

TO BREAK THE STRIKE

Steel Corporation Brings Number of Non-union Men from South.

SEE THEM AT MONESSEN PLANT

Expected to Add It to the List of Mills Already in Operation—Union Members Say It is Impossible—A Unanimous Leaders Claim Hidden Strength.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 13.—A party of strikebreakers brought up from the south by special train were safely delivered in the steel mills at Monessen early yesterday morning and the United States Steel corporation expects to add that plant to the number running partly or in full with non-union men within the next twenty-four hours. The Carnegie properties also resumed last night without a break in the forces operating them, and that fact, joined with the promise of an early start at Monessen, leads the steel officials here to take a very hopeful view of the situation. The strikers claim that men enough to start the Monessen mills cannot be obtained and that they have not yet shown their hand. At Duquesne and other Carnegie plants they promise that developments will indicate their strength to better advantage.

It was anticipated that there would be trouble when the non-union men reached Monessen, for the strikers were watching the railroads and rivers and had expressed a determination to prevent the entrance of the strikebreakers. The men who were handling the movement for the steel corporation successfully veiled their action, however, and had their charges safely within the plants hours before it was known definitely by anyone on the outside that the men had arrived. They were brought to Monessen by special train and were landed at 4 o'clock in the morning. It is not known how many men were in the party or where they were obtained.

The mills are guarded and the men will be kept on the premises until all danger of trouble ceases. Bunks for about fifty men have been erected and large quantities of food have been purchased for them. A fence has been thrown around the property and guards posted to keep out all intruders. The strikers will undoubtedly make an effort to induce the strikebreakers to quit and the fear is expressed that there will be trouble if any demonstration is made against the men or property. The situation there is regarded as very delicate.

The steel managers may succeed in getting another mill on tomorrow at the Palster plant. Two mills were operated there last week with non-union men and part of another crew was gotten together last week. Just as soon as enough men are available the third mill will be started.

IOWA GOES TO PANAMA.

Naval Department Decides that the Ranger is Not Enough.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 13.—A telegram has been prepared at the navy department to go forward to the Iowa immediately upon her arrival at San Francisco, ordering her to prepare at once to go to sea. When she arrives the department that she is ready an order will follow for her to proceed at once to Panama.

The little cruiser hanger, which is at San Diego, was ordered to sail today. It is not believed that there will be any delay in her departure, as she has had several days' notice in which to prepare for sea. She is very slow, however, making not more than six knots, and as the distance to Panama is about 2,300 miles, it would require almost fifteen days for her to reach her destination. The department therefore decided to dispatch the Iowa as soon as the battleship arrives at San Francisco and can prepare for the trip.

Shipwreck Near Havana.
CERRILLO SPRING, Cuba, Aug. 12.—John H. O'Neil of Havana was instantly killed in Williams canal near Havana yesterday. He took his family to the canyon to spend the day and while the rest were eating lunch he stepped the dam and fell to death.

German Boat for Venezuela.
BREITENBURG, Aug. 12.—The German government has ordered the cruiser *Vienita*, now at South Africa, to proceed to Venezuelan waters to be in readiness to protect German interests if an emergency should arise.

Boats Shipped to Havana.
MIAMI, Fla., Aug. 12.—From 1,500 to 2,000 men will be shipped to Havana from this port and Venezuela toward the latter of the cities. Hundreds of boats are being shipped in the quantity of 1,500 or 2,000 boats to the latter of the cities.

SCHWAB WILL TAKE CHARGE.

Bethlehem Steel Company Buys the Bethlehem Iron Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Bethlehem Steel company today it was decided to ratify the purchase of the Bethlehem iron company and to issue \$7,500,000 bonds, the purchase price of the iron company. There was not a dissenting vote, 236,443 shares out of a total of 300,000 being represented. The meeting was the result of the recent meeting at which the stockholders of the Bethlehem iron company voted to sell their holdings in the company. It was denied that the purchase was a part of the Vickers-Maxim-Cramp deal to secure control of the two companies named.

It was authoritatively announced today that within ten days the control of the Bethlehem Steel company and the Bethlehem iron company will be assumed by President Schwab of the United States Steel corporation. Mr. Schwab holds an option on the stock of the company at \$24 a share, which expires August 26. More than 240,000 shares out of a total of 300,000 are now in the hands of the Girard Trust company, which acts as trustee in the transaction.

MANY SUNK WITH SHIP.

Alaskan Passenger Steamer *Islands*, Crashes Into an Iceberg.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 13.—The steamer *Islands*, the crack passenger steamer of the Alaskan route, operated by the Canadian Pacific Navigation company of this city, struck an iceberg off Douglas island at 2 o'clock on the morning of Thursday last and went to the bottom, carrying down from sixty-five to eighty souls, including passengers and members of the crew. Some of the survivors arrived here this evening by the steamer *Queen*. They report that as the vessel went down its boilers exploded, causing the death of many who might have escaped. Captain Foote was on the bridge when the vessel struck and stayed there and went down with the ship.

There was \$275,000 in gold on the steamer, \$100,000 of which was carried by passengers. H. H. Hart, who has spent sixteen years in the Klondike, lost \$36,000 in dust.

Some say that Captain Foote reached a raft, but that when he saw the extent of the disaster he jumped overboard.

No accurate list of dead will be available until the arrival of the purser on the steamer *Farallon*.

ALL NATIONS TO BE INVITED.

Exposition Proclamation is Now in Hands of President.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—There were further conferences today between Chairman Carter of the Louisiana Purchase exposition and State department officials concerning the proclamation which is about to be issued inviting foreign nations to participate in the exposition. The proclamation has been mailed to the president and as soon as he returns it to the State department it will be issued. This proclamation, together with the regulations relative to exhibits, will be communicated to the diplomatic representatives of all nations in Washington and also sent to all diplomatic and consular officers of the United States in foreign countries.

SAYS BOTHA WILL SURRENDER.

London Sun Claims Poor General Botha Willing With Kitchener.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The Sun today says it hears that the concentration of General Botha's forces at Moudervil, on the borders of Zululand, announced in a dispatch from Durban last night, does not forebode a fight with Botha, but his surrender, in pursuance with an understanding reached between General Botha and Lord Kitchener. The Sun adds that the government is so confident that the war is virtually over that Lord Kitchener, now on his way back to South Africa, has in his pocket the draft of a complete constitution and plan for the future government of the annexed territories.

Japanese Blasted Over Manchuria.
 LONDON, Aug. 13.—"Japanese public opinion," says a dispatch to the Times from Tokio, "is becoming excited over the Manchurian question. The newspapers contend that Russia contemplates a permanent occupation in which Japan cannot possibly acquiesce."

Spain Sends More Troops.
 TAMPA, Fla., Aug. 13.—The Spanish minister at Washington has advised General Scott, the Spanish vice consul here, for the names of subjects who were recently deported by the citizens' vigilance committee as leaders of the Benedictine order's strikers and for an investigation of the whole affair, so far as Spain is concerned. The vice consul has been investigating and has been reported to have done so.

NEWS GOES WIRELESS

Communication With Louisiana Kept Up for Nearly Four Hours.

MANY MESSAGES FROM THE SHORE

Passengers of Steamer Are Given a Summary of World's Happenings Since They Left Queenstown Several Days Ago.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—The Cunard line steamship *Lucania*, Captain McKay, which sailed from Liverpool for New York August 10, was spoken through the medium of wireless telegraphy by the Nantucket lighthouse shortly after 6 o'clock this evening.

The Herald shore station, to which came the wireless message from the lighthouse is at Siasconnet, a favorite summer resort on the island of Nantucket. On the highest part of the village, known as Bunker Hill, is erected a mast, built in three sections, with its truck rising 165 feet in the air. At its upper end is a spar known as a spirit or yard, which carries a vertical wire of the Marconi system 180 feet above the ground. The instruments which complete the installation are in a cottage 100 feet distant from the base of the mast, and between it and the sea an uninterrupted moorland stretches for a mile or more. Forty sea miles away, bearing about south, the Nantucket lighthouse is moored as a safeguard to vessels crossing the dangerous shoals of this vexed area and as a point of departure and arrival for vessels crossing the northern Atlantic or coasting along the western seaboard. On board this vessel a spar has been fitted to the original mast and from the tip of this, 106 feet above the sea plane, a wire is suspended similar to that on shore.

At the Siasconnet wireless telegraph station the instruments near 6 o'clock this evening recorded "se" signals that were being sent out from the lighthouse for *Lucania*. Finally, about 6 o'clock it was demonstrated that the two vessels were in communication. To make absolutely certain, their circuit was temporarily broken, to ask the lights-up if *Lucania* had been heard from. The answer came back that the steamship had been reached. From that time until 9:40 messages were sent in a stream from *Lucania*. There were occasional interruptions for adjustment, but in a general way it may be said that the conditions were favorable and that communication for nearly four hours was unbroken.

From the Nantucket lighthouse to *Lucania* was also sent a summary of the news events of the world that had happened since the steamship left the other side.

The following message was among those received at the lighthouse from *Lucania* and then transmitted to the land station. It is signed by Captain McKay, in command of *Lucania*:

"All well on board. We are 287 miles from Sandy Hook and with clear weather expect to reach New York harbor Saturday. Please inform Cunard agents."
 "M'KAY."

SCHELBY AT WASHINGTON.

Confers With Several Friends Regarding the Court of Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—Admiral Schley, who arrived here with his wife last night, will remain until the court of inquiry which is to investigate the Santiago campaign completes its work. The interim between now and the opening of the sessions of the court, September 12, will be devoted to his side of the case. Today he had his first consultation with Judge Jere Wilson of this city, former Representative Rayner of Baltimore and Captain James Parker of New Jersey. Admiral Schley will go over everything relating to the matter with his counsel and place them in possession of every fact pertaining to a thorough and complete understanding of the events of the campaign which are in controversy. Admiral Schley declines to talk about the case.

Game Law Violator Charged.
DES MOINES, Aug. 17.—William Wagner of Vanderhoop has been arrested on a charge of violating the state game law by shipping quail out of the state. George A. Lincoln of Cedar Rapids, state game warden, has instituted proceedings against Wagner. He will have a hearing in Justice Duncan's court in Des Moines at an early day.

British Farmers Fear Americans.
 LONDON, Aug. 17.—There has been a recrudescence on the part of the Irish and British farmers against what they term the practical monopoly of the London meat market by Americans, and the Board of Agriculture has promised to inquire into the matter. The farmers assert that the American importers of cattle have so influenced a corporation in London which controls the markets that they

GRANT MAKES GOOD CAPTURE.

Leader of Insurgents in Province of Batangas Surrendered.

MANILA, Aug. 16.—Second Lieutenant Walter S. Grant of the Sixth cavalry, while scouting with a detachment near Taal, Batangas province, has made what the military authorities consider to be the most important capture since Aguinaldo was made prisoner. Grant captured Colonel Martin Cabrera, his adjutant and six other insurgents. Cabrera had been growing in power for some time. He controlled all the insurgents in southern Batangas and also those west of the city of Batangas.

Colonel Panganiban, a captain and twenty men, with twenty-six rifles and considerable ammunition, have surrendered to Lieutenant Smith of the Twentieth infantry near Lusan. They formed a portion of General Malvar's command. After taking the oath of allegiance they were released.

Captain Polcarpio, a lieutenant and five men from the Sixth company of Malvar's command also surrendered to Colonel Baldwin, refusing at the same time payment for their rifles and revolvers, saying that they surrendered for peace and not for money.

Lieutenant Evans reports that he has not seen or heard of any insurgents recently on the island of Mindoro. He reports the burning of a camp, however, and succeeded in capturing thirty tons of rice. He says the people in the valley of Rjan reside in the fairest farming country of the islands. The district is thickly settled and plentifully supplied with cattle and rice.

General Chafee is greatly pleased by these accounts from the province of Batangas and the island of Mindoro.

THE STRIKE COMES WEST.

Three Thousand Joliet Workmen Vote to Obey Sheriff's Order.

JOLIET, Ill., Aug. 16.—The four lodges of the Amalgamated association employes of the Illinois Steel company at the Joliet mills by a unanimous vote decided to obey the strike order of President Shaffer. The conference was in session from 3 o'clock in the afternoon to 9 o'clock at night before the decision was reached.

The steel mills were closed at noon to enable the members of the association to attend the meeting which was called by National Assistant Secretary Tighe after his arrival here. He was accompanied by Vice President Davis of the Fourth district. Both men presented the side of the association to the local members. It was argued that in order to secure the organization of non-union workers in the east it was essential that the western men would have to join the strike movement.

Mr. Tighe also appealed to the fealty of the men to the association. He urged them to be men and stand by their union. His remarks were received with enthusiasm and caused the vote that followed.

This action will close the entire steel plant here, throwing out of employment nearly 3,000.

BRISK FIGHTING AT PANAMA.

Rebels Are Gradually Closing in on that City and Colon.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 16.—The British steamer *Darien* has arrived here from Colon and brings reports of heavy fighting Monday on the outskirts of Panama and Colon. The rebels were steadily advancing on the towns proper. A large number of men had been wounded.

A large number of wounded men belonging to the government troops were taken to Colon Monday. This is regarded as an indication of the persistency of the rebel attacks. The converted cruiser *Namouna* has been found practically useless, owing to the being attempts to mount heavy guns on her.

The *Darien* brought forty passengers who were obliged to leave Colon in order to escape the danger and to avoid conscription. The British consul at Colon has entered a protest against the *Namouna* being compelled by the Colombian government to fight against the rebels.

Force Here Stopped Protest.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Chief Postoffice Inspector Oulman was notified by telegram that Inspector Houck of the St. Louis division had caused the arrest of Walter Stratton for complicity in the holding of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas train on Wednesday morning near Casey, I. T.

Stable Prices Show Favorable.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—J. G. Kubbe has selected T. M. Schumaker to be traffic manager of the Oregon Short Line. This is the first of the prominent appointments that Mr. Kubbe has made since he took traffic management of the Harriman line. Mr. Schumaker had the general freight agency of the Union Pacific on the coast and will in all probability be succeeded by Chas. Chivers, general agent of Union Pacific in California.

THE PACE SET FOR ALL

Creceus Shows a New Mark for Ambitious Trotting Steeds to Emulate.

ABBOT MAKES FAITHFUL EFFORT

Champion Stallion Covers Mile in 2:03 1-4 Before an Immense Crowd—In Spite of Recent Illness the Abbot Animal Makes a Sturdy Showing.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The trotting interests of the Empire City have not received such a boom in a quarter of a century as were developed today at the Brighton Beach track, when under the auspices of the New York Trotting association the champion stallion and champion gelding, Creceus and the Abbot, came together for a purse of \$12,000. The Abbot, with his record of 2:03 3/4 of last season, and Creceus, with his mark of 2:02 1/4, made at Columbus, were to decide the question of which was the one to go down in history as the fastest trotting horse now living.

There was a larger crowd present than ever seen on a New York trotting track. The grand stand was simply packed and this despite the fact that reserved seats with admission cost \$4, while boxes holding four persons were all disposed of at \$30 each in addition to the regular admission. While the seating capacity is but 2,500, it was undoubtedly a fact that close to 5,000 persons were jammed into the structure.

Every available space between the stand and the track was packed to its utmost capacity, and the paddock, infield and cheaper admission field contained a legion of people. It was estimated that fully 15,000 people were present. The weather was simply perfect for the great trial and the track was like velvet, though probably a second slow. Several times during the afternoon both horses put in some preliminary work, and each time they passed the crowd there was great enthusiasm.

Coming down the stretch it was a battle royal, with the Abbot very close up, but Creceus with his bulldog grip kept on with nostrils extended and just managed to beat his opponent by a half length in 2:03 1/4, the world's trotting record in a race. To say that the announcement created tumultuous applause only faintly conveys the meaning of the expression.

A little over half an hour had expired when the two grand horses came out for their second trial and were started under the same conditions that existed in the first heat. They were sent away beautifully, but the Abbot had not traveled a hundred yards before he made a disastrous break and before he could recover his gait Creceus was in front. The Abbot, once settled, made a grand effort to overtake his opponent, but the son of Robert McGregor was out for victory, and kept on, passing the quarter in 31 1/2 seconds; the half in 1:02 1/4; the three-quarters in 1:35, and came rushing home the last quarter in 31 1/2 seconds, doing the mile in 2:04 1/4, with The Abbot back of the flag.

As the race was best three in five, Ketchum consented that Creceus go another heat. This he did shortly before 5 o'clock, accompanied by a runner for the first half, where he was joined by another runner, and he did the mile in 2:05, the quarter in 30 1/4, the half in 1:01 1/4, and the three-quarters in 1:34.

Commission Was an Easy Task.

MANILA, Aug. 16.—The United States Philippine commission was prevented by the weather from landing at Iba, province of Zamboale, and arrived at San Fernando, province of Union, today. The commissioners met with an enthusiastic reception.

Josefin Orzaga has been appointed governor.

The residents of the province are unanimous as to the advisability of establishing a civil government in that district.

Thompson Is Convicted.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow has received a cablegram from Inspector General of Posts in Cuba Ponce stating that the trial of E. F. Thompson, formerly postmaster at Havana, has been concluded and Thompson convicted. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$400 or serve six months in prison. Thompson was accused of causing to be issued money orders in his own behalf.

Canal Business Closed Up.
 LONDON, Aug. 16.—In the house of commons, Mr. Ferts (liberal) sought information regarding the course of the Nicaragua canal negotiations, but the under secretary of the foreign office, Lord Cranborne, was only able to confirm the dispatches of the Associated Press on the subject. He said that unofficial communications were passing between Washington and London, through Lord Pauncefote, but no formal reply was received.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations From South Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA.
 Cattle—A dry lot of cattle predominated, with a fair supply received. Outside of a string of southern cattle going through to the range the major part of the run consisted of beef steers. No special change in the general market for steers was noted, the demand equaling the number on sale and prices throughout on beef stock holding steady. Buyers were out in good season, and while the market was not especially lively, trade was in fair shape and a good clearance was effected early in the day, top beefs selling at \$5.50. The heavy decline in prices on cows and heifers tended to cut off the run in that direction, and with a limited number here values turned up considerably and a strong, active trade resulted. There was also a better demand for stock cattle and handy grades were free sellers at stronger prices. Coarse, heavy and all undesirable stuff was hard to move at uneven figures. The market was also steadier on bulls, stags and calves.

Hogs—Receipts were again moderate, less than 100 fresh loads received. The quality and weights show little difference, the supply consisting largely of light and light mixed hogs. The market was rather slow in opening, as buyers were little disposed to strengthen prices, notwithstanding supplies were below the normal and for light stuff, especially that showing grass, prices were no better. Good hogs, those showing weight and quality, sold better from the opening, some of the best fetching 5¢ higher than yesterday.

Sheep—Fifteen double-deck loads of sheep from the ranges constituted today's supply. The number, while small, was sufficiently large to meet the moderate inquiry and no improvement in price followed. The trade was rather dragging and weak at recent decline. The trade in lambs was also dull and market weak. The quality of the offerings was only fair.

KANSAS CITY.
 Cattle—Beef steers 561¢ higher; stockers and feeders, strong; cows, steady; choice export and dressed beef steers, \$5.00@5.50; fair to good, \$4.70@5.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.70@4.25; western steers, \$4.00@4.50; western range steers, \$3.50@4.00; Texas and Indiana, \$2.50@3.00; Texas cows, \$2.00@2.50; native cows, \$1.50@2.00; heifers, \$1.70@2.10; canners, \$1.70@2.00; bulls, \$2.50@4.50; calves, \$1.50@2.50.

Hogs—Market 5¢ lower; top, \$11 1/2¢; bulk of sales, \$8.70@9.15¢; heavy, \$9.00@9.15¢; mixed packers, \$8.70@9.07¢; light, \$8.50@8.85¢; pigs, \$1.60@1.85¢.
 Sheep and Lamb—Sheep, steady; and lambs 10¢ lower; lambs, \$4.00@5.00; native wethers, \$2.50@3.50; native yearlings, \$2.00@2.75; western wethers, \$1.50@1.90; western yearlings, \$1.50@2.50; ewes, \$2.75@3.25; stock sheep, \$1.50@2.25.

UNITE AGAINST COLOMBIA.

Venezuela, Nicaragua and Ecuador Involved in Gen Uribe-Urbe's Scheme.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—News has been received in this country involving Venezuela, Nicaragua and Ecuador in the attempt of General Rafael Uribe-Urbe, the Colombian rebel leader, to overthrow the government of Colombia, says the Tribune. A year ago it was known to the Colombian authorities that the rebels under Uribe were receiving material assistance from these republics and recent developments and information received by Colombian secret service agents confirm the belief that these countries are preparing open and simultaneous attacks on Colombia. It has further been learned that the plan of attack has practically been agreed upon. Large numbers of Nicaraguans have already joined the rebels in the department of Panama and it will be these marauding bands the United States will have to deal with if it becomes necessary to land marines at Colon or Panama to protect American interests on the isthmus.

Venezuela's point of attack will naturally be from the Colombian-Venezuelan border, where the recent battles are reported to have taken place between Venezuelan regulars and an invading army, commanded, according to Venezuelan authorities, by General Gonzalez Valencia. It is somewhat doubtful, however, if General Valencia had anything to do with this movement unless war has already broken out between Venezuela and Colombia. If the present plans are carried out, the rendezvous of the Venezuelan rebels will be in the southern part of the department of Cauca, where the Colombian rebel generals are now said to be encamped with 4,000 troops.

Editor Hods His Town.
JOLIET, Ill., Aug. 17.—E. W. Carleton, city editor of the *Joplin Daily Globe*, shot himself through the heart at 3 o'clock tonight and died almost instantly. He was an authority on mining matters in the Missouri and Kansas mine fields and was 56 years old.

Corbett Gets the Fight.
DENVER, Colo., Aug. 17.—Young Corbett of Denver was given the decision a (the end of a ten round go with George Dixon, ex-featherweight champion, at Coliseum hall here tonight. The fight was the fastest seen here in some time.

Urgo More Forceful Action.
CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 17.—It is said on good authority that a number of prominent labor men will meet in this city in conference relative to more forceful action on labor's part in its fight against the steel trust. Representatives from the Federation of Labor will be present, it is said, and President Gompers will be urged to ask the various unions in alliance with the Federation of Labor to refuse to handle steel corporation products.