A SUMMER OUTING.

The Pleasures and Benefits to Be Derived in the Mountains of Colorado.

The days are here, when one begins to make plans for his summer outing, and studies railway maps and questions friends to learn of the best spots, and where the most varied amusements may be had for the least outlay. To Kansas people the Rocky mountains are the most convenient and afford opportunity for the enjoyment of tastes of all shades. Twenty-four hours places the most castern dweller of the state, right in the heart of the great divide and he has enjoyed such scenes en-route, as wealthy tourists go across the ocean to find. The Denver & Rio Grande road, the Great Scenic Route of the world takes not at Duble Route of the world, takes you at Pueblo or Denver, and whirls you through canons where there must have been an enchantment and where giant arms have dashed the boulders into their present resting places. The ride through the Royal Gorge displays the great in-genuity of its engineers, and the ob-stinate determination of its builders. The rails are placed in almost inaccesible places, along the edge of the stream torrent, which with wonderful skill has been forced out of the way to make room for the rock road bed and the iron rails. At certain points the torrent maintains its supremacy, but the difficulty is met and surmounted, a set of hangers being made into the cliffs overhead, to support the bridge work and track. The stream is still jubilant of its power over man, and laughs, booms and dashes by as the train passes, not caring for the queer shad-ows that fall into it, if it can only be supreme at this critical point. The canon is one of the grandest in the world, barely wide enough, in certain parts, to admit of the stream and the parts, to admit of the stream and the tracks, the granite walls of giant moun-tains towering above and over all, and giving a still more impressive object lesson of the great force of Nature which has caused it all. The climb is a long one, and after leaving Salida you think it is over and that as you order woon a slight down areads or a enter upon a slight down grade, or a smiling valley, that you are now going to slide down into the great San Luis Valley. Never were you more mis-taken; and if you look you will see two puffing little giants pulling the train for several hours yet. At length, however, when you have begun to wish for breakfast, the summit is reached, and there is a rapid stride down the western slope, and into the beautiful val-ley. For more than fifty miles the track is as straight as an arrow, and the train speeds along bringing you into Alamosa for breakfast, right under the shadow of Blanco, the highest moun-tain in this country. All around are smiling fields as far as the eye can reach, until vision is interrupted by the mountains which encircle the val-ley. Some one has said the West Mountain and the Sangre de Cristo range on the east are a ring and that Blanco is the setting. These mountains afford every variety of amusement and enterevery variety of amusement and enter-tainment. There is fine trout fishing: in season there are plenty of ducks and Sand Hill Cranes, Brants, Geese and Curlew. These are in the valley. If big game is desired you must go back into the mountains, where Elk, Bear, Mountain Sheep and Lions, Glouse, etc., are still to be found. Outfit at one of are still to be found. Outfit at one of the pleasant little hamlets and spend a month in these mountains and in this valley, if you want an outing. If you wish to meet the gay social parties, that make the mountains their home in summer, go to Colorado Springs, Man-itou, or some other of the delightful resorts on the line of the Denver & Rio Grande road.

ow of no greater advantage to

BIG DAY FOR BEETS.

NEBRASKA'S PROMISING INDUS-TRY ENDORSED.

The State Convention Starts With Much Fromise and a Fine Array of Delegates -Addresses by Congressman Meiklejohn, Governor Holcomb, Prof. Nicholson and Other Prominent Gentlemen.

The State Sugar Beet Convention The sugar beet convention at Frenont drew a large attendance from all sections of Nebraska. Secretary Nason, in calling the meeting to order. made a brief address on the consumption of sugar and the interest taken in its manufacture from sugar beets.

Congressman Meikeljohn was then ntroduced and spoke in part as followes

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Convention: You have been convened under a call to consider a special subject of agriculture-the encouragement of the cultivation and production of the sugar beet. I feel justified, however, when we contemplate the diversified products of our soil, in diverting for a time to invite your attention to the occupation of agriculture generally.

The tillage of the soil increases in importance with the advancement of civilization, the augmentation of population and the consequent sharp competition in other arts and avocations. The condition existing at the birth of our nation caused our forefathers to turn their attention to agriculture and it was guarded by earnest and zealous

supporters. We see today in the west a people cultivating and producing this same product, which was cultivated and produced by the Egyptians centuries be-fore the Christian era. These observations lead toward a confirmation of that old maxim, "There is no new thing under the sun." Egypt was the gran-ary of the world when Joseph opened it to Israel. She lighted the torch of civilization in the remote centuries of the past and blazed the way for the westward march of empire.

There is a growing tendency in this generation among our young men to forsake the field and gravitate to the cities to engage in commercial or other industrial pursuits. If this inclination is based upon a sentiment that this avocation of life does not earry with it the dignity of other professions, and that there are not the advantages for him on the farm as in other avenues of life, he should reflect on this expression by Cicero: "Of all pursuits from which profit comes, nothing is superior to agriculture, nothing more enjoyable, nothing more worthy of a freeman.

The farmer today is confronted with a depression of prices for farm pro-ducts, which discourages and disheartens, but he should remember that he is not alone in his suffering from existing conditions. His distress is that of others in the many avocations of life, for whatever the occupation in an agricultural region none can prosper, when farming ebbs and declines. Ag-riculture lies at the very foundation of our national wealth and prosperity and is the main pillar of our nation's glory and strength.

THE BEST CROPS

The consideration of the subject of diversification of farm products leads us to the inquiry of what crops can be introduced and successfully cultivated. There are many elements upon which the answer to this important query must be predicated. The crop must be one to which soil, geographical locaone to which soil, geographical loca-tion, and climate conditions are spe-cially adapted. The diversification should be along lines where cost of transportation will be eliminated and the demand for the product will closely approach the supply to insure a just remuneration for capital and labor employed. The profits from the new employed. The profits from the new industry should be as great or exceed those reaped from the crop which it supplants. Germany and France found these elements combined in the cultivation and production of the sugar beet, and for more than a century has protected, nurtured and encouraged it until it has reached the importance of any other industry in the continent. When the great Napoleon was enforcing his con-tinental policy of blockades, decrees and embargoes and putting forth his energy to produce sufficient sugar for his empire his enemy, England, was seeking through every avenue to bribe his chemists, disparage his undertak-ing and bring ridicule on his efforts and endeavors. Caricatures were exhibited in Paris in which he was represented as squeezing a beet into his coffee and his son, the young king of Rome, as sucking a beet, and the nurse addressing him is made to say, "Suck, dear, suck; your father says it's sugar." often hear it said, until with We many it has perhaps become a convic-tion, that the cause of agriculture has not had the fostering care and attention of our government, but has been sacrificed in the interest of other industries This unfortunate assumption dustries This unfortunate assumption often hissed from the "hustings" for sinister purposes, has had a pernicious effect upon public minds. The most eminent men in public station since the foundation of our government have zealously guarded and protected agri-culture. This is very clearly manifest-ed in the debate on the first tariff bill before concrease in which agriculture before congress, in which agricultural products were given special rates of duty to encourage and foster them, and guarding the market from encroach-ment by other nations whose capital and labor were employed in the same avocation.

and consumption of other farm pro ducts and an increment to individual

and national wealth. The beet sngar especially adapted to the soil and climate of Nebraska, the continuous warm, dry weather producing its saccharine strength, may yet be overtaken by the rains from heaven, to cause it to take on new growth, de creasing its purity or strength for sugar, and such a season we have just experienced here and in continental Europe. Is it good reason for our farmers of sugar beets to become dis-heartened? We ought to be made of sterner stuff, especially in view of the fact that by later planting, much of such loss can be avoided and more escially in view of the repeated loss of other crops on which so many of our farmers almost wholly rely.

Agriculture will always maintain that rank in the future that it has in the past. Mankind is sustained, shel-tered and nourished from the bountiful lap of nature, through the grace and favor of her Divine Master. The ground, the air, the sea, are her store-house. The barbarian, in his darkness and ignorance, is fed by the same hand as he who is born in a land of

civilization and enlightenment. The earth is the commissary of God for flis children. She gives food to the hungry, raiment to the naked and protection to the unsheltered. Agricul-ture is but her helpmate. It is the cre-ator of commerce and manufactures. the forerunner of social development and progress and the bulwark of our

national strength and glory. Humanity draws upon her for sus tenance, commerce turns to her for aid and support and manufacture invites her products to the door of a great in-dustrial system, where sinew and brawn of toiling masses are exchanged for the bread of life.

Governor Holcomb was introduced and delivered an interesting address. He said he come to the meeting to learn more than instruct. The real farmer is Nebraska's wealth. He thought su-gar production offered a fruitful source of profit and it should be maintained until we have many factories. He dis cussed the plan of small factories mak-ing low grade sugar and having a large refinery to handle their products. This is an industry that gives employment to men and women, and there is no danger of not finding a market for the product.

Prof. H. H. Nicholson of the state university gave a very interesting talk upon the scientific treatment, agricul-turally considered, of sugar beets. One hundred and fifty years ago, when su-gar was first discovered in beets, there was only 1 per cent of sugar, where it is possible now for beets to contain as high as 20 percent of sugar. The great est problem is seed. We are dependent upon seed brought from the old coun-try. This seed is bred up from a low to a very high grade. We must learn to produce seed; but it takes several years to put a good grade upon the market. Seed that does well in the valleys will not do well in other places. By science we must produce something of uniform results. The factories must find a means of saving that which they now cannot use. When this is done many dollars will be saved. The professor thoroughly discussed the small factory question and at the conclusion he was compelled to answer questions for half an hour.

Hon. I. A. Fort read a carefully pre pared paper on co-operative factories. He went back into history and recited instances of successes from mutual cooperation. At the present time we only have corporations, of which many disapprove. As law is a rule of action, he would create a law making a paid

What Started the Fight

A New Postoffice

A Philadelphia man was arrested on a warrant, charged with assault and battery on his wife, and was taken to the central station for a hearing. His wife, on her oath, said he beat her so badly that she was detained in bed two days. When Magistrate South asked him why he had beaten his wife, the prisoner said, "Well, judge, you see, I opened the door and threw my hat inside to see if it would be welcomed, and when she threw it out I was so mad that I went inside and licked her.'

Very Awkward Indeed.

This is precisely the kind of mistake This is precisely the kind of mistake a man makes if he "turns out" on the wrong side of the road when a vehicle comes to-ward him. No less absurd is the error of the individual who takes drastic medicines to relieve his liver. That organ is on the right side, and the road to its relief is Hostotter's stomach Bitters, a medicine also adapted to the relief of dyspensia, constipation, kidney and rheumatic aliments and malaria.

Floral Tracery on Metal.

By chance it has been discovered that even the most delicate tracery of the petals of flowers can be reproduced in metal. During the trial of a new fuse the other day a small leaf fell between a dynamite cartridge and an iron block on which the cartridge was fired. As a result, a perfect imprint of the leaf was left on the iron.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and be-lieve him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, ment. Is your child thin; actually poor in flesh? Does it get no benefit from its food? Then give something which Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internal produces flesh and makes

rich blood.

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the pale, ruddy; the

weak, strong; it feeds

JUST AS GOOD IS NOT

SCOTT'S EMULSION.

and cures.

ly, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testi-monials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Bold by all druggists. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Electricity on the Farm.

Electricity is likely to be an important factor in the agriculture of the future, according to the Italian professor A. Aoli, who has collected evidence showing that both terrestrial and atmospheric electricity are favorable to the germination of seeds and the growth of plants.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest man-ner and disagreeable as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, head-aches, and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Manu-factured by California Fig Syrup Com-pany. pany.

A Professional Exchange.

Life: A doctor who occasionally walked in crooked paths and never went to cnurch was called to see a pious and orthodox old clergyman who had

been taken suddenly ill. "Am I going to die, doctor?" asked

the parson. "Well, I guess not this time," said the doctor. "We'll make a bargain-you keep me out of hell and I'll keep you out of heaven!"

Hurrah for Pennsylvania.

The farmers of Pennsylvania are to be congratulated. M. M. Luther, East Troy, Pa., grew over 207 bushels Sal-Silver Mine Oats on one measured acre Think of it! Now there are thirty thousand farmers going to try and beat Mr. Luther and win \$200 in gold! and they'll do it. Will you be one of them? Then there is Silver King Barley,





SCOTT'S EMULSION. Bramination and Advice as to Patentability Invention, Head for "Inventors' Guida, or How to C Patent" Parkick O'FARBELL, WASHINGTON, B.



heath, than may be gained by a sojourn away from the cares of business and daily duties of the routine of living. Here there is no routine but a con-tinued change, of pleasure resulting more profitable to a tired body or overtaxed mind than any other opportunity within reach. The Denver & Rio Grande Company looks after the comfort of its patrons with scrupulous care, and provides the best facilities for observation and enjoyment of the ride. If you have and enjoyment of the rate. If you have never yet visited these precincts, de-cide now to do so this year, and get the rest and health you have been looking for. F. P. BAKER.

At a village wedding in Worcestershire recently the clergyman asked the bridegroom the usual question whether he was willing to take the woman to be his wedded wife, and, the rustic, scratching his head for a moment or two replied. "Ay, I'm wulling, but I'd rather hae her sister."-London Tele graph.

Public Lands in Okishoma.

A careful investigation of the public records discloses the fact that there are yet several millions of acres of public lands in Oklahoma yet subject to homestead entry and settlement.

It has generally been understood that all the lands in Oklahoma fit for agricultural purposes are already occupied, but such is not the fact. Owing to the method adopted for the opening of these lands to settlement. in many cases as high as five or six persons would settle on a single track on the day of the race. and rather than stand the expense of a contest, or run the risk of other trouble, would, unknown to each other, abandon the land. Again, the main race for lands at those openings was for tracts near the cities or proposed town sites and along the lines of railroads, and thus many hundreds of almost equally as good farms as are in Oklahoma were paseed over in the mad rush for homes.

It is true that a large portion of the yet unclaimed public lands are more fit for stock-raising than for agricultural purposes; yet there are still hundreds of good homes awaiting the taking in that country and undoubtedly a large number of eastern people will take advantage of the same the coming season.

Household Marketing.

Household Marketing. In the matter of purchasing food, the housekeepper must use good judgment, going to market and not trusting the selection of her means and vegetables to an ignorant order boy. A little ex-perience will enable one to learn to know the best cuts of means, and if the marketman sees that his customer knows what she wants, and that she will not be satisfied with inferior means he will serve her with the best. It is generally economical to buy the high st grades of groceries and means, as the best, goes further and is more readily susceptible to changes and va-riations.

Our present status in regard to sugar Our present status in regard to super is such that of an annual consumption of four billions of pounds we produce but one-eighth, and are dependent upon foreign countries for the balance. For this supply of foreign sugar we send abroad annually one hundred millions of dollars in gold, or its equivalent. This is an unaccessary drain upon the This is an unnecessary drain upon the wealth of our nation.

wealth of our nation. That the soil and climatic conditions are favorable to the cultivation and production of the sugar beet, has been conclusively proven by scientific and practical research and investigation. The development of the industry in re-cent years in Nebraska. Utah and Cali-fornia is a guarantee of its success in this country. Every pound of domes-tic sugar manufactured represents in-vestment of capital, employment of labor, an equalization of the production

department in connection with the state university to give its entire atten tion to the production of beets and fac-tories Mr. Fort would have a factory established on the co-operative plan to refine low grade sugar, taking it from proposed low grade factories, this co-operative factory to be under the laws of Nebraska and state officers to inspect and approve or disapprove its con-

Daniel Farrell, Jr., read a well pre-Daniel Farreil, Jr., read a well pre-pared paper upon the subject, "The Beet Sugar Industry as a Factor in Manufacturing." In his paper Mr. Farreil noted thirty products that can be made by the factories, after the beet crop had been worked up. Nebraska had good soil and sunshine and with these should form to the front and these should forge to the front and compete with eastern sisters.

The following officers were elected: President, R. M. Allen, Ames; secre-tary, W. N. Nason, Omaha; assistant secretary, C. McLernon, Sidney; treas-urer, W. D. Whitmore, Valley; vice-presidents, C. A. Atkinson, Lincoln, D. Farrell, Jr., Omaha, Bert Mapes, Nor-folk, W. B. Norcross. Beatrice, J. B. Cessna, Hastings, W. H. Reynolds, Chadron.

LEGAL BRIEFS.

A Philadelphia woman who put her money in Atchison before the slump in prices sues the president of the company for deceiving her in his roseate

reports of the condition of the road. A St. Louis decision runs to the effect that a woman has an insurable interest in the life of her flance, even when the man is already married, but designing getting a divorce to marry the new sweetheart.

The Massachusetts Supreme court has decided unconstitutional a law compelling the railroads to sell at ruling rates mileage tickets good on any rail-road. Michigan has, however, recently passed a similar law.

After a fatal runaway accident in Polk county, lows, the coroner was persuad-ed by several of the leading citizens that there was no necessity for an inquest as to the cause of death. They wished, as taxpayers, to avoid expense to the county, but the coroner has now begun suit to recover his fees. A fire brake out in a butter factory

near Madison, Wis. After all the water on hand was used 2,300 gallons of milk were used in its stead and the fire was put out. Now the insurance company is not quite certain whether it should pay for the milk as well as for the

slight damage done to the building. The wife of a Paris manufacturer ran up a bill of 11,000 francs with a mil-liner. This the court, without disput-ing the items, has ordered cut down, on the ground that the woman's hus-band is not bound to pay bills which are out of proportion to his means and position, and that the position, and that the dressmaker should have considered this point or re-ferred to the husband before the bill grow so big.

How a little girl likes to say to a "Ok, you're going to catch it !"

cropped on poor soil 116 bus. per acre in 1895. Isn't that wonderful-and corn 220 bus, and potatoes and grasses and clovers, fodder plants, etc., etc. Freight is cheap on seeds to all points east, west, north or south. If you will cut this out and send

it with 10c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive their mammoth catalogue and ten packages grains and grasses, including above oats, free.

w.n. Any girl old enough to take a valentine seriously, is too old to get one.

Notice.

Drs. H. H. Green & Sons of Atlanta, Ga., are the greatest dropsy specialists in the world. Cure more patients than the entire army of physicians scattered over this beautiful land of ours. A valuable discovery outside any medical book or published opinion. Removes all dropsical symptoms rapidly. Ten days' treatment mailed to every suffer-See advertisement in other er. column.

A GREAT CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.

A GREAT CHANCE TO MAKE MUNEY. MR. EDITOR:-I read how Mr. Jones made money. I have a better job taking ord irs for the new Fireproof Deposit Case for storing deeds. mortgages, noies. policies, receipts, money and valuables from fire. Every family or farmer buys. I sell for World Mfg Co. (F 20) Columbus. O, cleared \$37 first week \$39 accoud, first month \$147. Stater made \$33 last week selling National Dish Washer for same firm Light, easy work, honest firm, anyone can make money by writing them. J C BARRET.

George Elliot is said to have written Middlemarch" in four months.

Coo's Congh Haloam Is the object and best. It will break up a Cold guidt-er than snything eise. It is always reliable. Try K.

Chicago sells \$16,000,000 worth of bides avery year.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a God-send to me.-Wm. B. McClellan, Ches-ter, Florida, Sept. 17, 1806.

There are about 14,000 miles of street railroads in the United States.

Mathers who have used Parker's Ginger Tonio for years insist that it ben B smore than other medi-dines; every form of distress and weakness yield to it

Weekly wages for skilled labor in Eng-Hindervoras is a simple remedy. but it tak to out the corne, and what a contentation is! Makes waiking a plassure. He at druggists

If the Baby is Cutting Tests. As sure and use that old and well tried researy. Man. Wission's Scotters State for Californ Testing-

Motiey took six years to write "The Rise of the Eutob Republic."

PITS All Filesstopped free by Dr. K Has's Groes berten Masterer. Ho Files after the Unit day's use percentages outers. Towards and Barral berting free be bet caster. Bond to br. Kinse (Bl Archatt, Files, Fi

Every man needs a wife to apologize for

A Course Should Not as Nouls-Tai-"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are a simple remely and give immediate relief. Avoid imitations

The world's wheat crop of 1894 was 9,471,-

Billiard table, second hand, fur sa cheap. Apply to or address, H. C. ARIN, 511 S. 15th St., Outaba, Neb.



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