

COUNT OF THE BALLOTS

State Results Quite Generally Favorable to the Republicans.

THE LOCAL CONTESTS ARE MIXED

The Landslide in Greater New York Arouses Democrats—Additional Returns From Nebraska, Iowa, Massachusetts and Other States.

OMAHA, Nov. 7.—In this city these were successful candidates in the late election: Sheriff, Power, dem.; Judge, Vinsonhale, rep.; clerk, Unitt, rep.; treasurer, Elsassner, dem.; registrar, Denel, dem.; coroner, Bradley, rep.; superintendent, Bodwell, rep.; surveyor, Edquist, rep.; representative, Battin, rep.; county commissioner, Connolly, dem.; Waterman, rep.; O'Keefe, dem.; police judge, Berk, rep.; school board, Andressen, Cermak, Homan, Funkhouser, McIntosh.

Judge Sedgwick and the republican candidates for university regents on the state ticket have carried Douglas county by some 1,700 majority. The regents run close to the supreme court and close to one another.

LINCOLN, Nov. 7.—From all returns received up to noon Chairman Lindsay of the republican state central committee estimates that Judge Sedgwick's plurality will exceed 7,000. The entire republican ticket is elected in Lancaster county. Complete returns give Jesse Moore, candidate for register of deeds a majority of 31, and B. F. Knight, candidate for treasurer, over 800. All other nominees are elected by between 1,000 and 2,100.

A table of forty-two counties, complete, shows a plurality for Sedgwick of 6,001. These same counties last year gave Dietrich, republican candidate for governor, a plurality of 41, a net gain over last year of 5,960, when Dietrich had a plurality in the state of 861. This would indicate that the republican plurality on the head of the state ticket will be in the neighborhood of 10,000, as the counties included in the table represent more than half the vote of the state for governor last year. Partial returns from other counties show that the same ratio of republican gain obtains throughout the state.

OMAHA, Nov. 7.—The Herald says. Figures secured by the World-Herald covering about 70 per cent of the state vote on judge of the supreme court of Nebraska indicate that in 1,121 voting precincts of the state out of the total number of 1,611, that Sedgwick has received 74,527 votes, and that Hollenbeck has received 63,118 votes, thus giving Sedgwick a majority up-to-date in the first heard from portions of the state, customarily republican, of 11,409.

But comparisons with the Holcomb-Reese vote of two years ago for the same position indicate that this majority will receive a big trimming down on the late precincts.

The Result in Iowa.
DES MONIES, Nov. 7.—Returns are coming in slowly, only one-half of the 2,100 precincts have been heard from.

If the same percentage of gain in majority continues, Cummins, republican candidate for governor, will have 32,000 over that of Phillips, democrat.

The prohibition vote has been largely increased, advancing from 9,900 last year to 25,000 this year.

Practically every precinct heard from shows a falling off in the democratic vote.

Republicans Own Colorado.
DENVER, Colo., Nov. 7.—In the election of county officers in Colorado, the republicans won in most of the large counties except Arapahoe. Complete returns from all the precincts in this city and all country precincts except one show that all the democratic candidates were elected in Arapahoe by majorities ranging from 2,000 to 4,000. In many counties the result is mixed, the offices being divided between democrats and republicans.

Will of Edward Stokes.
NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The will of Edward S. Stokes, who died on Saturday last at the residence of his sister, Mrs. McNutt, was filed in the surrogate's office yesterday. The will was executed on February 13, 1891, before Mr. Stokes had the disagreement with his cousin, W. E. D. Stokes, and the latter is the chief beneficiary under the will. No petition setting forth the value of the property left by Mr. Stokes was filed with the will.

Virginia Democratic 25,000.
RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 7.—Latest returns in the election figures do not alter the figures first sent out. Those figures place the democratic majority on the state ticket about 25,000. The indications are that the republicans have elected one senator and fourteen members of the house. This is a gain of eleven on the present general assembly, but that body will still be overwhelmingly democratic in both branches.

NEBRASKA FRUIT AT BUFFALO

The Display Was One of Which the State May Feel Proud.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 11.—The result of Nebraska's fruit display as to awards has been telegraphed you, says a dispatch to the World-Herald. Work done by Mr. Hodgkinson has been very gratifying. The fruit which has attracted the attention of horticultural scientists, and which has been the life of the exhibit, was plums, the collection of seedlings and hybrids showing the evolution of the plum from the sand cherry to the present delicious variety. For this Nebraska is largely indebted to Mr. Theodore Williams, whose valuable work in cross-breeding plums has attracted much scientific attention. Of these 140 varieties have been exhibited, spreading over a period of two months. With the display of peaches following, of which Russell's seedling commanded attention for its fair size and good quality, and the apples in fall and winter varieties to the number of forty, the tables have been well filled and the unique booths made of bark have overflowed. McCormick's Duchess of Oldenburg was especially fine, and Nebraska's Jonathans gained the admiring compliments of the horticulturists who have grown critical from much acquaintance with toothsome varieties. A special display of commercial apples has recently been installed in new space, and Benjamin Davis, esq., and the Missouri plippin fairly shine in a successful effort to show that the drouth didn't dry out their juices. Mr. Hodgkinson's work as a scientific horticulturist has reflected credit upon Nebraska in choosing him to represent her among so many representing widely separated sections.

If the popular choice could have given it, Nebraska certainly would have had a gold medal for corn, for all day long the people came and stood over the great ears and expressed astonishment and admiration. "It cannot be possible that such corn was raised when you had such a drouth," they said, and they quietly shelled off a few kernels and carried them off to plant until hardly an ear was left intact.

TO STAMP OUT SMALLPOX
Senator Dietrich Urges the Need of Urgent Measures.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Senator Dietrich through his secretary brought to the attention of the commissioner of Indian affairs the possibility of an epidemic of smallpox among the citizens of Homer, Thurston county, a village just north of the Winnebago Indian reservation, unless imperative action is taken by the authorities. The senator urged immediate action on the part of the government in view of the seriousness of the case and asked that something be done to prevent the spread of disease. As the Indians are citizens of Nebraska, it was decided that the question of quarantine rests solely with the Thurston county authorities, and it devolves upon them to move in the matter.

Held for Horse Stealing.
DAVID CITY, Neb., Nov. 11.—Chas. Miller, the man who was brought from Burt county by Sheriff Ben last week, charged with stealing a valuable horse belonging to W. A. Wells, was arranged before County Judge Skiles and bound over to the next term of the district court. The horse was stolen in September and was recovered last week in Burt county.

Senator Millard.
OMAHA, Nov. 11.—Senator Millard has engaged a suite of three rooms at the New Millard hotel at Washington, where he will make his headquarters during the coming session of congress, which convenes December 2. The rooms are on the top floor of the hotel. He will be accompanied at the capital by his daughter, Miss Jennie Millard.

For State Normal School.
LINCOLN, Nov. 11.—Gov. Savage has appointed Stephen W. L. Stephens of Beatrice a member of the board of education of the state normal school to succeed James West of Benkelman, who has resigned because of removal from the state. Mr. Stephens is city superintendent of the Beatrice schools.

Samuel I. Russell Insane.
LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 11.—Samuel I. Russell, a dealer in the local stock exchange, and formerly mayor of Creston, Iowa, has been taken to the asylum for the insane, his mind having given away recently.

Hunter Has Fined Himself.
LINCOLN, Nov. 11.—William S. Steln, prominent in business and social life of Lincoln, was fined \$20 for violating the game law. He had eighty-nine ducks in his possession, which was forty-nine more than allowed by law. Steln is one of the men who assisted in inducing the legislature to pass the game law. His violation of the act was a thoughtless error, which he acknowledged voluntarily.

AT ST. LOUIS IN 1903

Likely that Nebraska Will Have Suitable Representation There.

WHAT GOVERNOR SAVAGE WILL DO

He Will Appeal to the Pride and Patriotism of the Citizens of the State for Necessary Funds to Make an Exhibit—Other Nebraska Matters.

LINCOLN, Nov. 6.—If the plans of Governor Savage do not miscarry Nebraska will take a prominent position in the field of exhibitors at the Louisiana Purchase exposition at St. Louis in 1903. The governor proposes to appoint an extraordinary commission of five persons, who shall serve without compensation and shall provide the necessary funds for making the exhibit. This plan contemplates the raising of funds by voluntary subscription, and the promise is made that in his biennial message Governor Savage will ask the legislature to reimburse those who may have advanced money to the commission.

"I cannot consent to Nebraska not being represented at the Louisiana Purchase exposition," said the governor. "The state is part of the territory purchased from France in 1803, and it would reflect on our pride, our enterprise and our patriotism should we fail to join with our sister states in promoting this great undertaking."

"The last legislature having failed to make an appropriation for an exhibit," continued the governor, "and it being impossible to secure an appropriation before most of the money required should be expended, I have decided to appeal to the pride and patriotism of the citizens of the state with a view to securing the necessary funds. My plan is to appoint a commission of five, to be composed of citizens whose patriotism and loyalty are unquestioned, who shall serve without compensation and who shall have charge of the exhibit and provide the funds required to complete and maintain it. In my biennial message to the legislature I shall ask that money be appropriated to reimburse those who have advanced funds for this purpose."

"It is estimated that \$12,000,000 will be invested in this enterprise, aside from the amount invested by individual exhibitors and by the different states, which insures an exposition of mammoth proportions and one likely to attract visitors on a broader and more modern plan than was the Columbian, and in a general sense to Nebraska at least, it rises above that one in importance. Nebraska is the garden spot of the territory purchased at that time, and being yet a young state and rich in natural resources, affording opportunities for the profitable investment of capital to be found nowhere else on this continent, it can enter as an exhibitor with assurances of ample reward."

"We have thousands of acres of undeveloped land; we have opportunities for the investment of capital in commercial and manufacturing industries, and we have an abundance of opportunities for the investment of capital on large and small scales. Nowhere else in the world is capital or labor more certain of reward."

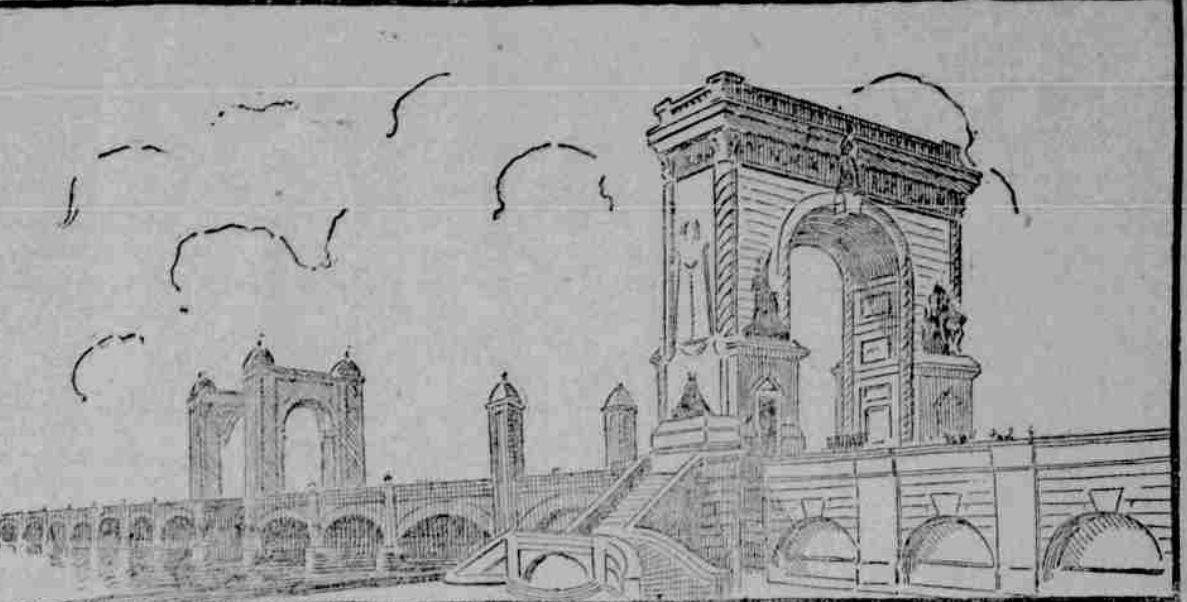
Graders Plow Up Skeletons.
COLUMBUS, Neb., Nov. 6.—Street graders at Lindsay plowed up four skeletons, said by Dr. D. G. Walker to be those of white males fully grown. Nothing in the known history of the place throws any light on the discovery, and it is thought the skeletons, still in a good state of preservation, must have lain there as long as sixty years. There is a mound at the side of the village and it was here the skeletons were found.

Gage County Mortgages.
BEATRICE, Neb., Nov. 6.—During October Gage county released \$10,738 more in mortgages than was filed. Twenty-four farm mortgages were filed, amounting to \$35,934; forty-three were released, amounting to \$49,287; thirty-one city mortgages, amounting to \$12,604, were filed, and twenty-four, amounting to \$9,989, were released.

Postage Stamps to Burn.
OMAHA, Nov. 6.—Postmaster Crow has made up a package of unused Pan-American exposition postage stamps, which he will forward to Washington, where it is understood they will be burned. The package contains 650,000 ones, 50,000 twos, 20,000 eights and 10,000 tens.

Attempt to Rob a Bank.
ADAMS, Neb., Nov. 6.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to rob the Adams State bank. The glass in the rear door was broken and entrance effected thereby. No further damage was done and no other evidence of the presence of thieves was found, save an iron bar left just inside the door. A railway velocipede was stolen from the handcar house, on which it is supposed the burglars took their departure.

THE MCKINLEY ARCH



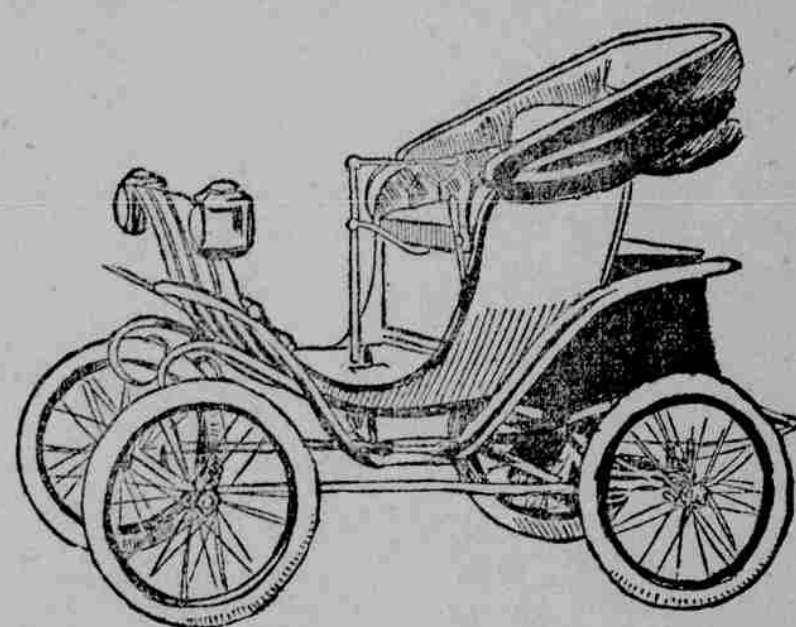
The William McKinley National Memorial Arch association, which has been incorporated under the laws of the District of Columbia, with the purpose of erecting a memorial arch in honor of the late President in Washington, will depend upon voluntary contributions from Americans, both at home and abroad. It is the present purpose of the committee to have the arch span the entrance to the proposed memorial bridge across the Potomac River from Washington to the Virginia shore.

The arch, with its bas-reliefs and statues, will be entirely the work of American architects, artists and sculptors, and no limit has been put upon its cost, this depending entirely upon the amount of contributions received. The association will have headquarters in Washington, but every state and large city will have a vice-president and an organization to encourage subscriptions. Bishop Henry C. Potter is one of the vice-presidents for New York. President Roosevelt has accepted honorary membership in the association and Hon. Lyman J. Gage, secretary of the Treasury, is treasurer. Admiral Dewey is also a vice-president, and prominent men in every state and large city and in the cities abroad where Americans live, are accepting vice-presidencies in the association and aiding in the work of raising funds.

The association has just secured a charter and contributions are invited. Commissioner MacFarland, president of the McKinley National Memorial Arch association, has received a letter from Miss Helen Gould, in which she accepts an appointment as one of the vice-presidents of the association. A letter from Miss Gould brought a suggestion from President MacFarland that a woman's committee be appointed to work in conjunction with the national association, with Miss Gould as chairwoman. Miss Gould will be asked to act as head of the committee. Miss Gould stated that she was heartily in sympathy with the object of the association.

A Queen's Electric Motor Car

Queen Alexandra has become possessed of a victoriette, which she has learnt to drive herself. Seated for two, its frame-work is articulated, so that it adapts itself to any unevenness of road without stress or strain. The single motor is of 4 h. p., of four pole type, and can be worked to five times normal capacity without any injurious effects.



The batteries are fitted in the rear portion of the carriage, and contain sufficient energy for thirty-five or forty miles on one charge. The car is electrically lit and fitted with japanned lamps, relieved with silver-plate fittings; the wheels are of bicycle type, and fitted with 3-inch pneumatic tires. Speed of car is from six miles to fourteen miles per hour.

The queen herself has become an expert driver, and derives great pleasure from this pleasing little vehicle, which is now quite familiar in the neighborhood of Sandringham.

NAMING THE FARMS.
Letter boxes now appear at the gateways of farms throughout many districts in several states, along the country mail routes recently established by the government, and one of the first results of the innovation is decidedly interesting.

No sooner had the mail boxes appeared than the farmers began to take a deeper interest in the gates and the general style of the entrances to their homes. The boxes were new, looked fresh, and seemed to give a dignity to the gateposts that they never possessed before. The contrast, in the great majority of cases, was not pleasing, particularly to the women folk and the younger men, and most of the farmers set about making improvements up to the standard of the letter box.

This was one step in the right direction. Then it was natural that the mail carrier sometimes made mistakes, because there was neither name nor number to guide him in the delivery of the letters, newspapers or packages. Some of the farmers nailed up rude "shingles" bearing the names of the occupants of the house at the upper end of the lane. Other farmers ordered neatly painted signs bearing the name of the head of the house.

Now, it appears, from a letter addressed to the Milledgeville Free Press, progress has taken a more decided step along this line. The farmers in the vicinity are christening their places and displaying the names chosen in handsome painted signs on the gateposts. "I have concluded to name my place 'Midway Farm,'" says the

writer of the letter referred to, "not because it is sporty or tough, but because it is located just half way between Milledgeville and Chadwick, also half way between Polo and Mount Carroll, and half way between Lanark and Coleta."

Perhaps we are at last upon the threshold of the time, so long looked forward to in the United States, when country life will take upon itself the habitments that adorn it in the older lands. Perhaps the mail box and the farm name are but the precursors of other improvements, in the agricultural regions, which will give the United States country homes with beautiful surroundings.

The buildings alone for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis in 1903 will cover 187 acres.

Historic House to be Sold



William Makepeace Thackeray's old house, 2 Palace Green, London, which the novelist built in accordance with his ideas and where he passed his last days, was recently to be sold at auction. Palace Green is part of the fashionable district at the extreme upper end of Hyde park, and gets its name from the fact that it is close to Old Kensington palace, where Queen Victoria was born and spent her childhood. No. 2 is a picturesque dwelling, set well

back from the street and almost hidden by the trees by which it is surrounded.

This is not one of the several London houses in which Thackeray's best-known novels were written, but was built by him in his more prosperous old age. The circumstances of the transaction reveal the author of "Vanity Fair" in a rather new light, that of a careful provider. He wanted not only to buy a house where he could spend his last days quietly, but to make a

speculation that would eventually benefit those whom he left behind, and fancying that property in the district would increase in value as time went on he took a long lease of the site upon which at the time there stood an old and somewhat dilapidated family mansion.

Thackeray's first idea was to repair and alter this house, but he afterward decided to pull it down together. The annual rental of the Palace Green property was \$2,500, a figure which Thackeray's friends thought rather beyond his means, and when he began his building operations they were agnost at his extravagance. The author's judgment was vindicated eventually, however, for when the house was sold after his death it brought \$10,000 more than it had cost.

A remarkable story is current regarding General Sir Ian Hamilton's spectacles. The general lost a pair of spectacles at the battle of Majuba Hill. They must have been picked up by a Boer whom they suited, and who kept them for twenty years. In the early part of the present year the spectacles were found on the dead body of a Boer. The case had General Hamilton's name on it, and the glasses were in due course returned to their original owner.

Charles Algernon Parsons, the inventor and builder of the turbine engines of the ill-fated Viper and Cobra of the British navy, is a brother of Lord Rosse and a son of the famous Lord Rosse of the great telescope, from whom he inherited his strong bent toward scientific research and mechanics.