GEO. E. BENSCHOTER, Editor & Pub.

LOUP CITY. --

NEBRASKA

NEWS. NEBRASKA

Cedar Rapids young men have organ-ized a foot ball club.

The Long Pine Chautauqua was well patronized this year. The Salvation army has established

a camp at Tecumseh. Congressman Hainer opened the campaign in Thayer county.

Evangelist Redding is holding religious meetings at Talmage. People in the vicinity of Laurel are much annoyed by petty thieves.

Farmers about Cedar Rapids are disappointed as to yield of the oat crop. One Loosemore of Nebraska City was in the criminal court for beating his

The Thayer county fair is set for September 9-11 and is booked to be a

Salaries of all the school teachers in Stromsburg have been cut from \$5 to

The State Brick Makers' association will hold a convention in Lincoln Janusry 18, 19 and 20, 1897.

Johnathan Chollette, of Wahoo, died last week in Colorado, where he had gone to recuperate his health. V R. C. Wall, of Adams county, who

was taken to the asylum at Lincoln last spring, died there a few days ago. There was a good rain last week in the vicinity of Cozad, coming very timely, as it had become quite dry in

The Commercial Law League of America met in Omaha last week. Delegates were present from all over the country.

Omaha may have an exposition in 1898, but it looks now as if it will be long after that before the union depot

Buy home made goods and build up home industries, is a good policy. Far-rell's Fire Extinguisher, made by Farrell & co., Omaha

The Presbyterians of York now worship in a \$13,000 church. From a con-gregation of eight in 1871 has grown a

The 22-year-old daughter of James E. North, collector of internal revenue, died in Omaha last week. Interment

Mrs. W. J. Bryan is helping her husband take care of the large corres-pondence that has come to them since the Chicago convention. The G. A. R. reunion at Falls City

was well attended. Politics was not discussed from the platform, but it was the chief topic of conversation among the crowds. The hardware store of Pilsbury Veazie at Fremont was entered by breaking the glass in the back door and revolvers and cutlery taken to the

James Hall, of South Omaha, 5 years old, was drowned in the Missouri river last week while with some other boys he was bathing. His playmates were not large enough to render him assist-

Miss Emma Lorensen of Omaha want \$20,000 from "Bert" Wilkins for breach of promise of marriage. Worst of all, Miss Lorensen is in that condition which should belong to married women

has received word of the birth of another granddaughter in China, where ber son Horace and his wife are missionaries, under the care of the China

The 2-year-old son of George Cullom, living seven miles east of Has tings, was drowned in a water trough The little one tumbled in when no one was looking and was not discovered until life was extinct

The officers of the Gage County Agri cultural society are putting forth every possible effort to make a signal success if the annual fair, to be held September 15 to 18, and the prospects are decided encouraging therefor.

The city council of Tecumseh ha passed a curfew ordinance and all children under 16 years of age are required to go from the public streets to their houses at 9 o'clock each evening, unless attended by parent or guardian.

A stranger hired a team of F. C. Bryant's livery barn in Yutan, saying he wanted to go to Cedar Bluffs and would be back Sunday morning. He had to have the best team and buggy. A reward of \$25 is now offered by Mr.

Frank Dawson and one McKinzie ere arrested at Harvard for breaking into a saloon on the night of July 3. A part of the stolen property was found in their possession. They were put under bonds for appearance at district court.

The teachers' institute of Dawes county is in session for two weeks. The attendance this year is very large, as the institute promises to be one of the most successful ever held. A num-ber of leading educators of the state were present.

The Valparaiso roller mind in pecting to start up about the middle of August, after running only part of the for several months. Local mer-The Valparaiso roller mills are ex time for several months. Local mer-chants report business holding up ex-ceedingly well for the season and look or a lively trade when crops begin to

have just been inspected by a Grand Army committee consisting of Dr. S. K. Spaulding of Omaha, Rev. P. H. Eighmy of Long Pine and O. R. Reebe of Minden. Assistant Adjutant-tienof Minden. Assistant Adjutant-tien-eral J. D. Gage accompanied the com-

John Mattes, jr., who was appointed special agent of the United States Agricultural department to Germany, returned to Nebraska City last week after an absence of more than three years. Mattes is a democrat of the old school and does not take kindly to the

The peach orchard of J. M. Russell & Co in Gage county will yield 15,000 bushels this year. There will be a clean proft of \$10,000 in the harvest.

E & Hosford of Nebraska City has bean promoted from the railway mail adopted. d assistant postmaster at Wash-

THE NORTHWESTERN BRYANAND WATSON

THE POPULIST PRESIDEN-TIAL CANDIDATES.

TEXAS WALKS OUT.

WEAVER'S STIRRING AP PEAL FOR UNION.

Scene of Tumultuous Enthusiasn Follows His Close-Mrs. Roberts of Colorado and Mrs. Lease of Kansas Also Make Strong Seconding Speeches-End of the Convention.

St. Louis, July 27. - At 4 o'clock this afternoon the Populist notional convention completed the ticket which it began last night with Tom Watson of Georgia for second place by nominating W. J. Bryan of Nebrasks for President. This it did, though it had been plainly told that Mr. Bryan would not accept the nomination without Arthur Sewall. What the Populists and the nominee will do remains to be seen, but it is reasonable to suppose that Mr. Bryan will decline the offered position.

Texas Delegates Walk Out.

The Texans did not await the as sured result of the convention to decide upon their course. A majority of them bolted in advance. They were headed by Delegates-at-Large Jeremie C. Kearby and M. M. Williams. the first named is easily the leader of the Populists in Texas and it is conceded by all that he will be the party's nominee for governor. He left the convention declaring that he would not return and said that Texas would never accept Bryan. Delegate at-Large Williams said that he would rather vote for McKinley than the Nebraskan.

About fifty-five members of the Texas delegation cast their lots at once with the bolters, Stump Ashby among them. The others remained, in pursuance of an agreement made in caucus to support the nomination of Norton of Illinois, as the expression of the anti-Bryan strength. The Texans were very frank in the announcement of their purposes: "We will make report of our action to the state Populist convention to be held August 5 at Galveston," said Delegate-at-Large Jermie Mr. Bryan nor his personal friends have any right whatever to say in regard to what the action of this convention shall be (cheers.) This is a greater question than the personality of its candidates and I as an individual tell you that this is a fact. After your action last night, after I had read the telegrams from Mr. Bryan I utterly refused, and I suance of an agreement made in cau-Kearby, "and that convention will undoubtedly sustain us.

Sr. Louis, Mo., July 27 .- The Popu-Mrs M. J. Sibley, of Nebraska City, list national convention was tardy in assembling this morning and the weary, wornout patriots who had struggled and wrangled since last Wednesday had a very tired look, but that there was plenty of fight left in them was developed beyond a peradventure when two or more People's party delegates got together, for there was sure to be an argument, and sometimes a wrangle, and often noisy contentions. All these were noticesable on every side as the delegates came together to finish the work of the convention.

Some of W. J Bryan's enthusiastic admirers declared before the convention was called to order that they would nominate him regardless of his wishes. Iom Patterson of Colorado and ex-Governor Lewelling of Kansas, however, said that this would not do. They counseled an indorsement of Bryan instead of a nomination, pointing out that an indorsement which did not require an acceptance was the

way out of the tangle. Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, was much sought by Bryan leaders who were anxious to know if he had ceived any information from Mr. Bryan indicating that he would reconsider the decision made yesterday that he could not accept the nomination for President unless Sewall was also Mr. Jones did not expect any reconsideration and so informed all Bryan men who called upon 1 im.

Cyclone" Davis and other radicals insisted that Bryan could not refuse and, if he did, the responsibility of disaster at the polls would rest on the Democracy, not the Populists.

Called to Order.

When Senator Allen called the conention to order at 9:35 o'clock the hall had not been put in order, and one delegate, who had probably remained in the hall all night, was slumbering peacefully, stretched out on the floor in a remote portion of the

After the invocation a Connecticut delegate arose to protest against further display of lung power that had characterized the first three days of the convention. He thought it about time the convention exercised a

little "horse sense." It's statement was given a round of applause. Chairman Allen announced that the first thing in order was the selection of members of the national committee and the committee to notify the can-didates for President and Vice Presi-

Ignatius Donnelly got on a chair and announced that his private land plank did not appear in the printed platform. He wanted the convention to understand that it had been

Several resolutions were presented and referred without reading or de-

horn voice, who stood on a chair at the side of Senator Allen repeating the latter's words to the convention. created some amusement by announce ing that one of the delegates had lost return ticket, and unless it was all middle ground and opened the road to a formidable organic alliance. They not only made union possible, thank heaven, but they rendered it inevi-

Bryan Placed in Nomination. The chairman then called for nominations for candidates for president, and Judge Green of Nebraska took the stage to place Mr. Bryan in nomination. He said the convention was here to name the next president of the republic. The convention had already selected for vice president that noble son of the South, Thomas

E. Watson. (Cheers).

Judge Green had not named his candidate, however, before a Texas delegate interrupted with the point of order that the states must be called in alphabetical order for nominations. He was driven off the stage by the Texan's point of order, but the con-vention resented it, and on the motion of an Arkansas delegate the rules were suspended and Judge Green was recalled to the stage. He did not place Mr. Bryan in nomination, how-

When Alabama was called Governor Kolb yielded to General Weaver of Iowa, but Colonel Gaither of Alabama got to the platform first and injected a speech about joining the cotton fields of the South with the wheat fields of the West.

Weaver Speaks for Bryan, At the conclusion of his remarks General Weaver came forward and was greeted with applause and began to speak as follows: "Mr. Chairman, I arise before you this morning in my judgement facing the most critical period that has ever occurred in the Populist party. I know that I have in my heart not one aspiration or lingering intention to do anything to this convention, or to say one word in this presence that would militate against the growth and strength and security and purposes of the Populist party I may say that I have but two aspirations in connection with that party. The first is incorporated with my life work. It is to preserve un-tarnished and unbroken to the Amertarnished and unbroken to the American people the great princeples that we have contended for for the last twenty years. (Applause.) Gentlemen. I do not want any cheering. My second purpose is to preserve the organization for present add future usefulness in every part of this Union. "You have all read the papers this morning, you have all read the manly dispatch from the Democratic nominee for the Presidency, the Hon. William J. Bryan (applause). No man

iam J. Bryan (applause). No man could have done less and be a man. His manly attitude concerning the ac-tion of this convention we must all respect, and every member of it, and every person who reads the proceed-ings of this convention must do the

"But, my fellow citizens, this ques Mr. Bryan I utterly refused, and I here and now utterly refuse to confer either with Mr. Bryan or Mr. Jones as convention (loud applause.) That is a matter that we have a right to determine for ourselves. It is the relief of 70,000,000 of people that is at stake.

"Now, then, I am here to do but one thing, and to ask the consideration and the attention of this convention to that one thing. I know, if I know anything, that I am proceeding upon right lines. You know how long I have fought in that behalf: listen, now to what I have to say. I have borne your standard (and I know I was undeserving), first, sixteen years ago, in 1880, and twelve years afterwards, unsolicited, you made me your standard bearer in 1892. I did my best. I did all I could do with the means at my command, to sup-port your principles among the peobest. I did all I could do with ple. Now, I stand here in the crucial incture of our party's history, and I shall proceed to deliver my convictions deliberately upon the condition of affairs, and I ask that you will pardon me, although an extemporaneous speaker for more than forty years, and permit me to read from manu-script what I have to say."

Pleads Earnestly for Principle General weaver then delivered his set speech as follows: "In that midnight discussion between Brutus and Cassins concerning the contemplated battle at Philippi, Brutus urged that their cause was rife, their legions brimful, at the height, and ready to decline. Said be:

"There is a tide in the affairs of men, which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune; omitted, all the voyage of their life is bound in shallows and in miseries.

'And then in dramatic climax he exclaimed:

"On such a full sea are we now affoat, and we must take the current when it serves or lose our ventures. "For twenty years we have been pleading with the people to espouse the sacred cause which is at stake in this campaign. We have constantly urged through good and through evil report that our principles were more important than party associations; were above all considerations of private fortune or the petty and feverish ambitions of men. We have thus far wate fortune or the petty and feverish ambitions of men. We have thus far suited our action to our words. Through five presidential campaigns, atretching from 1876 to 1892, you correctly estimated the purposes of old party managers, and events have sustained every specification in your indictment against them.

"Millions of honest men within old."

"Millions of honest men within old party ranks were deceived, lured into ambush and betrayed. But not a single one of your pickets has ever been caught napping or been taken by surprise. To your devoted efforts is largely due the revival of economic learning in this country which has enits present admirable attitude. Your work now promises much to mankind and is about to break forth in com-plete victory for the industrial

Though often repulsed by the mul-

titude whom we would have liberated, though crucified in return for our kindness, yet through it all we have steadily confided in the righteousness of our cause and the final good sense of the people. We still believe that this nation has a mission to perform which bad men will not be permitted to destroy, and recent events indicate that the nineteenth century is not, after all, to close with the friends of freedom despondent in the Western hemisphere.

For One Silver Ticket.

'From the very beginning our organization has made party fealty subordinate to principle. We will not here reverse ourselves and refuse to accept victory now so easily within our reach. We will not refuse the proff-red assistance of at least 3.000,-000 free silver Democrats and not less than 1,000,000 free silver Republicans simply because they have shown the good sense to come with an organized army fully equipped and armed for battle. Let them have their own di-visions and army corps. Let them manifest their own esprit de corps. The field of glory is open to all competitors who are fighting for the same

"The Populists have already shown their prowess in many engagements during twenty years of struggle. If our allies can strike sturdier blows at our allies can strike sturdier blows at plutocracy than can we, if they can scale the battlements of the gold power more gallantly than our old veterans, and are able to plant their colors one foot nearer the citadel of the enemy than we can ourselves, let every Populist cheer and support them in their heroic work. We will march under the same flag, keep step to the same music, face the same foe, share in and shout over the same trishare in and shout over the same tri-

"The silver Democrats have lined up as an organization. Now let the Populists, free silver Republicans and the American Silver party do likewise. Form an embattled square impene-trable to the assaults of the confeder-

ated gold power.
"After due consideration in which I have fully canvassed every possible phase of the subject, I have failed to find a single good reason to justify us in placing a third ticket in the field. The exigencies of the hour impera-tively demand that there shall be but one. I would not indorse the distin-guished gentlemen named at the Chi-I would not indorse the distincago convention. I would nominate them outright and make them our own and then share justly and rightfully in their election. The situation is a striking verification of the old adage that 'The path of duty is the path of safety.' Take this course and all opposition will practically disappear in the Southern and Western states and we can Western states, and we can then turn our attention to other parts of the field. Take any other and you endanger the entire situation and strengthen the arm of our common adversary. If you allow the present happy juncture to pass, all the heroic work of twenty years will be thrown to the winds. Our guiding hand will disappear in the momentous conflict just when it should be stretched forth to sterny the ark of our covenant. We would prove to the world that we are devoid of capacity to grasp great opportunities, and lacking in strength to grapple with prodigious emergen-

Bryan a Gallant Champion.
"The people have a gallant champion in the field, who is leading a revolt against the plutocracy of Christendom. Every oppressor, every plutocrat, in two hemispheres has turned his guns upon him. The subsidized organs have openly proclaimed that he must be crushed by any means and at whatever cost. The confederated monopolies have lain aside their parties and their politics and are marching in hot haste against him. Let us signal to him to hold the fort-that we are coming—and then hasten to his relief. Gentlemen, I want to say to you in all earnestness that assailed as is this gallant knight by the sleuth-hounds of the money power of the world, you may deliberate here as long as you please, but you cannot prevent people from rushing to the support of their recognized defender and leader. If you will not say the word, they will break over all restraints and go themselves, leaders or no leaders, and may God bless them

for so doing.

"Therefore, in obedience of my highest conceptions to duty, with a solemn conviction that I am right, I place in nomination for the Presi-dency of the United States a distinguished gentleman, who, let it be remembered, has already been three times indorsed by the Populist party of his own state—once for representative in Congress, once for United States senator, and only last week for the Presidency. I name that match-less champion of the people, that in-trepid foe of the corporate greed, that aplendid young statesman, William J. Bryan of Nebraska."

BRYAN DEMONSTRATION Tremendous Uproar Follows General

Weaver's Speech.
When Weaver concluded by naming

Bryan, the convention broke loose. Cheer followed cheer. The delegates jumped to their chairs and flags, haudkerchiefs, hats and state guidons were waved in wild confusion.

Through one one of the side trances four men, headed by C. J. Keppler of Nevada, carried a big yellow cross, 4x8 feet in size, surmounted by a crown of thorns. On it were in-acribed the words with which Bryan closed his brilliant speech at Chicago:
"You shall not press a crown of thorus upon the brow of labor, you shall not crucify mankind upon

eross of gold."
A large crayon portrait of the Nebrasks statesman was also carried into the hall. Cross, banners and state guidons were carried frantically about the pit. Then, with the cross leading they were carried to the stage, where for five minutes they danced in confusion while the dele-gates howiest with delight. Mr. Keppler of Nevada, who bore the cross, finally planted it at the edge of the stage and the bearers of the banners and flags descended to the pit and continued their demonstration there.

As the procession passed the Texas delegation men atmosphere to be the delegation men struggled to bar the passage, but the way was finally cleared.

Several men fought over the posses-sion of the Missouri standard. It was

broken into bits, but a str wat young Bryan man carried a pice of it to the platfo while the struggl no disnutants were separated by the protect

The Texas and Arkan-as ston alone were kept close to the middleof-the-road banner, around which the radicals formed in a hollow square like desperate men in battle to re-

pulse the charges of the enemy,
Miss Minerva Roberts of Colorado
led the cheering in the Colorado dele-

While the demonstration was at its height thousands of copies of a "Bryan Silver March" were flung high in the air and fell on the frantic delegates. Each of the verses concluded with these words:

Chink, chink, chink,
No crow i of thorns for labor's brow,
Chink chink, chink,
No cross of gold for markind now.
Chink, chink, chink, We'll not to a single standard bow, Chink, chink, chink, We vote for freedom now.

When quiet was restored after seventeen minutes of bedlam, General Field of Virginia, who was General Weaver's running mate in 1892, hob bled forward on his crutch and after a brief speech moved to suspend the rules and make Bryan's non nation unanimous. The convention rose almost en masse and cheered, but above the chorus of cheers came the sharp cries of the Texas men. "No, No," they yelled.
Chairman Allen declared the motion

carried, but yielding to the protests, decided to allow a call of States on the motion. The Texas men wildly pro-tested and Chairman Allen at last recognized Stump Ashby of the Lone Star State for a personal explanation." Ashby, who has been a most disturbing factor in the convention, spoke from the stage. He opened with a few facecious remarks about the docultry of the Texas and the docultry of the Texas and the docultry and the decidity of the Texas and the texas and the texas and the decidity of the Texas and cility of the Texan nature, and its world-wide conservatism and then announced that Texas was ready to indorse Bryan if Bryan would indorse the platform adopted. He then read the following resolution:

Resolved. By the People's purity in national convention assumed that we stad ready to nominate the Hon W. J. Bryan for president of the United States, provided he will a cept the nomination on the platform we have alopted.

Resolved further Thank Mr. Bryan is the Re olved, further, That if Mr Bryan is the

patriot that we think he is, that he will rise above party and be the hero of the hour, st p into the breach and redeem this nation from the rule of plutocrary George Schilling of Wisconsin at-

tempted to secure a recess until Bryan could be heard from, but he was howled down and Chairman Allen ordered the roll call to proceed. Alabama and Arkansas were not ready, but Colorado voted forty-five for the motion to suspend the rules and nominate Bryan. Men stood on chairs and howled for recognition.

Scenes of Wild Confusion Congressman Howard of Alabama

demanded to know whether any other names could be placed in nomination. The confusion grew so great that it was impossible to proceed. The Texas delegation charged the

platform in a mass. One of them shouted: "We will never be quiet if you try to continue that roll call." "Sit down; sit down," cried the ser-geant at arms, while his assistants

ploughed through the dense crowd about the platform and pleaded with the delegates to take their seats. When a semblance of quiet was restored Congressman Howard from the

stage protested against an affliction Chairman Allen stated that the question was on the motion to suspend the rules and nominate Bryan

by acclamation. 'By God we won't stand it!" yelled B. H. Noles.

"Doesn't it require a two-thirds vote to carry that motion?" shouted an irate Arkansas delegate. The chair replied that it did not. A California delegate screamed that such a proceeding was unprecedented. He thought the delegations should

have a chance to place in nomination whom they chose. The quintessence of Populism, he said, was fair play. The chair held that when the roll was called delegations could vote for Bryan or any one else. This ruling provoked another storm of protests

and only confounded the confusion. Some one got on the platform and read above the din the following: "TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 25. - Hop. Henry D. Lloyd, Delegate People's Party Convention, St. Louis: Please

do not permit use of my name for nomination.—E. V. Debs." At last, as the only way of restor-ing order, General Field withdrew his motion and the call of the States for nominations was continued.

Bryan Seconds by the Score

When order was once more restored

T. B. Cator of California appeared to second Bryan's nomination. He added that the fact that Bryan was opposed to "that den of infamy," Wall street, was sufficient to convince him that Bryan was entirely acceptable to the pressed the opinion that Mr. Bryan would accept the nomination on the Populist platform and predicted a glorious victory for the party with Bryan and Watson as the joint standjoint stand. are bearers. W. H. Claggett of Idaho also seconded the Bryan nomination.
The chairman of the Indiana delegation also seconded Bryan's nomina-

When Iowa was called her time with the exception of one minute, was yielded to Kolb of Alabama, who appealed to the convention to sink prej-udice and passion in the cause of all-ver and nominate that "peeriess statesman, William J. Bryan."

The reserved minute was occupied by "Calamity" Weller in a protest against fusion with Democracy. Jerry Simpson Second.
Jerry Simpson responded for Kan

sas. He is very popular with the delegates and got a hearty round of cheers as he faced the convention. He paid a tribute to Tom Watson, with whom he had served in Congress, and also to Mr. Bryan, who, he said, had atood shoulder to shoulder with him in the battle for the relief of the peo-

While Simpson was talking the Texas delegation withdrew in a body to cancus and absolute quiet prevailed for the first time during the day.

J. T. Miller of Tennessee occupied Kentucky's time with a speech in Bryan's behalf.

Mrs. Roberts and Mrs. Lease. Louisiana yielded to Colorado and that state sent to the platform as her

champion Mrs. Minerva Roberts, a tall. slender young woman with face aglow and dark eyes. As she walked down the aisle and ascended the platform her dark golden hair shone in the sunlight. She wore a white shirt waist and an attractive hat, and as she faced the audience her face brought the convention to its feet. Her first sentence, delivered in a clear voice, aroused them to cheers. Her brief speech was one of the most eloquent delivered in the convention.

Mrs. Roberts spoke as follows: 'Hailing from a state lying beneath the shadow of the Rocky mountains, where men have had the courage and the chivalry to grant women the rights they demand for themselves, I have been accorded the distinguished honor by the Southern state of Louisiana to take their time. Gentlemen, I thank you in the name of the women of the United States. For the first time in the history of a political convention, a woman has had the opportunity of raising her voice to second the nomination of a man who stands for the people and who made America what she is to day, where the parasites of oppression shall not live. Oh, I thank you By our city flows the Platte river, from where the boy orator of Nebraska hails and we of Colorado second his nomination. I know the gentleman whom you represent will make a gallant fight and do what you can to obtain the victory. On the one side is arrrayed McKinley and on the other Bryan. There is no middle of the road. (Tremendous cheers.) Our factories are idle, our lands are unworked and our people in poverty, and we can do nothing at this conven-tion but accept this ticket. In the interest of the people of this great nation, in the interest of the wives and the mothers and the children that we must preserve America as an inde-pendent sation, I will take no more of your time. You have already a sur-feit of oratory—too much of it, indeed. So I will simply add I have the extreme honor of seconding the nomination of William Jennings Bryan of

Nebraska."
When Mrs. Roberts had finished the convention again arose and cheered and she was besieged on all sides of the platform with congratulations. Mr. Kolb of Alabama stepped forward as she came down the steps and escorted her to her seat in the Colorado delegation, where she was again be-sieged by delegates who offered their

congratulations. Mr. Call of New York spoke in the time of Maine. Mr. Call closed by placing Colonel S. M. Norton of Illimois in nomination. He eulogized Mr. Norton as a "philanthropist, a man of the people and a pioneer in the cause of reform."

Ignatius Dounelly seconded Bryan in behalf of Minnesota.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease of Kansas made a strong speech in the same cause. She was dressed in a suit of silver gray. She talked fluently. Her body swayed viol-ntly and her arms were thrown pass onately as she appealed for a union of the silver forces. pealed for a union of the silver forces. "The spirit of '76 is abroad in the land," she concluded. "We will unite, we will elect William J. Bryan President of the United States.

Missouri Heard From

Delegate Livingstone, chairman of the Missouri delegation, nominated Ignatius Donnelly, but when Donnelly declined the use of his name be placed in nomination J. S. Coxey of Ohio and the industrial army

Delegate Weller Long of Missouri protested that Missouri did nct want Coxey.

Judge Green of Nebraska said that the choice was between Mckinley and Bryan and the People's party should not hesitate. "How long have you been hatched

out?" cried an Alabama delegate. "For over thirty years," replied Judge Green. A Texas delegate mounted a chair and insisted upon putting a question. "We came here under instructions,"

he cried, "and I want you to tell me whether Bryan will stand on the platform we have adopted?" "I know Mr. Bryan." replied Judge Green. "I know him personally. He is my friend and I say to you he is as

true a Populist as you or I. (Cheers.)

"Will he accept the nomination? further persisted the Texan.
"Sit down, sit down!" cried many voices, but Judge Green motioned for order and shouted fiercely: "Mr. Bryan would be a fool to come here and say he would accept a nomination before it was offered. He has not accepted the Democratic nomination. But I say to you again, I know his heart beats in sympathy with every

principle of our party."

Charles B. Matthews of New York predicted that Mr. Bryan would weep New York from Niagara to

MR. SEWALL WILL WAIT.

The Democratic Vice Presidential Nom ince Declines to Talk

BATH. Me., July 25 .- Arthur Sewall, Democratic candidate for Vice President, asked to-day for an expression of opinion on the nomination of Watson for Vice President by the Populist national convention last night, re-plied: "I think it will be better to wait and see what the final action of the Populist convention will be."

Miss Mary Dickons Dond. LONDON, July 25 .- Mary, eldest daughter of the senior Charles Dickens, died Thursday, following her brother Charles after only three days.

Her Constant Habit. Herbert, ashy pale. Then it is all over between us!

Amelia, with great gentleness—Yes.
Herbert. But with your permission
and in memory of the many pleasant
hours we have spent together. I will
retain the ring you gave me. Such retain the ring you gave me. Such has been my regular custom. Hesides I need it to complete a collection. Chicago Tribune.

During the civil war the Union ordnance department served out 7,893 cannon, 4,022,000 rifles and 12,207 tons

Since the Manulicher gun came into use the ratio is four killed to one wounded-just opposite to what it fermerly was