CONGRESS THIS WEEK

Expect the Final Canal Legislation Before the Holidays.

PROSPECT IS FOR RATIFICATION

Southern Senators Are Particularly Anxloss for the Construction of the Waterway at Earliest Possible Date-Miscel-Inneous Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9 .- The only measure of importance which the senate has on its calendar for the present week is the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty, making provision for the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and opening the way for the unobstructed construction of an isthmian canal by the United States. Acting for the committee on foreign relations Senator Lodge will ask the senate to go into executive session today for the consideration of the treaty and each day hereafter until the treaty is disposed of. It can be said that at this time the prospect is very strong that the treaty will be ratified and it now looks as if this result would be secured after comparative little delay.

There will be some debate and some features of the document will be criticised as undesirable, but there is no probability of captious opposition. The criticism will be along the lines indicated by Senators Money and Bacon in the committee on foreign relations at its meeting on last Friday.

No senator has thus far shown a disposition to carry his discussion to a point of ultimate effort to defeat ratification. The principal authors of the criticism of the treaty are southern senators, who are generally very anxious for the construction of the canal. They find that all canal legislation will be tied up until action can be secured on the treaty and they are on this account less liable than they otherwise would be to do anything to delay action upon the treaty itself. The most active friends of the treaty now claim that ratification will be obtained before the Christmas holidays.

Beyond the consideration of the treaty very little business will be undertaken before the holidays. It is now generally agreed that the question of reciprocity will go over until January, probably without so much as being mentioned, and it may be added that from being for a time the subject most likely to attract early attention, it has taken a position among the matters which will not be vigorously urged. When the reciprocity treaties do come up for consideration there will be persistent opposition to the agreement with France and to that with Great Britain covering the West Indies.

There is not so much feeling over the conventions with the South American republics. The present outlook is also against the immediate action a the senate looking to tariff legislation for the Philippines, and there are now some indications that the senate will wait upon the house of representatives in this matter. Probably the Chinese exclusion act will be reported from committee during the week. The nomination of Attorney General Knox will be reported at the first executive session, but immediate confirmation will probably be antagonized by some senators.

GOOD OMEN FOR THE TREATY

mount the Obstructions.

LONDON, Dec. 9.-The Times, in an editorial on the Hay-Pauncefote canal treaty, says it is hard to see how Great Britain could concede more without pretending to give what she did not possess, namely, the rights of territorial sovereignty.

"That act," says the Times, "would not weaken the objections of those senators to anything making for good relations with Great Britain. As President Roosevelt and public opinion seem to favor this treaty, we venture to say it will surmount the threatened obstruction."

May Also Be a Kidnaper. VIENNA, Dec. 9.-It is said here that the man named Halju, who was arrested at Sofia December 7, and allexed to be the assassin of ex-Premier Stambuloff, had a hand in the kidnapping of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary.

A portion of the Illinois penitentiary was destroyed by fire.

ROME, Dec. 9.-After a tour of Italy, Gabrielle d'Annunzio, the dramatist, will take "Francesca da Rimini" to the United States with Tomasso Salvini, the tragedian, and Eleanor Duse.

Drilling in Asstric Doomed. LONDON, Dec. 9.-A dispatch to the Times from Vienna declares that as a result of the recent appeal to the lie to take the matter in hand, selling in Austro-Hungary is doomed. for purpose of allotting grazing land.

DIFFER ON INSULAR TARIFF

the Situation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.- The house this week will probably pass a measure to meet the situation created by the Philippine decision of the supreme court last Monday. Up to the present time, however, the republican members of the ways and means committeee have not decided upon the character of the measure which will be reported.

a difference of opinion exists as to whether there should be a temporary enactment of the Dingley rates on goods entering the United States from the Philippines, or whether a permanent possession of the island should be prepared. It is said Chairman Payne favors the latter course.

The republican committees will meet again tomorrow. If it is decided to enact a temporary measure the procedure will be exceedingly simple and it probably can be passed in a day. If, on the other hand, an entire scheme of tariff legislation is to be consummated more time will be taken up in the preparation and passage.

KILL AMERICAN DESERTER

David Fagin, Negro, Who Fled to Fillpines, is Decapitated.

MANILA, Dec. 9 .- The scouts from Bengabon province of Nueva Ecija have killed the American negro, David Fagin, a deserter from the Twentyfourth (colored) infantry, who for more than two years has been leading Filipinos against the American troops. The native scouts decapitated their prisoner. The man's head, however was recognized as that of Fagin. They also secured his commission in the insurgent army. Fagin had on one of his fingers the class ring of Lieutenant Frederick W. Altstaetter of the engineers, who was captured by Filirinos, supposedly under the command of Fagin bimself. October 28, 1900.

Fagin is the deserter who has been reported killed on several occasions. The authorities are satisfied that former statements of his death were erroneous an, that he has now been

HEPBURN'S CANAL BILL

Iowa Senator Introduces Proposition for Waterway.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9 .- Represent-

ative Hepburn of Iowa introduced his isthmian canal bill, which by reason of his being the author of the bill passed last year and his probable continuance at the head of the bouse commerce committee, is regarded as the measure which will serve as a basis for action by the house. It differs from the Hepburn bill passed last year, in making the total appropriation \$180,000,000, instead of \$140,000,-000. Of the total amount, \$10,000,000 is made immediately available to be gin work. In other respects the bill follows that of last year, authorizing the president to acquire a right of way from Costa Rica and Nicaragua and then to direct the secretary of war to begin the construction, from Greytown on the Carribean sea, to Brito on the Pacific ocean, with suitable defenses,

CIVIL SERVICE IN VOGUE

Weather Bureau Now Operating on Strict Merit System Basis.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9 .- The nual report of Prof. Willis L. Moore. chief of the United States weather bureau, says that substantial improvements have been made during the last year in the weather bureau system of wireless telegraphy. Such progress has been made by the government experimenters that, with no interference by private systems, stations can be successfully operated over atle ast 150 miles of coast line and are now in operation along the Virginia and North Carolina coasts and soon will be instituted between the Farrallone islands and the mainland, and Tatoosh island and the mainland on the Pacific coast.

The system of selective telegraphy he regards as well demonstrated theoretically, but has not been fully tested in practice.

Reads to Balld a Torkish Ship. CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 9 .- The Cramp Ship Building company has notified the porte that it is ready to commence building a cruiser for the Turkish government and has asked the government to send officers to supervise the vessel's construction. d'Annunzio is coming

Cattlemon Are Bjected. ARDMORE, Okl., Dec. 9 .- Prominent cattlemen of Choctaw Nation will be soon ejected form the reservation. They are regarded as intruders by the tribal government and the Indians have backing of the interior department. Many cattlemen who own thousands of head of cattle have been served with ejectment notices. This order has produced consterantion facilities near Neuchwang are very among cattlemen. The step is taken

WHY THE WAR GOES ON

General Chaffee Reports Causes of Guerilla Uprisings in Philippines.

REBELS TREACHEROUS IN EXTREME of the bill is as follows:

Take Advantage of Humanity Displayed by Most American Soldiers-Intimida tion that Discourages Haste in Supplanting Military With Civil Rule.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- The War department today made public the first annual report of Major General Chaffee, military governor of the Philippines. General Chaffee sums up the situation in the islands from a military point of view by stating that the provinces of Batangas and La Guna, in Luzon, and the islands of Samar, Mindoro, Cebu and Bohol constitute the area now disturbed by any embodied force of insurgents. He says that to the physical character of the country, to the nature of the warfare of the rebels, who are amigos and foe in the self-same hour, to the humanity of the troops, which is taken advantage of by the rebels and the inhabitants who sympathize with them, and to the fear of assassination on the part of the friendly disposed if they give information to the he is an anarchist the presiding judge American forces, is due the promulgation of the guerrilla warfare.

Commenting upon the plan of gradnally replacing military with civil administration, General Chaffee says:

"The withdrawal of interference with civil affairs does not contemplate withdrawal of the troops from their the convicted alien after undergoing stations to any considerable extent. such punishments shall be deported at On the contrary this should not be done hastily and when undertaken the country from which he came, and should be gradual and more in the if he returns to the United States nature of concentration than reduction of force or abandonment of any considerable area of territory."

He therefore recommends that there be no material reduction of troops before January, 1903. The civil governments which are being organizedprovincial and municipal-General Is an Invasion of the Prerogative of the Chaffee says, are both new and untried and there is but one certain and reliable method of ascertaining the progress of the Filipinos in self-gov-

"In the government of Manila for where apparent that an excellent foundation has been laid and a turto observe the laws and individually be orderly. This has been done withof treatment of the inhabintants."

In anticipation of a partial concentration of the troops in the islands next year General Chaffee submits estimates of cost for the construction fantry, together with a hospital and the floor of the house. store house, the whole to be under the command of a brigadier general. He gives \$500,000 as a rough estimate of cost for this project, and says | Necessaries of Life Surpass the Record that \$200,000 should be available immediately, in order to take full advantage of the dry season. For the construction of permanent quarters at say: other places which may be determined upon he estimates that \$2,000,000 is required

tion to the terrible disaster which beyet are strangers to and unappreciaerty beliefs and actions."

M'KINLEY NATIONAL PARK

Bull Providing a Reservation Tract is Apelachian Mountains.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 .- Representative Brownlow introduced in the house a bill of the last congress for the creation of a park in the southprovides that the park shall be called contain 4,000,000 acres.

"President McKinley when alive was Mr. Brownlow, discussing the bill. "The south loves and reveres his memory because he did more than any other man to unite this cause. That time the stamps were purchased by is why they want me to introduce this bill creating the McKinley National park, in grateful remembrance of the man."

Gunboat Vicksburg Reports. WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.- The navy department received a delayed cablegram, dated November 25 stating that the gunboat Vicksburg went into dock for the winter at Neuchwang, China. This information relieved the naval officials of quite a little anxiety felt in regard to the welfare of this vessel. It is explained that the cable poor and accounted for absence of information.

DEPORTATION OF ANARCHISTS

Surrows Introduces a Bill for the Exam ination of Suspected Aliens.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6 .- Senator Burrows has introduced a bill "to provide for the exclusion and deportation of alien anarchists." The first section

"That no alien anarchists shall here after be permitted to land at any port of the United States or be permitted into the United States, but this prohibition shall not be construed as to apply to political refugees or political offenders other than such anarchists."

The second section directs the special board of inquiry authorized by the immigration laws to make diligent investigation concerning the antecedents of any alien seeking admission into the United States who is suspected of being an anarchist, authorizing the board to even go to the extent of examining the person of suspected aliens indicative of membership in anarchistic societies. Section three provides for the return of persons to their native countries who have secured admission to the United States contrary to law and who have afterward been found to be anarchists

The fourth section provides when any alien is convicted of crime in the United States court and it shall appear from the evidence that shall direct a further hearing and if the judge is satisfied that the convicted alien is an anarchist or that his remaining in this country will be a menace to the government or society in general, he may direct that in addition to other punishments adjudged the expense of the United States to shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a period not exceeding five years, and afterward again deported."

OPPOSE THE SENATE'S ACTION

Lower Body.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.-Members of the house of representatives are showing some opposition to the origernment, namely, its observation by ination of Philippine revenue legislation in the senate, and in particular to Senator Lodge's bill, which deals threee years, if the military influences with this subject. Representative have done nothing more, it is every- Tawney of Minnesota holds that the constitutional provision that "all bills to Philippine measures, and the Minnesota member will oppose any senate out undue harshness or great severity bill on the subject as an invasion of the prerogatives of the house.

Mr. Overstreet of Indiana and quite a number of other influential members | ful crime. maintain that the senate Philippine bill ere within the meaning of the

PRICES REACH H.GH LEVEL.

of Many Years. NEW YORK, Dec. 6,-Dun's index

number, to be issued December 7, will

"If a man purchased his suppnes for one year on December 1 they would have cost \$101.37, while the General Chaffee devotes a good por- same quantity of the same articles would have aggregated only \$72.45 on fell Company C. Ninth infantry, at July 1, 1897, the lowest point on rec-Balangiga, Samar, and which, he says, ord, and \$121.75 on January 1, 1860. was "largely due to overconfidence in These price records are compiled by all ports in the Laguna and Batangas the assumed pacified conditions and multiplying the quotations of all the provinces. The quartermasters there in a people who to a great extent as necessaries of life by the per capita tive of our humane and personal lib- highest point in many years, and in purposes, as it is known that a large fact surpass all records since present distribution have been in use, and agricultural operations were first begun on the present extensive scale with labor saving machinery."

Two Years of Purchase.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6 .- Mr. Tracewell, the comptroller of the currency ern Apalachian mountains. The bill has decided that the act of May 12, 1900, prohibits the allowance of any the McKinley National park and shall claim for the redemption of documentary internal revenue stamps unless presented within two years after an ardent advocate of this park," said the purchase of the stamps from the government.

The question raised was whether the two years should run from the the person applying for their redemption, or from the time they were originally purchased from the government.

Navy Yard Moods Money.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 .- The rapid growth of the navy is the plea set up by Rear Admiral Endicott, chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, to justify the submission of estimates for the maintenance of improvements aggregating \$21,526,359. He admits that these estimates are much beyond the limit supposed probable when the current appropriations were made, but declares that all the works named are considered necessary.

BANISHMENT FOR THEM

Benators Discuss the Case of Anarchists Who Infest This Country.

A REMEDY TO KEEP THEM OUT

McComas Finds It Infliction of the Death Penalty Senator Hoar Thinks It Useless to Multiply Punishments for As-

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6 .- Senator McComes of Maryland made an extended and carefully prepared speech in the senate with anarchy for his theme and was followed by some brief remarks by Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts on the difficulties in the way of dealing with anarchist assassins. Mr. McComas' remarks showed careful examination of the legal authorities.

He maintained that congress had full power under the constitution to enact a law punishing with death any person killing a president or assaulting the president with intent to kill, or aiding, inciting or procuring such an act. He favored rigid provisions in the immigration laws for the deportation of alien anarchists. Much of the speech was devoted to an explanation of the dangerous doctrines of anarchy and the extent to which these doctrines had been propagated within recent years

Senator Hoar's remarks were interesting as coming from the venerable chairman of the judiciary committee. which will have much to do with the framing of any legislation on this subject. He said the difficulty was that assassins of kings and rulers always gloried in their crimes and were in nowise deterred by the fear of nunishment. For this reason he thought it was almost useless to multiply punishments. The most effective remedy he suggested, would be to have the civilized nations of the world agree upon some desolate spot on the earth's surface, to which all anarchists who upheld assassination or the overthrow of government should be transported.

In such a community the anarchist could carry out his theories of living without a government and the world would be rid of his presence.

Senator accomas said:

"Within seven years Minister Carnot, Prime Minister Canovas del Castilleo, the empress of Austria, King Humbert and President McKinley have for raising revenue shall originate in been foully assassinated by anarchists. bulent and hostile community brought the house of representatives," applies Our homes are still under the shadow of national grief for our best beloved president and the heart of the world is with us in our sorrow. It is humiliating to consider how impotent are our federal laws to punish this fear-

"These traric assassinations in difinvolves no invasion of house rights, ferent countries, widely separated, in of quarters and barracks. He recom- as it extends an existing law to the so short a time, show that this hideous mends that a permanent post be con- Philippines, and is not a revenue crime of anarchy is increasing. To Manila for a garrison of two squad- constitution. In any event the ques- impulse to homicide envy and vanity rons of cavalry, two batteries of ar- tion of the right of the house over the give a peculiar fascination to the idea tillery and two full regiments of in- subject is likely to be discussed on of the assassination of a king or a president.

"Congress must legislate against this new peril with courage, with firmness, but also with conservatism and prudence. The constitution permits congress to enact a law to punish such crimes against the very existence of the government the constitution or-

CHAFFEE CLOSES THE PORTS

Intends to Shut Off supplies Where In-

surgents Are Active. MANILA, Dec. 6 .- General Chaffee has issued orders for the closing of will cease paying rents to the Filiconsumption. Prices are now at the pinos for buildings used for military proportion of the money finds its way improved methods of manufacture and to the insurgents in the way of contributions and General Chaffee intends that no more government funds shall find their way into the hands of the enemy. The reason for closing the ports is that too many supplies are found to be getting into the posssession of the insurgents. General Chaffee intends giving General Bell, commanding the troops in the Batangas province, every assistance he may require to subdue the insurrection

Norfolk People Angry.

NORFOLK, Neb., Dec. 6.-The action of Governor Savage and the board of public lands and buildings, in ordering the removal of the remain ing patients from the insane hospital here to Lincoln and Hastings, has aroused public indignation to the bolling point. Many advocate injunction proceedings, but it is not probable that such action will be taken.

Will Entertain the Floot.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6 .- At the re quest of Governor General Wood of Cuba the Itinerary of the North Atlantic squadron has been changed so as to have the squadron at Havana during the Christmas holidays, from December 17 to 26. By that time General Wood will have returned to Havana and he wishes to extend special courtesies to the officers and men of the fleet during the holiday season.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Intest Quotations From South Omaha and Kansas City. SOUTH OMAHA.

Cattle-There was a very light run of cattle, and as the demand on the part of packers was liberal the market ruled active and higher all around on anything at all good. The limited offerings of cornfed steers brought buyers out early and there was lively competition, particularly for the better grades. The general market could safely be quoted strong to s dime higher, and in a good many cases sales were made that looked a good deal higher. Although the bolk of the offerings consisted of butcher stock, the cow market was active and higher. The better grades were easily strong to a dime higher. The medium grades and canners did not show much change, but still they moved more freely than they have for the last several days. Bulls also sold at good, strong prices where the quality was at all good. Veal calves and stags could be quoted strong. There were only a few stockers and feeders on the market, so that sellers had no difficulty in getting good, steady prices for anything at all desirable. The common kinds, though, were neglected, the same as the yards, but it is safe to quote beef steers of good quality strong and active. Hogs-There was not a very heavy run of hogs, and as other markets were quoted higher prices improved at this The market opened 10@15c higher

\$6.15 to \$6.20. The medium weights sold largely from \$6.05 to \$6.16, butcher weights from \$6.00 to \$6.05, and the light hogs from \$6.00 down. It was not an active market, however, as buyers and sellers were far apart in their views. The bulk of the sales went from \$6.00 to \$6.05. Sheep-There were only a few cars of sheep and lambs on sale and a good proportion of what did arrive were feeders Anothing in the way of mutton grades sold freely at stendy to strong prices, as the demand on the part of packers was active. The limited offerings soon brought the market to u close. The feeder situation did not show change from yesterday. The choicer bunches moved fairly well, but common stuff was neglected the same as has been

with the prime heavyweights selling from

KANSAS CITY.

the case for some time past.

Cattle-Market strong to lie higher; choice dressed beef and export steers, \$5.8997.00; fair to good, \$4.7595.75; stocknteers, \$2,0000.25; western range steers, \$3,8004.75; Texas and Indian steers, \$3,250 4.85; Texas cows, \$2.5005...; native cow-\$2.7564.75; helfers, \$2.0025.40; cows, \$1.506 2.60; bulls, \$2,35@4.15; calves, \$3,25@6.00. Hogs-Market 100/15c higher; top. 16:25;

bulk of sales, \$5.5066.50; heavy, \$6.7566.35; mixed packers, \$6.0505.30; light, \$5.5096.20; plgs. 14.65675.25. Sheep and Lambs-Market steady; na-

tive lambs, \$4.5064.75; western lambs, \$4.00 (74.50; native wethers, \$2.25623.75; ewes, \$3.9903.40; culls and feeders, \$2.00613.25,

CATTLE CONVENTION CLOSES

Last Session of the Fifth Annual Meeting of Stockmen.

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.-The last session of the fifth annual convention of the National Live Stock association was held at the Studebaker theater yesterday. The attendance was better than for any previous day of the meeting, owing to the fact that the place for the next convention was to be selected. Pittsburg, Portland, Ore., Denver and Kansas City were among the candidates for entertaining the cattlemen next year. The new executive committee, with F. J. Hagerba as chairman, reported the renomination of the old officers as follows: President, John W. Springer; vice president, F. J. Hargerbarth; second vice president, John W. Holt; secretary, C. F. Martin; treasurer, George W. Goulding.

COMPLETING THE NEW BIBLE

Episcopal Committee About Through With Compilation.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.-A new bible authorized by the late general convention in San Francisco, to be read in all Episcopal churches in the United States, has been in process of completion by the committee on marginal readings, which has sat at the Episcopal general seminary in this city since last Tuesday and will conclude its work Saturday, says the

It was stated that an English firm has promised to undertake the publication of this bible without expense to the committee. This new bible is to consist of the text and renderings of the King James version, the renderings of the English revision and the renderings of the recent American

Jenks Sentenced to Five Years. DAVENPORT, Ia., Dec. 7 .- E. S. Jenks, a contractor, pleaded guilty to the charge of forging a relative's name at Mt. Pleasant and was sentenced to the penitentiary at Fort Madison for five years.

Suspected of Postoffice Robbery. SIOUX CITY, Ia., Dec. 7.-The police arrested Joe Budd and S. F. Bradley on suspicion of being the burglars who robbed the Kronstadt (S. D.) postoffice recently. Over \$200 in stamps was in the Yoom.

Chill Dodges the Question. NEW YORK, Dec. 7.-The Chillan reply to the Argentine government's proposal regarding the settlement of pending questions is not as satisfactory as was believed at first, says the Buenos Ayres correspondent of the Herald. The communication is very long and contains a review of the whole boundary question, but nothing definite about Argentine's basis of settlement. The dispute is as far from

solution as at the beginning.