



Salt-Rising Bread.

Dissolve a half teaspoonful of salt in a pint of scalding water and beat in gradually enough flour to make a soft dough or stiff batter. Beat for ten minutes, cover and set in a very warm place for eight hours. Now stir a teaspoonful of salt into two cups of warm milk and add enough flour to make a very stiff batter before working it into the risen dough. Mix thoroughly, cover and set again in a warm place to rise until very light. Turn into a wooden bowl and work in enough butter to make of the consistency of ordinary bread dough. Make into loaves, set these to rise and bake when light.

Tea Cake.

A delicious tea cake that may easily give your "five o'clocks" a deserved reputation is thus made: Reserve the white of one of six eggs, beating the yolks to a stiff froth; add five ounces of sugar and the same quantity of almonds that have been blanched and pounded fine in a mortar with three ounces of flour, the grated rind of half a lemon, one ounce of orange peel cut very fine, a dust of ground cloves and half a teaspoonful of cinnamon. Finally the single beaten white is quickly stirred in and the cake baked in small round pans—Harper's Bazar.

Baked Eggs.

To bake eggs, cook a dozen eggs hard, drop them into cold water and remove the shells. Arrange ten of the eggs in a shallow dish, pour Bechamel sauce over them, sprinkle the top with the yolks of the two remaining eggs, which have been powdered fine and mixed with an equal quantity of bread crumbs. Pour a little melted butter over the top, garnish with triangles of bread dipped in melted butter, and place in a quick oven. When colored a light brown, serve in the dish in which they were cooked.

Mashed and Fried Eggplant.

Peel and slice the eggplant and soak all day in salted water. Drain, boil tender in fresh water, or until much of the water has boiled away, then mash and set aside to cool. Add a teaspoonful of baking powder to the mashed plant, stir in a beaten egg, salt and pepper and enough flour to make the mixture like cake dough. Drop by the spoonful in deep, boiling fat and fry to a good brown.

Waffles.

Into a bowl sift a pint of flour with a teaspoonful of baking powder and one of salt. Beat the yolks and whites of three eggs separately, stir the yolks into a pint of milk with a tablespoonful of melted butter. Make a hole in the flour and pour this liquid into it. Beat all together and the stiffened whites and pour the batter into the greased waffle iron.

Pineapple Cream.

Heat to the boiling point one can of shredded pineapple. Strain half an ounce of gelatine, which has been dissolved in cold water, and add to the pineapple. Remove from the fire, and when it begins to chill stir in the beaten whites of three eggs and half a pint of cream. Pour into a mold and set on ice.

Tomato Soup.

Turn the contents of a can of tomatoes into a quart of beef stock and simmer slowly for half an hour. Strain out the tomatoes and return the soup to the fire with a half-cup of rice that has soaked for ten minutes. Cook until the rice is tender. Season with salt, pepper, onion juice and a teaspoonful of granulated sugar and serve.

Dumplings.

Sift together a pint of flour, a teaspoonful of baking powder and half a teaspoonful of salt. Work into this a heaping tablespoonful of butter and moisten with a half pint of milk. Work quickly to a light paste and drop into the boiling gravy of the stew of whatever you are cooking. Cook for ten minutes before sending to the table.

Gluten Gems.

With two cups of gluten flour sift a teaspoonful of salt and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Beat two eggs light stir them into a pint of milk and pour this, with two teaspoonfuls of melted butter, into the sifted flour. Stir smooth, then pour into greased and heated gem pans and bake immediately in a hot oven.

Peanut Butter.

Pound or grind fresh-roasted peanuts to a powder and work into two tablespoonfuls of this a heaping tablespoonful of fresh butter. Spread thin slices of bread with this paste.

Brief Suggestions.

To remove paint or varnish marks on glass, rub with a little warm vinegar or with the edge of a copper coin dipped in water.

To clean embossed silver articles, dissolve an ounce of alum in two quarts of strong soapwater, wash the article in it using a soft brush for the very ornamental part. Rinse in cold water, dry on a clean cloth and polish with a chamois leather.

To make rice glue, mix rice flour smoothly with cold water and simmer it over a slow fire, when it will form a delicate and durable cement, not only answering all purposes of common glue, but well adapted for joining paper and cardboard ornamental work.

Nebraska Notes

Bruning and Geneva played the first ball game of the season at Bruning yesterday, the score being Bruning 4, Geneva 2.

Fifty head of fine Hereford cattle were sold at Wayne at public auction by W. N. Rogers, of McCook and others, averaging \$100 per head.

Bishop Scannel of Omaha and several priests from western Nebraska, parishes held services in the Catholic church at Ogalala this week.

W. L. Lyon, county treasurer of Perkins county, died at his home in Grant this afternoon. He was ill but three days. Cause of death, meningitis.

Rev. J. A. Koser, of Nebraska City, opened the twenty-eighth semi-annual convention of the South Platte conference of the Lutheran church at Yutan last evening with a sermon.

W. J. O'Brien, deputy fish and game commissioner, is at Loup city with a car load of fish and spawn, with which the waters of Dead Horse creek, Cobb creek and the Middle Loup river are being stocked.

The new city council were this morning at Wayne, and granted license to three saloons at \$1,000 each. Mayor Britton instructed the marshal to order all slot machines taken out and they were removed at once.

Louis Bumgardner, an ex-bartender at Albion, who is suffering from a severe attack of delirium tremens was placed in the county jail yesterday by sheriff Clark. His mind is seriously affected and he is in a critical condition generally.

Mrs. Broadwick made a balloon ascension at Geneva yesterday afternoon but failed to make a parachute jump as advertised, as the connection refused to act. She came to the ground with the balloon near the fair grounds, receiving no serious hurt.

Fire broke out at 1 o'clock in the Fuller building at Hartington, and before it was brought under control a loss of \$15,000 was sustained, with insurance of about two-thirds of this sum. The building was one of the first erected in Hartington.

Philip Burke of Nebawka, was before the Board of Insanity at Plattsmouth, and pronounced a fit subject for the asylum for the insane in Lincoln where he was taken by sheriff J. D. McBride. His step-father, John Loberg and John Bronson and John Lawrence were witnesses.

The senior class of the high school at Wymore and a few friends were entertained last night in the armory of Misses Gertrude Wilcox, Anna Noyes, Ruoy Temple, all of whom are seniors. Dancing and games were the amusements and nice refreshments were served. The chaperons were Misses Carrie Phillips, Christie Philbrick and Carrie Noyes.

Superintendent and Mrs. W. K. Fowler, of Lincoln, came to Kearney last night stopping at the home of Superintendent and Mrs. Thomas. Superintendent Fowler spent the entire day inspecting the city schools. Yesterday afternoon he was driven to the proposed site of the western normal. Last night the senior class the teachers of the city schools and the Board of Education met Superintendent Fowler at the Midway hotel, where a banquet was held. Principal George Burgett, J. N. Dryden, Frank Hartzell, Superintendent Fowler responded to toasts.

The body of Wm. McClellan, the bridge workman who was killed in Plattsmouth about six weeks ago, was found in the Missouri river near Minerville yesterday. The body was identified by a relative of McClellan who went down there from this city. The funeral will occur at Rulo, the former home of the deceased. McClellan's death was caused by the falling of the massive traveler used in the construction work on the new Burlington bridge. The fact that all efforts on the part of relatives to find the body had proven fruitless, led to the belief that the corpse was embedded in the sand at the bottom of the river, near where the accident occurred.

At the last meeting of the board of education Prof. E. D. Banghart was elected principal of the Syracuse school. Prof. Banghart has sent in his acceptance and with all the old corps of teachers except two who were not applicants will constitute the teaching force for the coming year. Professor Banghart has been the science teacher in the Hastings high school. Superintendent W. N. Deitzel who resigned last month to accept a much better paying position with the Nebraska Teachers will begin his new work June 1.

POMP AND PAGEANTRY

DEDICATION OF WORLD'S FAIR AT ST. LOUIS.

Close of Century of Island Empire Marked by Gorgeous Three-Days' Fete—Parades, Speeches, Fireworks, Etc.—Ceremonies in Detail.

St. Louis correspondence.

Thursday the city of St. Louis celebrated with imposing ceremonies the inauguration of what is intended to be the greatest exposition in all history. The dedicatory program arranged for the three days, opening with addresses by President Roosevelt and ex-President Cleveland, was the most elaborate ever prepared for any similar event. In addition to the President and ex-President other dignitaries and officials, the cabinet, the Supreme Court and members of the diplomatic corps were present, while many thousands attended from all parts of the Union. While the exposition will not be formally opened until next year, the dedicatory exercises marked the centennial anniversary of the Louisiana Purchase, which the exposition is intended to commemorate.

At 10 o'clock Thursday the Mayor of St. Louis extended to the President of the United States the freedom of the city, and by that token the first of the formalities attendant upon the dedication of the exposition in celebration of the Louisiana Purchase centennial was consummated. Immediately thereafter



the national commission, president of the day.

Greetings to representatives of foreign governments from the universal exposition of 1904 by David R. Francis, president of the exposition.

Music by United States Marine Band. Address by the French ambassador, M. Jean A. A. Jusserand. "Hallelujah Chorus" from "The Messiah."

Address by the Spanish minister, Senor Don Emilio de Ojeda.

Music. Benediction by Rev. Samuel J. Nicolls. Centennial salute of 100 guns.



PRESIDENT'S REVIEWING STAND.

Maj. Gen. Henry C. Corbin and his staff wheeled into line at the head of a great military and civic procession, and escorted to the exposition grounds the President and the official guests invited in honor of the opening of what the citizens of St. Louis hope will be the climax of world's fairs.

Everything was in readiness for the



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

event and St. Louis was big with expectation. The entire population participated in the ceremonies which started the most important period of their civic life. Despite this fact, the exercises were of the simplest and most perfunctory character, consisting only of the parade, the speeches and the pyrotechnics.

Formation of the Parade.

Following the formal welcome of the President by the Mayor the parade, under the grand marshaling of Gen. Corbin, formed at the junction of Lindell boulevard and Grand avenue, and proceeded through Forest Park to the exposition grounds. There the presidential salute was fired and the parade was reviewed by the President and his party.

With this introduction the exercises proper began. At 2 o'clock, in the Liberal Arts building, David R. Francis, president of the exposition, called the assemblage to order and introduced Cardinal Gibbons, who offered prayer. Then, in the order in which they are named, came the introduction of Thomas H. Carter of the national commission, president of the day; the singing of "The Heavens Proclaiming" by a colossal chorus; the presentation of the buildings by President Francis, and the dedicatory address by the President of the United States.

Address of Roosevelt.

With the address of the President, of course, the celebration reached its climax. But thereafter there was an address by Grover Cleveland, prayers by Bishop E. R. Rendix and Bishop Henry C. Potter, choruses—"Unfold, Ye Portals," and "America"—by the singers, and a centennial salute of 100 guns. At 8 o'clock began the display of pyrotechnics. Friday was designated International day. At 10:30 a. m. the members of the diplomatic corps, the representatives of foreign governments to the exposition and other official guests assembled at the St. Louis Club and were thence conducted by military escort to the Liberal Arts building.

At noon the assembly was called to order by Corwin E. Spencer, chairman of the committee on ceremonies of the exposition. The ceremonies were as follows:

Invocation by Rev. Carl Swenson. Introduction of John M. Thurston of

A grand pyrotechnic display began at the conclusion of the exercises in the building and continued during the afternoon and evening.

Doings on State Day.

Saturday was known as State day and the feature of the morning was the civic parade. It assembled at 10:30 o'clock under direction of Col. Eugene J. Spencer, marshal of the day, and moved from the junction of Grand avenue and Lindell boulevard through Forest Park to the exposition grounds, where the parade was reviewed by the Governors of the States.

At 1:30 p. m. the audience assembled in the Liberal Arts building and was called to order by William H. Thompson, chairman of the committee on grounds and buildings. The ceremonies were as follows:

Invocation by Rev. William R. Harper.

Introduction of William Lindsay of the national commission, president of the day.

Music. Address of welcome by A. M. Dockery, Governor of Missouri.

Response by Benjamin H. Odell, Jr., Governor of New York.

Grand chorus.

Benediction by Rabbi Leon Harrison. Centennial salute of 100 guns.

A grand display of daylight fireworks commenced at the conclusion of the exercises in the building.

Corner Stones to Be Laid.

Immediately after the close of the ceremonies the Governors proceeded to the building sites selected for their respective States, where corner stones were laid and State colors raised with appropriate exercises.

The bond of lady managers of the exposition was conducted by military escort in advance of the parade each day to the reviewing stand. It was accompanied by the wives of the members of the diplomatic corps, members of the Supreme Court of the United States, members of the cabinet, members of the joint committee of Congress, the admirals of the navy, the lieutenant general of the



GROVER CLEVELAND.

army, the grand marshal, the Governors of the States, the officiating clergymen and members of the national commission.

The formation and conduct of the parades and escorts on each day was announced by special orders of the grand marshal, Maj. Gen. Henry C. Corbin.

Receptions by the board of lady managers were announced by the president. Last year the French government made a profit of over \$70,000,000 on its monopoly of the sale of tobacco, cigars, cigarettes and matches.

PUT UP GOOD FIGHT

Signal the Outlaw Plucky Sort of Leads—Details Seat of Unions

Washington, May 5.—Unofficial reports received at the war department give additional details of the campaign which resulted in the death of "General" San Miguel and the utter rout of his band of outlaws by the Philippine scouts commanded by Lieutenants Nickerson and Reese.

The scouts located San Miguel's band about half way between Calcoan and Marquina, in a strongly fortified corral and blockhouse built by the Spaniards many years ago and so well concealed by the jungle that it had escaped discovery. Lieutenants Nickerson and Reese and their men made a gallant attack on this stronghold under a very heavy fire from the enemy through loopholes in the all surrounding blockhouse. The scouts charged over the wall and engaged the enemy in a hand to hand combat, driving them into the fort. In this assault Lieutenant Reese was shot through the thigh just below the groin. San Miguel, surrounded by a devoted bodyguard of about thirty men, undertook to slip through the line, but being discovered put up a plucky running fight. Lieutenant Nickerson with fifteen men attacked San Miguel's party but withheld their fire until within short range, when they put three bullets through San Miguel's body. San Miguel died gamely, shooting while lying on the ground wounded.

Six of his bodyguard were killed. The remainder escaped in the dense jungle. The fight lasted about an hour and a half, the Americans losing three killed and ten wounded, including Lieutenant Reese. The enemy lost forty dead that were counted and the jungle concealed other killed and wounded. No prisoners were taken. Many valuable papers were found on the bodies of the dead and were said to contain evidence against several prominent officials in the province.

LOOK BETTER FOR PRIEST

Lorain, O., May 5.—To the funeral of Miss Agatha Reichlin, murdered here Friday morning at the parsonage of St. Joseph's Cathedral Catholic church, was largely attended today. The services were conducted by Father Reichlin, assisted by fourteen visiting priests. At the conclusion of the services the remains were placed aboard an electric funeral car and taken to the Catholic cemetery at Elyria for interment.

The detectives were hard at work on the case today endeavoring to verify reports to the effect that two men were seen on the night of the murder carrying a ladder near the rear of the parsonage. The officers are also investigating the report that two residences near the Reichlin home were visited on the night before the murder by burglars who were frightened away. Detective Kilbride of Cleveland, expresses the belief that it will be impossible to prove that Father Walser committed the crime. It is generally believed that unless some additional evidence against Father Walser is obtained he will be released.

"If Father Walser was to have his preliminary hearing right here in my office now and I had to use the evidence I now have in my possession against the man, in my judgment I think I should let him go was the remark made by Mayor King today when asked what he thought of Father Walser's guilt.

Coroner French, Chief Braman and Prosecutor Stroup held a like view.

Prosecuting attorney Stroup stated today that in his opinion the evidence at hand was not sufficient to warrant holding Father Walser to appear before the grand jury. However, said he, the officers are working upon the case along the line which they are keeping secret at this time and developments may result before the inquest tomorrow.

SAND-BAGGED IN IDAHO

Wood River, Neb., May 5.—Dennis Moore, formerly of Wood River, and a son of Anthony Moore, of this city, was sand-bagged and robbed at Pocatello, Idaho, Thursday. His skull was crushed by blows he received and it is thought that he has but a small chance to recover. He has been moved to St. Joseph hospital at Salt Lake. Two suspicious characters have been arrested by the Pocatello police and have been charged with the crime, although the evidence is not considered strong against them. Dennis Moore left Wood River about six years ago and has since been rail-roading in Idaho.

FARMER COME'S SUICIDE

Mead, Neb., May 5.—Holcomb Anderson, a Swedish farmer, fifty-five years old, living three miles northwest of Mead, hung himself at an early hour this morning, in the barn on his farm. Life was extinct when the body was discovered but the body was yet warm. Death was caused by strangulation, as the lower part of the body was lying on the floor. At this writing no cause for the act has been learned. The coroner was notified.

DOWN LIKE LEAD

TEAMSHIP SAGINAW SINKS ON VIRGINIA COAST

COLLISION DURING A FOG

ALMOST CUT IN TWO BY THE BIG LINER HAMILTON

TWENTY ARE DROWNED

Lifeboats Lowered, But One Occupied By Fifteen Immediately Lost—Hamilton Suffered But Minor Damage

Norfolk, Va., May 6.—A collision at sea that cost the lives of twenty or more people and the sinking of the Clyde steam-ship Saginaw by the Old Dominion Steamship company's liner Hamilton, occurred between Winter Quarter lightship and Fenwick Island lightship on the Virginia coast, at 4:40 o'clock this morning.

The Hamilton left New York yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock for Norfolk and the Saginaw passed out the Virginia capes at 9 o'clock last night bound from Richmond and Norfolk for Philadelphia. A dense fog settled along the coast shortly after nightfall, and while going through this fog at reduced speed the Hamilton crashed into the Saginaw's side about twenty feet off the shore and between 180 and 200 miles south of New York and between 125 and 140 miles north of Norfolk.

The fog whistle of both vessels were heard by each other for several minutes before the collision occurred. According to Captain Boaz of the Hamilton his ship was making about nine miles an hour, and the Saginaw about ten.

The fog was so thick that objects a ship's length were invisible, and when the two crafts bore in sight of each other, bow on, there was but a moment's interim before they met. The Saginaw vessel veered, as did the Hamilton, but they had not time to clear each other and the knife-like steel prow of the southbound vessel struck the Clyde ship on the port quarter about twenty feet from her stern, cutting the entire rear of the ship away. The in-rushing water caused the Saginaw to settle rapidly in the stern and the impetus of the Hamilton took her out of sight of the crippled vessel. Engines already reversed were put at full steam to the rear and the Hamilton circled to the scene of the wreck, at the same time lowering two life boats. There was consternation among the passengers of the Old Dominion ship and the first thought was for their safety, but as soon as it was discovered that the ship was uninjured, save that some bow plates were stove in, all efforts were directed to the rescue of those on the Saginaw.

When the Saginaw was again sighted her stern was under water and her bow was high in the air. Panic-stricken people rushed over her decks and scrambled toward the bow. Life boats were lowered, and into the first fifteen colored women were placed, according to Second Officer W. L. Morris, who was in command. The boat was swamped as it struck the water and its occupants were thrown into the sea. All were drowned save the second officer and the colored stewardess. The latter died before the small boat reached the Hamilton, more from injuries received by the impact of the collision than by drowning. She had been held up by First Mate Goslee, who sank himself as the small boat from the Hamilton reached them.

In the meantime the rush of waters into the bow of the Saginaw had caused the decks to burst from their fastenings with a roar like the report of big guns and tons of freight of all descriptions soon littered the sea. To floating wreckage the struggling people in the water clung with desperation and many of them were rescued by the boats from the Hamilton.

Before the life boats of the Hamilton had reached the Saginaw the latter had disappeared beneath the waves and nothing but her topmasts were visible. To these several men were clinging, one of whom was the aged captain, J. S. Tunnel. When he was taken off it was found that he had suffered severe internal injuries.

Leper Running at Large

St. Louis, May 6.—Dong Gong, the Chinese leper, who has been in close confinement at quarantine, about two miles below Jefferson barracks, for the past year and a half, has escaped. Dr. Woodruff, superintendent of the quarantine hospital, at once ordered a search for the dangerous patient, who is still at large.

Dong Gong's condition has not materially changed since his ostracism from society, and he is too dangerous a patient to be at large.