

NATIONAL LEGISLATION

Means to Dispose of Appropriations Quickly to Make Way for Subsidy Bill.

POSSESSIONS MAY GET ATTENTION

In the House Revenue Reduction Likelihood to Inspire Vigorous Debate—Hearing Practiced May Be Considered Any Time—Other Matters in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—If consideration of the naval appropriation bill is completed Monday, as it is supposed it will be, the ship subsidy bill will be called up by Senator Frye and that bill will continue to receive the attention of the senate during the remainder of the day. Senator Caffery will take the floor when the bill is taken up and is expected to occupy the remaining portion of the day, whatever time there may be left. Senator Proctor has given notice that as chairman of the committee on agriculture he will call for the agricultural appropriation bill on Tuesday.

There will be no effort to prevent displacement of the subsidy bill by the appropriation bill. The committee on appropriations hopes to be able to report the fortifications appropriation bill by the time the agricultural bill shall be disposed of and the army appropriation bill is expected to be reached later in the week. The plan is to have all appropriation bills acted on as promptly as possible after they are reported, but when there are no bills of that character before the senate the subsidy bill will continue to have right of way.

No decision has been reached yet as to whether there will be renewed effort to secure night sessions in the considering of the subsidy bill, but the present indications are that there will be no further immediate attempt in that direction. The opponents of the bill declare that in case of a renewal of the night sessions the friends of the bill will be compelled to keep constantly in the chamber a quorum of their own. While they made frequent attempts for a call of the senate during the evening sessions of last week, they always when called, it is now understood to be their purpose not to do this in case of further efforts to bring the bill to a vote by carrying the senate meetings into the night.

Much interest is felt in the effort which is to be made to secure legislation in connection with the army appropriation bill in regard to the Philippines and Cuba. It has been always supposed that any attempt in either direction would open up the entire colonial policy of the administration and lead to interminable debate, but there is now unquestionably a quite general acquiescence in the effort to be made for Philippine and Cuban legislation. Whether this is due to the fact that there has not been time to consider the bearing of these two proposed amendments sufficiently or to the general desire to avoid an extra session of congress, does not yet appear. Be that as it may, a majority at least of the democrats seem quite willing that a vote should be taken on each of these provisions, inasmuch as it is understood to be the position of Senator James of Arkansas and of his immediate supporters in opposition to the subsidy bill that there will be an attempt to get a vote upon the ship subsidy bill and possibly the demercurization bill.

The revenue reduction bill will come before the senate tomorrow, with some amount of an extended discussion. The war and means committee has already determined on a recommendation for a disagreement to the senate amendments to the bill and that a conference with the senate be asked. But this determination has aroused considerable feeling among the majority members of the committee and this may find expression when Chairman Payne presents the report and moves for a conference.

Following this matter, the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill will claim attention, the general discussion of foreign questions, particularly the Philippines, being still open. The army appropriation bill and the sundry civil bill also will receive consideration during the week.

WAS AN UNWITTING QUEEN.

Washington Made to a Foster Parented to Chicago, Ill.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The Daily Mail makes the following statement: A notice declaring Edward VII an usurper and Mary IV the rightful queen was posted on the gates of St. James palace and at the gate of the night watchman's lodge. It was not signed and it is known to have been posted by a member of the Jacobite party. Probably no action will be taken by the incident unless the notice is not allowed to be posted on the gates of the palace.

CHICAGO NEWS.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—The Tribune reports that the Chicago stock exchange today was closed down last summer on account of a disagreement among the stockholders of the Chicago Packing and Provision company, have been bought by a new company and will be started up immediately. W. L. Gregory of Chicago will be president.

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SWARMS OF BOERS.

Major Crewe's Column Reounters Them—and Forces Fighting Follow.

LONDON, Cape Colony, Feb. 11.—Details have been received here of severe fighting at Tabakberg mountain, forty miles east of the railway and about midway between Smallalee and Bloemfontein. Major Crewe, with a composite column traveling southwest, sighted the mountain on the morning of January 31. He heard heavy firing and knowing that Colonel Pilcher's column was on the other side of the mountain he concluded that this force was in action. Consequently he hurried forward, only to meet Boers streaming down and evidently retreating from Colonel Pilcher's force. Immediately Major Crewe brought three fifteen-pounders and a pompan to bear on the Boers, who, however, were found to be so numerous that it was impossible to head them. Orders were given to return to camp, about two miles from the mountain. The column rested until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the march was resumed southwest.

Major Crewe was just touching the southern point of the mountain when a terrific rifle fire opened from a large force of Boers who were in ambush on the mountain. The fight soon became general. The Boers outnumbered the British five to one and were attacking them on both flanks and the rear. The British pompan jammed and became useless. Major Crewe grasped the situation and by a brilliant move got the convoy into a safe position.

Between 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening the Boers charged the position and turned both flanks. The British ammunition became exhausted and Major Crewe was obliged to retreat and abandon the pompan after the advance party had endeavored to save it and had sustained severe losses.

A rear guard action was fought by Major Crewe into the camp, where the wagons had been laagered. He personally superintended the retreat, the Boers harassing him throughout. Entrenchments were thrown up during the night.

When morning came Major Crewe started to join General Knox, twelve miles southwest. The Boers immediately reattacked him, compelling him to fight a second rearguard action for a few miles. General Dewet personally commanded the Boers, estimated at 2,500. Major Crewe's force was only 700. Eventually the British officer joined General Knox and returned to Bloemfontein. Lord Kitchener has highly complimented Major Crewe on the achievement.

MAY RELEASE MRS. MAYBRICK

Will Be Given Her Freedom After 13 Year's Imprisonment.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—A special cablegram from London to the Chicago Record says: A well authenticated report reaches the Record correspondent tonight to the effect that Florence T. T. Maybrick will be released from Alsbury prison tomorrow (Monday). At the United States embassy nothing is known about the matter, and Ambassador Choate when seen at his residence tonight declined either to deny or confirm the rumor.

Ever since Charles Thomson Ritchie, the new home secretary, came into office last November efforts to secure the release of Mrs. Maybrick have been active and have continued up to within a very few days ago. The efforts of Ambassador Choate, although made informally, have been unceasing. When Mrs. Maybrick was allowed the privilege of seeing her New York lawyer, Clark Bell, last summer, that gentleman told the Record correspondent that the chances for his client's release were more favorable than they had been at any other time during her twelve years' incarceration.

The authorities conversant with the attempts to secure the famous prisoner's freedom assert that if at last she is to be given her liberty this may be regarded as due to the influence of King Edward and may be interpreted as a token of appreciation of American sympathy over the death of Queen Victoria.

ARMOURY FRY FOR DEATH.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 9.—Through B. C. Eldridge of South Omaha the Armour Packing company pleaded guilty in Justice Green's court to the charge of violating the state game laws. A car of quail was found in the company's possession last week, and proceedings were begun by local members of the Fish and Game Protection association. On the plea of guilty the company was fined \$500, which was paid promptly.

Packing Plant to Reopen.

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Stockholders' Agreement Arrived.

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WILD RUMORS AFLOAT

Reports Go Round London That Chamberlain Is Reconsidering.

TALK OF THE RECALL OF MILNER

Round Table Conference with Liberal Leaders in Contemplation—The Story Is Denied—The Mouthpiece of Colonial Secretary.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Public attention has again turned to South Africa by the dispatch of reinforcements and the publication of Lord Roberts' mail dispatches.

Rumors have been in circulation that Mr. Chamberlain has reconsidered his South African policy and was contemplating a round-table conference with Mr. John Morley and Sir William Harcourt and the recall of Sir Alfred Milner. The Daily Mail says it is able to assert, on Mr. Chamberlain's authority, that the story is a fabrication and that the government retains the most absolute confidence in Sir Alfred Milner. "Mr. Chamberlain has no communication with any member of the opposition on the subject of the war."

Lord Roberts' dispatches are not regarded as giving any further elucidation of the conduct of the war, but they are interesting, as proving that throughout the campaign he never had sufficient men, horses or supplies to cover such a vast field of operation. Lord Roberts asserts deliberately that the permanent tranquility of the republic "depends on the complete disarmament of the inhabitants, a task difficult, I admit, but attainable with time and patience."

Looking at all the circumstances, Lord Roberts says the campaign is "unique in the annals of war" and he pays the highest tribute to the gallantry and worth of the troops, declaring that "no finer force ever took the field under the British flag."

There is a general idea that the dispatches have suffered considerable excision at the hands of the war office. They do not throw any further light on the summary retirement of General Colville or any other matters regarding which the public is anxious to hear.

The appearance of bubonic plague at Capetown seems likely to add to the difficulties of the situation. The authorities there have decided upon a wholesale extermination of rats. Should the disease spread it will necessitate changes in the military arrangements.

Today Sir Alfred Milner makes another earnest appeal to employers to allow as many men as possible to enroll in the colonial mounted defense force.

From Delagoa Bay it is reported that the British have occupied Ermelo and Carolina, which until recently were Boer depots. The Boers held up a Natal mail train near Vlakfontein. The few soldiers on board exhausted their cartridges and the Boers then robbed the passengers, afterward allowing the train to proceed.

OUTLINING THE KING'S SPEECH.

British Cabinet Council Holds Session to Frame the Document.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—The cabinet meeting today will presumably settle the terms of King Edward's speech at the opening of his first parliament, February 19, which may be expected to partially repeat his majesty's speech to the privy council on accession day, expressing thanks for the condolences and expressions of loyalty, referring to his deep sense of the responsibility of his new position and announcing his determination to work for the welfare of all classes.

Recommend Wyoming Men.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Senators Warren and Clark and Representative Mondell of Wyoming have recommended for appointment as officers in the regular army under the new reorganization act, all the Wyoming men now in the volunteer service. They are: Lieutenant L. L. Dietrick, Cheyenne; Lieutenant Charles H. Barritt, Buffalo; Captain George R. Shannon, Laramie; Captain Thomas Miller, Buffalo; Captain Loren Cheever, Sheridan; Captain Ira L. Frodenhall, Cheyenne. Of these officers, Dietrick, Barritt, Miller and Cheever are in the Philippines, Shannon is in Cuba, and Frodenhall is in China.

Union Pacific's High Figure.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—A new high figure was scored by Union Pacific common today, when 129,400 shares sold up to 95, a rise of three and one-eighth, in addition to the buying by banking interests considerable stock was taken by traders on the notion that in some way the stockholders would receive valuable rights in connection with the Southern Pacific purchase. Halle & Stieglitz bought heavily all day.

Another Railroad Candidate.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—The Tribune tonight says that according to reports received here today a new Milwaukee & St. Paul deal is being planned, with President J. J. Hill of the Great Northern left out. According to the Tribune the Milwaukee & St. Paul deal is being planned with the Chicago & North Western.

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FINANCING BY UNION PACIFIC.

Plan for New Acquisition Is Agreed on by the Executive Committee.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—A plan for financing the acquisition of controlling interests in the Southern Pacific on behalf of the Union Pacific was today agreed upon by the executive committee of the Union Pacific, which will make an official announcement tomorrow.

Semi-official admissions made tonight are already directly in line with what has already been published. The Central Pacific will be taken out of the Southern Pacific system and annexed separately to the Union Pacific. The directors do not want to assume any direct burden on behalf of the Union Pacific, so will issue debenture bonds secured by the Southern Pacific stock purchased, the bonds being redeemable at par at the company's option or exchangeable for Union Pacific stock at par within a limited period. It is also said that two Southern Pacific bonds may be exchanged for one Union Pacific.

Union Pacific was a market leader again today. Both common and preferred rose violently. Over 125,000 shares of common was sold. The heaviest buyer was John W. Gates. All his brokers were on the floor. He bought 40,000 shares. Other heavy buyers were: Keck, Loew & Co., Jacob Field, A. Houseman, William Oliver, Wasserman Bros., C. A. Missing, Halle & Stieglitz and Clarke, Dodge & Co. It is said that a large amount of stock was purchased by the interests recently in control of the Southern Pacific, and this list of brokers indicates that.

WILL OPPOSE SENATE BILL.

Republicans Discuss War Revenue Amendments.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The republican members of the ways and means committee met this afternoon to formulate a plan of action relative to the war revenue bill, but no definite conclusion was reached beyond the decision to nonconcur in the senate amendments.

The action of the senate in substituting an entirely new bill for the bill as it passed the house, is looked upon as a distinct invasion of the prerogative of the house to initiate revenue legislation and at the meeting today some of the members favored radical action to sustain what they consider the constitutional rights of the house to originate revenue legislation. The plan was to ignore the bill in its present form and to pass another entirely new revenue bill. But this was regarded as entirely too radical.

Another proposition, and the one that met with most favor, was to report back the bill to the house tomorrow with a recommendation of non-concurrence, but without a request for a conference. This would require the senate to ask for a conference if any was to be held.

NO MORE APPOINTMENTS.

Wait Awhile for Creation of a Vacancy in the List of Generals.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—It is said at the war office that no more general officers of the army will be appointed until the senate has acted on those sent in on Tuesday. One reason is that there will be no vacancy in the list of generals unless General Miles is confirmed in the higher rank. Unless a vacancy occurs in that manner, it is predicted that it will be filled by the appointment of Colonel C. Bates, who was yesterday nominated a brigadier general. Such an appointment would prevent the appointment of Brigadier General Wade or Merriam to a major generalship for some time.

Under the present plan Brigadier General Schwan, nominated yesterday, will be retired immediately after his confirmation, and Colonel Daggett of the Fourteenth infantry will be appointed to the vacancy.

FOR BRANCH MINT IN OMAHA.

House Committee Will Favorably Report the Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The house committee on coinage, weights and measures decided to report favorably the bill establishing a branch mint at Omaha and appropriating \$100,000 therefor. Butherford of the Fifth district of Nebraska was the member of the sub-committee that took initial action.

Attacks Statue of Virgin.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Hilberand de Britto Lyra, a relative of the president of Brazil, Dr. Campos Salles, was incarcerated in an asylum for the insane today after committing a sacrilegious outrage in a Roman Catholic church at Mallock Bath, a place a few miles south of Mallock, in the county of Derby. Lyra suddenly appeared in the church this morning during service, jumped over the altar rails and attacked a statue of the Virgin Mary.

Morgan Opposes Subsidy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The senate had both day and night sessions today. At the day session the pension bill appropriating \$144,000,000 was passed after a few minutes consideration. The ship subsidy bill was then taken up, and Morgan, McLean and McLean, both democrats, made speeches on it. Mr. McLean announced his intention to support the bill, and Mr. Morgan opposed it in vigorous language.

THE PATRIOTIC BILL PASSED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The patriotic appropriation bill, which has consumed almost an entire week in the house, was passed today. The debate lasted about three hours—retired mail pay, pneumatic mail service and special fast mail facilities. It was not until 11 o'clock that the amendments to reduce the rate of retired mail pay was voted out. A vote of 217 to 171 was recorded on the amendments to reduce the rate of retired mail pay.

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TEN SOLDIERS CRUSHED

Men of Tenth Infantry Meet Death on the Rail.

WETE ON THEIR WAY TO NEBRASKA

Five Bodies Taken from the Debris and Here Believed to Be Buried—Locomotive Jumps the Track While Running at a Very High Rate of Speed.

GREENVILLE, Pa., Feb. 8.—Train No. 5, the New York-Chicago limited, on the Erie railroad, was wrecked this morning within the town limits. Five passengers were dead when taken from the wreck, several are missing and there are many seriously injured. Dead: SERGEANT MAJOR HARRY A. HART, Fort Wood, N. Y.

GEORGE W. PATTERSON, Philadelphia, private, Company I, Tenth United States Infantry; carried card of iron molders' union. PETER J. CURRY, Cuboco, N. Y.; private Tenth infantry; aged 21. UNKNOWN MAN, aged about 35. UNKNOWN MAN. Only papers on person was a postal card that had been sent to the Adams Produce company, Rushville, Ind., and a ticket from New York to that point. His face was literally torn into shreds. Hardly a passenger escaped without some injury.

The ill-fated train was composed entirely of vestibuled Pullmans, three sleepers, a day coach, combination smoker and baggage and mail car, and was drawn by one of the new Atlantic type of engines. It was on the smoking compartment that death laid a ruthless hand, for not one of the sixteen occupants escaped being killed or injured. This car was completely telescoped by the steel mail car ahead, which went through it as though it were paper, tearing, crushing, maiming and carrying death. The only wonder of the occupants was that they were not all killed outright.

The scene of the wreck is on a sharp curve. On one side, forty feet below, flows the Shenango river; on the other is a steep bluff. The engine left the track at the curve and before it had gone two car lengths plowed into the steep hill, where it fell on its side and was half buried. The train was running about two hours late and the accident happened at 7:10, just about the time when the occupants of the sleeper had finished dressing.

After the terrible crash the uninjured passengers set about the rescue of the dead and wounded. Surgeons were summoned and within a few minutes the dead and dying were being cared for as fast as they could be discovered beneath the wreckage. It was several hours before the victims had been removed and placed in the two rear Pullmans.

The scenes inside the telescoped cars were terrible. The men begged to be released and screamed in agony. They were all heaped in a corner of the car, dumped there by the irresistible impetus of the mail car. The injured were placed on a special train and taken to the Spencer hospital, Meadville, about noon.

A party of soldiers, nine in number, on their way from Fort Porter, N. Y., to Fort Crook, Neb., in charge of Sergeant Major Harry A. Hart, of New York, occupied a part of the smoker. Of the number three were killed and two seriously injured. They were under orders for the Philippines and would have sailed in a short time.

The track was blocked for twelve hours, the work of clearing the wreck progressing slowly and it is believed other bodies are still beneath the debris.

DISCUSS THE KAISER'S VISIT.

German Newspapers Have Varying Views on His Reception in England.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—The Cologne Gazette, reverting to Emperor William's visit to England, insists that his respect and love for his grandmother alone dictated the visit, his reception being purely personal. It acknowledges the existence of a "strong British tendency in many circles in Germany," and asserts that "nothing could be more disastrous to Germany than the opposition of Great Britain."

South Dakota Memorial.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Congressman Gamble today presented a memorial from the South Dakota legislature urging the establishment of a permanent military post at Fort Mead, S. D.; also a memorial urging the erection of an Indian school at Everett, S. D.

The Metropolitan National bank of Chicago was today approved as a reserve agent for the First National bank of Philadelphia, for the National bank of Danversport, Ia.; the First National bank of Chicago, for the First National bank of Sioux City and the First National bank of Hawarden, Ia.

Patrons Doubt the Senator.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—The rumor about today to the effect that the packing interests of Armour, Swift and Neison Morris were to be consolidated, with a capital of \$125,000,000, was denied tonight by all the packers interested.

The Patriotic Bill Passed.

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THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

UNION STOCK YARDS, SOUTH OMAHA.—CATTLE.—The supply of cattle fell considerably short of the number received the last few days, and as the demand was of quite liberal proportions, the market on good stuff ruled active and a little stronger all around. There were not many good to choice beef steers offered, and as there was considerable competition on such grades, prices were stronger than yesterday. Where the cattle just suited buyers they paid fully a nickel more than yesterday and in some cases sales looked better than that. The situation, however, is best described by calling it a good strong market. Common and half-fat stuff did not improve and, in fact, sellers found it difficult to dispose of that class of cattle. Packers do not want them and will take them only at their own prices. The cow market was also active and stronger on good stuff, the situation being much the same as on fat steers. As the supply was limited the more desirable grades, such as first hands early in the morning, bulls, calves and stags could be quoted just about steady with yesterday, no particular change being noted. There was a demand for good stock cattle was equal to supply this morning and prices remained stationary. There was not much offered in that line and no cowboys had had little difficulty in disposing of their holdings.

HOGS.—There was not as liberal a supply here as yesterday and the market opened 1/2c higher. The first sales were mostly at \$3.25 and \$3.30 and as high as \$3.25, was paid for prime heavyweights. The hog market, however, did not move toward the scales very rapidly, as packers did not like to pay the advance and were slow about taking hold. After about thirty loads had changed hands the feeling seemed to be a little easier and not much was done for a time.

SHEEP.—There were only about three cars of sheep included in today's receipts and consequently hardly enough to make a good test of the market. The few bunches offered, though were bought at just about yesterday's prices. Lambs sold as high as \$5.00 and ewes brought \$3.00. The light supply of wethers continues, the bulk of the receipts being ewes and lambs, which naturally makes the wethers bring strong prices, as compared to the ewes and lambs. Feeders may be quoted practically steady, both for the day and for the week.

KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE.—Beef steers, including Texas and western, steady to the higher, but not steady; native beef steers, \$4.50 to \$4.60; stockers and feeders, \$3.75 to \$4.00; western fat steers, \$4.00 to \$4.25; Texas and Indian steers, \$3.75 to \$4.00; cows, \$3.00 to \$3.25; canners, \$2.50 to \$2.75; bulls, \$3.00 to \$3.25; calves, \$3.00 to \$3.25. HOGS.—Market 1/2c higher; top, \$4.40; bulk of sales, \$3.95 to \$4.00; heavy, \$3.95 to \$4.00; mixed packers, \$3.50 to \$3.75; light, \$3.25 to \$3.50; pigs, \$3.00 to \$3.25. SHEEP AND LAMBS.—Market 1/2c lower; western lambs, \$3.00 to \$3.25; western wethers, \$4.15 to \$4.40; western yearlings, \$3.25 to \$3.50; ewes, \$3.25 to \$3.50; culls, \$2.00 to \$2.25.

CARNEGIE NOT AFTER CASH.

He Is Willing to Surrender His Stock for Five Per Cent.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 8.—Financial and steel men of Pittsburgh are anxiously awaiting further information from New York relative to the Carnegie deal but not a word came here today that gave any intelligence as to what progress is being made by the Morgan syndicate. It is learned from private advices that very little cash will be required to consummate the deal. If the plans go through, Mr. Carnegie will withdraw entirely from the affairs of the Carnegie company, taking for the transfer of his stock a sum exceeding \$85,000,000 in guaranteed 5 per cent bonds, which are to be a first lien on the Carnegie and other properties.

Gossip centers now mostly on the price that will be paid for the 85,000 shares of stock. Two years ago H. C. Frick and others, including ex-Judge W. H. Moore, obtained an option on Carnegie's holdings, paid \$1,000,000 in hand money, failed to complete the deal and lost the \$1,000,000. At that time Carnegie stated that the next time he set a price it would be high. This statement is being referred to as evidence that the price placed is considerably above the par value of \$1,000 a share. It is understood in the Carnegie building that Mr. Carnegie has taken steps to protect the interests of his younger partners. One of the few officials of the company who could be seen today said in relation to the report from New York that the minority stockholders had taken steps to block the deal.

REPLY IS EXPECTED SOON.

Great Britain's Mind Is Made Up on the Canal Question.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—It has been learned by a representative of the Associated Press that a reply will shortly be sent to the United States' Nicaragua canal project. It will not comply with the senate's demands. Neither will it be in the nature of a flat refusal, though for purposes of immediate construction it will be tantamount to such a refusal. It will consist mainly in a counter proposal, or proposals, likely to necessitate extended negotiations. The nature of the proposal is not yet ascertainable.

Lord Pauncefoot will probably be the medium through whom the answer will be sent and by whom the subsequent negotiations will chiefly be conducted. In British official opinion it is likely that several months will elapse before the matter reaches a conclusion, by which time the Hay-Pauncefoot treaty will have lapsed on the basis of the senate's amendments. The British counter proposals are now formulating and it is hoped an entirely new agreement, satisfactory to both countries, will eventually be reached.

States Cattle Boundaries.

BRISTOL, Tenn., Feb. 8.—The legislature of Virginia today accepted from Tennessee the cession of one-half of Main street in this city as the boundary line between the two states. The matter has been in litigation for many years.

BLOWS OFF SISTER'S HEAD.

Eight-Year-Old Boy of Murray, Mo. Playfully Struck His Sister's Head.

CRESTON, Ia., Feb. 9.—Dug and Lela Tappan, children of Mr. and Mrs. James Tappan, were in the yard playing today when Lela, the mother being sick in the house and the father in town by telegraph. Dug found a brick and threw it at his sister's head. The blow was so severe that she was killed.

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