NEWS OF THE STATE.

Fusionists Come to Omaha.

Lincoln, Neb.-The democratic and populist state committees voted to reestablish their headquarters in Omaha. The location in the city will be determined by the chairmen of the executive committees.

The populist committee elected E W. Nelson of this city as chairman to succeed Charles Q. De France. Mr. Nelson was secretary of the committee several years under former Chairman Edmisten. The chairman, candidates and executive committee were authorized to appoint a secretary and treasurer. The ropulist executive committee consists of: H. E. Dawes, Lincoln; J. J. Points, Omaha; W. V. Allen, Madisen; F. M. Howard, Aurora; Dr. Rob ert Damarell, Red Cloud; J. H. Ed misten, Eddyville; Cliff Frank, York.

Chairman P. L. Hall announced the appointment of this democratic executive committee: H. D. Travis, Plattsmouth; J. J. O'Connor, Omaha; George L Loomis, Fremont; George W. Phillips, Columbus; C. B. Scott, Kearney; R. B. Wahlquist, Hastings; R. O. Ad-

ams, Grand Island The proposition to organize a joint committee to head the management of the campaign was considered, but not acted upon.

Republican State Committee.

Lincoln, Neb.-The republican state committee decided to maintain the state headquarters in this city at the Lindell hotel. The following executive committee was appointed: First congressional district, J. C. Secrest, Lincoln; Second, Victor Rosewater, Omaha; Third. W. P. Warner, Dakota City; Fourth, Clark Robinson, Fairmont; Fifth, L. W. Hague, Minden; Sixth Aaron Wall, Loup City.

All the state nominees were present and responded to chils for speeches Besides these Senator Dietrich, Representative E. J. Burkett of the First congressional district; J. J. McCarthy of the Second, Judge Norris of the Fifth and Moses P. Kinkaid of the Sixth spoke. J. H. Mickey also spoke.

Sees Murder in a Vision.

Wood River, Neb .- (Special.)-On June 23 John Donaldson, for thirty years a resident of Wood River, was found murdered near Pocatello, Idaho Yesterday Fred Whitehead, & farmer living three miles east of town, told of a dream he had the night before, when, in a vision, he saw with distinciness the details of the murder of Donaldson and his companion, Mr. Fritz.

The gulch, the lay of the land, the surroundings, the man with the rifle and his shooting of the men was vivid--2-C P PT8? -1&yhoul em em cpy ly impressed upon Mr. Whitehead's mind and is still retained by him. The facts as published tally exactly with the vision of Mr. Whitehead. He says that his impressions of the horrible tragedy, the features and appearance of the murderer, as so sharply and clearly impressed upon his mind that

he could pick the man out of 10,000. He describes the murderer as a man about five feet ten inches tall, about 35 years old, light complexion, blue eyes, heavy, light-colored amustache wearing a faded gray hat, blue woolen shirt and dark-colored trousers. He has sent this description to the o cers

Mr. Whitehead is a prominent and well-to-do farmer and his strange stor yes believed by many,

at Pocatello.

Gillian Murder Case a. Mystery

Lincoln, Neb.-With the dismissal of C. E. Hayward, the last step in the prosecution of those charged with the murder of J. J. Gillilan has been taken and it is more than likely that the guilty party or parties will ever be apprehended and convicted. In the case of both Hayward and Baird the star witness failed to identify the men and the case of the state fell through for lack of material evidence. Hayward has been held since last October, in the hope that evidence could be secured to convict him. Seeing the usetessness of the attempt, the county attorney allowed the case to be dismissed.

State News Notes. Lincoln, Neb.—Philippine veterans met in response to a call issued by Captain Cosgroye, to form a local branch of the National Society Army of the Philippines. A complete organization will be made at an adjourned meeting next Wednesday night.

Bentrice, Neb.-To better its service the city lighting company has ordered a new engine and dynamo of 180-horse power capacity and other new machinery will be instailed doubling the present capacity of the plant.

Lexington, Neb .- Miss Sophy Mullin was badly burned here. Her hair. which she was combing, caught fire from a gasoline stove. Her mother heard her screams and ran to her assistance. The flames were extinguished, but not before the girl had been disfigured Mr life.

Fremont. Neb. J. P. Breitling of this place has been allowed 1785 by congress for bread furnished Iowa re-cruits at Clinton, 1862. The claim has been pen for since the close of the war.

Lincoln, Neb. The state board of ag-riculture met and extended an invitation to Secretary of Agriculture Wilson and W. J. Bryan to speak at the state fair on farm topics. The board also decided to offer \$250 in prizes for drills on fraternal day.

Trenton, Neb .- A B. & M. bridge, a nile and a half east of town, caught are by a coal dropping from an en-gine and was almost consumed. An extra work train came from McCook and repaired it so trains out pass ever.

WATCHING FOR CYCLONES.

Westerners Fear Them as the Island ers Do Volcanoes.

Recent disturbances by volcanic ruption in the island of Martinique and Gautemala bring out in tull measure the sympathy of the residents of the cyclone district of the Southwest. The cyclone is by far the worst form of disaster that visits this country, coming at unexpected times and dealing death and destruction in widespread

When the summer days bring waves of heat across the stretches of hot sod then the residents of the prairie West begin to cast their eyes to the wind-ward. They are watching the forma-tion of the clouds, and he who could not distinguish a cyclone bank from any other is indeed a tenderfoot. Then the crycof warning is carried across the plains, and the members of every family make for their cyclone cellars. These cellars differ in various communities. The popular cyclone cellar on the stans of Western Kansas, where cyclones a few years ago were almost a daily occurrence, are ordinary houses, built low and strong.

In the Russian communities of Kansas these cyclones houses serve as the family residence the year around. They are about seven feet high, and built exceptionally strong. The roofs are slanting, and the houses are set to the wind, that is, the ends are faced toward the east and west.

In Oklahoma every farmhouse is backed up by a cave, a hole dug into the ground, and covered by an earthen roof. Some farmers have gone so far in protecting themselves against cyclones that they have a small cannon loaded with salt and buckshot, which is fired into the whirling clouds as they approach. This has been known to turn the course of a storm. It is a common event to dismiss school on the plains of Oklahoma when a bank of clouds begins to arise in the southwest. These wind and rain storms are becoming more uncommon every day, and it is believed that the planting of trees and the settlement of the barren sod has had much to do with it. Before Oklahoma was thoroughly well settled dozens of cyclones were reported every day in the hot months. The writer was in the Newkirk one day in the early period of that town's existence, and saw seven cyclones form in the after-All of them followed the course of the Arkansas river, and "struck" in the Osage Indian reservation, far to the westward.

Good Old Times.

People who talk of the good old times should read these facts, compiled by "Popular Mechanics." In the good old

imes: There was not a public library in the United States.

Almost all the furniture was import ed from England.

An old copper mine in Connecticut was used as a prison.

There was only one hat factory, and that made cocked hats.

Virginia contained a fifth of the

whole population of the country. A man who jeered at the preacher or criticised the sermon was fined.

Two stage coaches bore all the travel etween New York and Boston A day laborer considered himself well

paid with 2 shillings a day. The whipping post and pillory were still standing in New York and Bos-

Trousers were fastened with pegs or

The church collection was taken in a bag at the end of a pole, with a bell attached to arouse the sleepy contributors.-Washington Times.

Sleep-Walking.

"Ten per cent of the world's population is more or less somnambulistic, said a physician, "and every one, at one time or another, has done a little sleepwalking. I myself, when a lad, got up, dressed, took my books, and went to school on a summer night, my father following close behind to see that I

should come to no harm. VBlonde persons are more apt to be somnambulists than dark folk, and in cold climates there is more somnambulism than in warm ones. In certain Greenland villages, I have been told, the hut doors are locked from without by a watchman in order that those within may not come forth in their sleep, and maybe freeze to death. But in Egypt and such like hot lands such precaution is unnecessary."-Philadelphia Record.

A Reckless Plunger.

In the great gambling hall there was breathless silence.

A poker game between two of the billionaires was in progress.

About their table were packed and ammed hundreds of curious, excited people, watching their play with aston-

"I'll bet you a porter-house steak,"

Murmurs of awe rise from the watch-Clear and stern comes the answer: "I'll see that porter-house steak and raise you - two rib roasts, a pig's knuckle and a can of ox-tail soup.

Here the onlookers gasped. One of them, Indeed, muttered: "it is such things as this that make anarchists."—Baltimore American.

A student in the New England Conservatory of Music says that out of 85 in this year's graduating class only 26 passed the final examinations, thereby entitling them to diplomas. "This only goes to show," says the Boston Journal, that the increasing regidity of examination papers which has been so no-ticable in the professional schools of inte is extending to the institutions of art and music as well."

Clarence Hale, brother of Senator Eugene Hale, who has been appointed the United States district judge of Maine, has served as city solicitor of Portland and as a member of the legislature, and is widely known in the Pine Tree State. He is a member of the Maine Historical society, and has one of the best private libraries in New England.

Prof. E. S. Goff, one of the most emi-nent horticulturists of the country and a professor of the State University of Wisconsin, is dead. He was the author of a number of standard works on bor-

WORLD'S FAIR NEWS NOTES.

The five counties of the Arkansas valley in eastern Colorado, one of the most favored regions of the West, contemplates making a joint exhibit as a part of the Colorado exhibit at the

world's fair. Commissioner Ernest H. Wands sends from Peru a package of newspaper clippings which show a very lively interest in the exposition in that coun-Commissioner Wands has had conferences with the principal government officials as well as many prominent business men and is confident that Peru, having made a liberal appropriation and provided for a commission

will have a splendid representation. John Rice Chandler, commissioner to the five Central American republics for the world's fair, has now reached Nicaragua, having visited Guatemala and Salvador. From all these countries he has forwarded newspaper clippings and other information showing the inten-tion of these republics to be well represented at the fair. Their wealth of natural resources insures exhibits of far

more than ordinary interest. A mammoth "iron elephant" for the world's fair is the creation of Joseph Husak of Chicago. The body of the metallic animal is to be four stories high, the floors to be reached by elevators in the legs. On top of the elephant it is proposed to have a roof garden and observatory. This elephant, which is to be 300 feet long and 250 feet high, Husak hopes to erect at the world's fair at St. Louis if the exposition au-

thorities will grant him permission.

Colorado expects to send half a million dollars worth of live stock to the world's fair.

A party of newspaper men representing the papers of Cleveland, O., visited the world's fair this week as guests of the Big Four route. The magnitude of the enterprise and the splendor of its conception brought out many expressions of surprise from the visitors. The next visitors of royal blood to

the world's fair will be the Grand Duke Boris of Russia, cousin to the czar, and the Crown Prince of Siam. The Grand Duke Boris will reach San Francisco in a few weeks. The Prince of Siam is now in Great Britain to attend the coronation, and will pass through the United States soon after the ceremonies at

The Count Rochambeau says he wil come to America again in 1904 to visit world's fair at St. Louis. The countess will drape her room in the Vendome chateau with the American flag presented to her by the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The auditor of Louisiana has reported the finances of that commonwealth to be in such fine condition that \$100,000 can be appropriated for the state building and exhibit at the world's fair without subjecting the treasury to any danger of an overdraft.

The Kentucky Exhibit association, which is raising \$100,000 for the world's fair exhibit from that state, will be in-

corporated. The American Woolen company, comprising 33 plants for the manufac ture of fine clothes, has decided to make a competitive exhibit of all their woolen products at the world's fair.

Charles H. Fairbanks, treasurer of the Bigelow Carpet company, intends to secure concentrated action for an exhibit of American carpets and rugs at the world's fair.

SELF-PROTECTED PLANTS.

Southwestern Vegetation Either Armed or Armored.

Writing in the Century of the Southwest (Arizona and New Mexico particularly). Ray Stannard Baker has this to say of the self-protected plants of the desert spaces: "In the green hills one loves to lie on

the grass, to brush against the trees to pick a twig here and there and taste the tart sap, but the desert allows no such familiarity. Everything that lives within its confines is either armed or armored. Every cactus stalk is covered with a myriad of spines and hooks as sharp as needles, that warn one to keep his distance. Tread not on the cactus with your heavy shoes even, for the barbed spines will often pierce thick leather; every rider of the plains has had the experience of picking cactus spines from his bare flesh. The mas quit tree, which is a near relative to the honey locust, is covered with thorns, so that you trespass at your peril; the cat's claw strikes at you as you pass, tearing your clothing and lacerating your skin. Even the agaveand the yuccas, the green foliage of which looks soft enough in the distance, are armed with leaves each of which is a double-edged sword with a spear point. The leaves of the spreading bunches of bear grass, which covers a thousand desert hills, often are so stiff, needle-pointed, and rasp-edged that no animal ever ventures to touch them. Even the greasewood and the strange paloverde tree-the pole" of the Mexicans, a tree with branches, but with almost invisible leaves-while having no spines, yet know well how to protect themselves. Break off a twig of either, and the smell of it that clings to your fingers will cure you well of further desire to med-

"A British officer in South Africa," says the Loudon Chronicle, "sends an account of General DeWet's passing, at his own request, through the English blockhouse lines in the neighborhood of Lindley, on his way to confer with a commando. He came to the officers mess to afternoon tea, drank coffee and ate cake. He was in the best of spirits. this leader, who is often spoken of as moody even to madness. So, too, he was when a week later he repassed the English lines, drank more coffee, and in more senses than one took the cake For all the British who saw him were delighted by his simple and gay hearing, by the interest he took in an officer down with the fever, at whose bed-side he sat, and by the cordality of his he put it, ever bring them within his promise to extend equal hospitality to his hosts should the fortunes of war, as own lines."

The Japanese government has an-nounced that Japan will welcome post-ponement of the St. Louis expositions, because in 1903 the great exposition is to be held at Osaka, which will interfere with a worthy representation at St. Louis, but in 1904 the best of the Osaka exhibits could be brought to St.

HIS NEW BUG.

The Specimen Proved to Have Been The Tilghman Family Has a Letter Already Classified.

New York Times: As the stogle man stood at the end of the bar he chuckled to himself and blew clouds of smoke until the mixer had serious thoughts of sending in a call for the fire department. Fortunately, the broker's clerk and the meek man came in together,

and the oracle let it out. "Got a laugh on that college professor up my way. His regular graft is anatomy, you know: but he makes a side issue of zoology in general—'specilly insects and bugs. Reg'lar bug hunter-one of these fellers that chase butterflies and such with a young fish net, and impales specimens on a big-headed pin, and, as though that wasn't bad enough, insults the por creatures by writing unpronounceable names under

"Well he was returning from church with his family last Sunday when he discovered a new and singular insect on the front doorstep. He was naturally mighty pleased, and, forming his handkerchief into a net, he pounced down upon and succeeded in capturing

"'Bring in the microscope, children, says he, 'an' tell your ma to hurry. I want her to look at it. I'm sure it belongs to the hemiptera class, and is a new specimen. Here, Charile, put your eye to the glass and tell me what you

"'Oh, pa, ain't it splendid! It's got four wings, eight eyes, and don't it sparkle! Red and green and yellowoh, it's getting away, ain't it?

"Then it isn't dead!" cried the professor, in ecstacy. He's so near-sight-ed that he passes his next-door neighbor on the street without knowing him. 'I wasn't quite sure whether it moved or not. Let me look! Yes, I think, after all, it belongs to the genus pentamera-the antennae have that pe flexible look; and yet, now that I look again, the eves seem to indicate that it is a phytocoridae, in which case it will be very destructive to your ma's plants, and we must kill it at once. It will be a very valuable addition to our collection. Marie, where's the chloro-

'What are you going to do with it?' asked Mrs. Professor. She wouldn't trust him with the paregoric without knowing what he was going to do with it, he's so absent-minded.

'Kill this insect as son as you have examined it." 'Well, I guess not,' says she, look ing with much interest at the new specimen. 'I paid \$2 for that insect, as you call it, last week, to wear on my new bonnet, and it must have dropped off when I came in. It belongs to the genus millinerse, and couldn't be any dearer if it had been baked for a century. Science will have to get on without it, professor; it's already class-

WASHING BLUE FOR THE HAIR.

Said to Remove Yellow Tint from Locks Turning Gray.

Gray hair is an ordeal to the average woman under the most favorable circumstances, and she probably finds in it little that is to be palliated. On the other hand, most women would proba-bly not mind it so much if they were certain that all their hair would become white immediately and not remain for several years in the yellowish, mixed stage that comes to all women who have not black hair. It is the problem of getting their hair white all at once

that troubles most women. Some of the Paris hairdressers are said to be able to make the hair quite white when once it begins to turn. The process is expensive under any circum-

stances. A remedy has been found which is successful in the case of most of the women who have tried it. It is not expensive, for the process consists in giving the hair a bath of washing blue. The blue must not be too strong, but

must be liberally mixed with water. If one bath does not have the effect of taking all the yellow out of the hair, other tasks. the operation should be repeated. In a day or two after the batch of blue has been given the yellow will be-

gin to fade from the hair, and in a short time it will be quite white.

GOOD KING, GOOD POET.

Fifteen poems by King Oscar of Sweden will be published in Paris at an early date. They have been written within the last year, and were recently translated into French by M. Sonne-berg, a son of the Swedish-Norwegian vice consul at Paris.

There will be two introductions to the book, one of which will be written by Jules Claretie and the other prob ably by Sully Prudhomme.

Those who have read the poems in manuscript say that they are of a high order of merit, and will easily place King Oscar in the first rank of modern

CMINA WANTS BICYCLES.

That it would be worth while for American manufacturers of bicycles to look for trade in China is evident from a report which has just been sent by the Italian consul at Tientsin to his home government.

"Enterprising manufacturers of bleycles," he says, "could easily establish a large business in China, and especially at Tientsin, since that city counded by several small villages, which at present lack the proper facilities for communicating with each other. Bicycles are now only sold in Tientsin by two Chinese dealers, and as a result a large price is paid for

Honesty Vaccine.

"Doctor," said the wild-eyed young man, "my wife is a kleptomaniac. Do you think you can do anything for

'Well, we might try vaccination," replied the young doctor. "You know that keeps people from taking things." —Philadelphia Record.

A Candid Husband.

The following advertisement appear ed the other day in an English paper:
Wanted—Gentleman desires two
plainly furnished rooms, with board
and attendance, in country village, for
wife who is subject to fits of temper.

A RELIC OF LAFAYETTE.

He Wrote to Their Ancestor.

New York Sun: The death of the Marchioness de la Rosiere, in Paris, has recalled to some New Yorkers an interesting incident in the early history of the Tilghman family of which the marchioness was the last to bear the name

When Lafayette, Baron de Kalb and their party came to America to enlist with the American patriots who were fighting for the cause of liberty, they brought, besides their credentials from the French government, a personal letted issued by William Carmichael, sec-retary of the American delegation who went to Paris to ask for the aid of the French, to Tench Tilghman, who was an aide-de-camp of Gen. George Washington. The letter is still preserved by the family and is kept in a safe deposit vault downtown. It reads as follows:

'Dear Sir: Permit me to put you in mind of an old friend by introducing to your particular notice the Marquis de Lafayette and the Baron de Kalb, as well as the Coloneis Lafter and Valfeit. The first of the first connections and fortune in France. The latter all officers of the first consideration here in their different ranks. I beg you to introduce them to the gallantest of our countrymen, who, I hope, want no example to inspirit them to act to deserve the continuance of the admiration of Europe which they now have. If such should be wanted, see in the marquis an example too striking not be followed, a young nobleman with a clear fortune of £15,000 sterling a year pre terring every danger in search of glory to the tranquil pleasures such connections and such fortune could give him, with the example of almost all his predecessors who fell in battle to deter

"The public will instruct you in our news. The loss of our common friend at Chester distresses me. I hope from your knowledge of me you do not reouire more testimonies to my past seniments which my present situation will confirm, although absent in this time of danger and glory. I understand your brother Dick was well a week or two ago and on the point of sailing for India. I am, Dr. Sr., yours very affec-

tionately, "WILLIAM CARMICHAEL. "Paris, 17 March, 1777. To Tench Tilghman, Esqr., per the

Marquis de la Fayette and the Baron

de Kalb, Philadelphia." Tench Tilghman, the great-greatgrandfather of the late marchioness, was Washington's aid from the begin-ning to the end of the revolution. When Cornwallis surrendered to Washington at Yorktown, the honor of carrying to congress the news of the magnificent victory of the American forces was intrusted to Colonel Tilghman. The letters announcing the victory, which Tilghman bore on horseback to Philadelphia, contained a reference to the splendid services of the bearer to the cause, and congress voted Tilghman a sword and horse with accoutrements in

recognition of his fidelity and loyalty.

The brother Dick referred to in the letter from Secretary Carmichael was Hon. Richard Tilghman, who was then on his way to India to visit his cousin. Sir Philip Francis, who fought a duel with the great Warren Hastings.

UNIQUE VILLAGE.

A Place in Hungary Where Everybody Must Play Chess.

gary a village probably unique among the world's townships, in that it not only encourages chess as a pastime, but insists that the king of games shall be played by every man, woman, and child

in the place. It is just as necessary in this out-ofthe-world spot for the inhabitants to be proficient chess players as it is for them to be able to read, write, and cipher. Prizes are given to the school children for proficiency in chess. Problems are given to the scholars that they are expected to take home and work out in their spare hours in addition to their

Hungary has long been famous for her chess players. Indeed, this little village has, as can be well understood, turned out more than one player who has been considered fit to rank with such giants as Lasker, Steinitz, and

Tschigorin. Every Christmas a great tournament is held in the village, and the burgomaster gives prizes for the best juvenile and adult players.

A COINCIDENCE.

It Happened in a Church and Caused Much Merriment.

New York Christian Advocate: Concidences of a ludicrous character are liable to occur on the most solemn occasions. As an illustration, we recall that the Rev. C. R. Moses of Virginia, a Baptist preacher of considerable re-nown, once spent a Sunday in Rich-mond, soon after he had visited the beautiful regions around Mountain lake in Giles county, Virginia. Being invited by one of the city pastors to preach, toward the close of the sermon he gave as an illustration a vivid de-scription of the wonderful landscape scenes which he had just beheld, and as he closed called on the choir to sing something of their own selection. They struck up the old hymn beginning, "There is a land of pure delight." but when they reached the fourth stanza these words confronted them:

Could we but stand where Moses stood, And view the landscape o'er. They tried to sing, but broke down. The congregation followed their example, and the service closed in general merriment.

Unanimous Sentiment.

Krankleigh-Naw! I don't like my new neighborhood at all. Every man on the street's a cad. Sharpe-You don't say?

Krankleigh-Yes, and there's one man in particular who isn't fit to live

with 550,691 last year, an increase of

SCOTT AND JUMBO.

A Circus Man's Stories of the Little Man and the Big Elephant.

Washington Evening Star: Elshants are very peculiar animals. No one can possibly tell who they will take a notion to, or who they will turn against, and there is no telling in ad-vance what they will do toward any They are, more than woman, past finding out."

The speaker was W. H. Gardner, genral agent of the Adam Forepaugh & Seils Bros. shows, who was in the city a few hours. Mr. Gardner has been around the world repeatedly. Continu-

ing, he said: "The general supposition obtains that elephants may be handled only by the severest methods. In some respects that is true. But there are some ele phants that will not stand any sort of punishment. They know their strength and will use it if provoked. One of the most noted illustrations of this fact was Jumbo. Mr. Bailey purchased Jum-bo from the Zoological Gardens of London. He brought with him Matthew Scott, who had charge of .lie from the time he first came from Slam to London.

"Now, Scott was one of the gentlest little men ever seen. He has been working in Mr. Bailey's menagerie since Jumbo's death, taking care of small animals, and; by the way, he is in Europe with Mr. Bailey now doing the same thing. Jumbo was the only elephant he ever handled.

"When Jumbo arrived we all went down to the dock. There had been enormous difficulties in getting him aboat the ship at London, and like difficulties were expected here in unloading him. Mr. Bailey sent Scott in to see Jumbo. The little man went in and began to talk to the biggest brute in the world since prehistoric times. His soft gentle voice could scarcely be heard. With his hands empty, Scott went up to Jumbo in his room, which had been built upon the upper deck of the ship, and walked up to him confidently, and

"Hello, Jumbo, Nice old Jumbo! Won't you come with me, Jumbo? Come on, Jumbo! Come along!

"And as he loosened the chains upon Jumbo's ankles, the big fellow stepped out of the house and submitted quietly to the process of being hoisted off the ship by means of an enormous crane. Scott remained with Jumbo all the time. He paid no attention to any of the other elephants. Among them was a very big and very bad elephant called Pilot, who long since paid the death penalty for his wickedness. It was plain to be seen that Pilot was horribly jealous of Jumbo. Before Jumbo's ar-rival Pilot had been the star monster of the herd, and he seemed to know that he had been superseded as well as

we knew it. "One evening at Lansing, Mich., Pilot got loose from his chains, and without making any noise, he worked his way around in front of Jumbo's place of honor in the menagerie. Suddenly Scott felt himself seized and dragged backwards, and in the next instant he saw before him the enormous trunk of Jumbo. Looking beyond the protecting trunk he saw the maddened Pilot standing before him, shricking his anger at being prevented by Jumbo from wreaking his dislike upon Scott. But old Jumbo stood just there, holding Scott between his trunk and his fore legs, and Mr. Pilot knew it would be

bad work for him to come any closer. "Pilot's shricks were heard all around the show, and in a moment his keepers came running in from the cook tent, where they were eating their per, and for a while they had a lively time of it getting Pilot back to his place and getting him securely chain-

"Another time, at Ottumwa, Ia., Pilot led the other elephants into stampede. At first it seemed as if Jumbo would join them, but when old Scott said, Here, Jumbo, what are you going to You are not going to leave-old Scott, are you? Stay here, Jumbo, and ... I am blessed if the big fellow didn't quiet down in an instant. A few moments later the other elephants got beyond control of their keepers and bolted off through an alley at the side of the show grounds. Old Scott took Jumbo, and hurrying out to the end of the alley, where the elephants were shricking a sort of pow-wow, as if they were deciding what they would do. Scott sent Jumbo into the alley ahead of him, 'Send them home, Jumbo. saying. Make them go back, Jumbo.' And back. they went.

"Jumbo never got a blow or a prodall the time he was with the show, from the time he landed until his untimely death by accident up in Canada. It will be remembered that it was his. attempt to rescue his little mate, Tom Thumb, from injury by a train, which caused him to be squeezed between the bank of a cut and the train, and killed. Tom Thumo was the smallest elephant in the herd, and Jumbo would have nothing to do with the rest. Tom was a lady elephant despite the name, and Jumbo was her steadfast beau, while old Scott was a sort of guardian to both.'

Long Litigation.

A firm of London wine merchants has ust receivedfrom the Court of Chancery a check for £95 for wine supplied to a ustomer in the year 1816, the litigation lasting 88 years.

Demon Lover Was Locked Up. And when Mary MacLane's demon over came at last the brutish Butte police diagnosed him as a crazy Italian and locked him up.—Buffalo Express,

August von Ende, a ploneer German resident of Wisconsin, is dead, grandfather was a German noblemia whose estates were confiscated during

the Napoleonic invasion. Prince Henry, of Prussia, recently recovered an old relic of his family in a singular manner. On board a German warship a cabin boy (according to the Kolnische Zeitung) showed him a watch belonging to Queen Louise, the prince's great-grandmother, together with document attesting its authenticity. Sharpe—Strange; that's what all the other neighbors say.—Philadelphia Press.

The voters' lists for Paris, as revised, show the total number of electors in the capital to be 605,279, as compared with 550,691 last year, an increase of 54,488.