paraded to the McKinley home, 6,000 people crowded over the bare lawn and surged into the streets around about. Then it rained, but bands played, thousands cheered, cannons boomed and steam calliopes added their noises. The people stood through the rain for an hour, waved their banners and beat their tin helmets. They carried inscriptions: "We want back the good old McKinley times;" "We want the furnaces and factories started, not the rich men's silver mines;" Honest money and a chance to earn it." The presentation was made by ex-Congressman Oscar L. Jackson.

When Major McKinley mounted a chair on his stoop to respond to the sentiments of Colonel Jackson, calliopes, cannon, bands and myraids of human voices repeated their first ovation. He said: "I note with great satisfaction the message which your eloquent spokesman brings to me, that the people of Pennsylvania have lost none of their devotion to the great principles of the Republican party and that this year they will give to the Republican national ticket an unrivaled Republican majority. (Cries of "We will do that all right.") Nor am I surprised, my fellow citizens, that this is so. We have had three years of bitter experience under a policy which the Republican party has always opposed and there has been nothing in that experience to win us to that policy, but everything to increase our devotion to the old policy of protection which stands opposed to it.

"My fellow citizens, the earnest thought of the people this year is directed to the present condition of the country and how best to improve it. This is the thought of every mind and is the prayer of every soul. Nobody is satisfied with our unfortunate business condition and the great body of the people want and mean to have a change. What shall be the change? Shall it be the continuance of the present Democratic party under another leadership—a leadership advocating all the policies of the Democratic party which have been injurious to the American people and rejecting all which are good, wholesome and patriotic, and which have received the approval of the people of the country? The wing of the Democratic party which controlled the Chicago convention is just as much in favor of free trade as the wing of the Democratic party in control of the national administration. Most of those prominent in that convention were conspicuous leaders in the assault upon our industries and labor made by the Fifty-third Congress. They are devoted to this un-American and destructive policy and were chiefly instrumental in putting on the statute books tariff legislation which has destroyed American manufacturing, checked our foreign trade and reduced the demand for the labor of American workingmen. It stands opposed to reciprocity, too, the splendid results of which were so signally manifest during the administration of President Harrison.

"The people of this country have condemned the policies of this party in these particulars in every election since 1892. They are only waiting now for a chance to register again, and all along the line, unitedly their opposition to this free trade heresy in the general election next November. If there was, therefore, but one question—that of protection against free trade — we have it just as sharply drawn and as distinctively presented through the Chicago convention wing of the Democratic party as we had it through the united party in 1892, and a triumph this year for the Chicago platform would be a signal victory for free trade and for the continuance of free trade legislation, which has already resulted so disastrously to the American people and entailed upon the government deficient revenues, upon the people diminished trade abroad and starvation wages at home.

"This wing of the Democratic party believes not only in free trade, but it believes in free silver at a ratio of 16 to 1. (Cries of 'Down with free silver.') Having diminished our business they now seek to diminish the value of our money. Having cut wages in two, they want to cut the money in which wages are paid in two, and we will not have either the one or the other. The other wing of the Democratic party is patriotically striving for the public honor and is opposed to free silver because it believes that such a policy would disturb existing values, contract the currency of the country by depriving us of the use of the gold and putting us on a silver basis, thus creating widespread panic and bringing to every American interest serious injury."

Missouri Railways Consolidated.

WEBB CITY, Mo., Aug. 24.—All property of the Joplin and Galena Electric Railway company and that of the Jasper County Electric Railway company was yesterday transferred by sale to the Southwest Missouri Electric Railway company, giving this company thirty-two miles of track. This road connects Galena, Kan., and Joplin, Webb City, Carterville, Johnstown, Prosperity and Carthage, Mo. The main offices of the company will remain in this city, with A. H. Rogers president.

BIG STRIKE IN CHICAGO.

Work of Many New Buildings Stopped or Much Impeded.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Unless present plans of building trades labor leaders miscarry, work will be stopped by Monday, on most of the large and hundreds of the smaller buildings in process of construction in this city. This will be the result of a sympathy strike of all building trades artisans to aid the hod carriers and bricklayers' helpers now out to force a raise in wages to twenty-five cents per hour.

Up to this morning 1,600 hod carriers had quit work and building operations in all parts of the city are affected, while contractors who cannot afford, under their contracts, to pay the twenty-five cents an hour demanded and whose men have not yet struck, are much disturbed over the outlook.

After a long session, lasting from 5 o'clock last night until 1:30 o'clock this morning, the executive committee of the building trades council finally decided to order out all other artisans now at work on buildings where contractors attempt to replace the striking hod carriers with non-union laborers. As a result several thousand mechanics, carpenters, iron workers, bricklayers and workers in kindred trades will probably be ordered out early next week.

ENGLISH TROUBLES.

Strikes and Threats of Strikes Prevalent in the Various Trades.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The dull season has brought the usual disturbances among the laborers and artisans, and the long-threatened dockers' strike seems likely to come to a head in the near future, for the men at several of the naval torpedo works are already out. Trouble is brewing among the Nottingham lace workers. The East end tailors' strike has begun against the large tailoring firms and the men will be withdrawn from the other concerns shortly. This strike is promoted by the middlemen, who get contracts from the big houses and then distribute them to journeymen. The middlemen claim that they have 35,000 journeymen behind them. Finally a London cabbies' strike against the privileged cabs at the railway stations is being discussed and voted on, and will be decided next Saturday.

Street Railway Blacklists Proposed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—It is said that street railway companies from Brooklyn to Chicago have combined to issue a monthly list of employes who have been discharged by one of them for any cause. It is said that the companies interested are the Consolidated Traction company of New Jersey, the Metropolitan of New York, the Brooklyn Heights, the Pittsburg road, Baltimore City railroad, Philadelphia Traction company, Albany City company, Union railway of New York and the Yerkes road of Chicago.

Debs on the A. R. U. and Bryan.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—About 200 delegates, representing the local branches of the American Railway Union, met last night to hear Eugene V. Debs and Directors Burns and Hogan speak on the issues of the day. Debs said that he had just returned from a trip among the Southern branches of the union and had found them flourishing. He then announced himself for Bryan and advocated the union's united effort in the behalf of the Nebraska candidate.

WORK FOR LELAND.

The Kansas Leader to Manage Three State Campaigns From Kansas City.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The Republican national campaign managers have decided to put Cyrus Leland of Kansas in charge of the campaign in Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, and he will open sub-headquarters in Kansas City and there assume personal control of the work in the three states. He will form the connecting link for Missouri between the state committee controlled by Filley and the national committee, the Missouri member of which is R. C. Kerens, Filley's foe.

Gold Literature in Pay Envelopes.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 24.—The speech delivered by A. E. Stilwell to the employes of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railway at Fairmount Park last Saturday night, on the subject of sound money, has been reprinted in circular form by the Dold Packing company of this city, and a copy of it placed in the pay envelope of each employe at the packing house. A representative of the Dold company thought Mr. Stilwell's speech was about as clear an exposition of the money question as could be given. He said the company was not trying to influence the men in its employ in any manner, but simply took that method of directing their attention to the financial question.

Big Cotton Factors Fail.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Aug. 24.—Slayden, Clarkson & Robards, the oldest and largest cotton firm in Southwest Texas, filed a general deed of assignment last night, conveying all their property to M. E. Reynolds. From reliable sources it is stated that the assets of the firm will amount to $500,000, with liabilities at $250,000. A failure to realize on outstanding claims and the slump in the cotton market some weeks ago are given as the cause of the failure.

Eight Officers to Be Retired.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The army retiring board, after a session of two weeks, having exhausted all the cases presented, has adjourned. Nine cases were considered. Major Darling succeeded in securing a postponement of his case until October, and then it will be taken up by the retiring board in San Francisco. Of the nine officers examined, eight will be recommended for retirement, Colonel R. E. A. Crofton, Fifteenth infantry, alone escaping.

The letter carrier forces in large cities are to be reduced.

BRYAN MAKES DENIAL

THE CHARGES OF SENATOR THURSTON ANSWERED.

The Democratic Nominee Says He Has Not at Any Time Been in the Employ of Silver Mine Owners, or the Bimetallic League Association—His Salary as Editor of the Omaha World-Herald.

Not Employed by Silver Men.

UPPER RED HOOK, N. Y., Aug. 25.—W. J. Bryan last night gave out the following statement regarding the charge that he was in the employ of the silver mine owners:

"I have already denied this charge on several occasions, but the reiteration of it by Senator Thurston, a distinguished resident of my own state, justifies me in answering it again. I have never at any time, or under any circumstances, been in the employ of any mine owners, individually or collectively, directly or indirectly, nor have I ever been in the employ of, or paid, by any Bimetallic League association.

"Aside from my editorial salary of about $150 per month paid by the Omaha World-Herald, and a small amount derived from the legal profession, my income since my retirement from Congress has been derived entirely from lectures before Chatauqua, lyceum and lecture bureaus, which have usually paid me a fixed sum, and from contributions made by the people of the localities where I have spoken. In some instances I have received nothing at all. In most cases I have received more than enough to pay traveling expenses. In only two instances, I think, has my compensation exceeded $100, and in these instances it was about $200 at one place and about $300 at the other.

"Having made this answer to Mr. Thurston's letter, I shall hereafter take no notice of individual or newspaper comment on the subject. If the Republican national committee will say officially that I have ever been employed to deliver speeches by any mine owner, a group of mine owners or by any association supported by mine owners, I am ready to make a statement showing in detail all money received by me for speech-making."

NEW YORK SPEECHES.

Mr. Bryan Will Make a Thorough Canvass of the State.

UPPER RED HOOK, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Mr. Bryan has determined to make a pretty thorough canvass of the state of New York and for the first time since the days of Martin Van Buren will make addresses in nearly every important city. He will first go to Albany, the home of Senator David B. Hill. Then he will visit each large city along the New York Central road. Speaking of his trip to-day he said: "We shall leave Upper Red Hook at 6:56 on Tuesday the 26th, reaching Albany at 8:30 p. m. We will leave there about 10 p. m. and go to Syracuse, reaching there at 2:05 a. m., and remain there until 12 m., and then reach Rochester at 2:25 p. m. and stop at Rochester one hour, arriving at Buffalo about 4:45 p. m. Then we will take the first train for Erie, Pa., arriving there between 7 and 8 o'clock and attend a meeting of the Democratic clubs that evening and return next morning to Buffalo, where we will attend another meeting of Democratic clubs. We will remain in Western New York for the rest of the week. We will stay in Chautauqua over Sunday and leave for the West Monday."

PROF. F. N. CROUCH DEAD

The Composer of "Kathleen Mavourneen" Passes Away in Portland, Me.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 20.—Prof. F. Nicholls Crouch, composer of "Kathleen Mavourneen," died here last night after a long illness at the age of 88.

Born in London in 1808, of a family which had been connected with the musical and literary world, Frederic Nicholls Crouch early evinced a decided musical talent. He entered as a student the Royal Academy of Music, then just established, and studied under Dr. Crotch, Attwood, Crivelli, Hawes, Lindley and Pistrucci. He afterwards joined Drury Lane orchestra under Tom Cooke. He became musical critic of the Metropolitan Magazine, edited by Captain Marryat, and contributed to by most of the celebrated literati of the day, among whom was Mrs. Crawford, who wrote for it "Kathleen Mavourneen."

In 1849 Crouch came to America, where he was the first to produce Rossini's "Stabat Mater," together with other modern compositions, as also the best English glees and madrigals. When the war broke out he joined the Confederate army and served up to General Lee's surrender at Appomattox. After this he was obliged to enter the service of a Mr. Tom Perkins as gardener and musical instructor to his daughters. He afterward lived in Richmond, writing for Southern Opinion. Here he married a Southern lady and then settled in Baltimore.

Bulgaria Makes Threats.

SOFIA, Aug. 24.—In consequence of the frontier disputes between Bulgaria and Turkey, the Bulgarian government has notified the Turkish government that unless the latter appoint delegates to a frontier commission, by a certain date, the Bulgarian troops will be ordered to reoccupy the positions recently occupied by Turkish soldiers on territory which Bulgaria claims belongs to her.

Will Not Notify Bryan or Watson.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The Populist committee had another long meeting last night, at which it was decided to locate the Populist headquarters in this city. Senator Butler and Secretary Edgerton will be in charge. Mr. Butler is chairman of the notification committee. He said he had not called a meeting of the committee. "It has not been the practice of the People's party," said he, "to notify the candidates. Neither Weaver nor Field were notified in 1892." This is taken to mean that it has been decided not to formally notify Bryan or Watson.

MR. COCKRAN REPLIES.

The Tammany Orator Scores Mr. Bryan's Speech.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—The second notable demonstration in the political campaign in New York city was held last night under the auspices of the Democratic Honest Money League of America, in Madison Square garden, where Hon. W. Bourke Cockran addressed an immense audience with a speech entitled, "In Opposition to Repudiation."

Mr. Cockran had been selected to answer Candidate Bryan's speech because of his opposition to the Chicago platform, and because of the reputation as an orator which he had earned by his participation in the tariff debates of two congresses, and by his famous protest against the nomination of Mr. Cleveland, delivered at daybreak in the convention of four years ago.

Eighteen thousand seats had been placed in the garden, and all of them were filled when Mr. Cockran advanced to the front of the platform and was greeted by a tremendous cheers, men climbing upon their chairs and waving little American flags which had been strewn through the hall. Three hearty cheers were given for McKinley, and there were hisses when a gallery god yelled, "What's the matter with Bryan?"

Mr. Cockran arraigned the Chicago convention, the platform and Mr. Bryan's speech in unmeasured language. He declared that the Democratic party had been led into the Populist camp and that it was the duty of true Democrats to balk. He scored the income tax plank of the Chicago platform and called the supreme court criticism treason. Concluding he said:

"Stripped of all verbal disguise, it is an issue of common honesty, an issue between the honest discharge and the dishonest repudiation of public and private obligations.

"This is a conspiracy between professional farmers, who want to pay low wages, and the unreconciled slaveholder, who would like to pay no wages at all. Here is the real root of this conspiracy. Mr. Bryan did not create it. No man can create a movement like this. The forces that have created it are active and have been working in a thousand different directions. Mr. Bryan, representing this theory, is but like a drop of water on the crest of the wave, more conspicuous, but no more important than the millions of drops that forms its base. The Populistic movement is the attempt of these professional farmers, of these men who are unwilling to share with the laborer, to appeal to their greed. They are an enemy to public order; they are an obstacle to progress; they are conspirators against the peace and prosperity of the industrial masses of the country.

Iowa Patent Office Report.

By virtue of an international agreement for the protection of industrial property applications for patents for inventions, desgins and trade marks filed in the United States patent office will afford protection after six months in Great Britain, Belgium, Brazil, Spain, France, Guatemala, Italy, Holland Portugal, Servia, Switzerland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, San Domingo, Tunis, and the Colony of Queensland.

Inventors who want foreign patents should therefore have patents filed abroad within the six months' limit in order to maintain undisputable right to their property as contemplated by the international agreement.

We will cheerfully answer all questions we can concerning American and foreign patent laws and give advice and our terms for securing patents at home and abroad.

Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address.

Printed copies of the drawings and specifications of any U. S. Patent sent upon receipt of 25 cents.

Our practice is not confined to Iowa. Inventors in other states can have our services upon the same terms as Hawkeyes. THOMAS G. & J. RALPH ORWIG, Solicitors of Patents.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 21, 1896.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations From New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA.			
Butter—Creamery separator	14	@	16
Butter—Fair to good country	12	@	15
Eggs—Fresh	8	@	8½
Poultry—Live hens, per lb	6	@	6½
Spring Chickens	8	@	9
Lemons—Choice Messinas	5 00	@	5 50
Honey—Fancy White	13	@	14
Potatoes—New	20	@	25
Oranges—Per box	4 50	@	6 50
Hay—Upland, per ton	4 00	@	5 00
Potatoes—New	25	@	30
Apples—Per bbl	1 50	@	2 75
SOUTH OMAHA STOCK MARKET.			
Hogs—Light Mixed	2 80	@	2 85
Hogs—Heavy Weights	2 70	@	2 75
Beef—Steers	2 25	@	4 05
Bulls	1 85	@	2 65
Milkers and springers	2 75	@	3 35
Stags	2 60	@	3 15
Calves	2 60	@	5 00
Cows	1 40	@	2 65
Heifers	2 00	@	2 90
Stockers and Feeders	2 50	@	3 60
Westerns	1 85	@	3 50
Sheep—Native Welters	2 00	@	2 25
Sheep—Mixed Native	2 75	@	3 00
CHICAGO.			
Wheat—No. 2	54	@	54
Corn—Per bu	22	@	22½
Oats—Per bu	17	@	17½
Pork	6 20	@	6 25
Lard	3 92	@	4 25
Cattle—Westerns	4 35	@	5 60
Western Range	3 25	@	5 65
Hogs—Medium mixed	3 25	@	3 40
Sheep—Lambs	3 00	@	3 50
Sheep—Western range	2 65	@	3 15
NEW YORK.			
Wheat—No. 1, hard	64	@	64
Corn No. 2	28	@	28
Oats—No. 2	21	@	21½
Pork	8 50	@	9
Lard	4 10	@	4 80
KANSAS CITY.			
Wheat—No. 2 hard	50	@	51
Corn—No. 2	21	@	21½
Oats—No. 2	15	@	15½
Cattle—Stockers and feeders	2 10	@	3 25
Hogs—Mixed	2 85	@	2 90
Sheep—Lambs	3 00	@	4 00
Sheep—Muttons	3 10	@	4 00

To Succeed Judge Garver.

JUNCTION CITY, Kan., Aug. 20.—The Republican court of appeals convention for the North central district was held in this city yesterday and nominated a successor to Judge T. F. Garver. All committees were dispensed with. Hon. J. C. Postlethwaite of Jewell, was nominated by acclamation.

Glandered Horses Ordered Killed.

MARSHALL, Mo., Aug. 20.—The sheriff of this county has been ordered by the court to kill a number of horses in the Fairville neighborhood that have glanders.