



People and Events

Have Our Engines Failed?

The Midland Railway Company of England has administered a cold douche to our pride of industrial conquest by announcing that the American locomotives tested by the road have cost from 20 to 25 per cent more than the British in fuel, 50 per cent more in oil, and 60 per cent more in repairs.

The "Shamrock" Countess.

The beautiful countess of Limerick has well earned the title of "The Shamrock Countess," for, thanks to her efforts, one of the British war funds has acquired this spring a substantial addition to its funds owing to the sale of the "dear little shamrock" so cleverly organized by the mistress of Dromore castle.



COUNTRESS OF LIMERICK.

17 Lady Limerick and her friends worked hard all day trying up tiny nosegays of Ireland's national green blossom and dispatching it to all corners of the world.

The New Explosive.

If the claims made by officials of the war department concerning the efficacy of a new explosive are borne out by subsequent tests, the United States may possess a secret which will have important bearing on the international politics of the future.

Warships and fortifications which have heretofore been regarded impregnable will be at the mercy of American guns. It has been demonstrated that the thickest Harveyized armor will not withstand the new projectile when hurled by one of the great guns and, what is more important, that the explosive with which the projectile is loaded will be discharged immediately the armor is pierced.

Maximite, this new death-dealing explosive, is called after Mr. Hiram Maxim, its inventor. Mr. Maxim is the inventor of smokeless powder and has made a specialty of high explosives. It is announced by the officials in charge of the tests which have been made on the Sandy Hook proving grounds that the results far surpass anything heretofore attained in any country. Experts express the opinion that the building of battleships and fortifications may be revolutionized as the result of the discoveries made by Mr. Maxim.

To the Girl Leaving College.

Aim for success. Do not select a calling which is beyond you. It is better to be a good housekeeper than a poor teacher. It is better to be an expert stenographer than an inferior lawyer. It is better to be an efficient nurse than an inefficient doctor.

President of New York Central

William H. Newman, who has just actively entered upon the duties of his new post as president of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, is, as may easily be imagined, one of the cleverest and most thoroughly trained railroad men in America.



WILLIAM H. NEWMAN.

ticket agent on the Texas and Pacific. In three years he had been promoted to the post of general freight agent, and he was next made third vice-president. The Chicago and Northwestern offered him a similar post, which he at once accepted, and in 1895 the Great Northern road elected him its second vice-president. Three years ago he was elected president of the Lake Shore, in which position he was serving when called to the presidency of the New York Central.

Disadvantages of Co-Education

For the great majority of girls over fifteen years of age a girl's school or college is much to be preferred, in the opinion of one person, at least. I can speak only what I think in this connection. I know that many of the wisest and best men and women will not assent to my reasoning or my conclusions.

It should not be forgotten that the emotional life is growing in and dominating the life of all young creatures. Girls can think and study better away from the society of youths of their own age than they can in company with them. To get the best results from study the mind must be kept as free as possible from distractions of an emotional nature.

All Over a Poster.

Is it possible to be driven insane by a poster? This is a question which is being much debated at present in Des Moines, Ia. Miss Bertha Atkinson of that city believes that she will go mad if a poster opposite her window is not removed.

So real, so vital, so appalling has become her horror of the painted placard that her friends have come to share in the apprehension. Accordingly a protest has been made to the municipal authorities, and



THE OBJECTIONABLE POSTER. The poster may be removed. Meanwhile Des Moines is agitated by intense feeling. The contagion spreads daily. No epidemic of disease, the authorities say, ever spread so rapidly.

There are eight submarine cables of over 2,000 miles in length.

SAYINGS and DOINGS

Adams' "Kidnapped Millionaires."

Frederick Upham Adams, the author of "John Smith, President," and other stories, has just finished a story that is likely to prove his masterpiece as a writer of spirited fiction, and one that will firmly fix his status as an exclusively original theme. It is entitled "The Kidnapped Millionaires," and its five hundred pages tell the story of the kidnaping of certain American millionaires by an enterprising newspaper man who is a monomaniac. It is a succession of dramatic situations from cover to cover. The charm consists in the impressive probability of a plot which at first glance would seem impossible.



FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS, Author of "The Kidnapped Millionaires."

found themselves captives on the high seas, the cruise of "The Shark," the landing on Social Island, its exploration, and varied adventures which befell Palmer J. Morton, Andrus Carmody, John M. Rockwell, Hiram Haven, R. J. Kent, and Simon Pence (the six kidnaped millionaires), the superb detective work of the New York Record and Mr. Bernard Seymour, the rescue of the marooned magnates and the subsequent attempt at their recapture, are but a few of the incidents. The first edition which is out this week is for 25,000 copies, the largest first edition of the year.

Frightening of Children.

Fear is the most dreaded of human sensations, and children suffer from it more keenly than others. Stupid mothers and nurses frighten little children with lies about bears and bogies and ghosts and policemen. In every conceivable way fright is made the strongest possible factor in child-life. The child is told that he will go to hell if he tells lies. He knows that he has told lies, and therefore concludes that a horrible fate awaits him. This is stupid and harmful. He is made to fear his father by a foolish mother, who threatens whippings when the father comes home. The whippings are not always forthcoming. The terror is produced none the less. The other day in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., a child saw his playmate drown, but gave no warning because he was "afraid to tell." Fear had been implanted in him so thoroughly that his one instinct was to avoid trouble for himself. If you have young puppies or chickens growing up that you care for, you do not allow your children to frighten them. You have brains enough to know that fright is bad for young puppies and young chickens. Why haven't you brains enough to know that it is bad for your own children?—EX.

Go Be Roosevelt's Guest.

Among the guests who will assemble in Colorado Springs this month for the annual reunion of Roosevelt's Rough Riders will be Miss Dorothy Flynn, the dashing western girl, whose father, D. T. Flynn, represents Oklahoma in congress. "The Honorable Dot," as she is called by her friends and her admirers among those who followed Roosevelt to Cuba, is sponsor for the Rough Riders, and at the reunion many dinners and dances will be given for her. The vice-president and the sponsor of his



DOROTHY FLYNN. regiment are great friends. Recently at her Oklahoma home Miss Flynn, who is an expert with the lariat, roped a wolf and sent it to Oyster Bay.

A MAJORITY OF THREE

Cuban Constitutional Convention Adopts the Platt Amendment.

ONLY FOUR DELEGATES ABSENT

Vote Represents Actual Majority of the Entire Body—Senator Ferrer Believes Acceptance to Be the Best Solution to the Cuban Problem.

HAVANA, June 13.—The Cuban constitutional convention today accepted the Platt amendment by a vote of sixteen to eleven. The resolution to accept was carried without discussion.

Immediately after the opening of the session Senors Tamio, Valluendas and Quesada, constituting a majority of the committee on relations, submitted as a substitute for the committee's former report the Platt amendment as passed by congress, recommending that it be accepted and made an appendix to the constitution. In the vote on the resolution twenty-seven delegates present divided as follows:

In favor of acceptance: Senors Capote, Villuendas, Jose M. Gomez, Tamayo, Montegudo, Delgado, Betancourt, Giberga, Llorente, Quesada, Sangulliy, Nunez, Rodriguez, Berriel, Quilez and Ferrer.

Opposed to acceptance: Senors Zayas, Aleman, Eudaldo, Tamayo, Juan Gualberto Gomez, Cisneros, Silvala, Fortun, Lacroet, Portuondo, Castro and Mandulay.

Senors Rivera, Corroeso, Gener and Robau were absent. Senors Gener and Robau voted against acceptance in the previous division.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The news of the adoption of the Platt amendment by the Cuban constitutional convention was received with genuine gratification here. The administration officials all along have felt confident that its ratification would be accomplished when the Cubans realized that this government was firm in its attitude regarding the amendment and that its acceptance would be necessary before the United States would consent to withdraw its supervision from the island.

Now that the Cubans have demonstrated their good faith in the United States it is expected that a fairly speedy evacuation of the island will follow, contingent only upon the establishment of a stable government in the island. Just to what extent the United States will require practical evidence of this fact is not definitely known, but the officials here think that such steps should be taken by the Cubans as will demonstrate their ability to maintain order and peace, so that the interests of all the people, native and foreign, shall be adequately protected. An effective police force and other measures necessary to the preservation of good order and sanitation are deemed as essential prerequisites in the formation of the new government. The mere physical question of the withdrawal of the American militia from the island can be accomplished without much delay.

One cabinet officer, speaking of the matter tonight, expressed the opinion that if the other requirements are met our withdrawal might be accomplished during the summer and that Cuban independence might be a reality by next autumn.

General Wood communicated to the War department officially the fact that the amendment had been adopted.

When Secretary of State John Hay read the dispatch he said: "As an old friend of Cuban independence for the last thirty years, I am most gratified to learn that the Cuban convention has done what is so clearly to the advantage of the Cuban people."

Closing Down Shipyards.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 13.—A special from Newport News, Va., says: It was announced that 1,000 men will be laid off at the yards of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock company on account of the machinists' strike.

Mrs. Botha Reaches Brussels.

BRUSSELS, June 13.—Mrs. Botha, wife of Commandant General Louis Botha, arrived here today. She was received at the railway station by Dr. Leyds.

Stilwell's Bond Issue.

MEXICO CITY, June 13.—The bond issue of the railways taken over by the Stilwell group of American capitalists, and which they will extend to Tampico, giving this city a direct route to that port, is \$9,000,000 (gold).

Hears Committee Reports.

MILWAUKEE, June 13.—Today's session of the supreme lodge, Knights of Honor, was taken up mainly with the consideration of reports from the committees on credentials, necrology and laws. Rhode Island's right to a second representative in the supreme body was recognized. The laws committee's report approved all the official decision rendered by the supreme dictator since the last session and the entire report was adopted serialim.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

CATTLE—After the liberal receipts of the past few days the supply on sale seemed rather tight. The market was not what might be called active, but still no material change was noticeable on the more desirable grades and all such kinds were sold in fairly good season. Good to choice beef steers were in fairly good demand at just about yesterday's prices. Buyers, however, did not take hold with as much life as they have on some days, and for that reason sellers found it a little difficult to dispose of the commoner grades at what they considered steady prices. The cow market opened a little slow, but still the good to choice grades brought just about the same prices as were paid yesterday. The grassers and the common to medium grades were neglected and if anything the tendency of prices was downward on that class of stuff. Good bulls brought steady prices, but the common kinds were hard to move at any price, as no one seemed to want them. Steers were not far from steady if of desirable quality, and veal calves sold in yesterday's notes. Stockers and feeders sold without material change.

HOGS—There was another heavy run of hogs, and as advices from other points were unfavorable to the selling interests the market opened a little lower than the close yesterday, or 25c lower than yesterday's general market. Sellers did not like to cut loose at the figures offered and as a result it was late before the market was under way. The bulk of the hogs sold at \$5.25 and \$5.35, with some of the choicer loads going from that up to \$5.50. Sheep—The supply of sheep was rather light this morning and as packers wanted all that were on sale it did not take long to clear the pens. There was no particular change in the prices paid and the situation could best be described by calling it a good, steady market. Clipped lambs sold from \$4.25 to \$4.75 and wethers went from \$3.65 to \$3.75, while ewes brought \$3.10.

KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE—Best beef steers, steady to 10c lower; packers and feeders, steady; other cattle, 50c lower; choice dressed beef steers, \$4.65 to \$5.35; fair to good, \$4.95 to \$5.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.75 to \$4.50; western fed steers, \$4.65 to \$5.50; Texans and Indians, \$4.25 to \$5.25; Texas grass steers, \$3.25 to \$4.25; cows, \$2.25 to \$3.15; heifers, \$2.75 to \$3.25; canners, \$2.25 to \$3.15; bulls, \$2.25 to \$3.15; calves, \$2.25 to \$3.15.

HOGS—Market steady to 25c lower; top, \$6.05; bulk of sales, \$5.65 to \$6.00; heavy, \$5.25 to \$5.65; mixed packers, \$5.25 to \$5.65; light, \$4.75 to \$5.15; pigs, \$4.65 to \$5.15.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady to 10c lower; western lambs, \$4.50 to \$5.10; western wethers, \$4.25 to \$4.75; western yearlings, \$4.25 to \$4.75; ewes, \$3.25 to \$4.25; culled, \$2.25 to \$3.00; Texas grass sheep, \$2.25 to \$3.00; Texas lambs, \$2.25 to \$3.00; spring lambs, \$4.25 to \$5.25.

GEN. MILES ON THE FLAG.

"Most Glorious Ensign Ever Unfurled as Emblem of a Free People."

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 15.—At the temple of music on the Pan-American grounds Flag day was observed under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the Grand Army of the Republic and other patriotic societies. Lieutenant General Miles was received with enthusiasm.

General Miles reviewed the history of the flag. "Whatever may have inspired Washington to draft the design," he said, "the result was the bequeathing to the nation, to maintain unsullied in all its original luster and for all nations to behold and respect, the most glorious ensign ever unfurled as the emblem of a free people. During the century and a quarter that our flag has floated in the air other nations have fallen into decay and their ensigns have been lowered for all time, but our beloved standard is one of the oldest now in existence, having remained unchanged (except for the addition of stars) while its glory has been seen in the light of three centuries."

MRS. M'KINLEY OUT OF DANGER.

Physicians Decide to Issue No More Bulletins.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Mrs. McKinley's physicians held their usual consultation and decided to discontinue the issuance of bulletins. It is said that her condition continues to improve slowly and the doctors consider it useless to give out a bulletin each day under the favorable progress she is making. Should her condition grow worse the bulletins will be resumed.

Dr. Rixey, on leaving the white house at 10:30 o'clock, said Mrs. McKinley was doing well and maintaining the normal improvement. Mrs. McKinley reclined on a rolling chair in her room during the day.

Five of the Largest Cities.

LONDON, June 15.—A preliminary census volume just issued gives the population of the five largest cities of England, exclusive of London, as follows: Liverpool, 684,847; Manchester, 543,969; Birmingham, 522,182; Leeds, 428,953; Sheffield, 380,717.

The total number of males in England and Wales is 15,721,723; of females, 16,854,147; men serving abroad in the army, navy and merchant marines being excluded.

Indianapolis is Winner.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 15.—The Modern Woodmen of America at the opening of today's business session of the head camp adopted a resolution giving the executive council power to change the place of next meeting in case it was found impossible to get acceptable railroad rates. Five cities were presented for the place of meeting in 1903, Indianapolis, 334; Grand Rapids, Mich., 240; Saratoga, N. Y., 23; Los Angeles, 17; Denver, 8.

TEN YEARS IN THE PEN

George Coll Enters Upon His Sentence for Killing Thos. Ryan.

TWO TRIALS DID NOT SAVE HIM.

Jacob Huber Killed by a Vicious Bull—A Young Man Jumps From a Bridge to Save His Life—Other Matters Here and There in Nebraska.

CHADRON, Neb., June 12.—So far as the authorities of Dawes county are concerned, the sheriff, Charles F. Dargan, have performed the last act in the case of the state of Nebraska vs. George Coll. In this case the defendant was charged with murdering Thos. Ryan. The trial was a sort of warfare between the cattlemen and sheepmen and resulted, after a hard fought contest on both sides, in the conviction of young Coll. The defendant set up the plea of self-defense. He alleged that he was herding his father's sheep on the range and that Thomas Ryan, the deceased, met him and called him names, and threatened to ride over him and that he thought he was going to kill him, and before the horse reached the defendant he, being on foot, pulled up his Winchester and shot Ryan through the body, killing him almost instantly. The state proved that at the time of the tragedy Ryan was unarmed; that he was a peaceful and law-abiding citizen; that he did not at any time use the language reputed to him. There was also evidence tending to show that older heads had advised defendant to shoot Ryan, and for this reason the jury found defendant guilty of murder only in the second degree, and recommended that the court give him the lightest sentence possible. Their wish was complied with, and Coll was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. The case was appealed to the supreme court and at the last sitting was affirmed, and Sheriff Dargan took Coll to the penitentiary.

Music in the Air.

June is the month of roses, but is the month of music as well. From the 1st to the 29th, inclusive, Belstedt's famous band that gave such delightful music at the two expositions, will hold forth at Omaha, giving two concerts each day. In this aggregation every man is a thorough musician and "when the band begins to play" there is instant recognition of true merit from the enthusiasm that takes hold of the vast audiences. Remember that it is only this month opportunity will prevail for hearing one of the best bands that ever made music west of the Missouri. The railroads will make concessions for those desiring to attend.

Killed by a Bull.

MADISON, Neb., June 12.—A vicious bull killed Jacob Huber at his farm, six miles northwest of town. The animal had been dehorned, but made wounds with his stubby horns that caused death. The deceased was an old settler and leaves a wife and six children in well-to-do circumstances. Mr. Huber was in a lot alone at the time when attacked by the beast. The bull tossed and trampled him and he was dead when found.

Forced to Jump from Bridge.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., June 12.—Ernest Terry, a young tourist and a printer by occupation had a remarkably narrow escape from being killed. He was walking over a Missouri Pacific trestle about a mile north of town, and when half way across, he was startled to hear the whistle of a rapidly approaching train. To escape death he jumped to the ground, forty feet below, where he remained unconscious for some time.

Big Crop of Alfalfa.

ELM CREEK, Neb., June 12.—The recent rains have given encouragement to all. The ravages of the chinch bug are checked. The damage from drouth had not become noticeable. The crop of alfalfa is the heaviest in years, averaging three to three and one-half feet in height.

Lieutenants Discharged.

LINCOLN, June 12.—Adjutant General Colby has issued an order which reads as follows: "It appearing that the exigencies of the service do require the addition of Battery A, light artillery, Nebraska national guard, such increase in said organization is discontinued and all orders giving authority heretofore are hereby revoked to take effect June 17, 1901, the date of the expiration of the term of office of said officers."

A Case of Unrequited Love.

CRESTON, Neb., June 12.—Ceil Moran, 18 years of age, and a son of O. S. Moran, who lives a few miles southeast of this village, attempted to quit this world of trouble and unrequited love by taking morphine. He sent a letter to his sweetheart by messenger and when she did not send a reply he mixed a quantity of the drug with chewing gum and proceeded to chew it down. The doctors were in time to save him.