

FOR THE COMMISSION

TO DETERMINE THE FATE OF THE PHILIPPINES.

Surrender Would Have Little Effect Anyway—Admiral Sampson and Schley Expected at Washington Today.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Conditions about the great state, war and navy building have about assumed their normal aspect. Only a few clerks were on duty in the principal bureaus yesterday and they did only a few hours work.

Among war officers the terms of capitulation of Manila as cabled by General Merritt was a topic of discussion.

Unofficial advices from Manila received previous to the arrival of the text of the terms indicated that the capitulation of the city included the surrender of the Philippines, and that Spanish sovereignty over the entire archipelago was, temporarily at least, at an end.

It can be stated authoritatively that the president is quite satisfied with the terms as made by General Merritt and Admiral Dewey. Their instructions afforded them considerable latitude for individuality of action, the president feeling confident that they would secure the best possible terms in the circumstances.

It is pointed out that the terms of the capitulation of Manila can have but little effect upon the action of the Paris peace commission in any event. The protocol provides for the cession of the city, bay and harbor of Manila to the United States and leaves to the peace commission to determine the disposition and government of the Philippine islands.

The action of the commission is circumscribed by the terms of the protocol, while the terms of the capitulation of Manila, it is suggested, can have very little more serious effect upon the commission's work than those of the surrender of Santiago.

Rear Admiral Sampson and Rear Admiral Schley are expected to arrive in Washington some time tomorrow. The appointment of the two admirals respectively on the Cuban and Porto Rican commissions necessarily will cause them to be detached temporarily from their present commands.

The detachments, it is said, by the naval authorities, will be only temporary. In the absence of Admiral Sampson, Commodore Philip will have command of the squadron of vessels in New York.

Repairs on the ships will be pushed with vigor and as rapidly as possible they will be put in excellent condition for sea duty in either war or peace. No determination has yet been reached by the naval authorities on the question of reorganizing the naval squadrons on a peace footing in view of the new conditions which now confront the United States.

Early yesterday afternoon Adjutant-General Corbin received the following dispatch from General Merritt: MANILA, Aug. 21.—Major-General Otis, with steamers Peru and City of Puebla, has arrived. All well, no casualties. (Signed.) MERRITT.

SHARON, Mass., Aug. 22.—A local train from Providence, Rhode Island, on the New York, New Haven and Hartford, due in Sharon at 7:45 p. m., while standing at the depot last night, was telegraphed by an express train from New Bedford, and between thirty and forty people were killed, besides a large number injured.

CANTON, Mass., Aug. 22.—Word was received here at 7:30 last night of a fearful railroad accident at Sharon, on New York, New Haven & Hartford road, and an urgent request made for physicians and undertaker's wagons. All the physicians in town, as well as three undertakers and their wagons, were immediately dispatched to the scene of the accident, followed by a large crowd of sight-seers. The surrounding country has been thoroughly aroused, and a large quantity of sheets, bedding and hospital supplies were dispatched from this town to Sharon, a distance of about four miles.

TYNOSH, Pa., Aug. 22.—The alleged largest American flag in the country, measuring 60 by 100 feet and suspended from a galvanized wire cable half an inch thick and 2,000 feet in length was unfurled Saturday afternoon between two mountains tops east of this town, and 2,000 feet above the Juniata river. The ceremony was presided by a parade, the platform exercises consisting in the singing of patriotic hymns and addresses.

PEACE MAKERS

France Makes Preparation for Receiving The Commission.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—In view of the early meeting at Paris of the Spanish-American peace commissioners arrangements are already under way for the entertainment of the distinguished body. It is understood the commissioners will be guests of the French government. It is understood the meetings of the commissioners will be held in the French foreign office, in the sumptuous and historic Salon des Ambassadeurs. The Salon is probably the most elegant official apartment in all Europe, being hung with Gobelin tapestries and decorated with lavish frescoes and works of art.

The president hopes to be able to announce the names of the commissioners on the part of the United States this week.

Commissioners Named.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The state department yesterday received a call from M. Thiebaut, secretary of the French embassy, and in charge during the absence of Ambassador Cambon, who bore a notification from the Spanish government of the military commissioners for Cuba and Porto Rico. Under the peace protocol each country was to name its peace military commissioners within 10 days. The ten days were up today, and accordingly Spain gave the notice of the appointments. They are as follows:

For Cuba—Major-General Gonzales Ferrado, Rear Admiral Pastor y Landero, Marquis Montero.

For Porto Rico—Major-General Ortega y Diaz, Commodore of First Rank Valerino y Carrasco, Judge Advocate Sanchez del Aguila y Leon.

Considerable significance attaches to the naming of Marquis Montero on the Cuban commission. He is named, it is believed, in order to carry out Spain's desire to have an understanding as to the future government of the island, he being familiar with the questions of the civil administration of Cuba. As secretary of the Cuban treasury, he is also familiar with questions affecting the Cuban debt.

Dewey's Elegant Sword.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The design for the memorial sword the government is to present to Rear Admiral Dewey, according to act of congress, was finally determined upon yesterday by the committee having the subject under consideration, consisting of Assistant Secretary Allen, Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, and Professor Oliver of the United States naval academy. A great many designs have been submitted, some of them showing much artistic beauty. The one selected was submitted by Tiffany & Co., of New York. Its marked characteristic is its simple and solid elegance. The hilt of the sword is plain and solid, but highly traced gold handle. One side of the blade bears the inscription: "The gift of the nation to Rear Admiral George Dewey, U. S. N., in memory of the victory at Manila Bay, May 1, 1898." The scabbard is of dark blue damascened metal, with tracery of gold. At its end are two dolphins.

Dodged Spaniards During War.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The American ship McLaurin arrived here yesterday from Singapore. Captain Oakes, its commander, says that he learned of the commencement of hostilities between Spain and the United States when he was off Anker, and thereafter a bright lookout was kept for Spanish privateers, and all vessels at sea were avoided. Arriving off St. Helena, the McLaurin put into the island for water, and to pick up information about the war, but the latest news was a month old. Captain Oakes kept out of the course, to avoid capture, thus delaying its arrival several days.

Miners In State Quo.

PANA, Ill., Aug. 23.—Although trouble was expected, no material change occurred in the mining situation yesterday. Louis Overholt of the Springside Coal company and Julius Broehl of the Pana Coal company failed to arrive from Birmingham, Ala., Monday night, with 1,000 negroes, as was expected, and only the usual complement of seven men resumed work in the Springside coal mine and they under heavy guard of sheriffs and deputies. Reports were received that 300 negroes were at Centralia and would arrive last night. The Pana union miners were added to by 100 men from Moqueta, who drove overland on hay wagons during the night. There is great fear of serious results on the arrival of the negroes. Indignation meetings are being advocated and will probably be held on the arrival of the negroes and action be taken to compel their immediate departure from the city.

Austrian Soldiers Drowned.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—A dispatch from Buda Pesth to a London news agency says that Sunday, while a regiment was crossing a pontoon bridge over the river Maros, near Hoad, the bridge collapsed. Three hundred men were immersed, and it is feared that eighty were drowned.

Light Railways Needed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—A cablegram received by Stephen E. Barton yesterday, announced that Miss Barton would leave Santiago for Havana on Sunday. A cablegram from Mr. Barton the Red Cross agent, who called for Porto Rico on the 18th, announces his arrival and the landing of the Red Cross supplies. He telegraphs that there is very urgent need of light food, groceries and delicacies for five thousand men for at least two months.

MERRITT'S REPORT

W. P. LEARS OF CO. A KILLED INSTEAD OF WM. LEWIS.

Complete List of Killed and Wounded—Evans Dies in the Hospital—Abandon Camp Thomas—Insurgents Peaceful.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Adjutant-General Corbin yesterday afternoon received the following dispatch from General Merritt:

Following is a list of killed, wounded and deaths of enlisted men in this command since August 1:

KILLED. WILLIAM P. LEARS, First Nebraska. ROBERT M'CANN and SAMUEL F. HOWELL, Fourteenth infantry. CLEMENS LAURER, Twenty-third infantry.

Dea has, results, wounds and diseases. Charles Winfield, James McLirath, Third artillery; Lee Synder, Tenth Pennsylvania; John G. Dunsmore, Dardel J. Nicholas, George H. Perkins, First California; Charles Dunn, Astor battery; Sergeant Burnston, Leslie B. Paden, Henry Dickson, Sidney Platt, Thirteenth Minnesota; Charles Phoenix, First Colorado; Sergeant W. J. Evans, First Nebraska; Edgar Johnson, Rufus R. Holbrook, Edward C. Young, Second Oregon; Walter Herbine, Twenty-third infantry; William B. Robbin, Neil Hoquard, Thomas Sergeant, hospital corps; Philip Fern, Arthur Jobbling, Eighteenth infantry; LeRoy Minnich, First Wyoming; William Sanders.

Severely wounded: John F. Duncan, Lawrence P. Connor, George Hanson, William A. Wickham, Claud F. Head, First Nebraska.

Clinton Lambert, Lucius Snow, Fourteenth infantry.

Fenton F. Newman, Joseph Smith, Richard L. Turk, Twenty-third infantry. Thomas Hayden, Astor battery. Sergeant Mervin Carleton, Corporal Henry E. Williams, Frank Crowl, Carlos Little, Thirteenth Minnesota.

Among the slightly wounded are: Joseph S. Oviatt, Charles E. Peiser, J. P. McCauley, George Englehorn, First Nebraska; Wm. A. Jones, Louis H. Wallace, Guyman Thornton, Clarence T. Rice, Henry E. Bowman, George T. Twency, Louis Ulmer, Louis Kahn, Willis S. Moore, Ernest L. Rider, Henry Fitzloff, Milton A. Trenham, Albert S. Hansen, Charles J. Ahlers, Charles P. Wood, Thirteenth Minnesota.

In the above list all are privates, except where otherwise noted.

Insurgents Are Peaceable.

MANILA, Aug. 24.—The rumors of trouble between the natives and Americans are for the most part unfounded. The fact is that the insurgents have been unwilling to disarm, until assured of the permanence of American protection. The run on the Spanish bank, which originated in the rumors of an excessive note issue to all the Spanish authorities, led to a run on the institution, but the British banking houses came to its assistance and averted a failure.

Business is now booming. The obstructions in the Pasig river, which flows through the city, have been removed and the water works have resumed operations.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The Associated press learns that the Philippine junta in London received a dispatch from Manila yesterday announcing that matters there are rapidly quieting down and that the friction between Aguinaldo and the Americans is disappearing. The junta is satisfied that all friction will soon disappear and that there will be no trouble from the insurgent if the Americans decide to retain the Philippines.

Abandon Camp Thomas.

CHICKAMAUGA PARK, Aug. 24.—The war department has ordered General Breckinridge to abandon Camp Thomas at Chickamauga Park, and the general is using every means to comply with the orders as rapidly as possible. The various regiments have received orders to pack up and be ready to get out on short notice, and all have gone about obeying orders in a systematic and rapid manner. As fast as railroads can furnish transportation the men will move. A large number of the regiments have been ordered to their state capitals. The others will be sent to Knoxville, Lexington and Huntsville, Ala. Many of the regiments of the Second and Third divisions of the First corps are already moving to Knoxville and Lexington, and as soon as possible all the regiments of the Third corps not ordered home will go to Huntsville.

General Breckinridge, the commander of Camp Thomas, will go either to Knoxville or Lexington. He states that he has not yet received definite information as to which of the two camps he will be ordered. All that will be left at Camp Thomas will be in the hospitals, where the men are too sick to be moved, and one regiment, which will not see a guard.

It is not known where the light artillery and Colonel Grigby's rough riders will be sent, as no orders relating to them have been issued.

The First Maine infantry broke camp and left for home yesterday.

Deaths of the French.

MADRID, Aug. 24.—The official Gazette which published yesterday morning a decree conferring decorations upon M. Cambon, the French ambassador at Washington, M. Fatenotte, the French ambassador at Madrid, and M. Delcasse, the French minister of foreign affairs, names also for decoration M. Thiebaut, first secretary of the French embassy at Washington and M. DeGrandpre and J. Besseve, both of the French embassy at Washington.

CUTTING DOWN EXPENSES.

Retrenchment the General Order in Army—Discharge Many.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—Retrenchment on nearly every department of the army since the close of hostilities. This is especially noticeable in the ordnance and engineering department, when the men employed for the exigencies of war are no longer employed. In the ordnance department the force at the various arsenals is to be materially reduced in all cases where this can be accomplished without detriment to the service. The Rock Island arsenal will probably be affected more than any other. There before the war about 240 men were employed. When the peace protocol was signed, there were approximately 4,000 men engaged and orders have been issued which will reduce this number by two-thirds. Before and during the war large numbers of contracts were made with ordnance firms for supplying material. In many cases these were made conditional so they could be terminated within a few days after the cessation of hostilities and the department has in every case availed itself of this privilege. At the end of the civil war the government had outstanding contracts for furnishing a large number of big sea coast projectiles but as these were regarded unnecessary when hostilities came to an end, amicable arrangements were made with the companies, by which these contracts were cancelled.

At the present time contracts are in existence also for furnishing sea coast projectiles, but as the government is desirous of obtaining all contracted for, there will be no necessity of resorting to such action as was taken at the close of the civil war.

The quartermaster's department is dispensing as rapidly as possible with such of the transports as were chartered, and for which there is no necessity. Considerable labor is involved in this work, as a board of survey has to be appointed to determine the various questions that arise pending the return of the vessels to their owners.

In the engineers' department the services of electricians, mechanics and laborers engaged in the work of harbor and river and defense and of boatmen employed in the patrol of the adjacent waters to warn approaching craft of their danger also are being discharged as rapidly as consistent with the good of the service.

SIX DROWNED IN A CLOUDBURST.

Children on a Porch Swept to Death—Twenty Foot Wall of Water.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 30.—A cloudburst up Sawmill run yesterday morning caused a tidal wave in that stream, endangering the lives of a dozen persons. Five children are missing and are supposed to have been drowned. They are: Irene Loftus, Regis Loftus, Genive Shaughnessy, Margaret Shaughnessy, Nellie Sauls, Anna Holzapfel. The water in the run began to rise yesterday morning and at 9 o'clock a great volume of water came down. The missing children together with some older persons, were standing on the porch of a tenement house in Violet alley in the rear of Main street near West Carson. This porch overhung the run. When the great wave, twenty feet high, came down the porch was carried away and the people went with it.

Mrs. John Loftus, mother of the two children first named, and two men were the adults in danger. The woman made a heroic effort to save the children, but to no purpose.

Near the mouth of the run the sand dredge Pittsburg was moored and when the men in it saw the wreckage coming down the stream and the people struggling for life they stopped all else and went to the rescue. The men and the woman were carried out by the sand diggers. The woman had excited the admiration of all who saw the catastrophe by her efforts. She was almost overwhelmed a number of times, but each time fought off the debris and came to the surface.

The great body of water did much damage. A sand bar fifteen feet high at the foot of the run was washed away. Parties of men are searching for the bodies of the children. There was a heavy and continuous downpour of rain throughout western Pennsylvania from midnight until 8 o'clock this morning and considerable damage was done by washouts and the overflowing of small streams, but as far as known there were no other casualties.

Mrs. Loftus, mother of the two Loftus children, is dying from the effects of the shock and exposure.

Ministry Quarrel.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Daily Mail's Vienna correspondent says: A serious military crisis has arisen. The Fremdenblatt, the organ of Count Goluchowski, the Austrian minister of foreign affairs, published an official communique yesterday, whereupon the ministry of the interior, over which Count von Thun Hohenstein presides, issued a note to all the papers disavowing the Fremdenblatt's communique. It appears that Count Goluchowski resists Count von Thun's domestic policy, on the ground that it will destroy the Austro-German alliance, throw Austria into the hands of the Russians and thus cause a crisis of deep import to the foreign policy.

Pope Said to Have Relapsed.

ROME, Aug. 20.—Rumors are in circulation that the pope has suffered another relapse. Dr. Lapponi, his holiness's physician, denies the report, but anxiously awaits.

Rails Want Cooling Station.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Daily Mail's (Glasgow) correspondent says on inconceivable authority that Russia has opened the pour parley with Spain for the cession of a cooling station in the Philippines.

TALKING THE MATTER OVER.

Senator Davis Has a Conference With the President.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Senator Davis, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations, and selected as a member of the commission to negotiate terms of peace with Spain, arrived in Washington yesterday. We went to the White house very soon after his arrival and remained with the president for an hour. The conference was of preliminary character and was devoted largely to the great questions which the administration will have to settle, of the control of the Philippines. Afterwards Senator Davis went to the state department and saw Secretary Day.

Senator Davis will remain in Washington two or three days, and the terms of peace for the American side will be formulated as far as possible in the conference which will occur between the president, the secretary of state and the chairman of the foreign relations committee. Senator Davis refused absolutely to discuss with newspaper men any of the questions growing out of the war or the subjects which might likely come before the commission. He briefly referred to the success of the war and the achievements of the American soldiers and sailors in the different battles which occurred. He was especially gratified at the gallant conduct of the Thirteenth Minnesota in the battle of Manila, and while here made arrangements with the war department for bringing home the remains of Captain Bjornsted of that regiment, who died of wounds since the battle was fought.

Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn of the war department is contemplating the establishment of a line of transports from New York to Havana, Santiago, Ponce and return. It is expected that the line will be ready for operation next week. The line will be utilized for transporting supplies to the quartermasters, commissary and surgical supplies, as well as such other things as may be needed at the points occupied by the United States forces. Mails will be carried also on these transports to and from the new American possessions.

PRaises for the War Board.

The navy department yesterday gave out the following letter addressed by Secretary Long to the president of the war board in recognition of his services:

HINGHAM, Mass., Aug. 21.—My Dear Admiral: In view of the practical ending of the war with Spain and the well-earned relief from further duty to which the naval war board is now entitled, I cannot, though absent from the department, forbear to express to you and through you, to your associates on the board—Commodore Crowninshield and Captain Mahan (retired)—the very high appreciation which the department has of the services it has rendered since the war began. That its members have been faithful and diligent in the highest measures goes without saying, for they are animated by the high professional spirit which distinguishes the navy and which they have themselves done much to stimulate and maintain.

But from my personal knowledge and observation, I desire to add to this that the equally marked have been the intelligence, the wise judgment, the comprehensive forethought and the unflinching competency to meet every exigency which has characterized their deliberations and actions. May it be said that not one error has been made. Proper control by the department has been exercised over all movements in the field, and yet, at the same time, commanding officers have been duly left to exercise discretion and have never been hampered in their work. I do not know how your work, as a member of that important board, could have been better done or whether in the arena of the war you could have rendered better service or deserved more honor. Yours very truly,

JOHN D. LONG, Secretary.

To Rear Admiral Montgomery Sigsbee, U. S. N., Chairman Naval War Board, Washington, D. C.

Poisoned Candy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 25.—Mrs. D. A. Botkin, who is accused of causing the death of Mrs. J. P. Dunning and Mrs. J. P. Deane of Dover, Del., is now in the city prison here, having been brought from Stockton yesterday morning. Mrs. Botkin declines absolutely to talk to newspaper reporters, but to the chief of police she earnestly protested her innocence.

What the police regard as an important piece of evidence was made public at Stockton yesterday. Frank Gatterell, a Sale man in the Wave candy store at Stockton, says that about three weeks ago a woman came into the store and asked for a four-bit box of candy, saying that she had some candy that she desired to put in the box with some of the store candy. Gatterell gave her a box which did not have the firm name on it. The candy which she put in looked old to him and it scarcely half filled the box. He says he did not observe the lady closely and can only describe her by saying that she was of medium height and build. He was positive that there were chocolate cream among the candy besides other French candies.

Connecticut Peace Jubilee.

MYTIC, Conn., Aug. 25.—The thirty-second annual convention of the universal peace society opened in the peace temple at this place yesterday. The sessions will continue for four days. Arrangements were made today to make the meeting take the form of a peace jubilee in celebration of the signing of the peace protocol.

The important day of the convention comes tomorrow, when it is expected 10,000 people will be in attendance.

NEBRASKA NOTES.

Tuesday night, while Hon. Elijah F. ley, of Filley, was at Feward attending the congressional convention and his family was in Omaha, their home and contents were destroyed by fire. No one had been in the house for over twenty-four hours and the cause of the fire is a mystery.

Avery Ransom, who was running a threshing machine a few miles from Oacola, was feeling the machine when his arm got caught near the elbow, stopping the machine. When he got the arm out, it was found that not a bone was broken, but it was bruised badly.

The cool evenings accompanied by heavy dews are doing considerable toward bringing Adams county's corn crop around in shape. The present indications are favorable toward a yield of nearly 80 per cent. The recent heavy rain put the soil in excellent condition for plowing and nearly all of the farmers are taking advantage of it.

As the outcome of an alleged assault some weeks ago M. H. Day, a school teacher of Berlin, is getting about on crutches, and constable Joe Coes, of Syracuse, with a warrant issued by County Judge M. C. Joyce, of Nebraska City, arrested the alleged criminal, Fred Shrader, manager of the elevator and lumber yard, and vice president of the Bank of Berlin.

John Grabowski, a workman in John Claes' brick yard at Beatrice, met with a painful and probably serious accident recently. While working in the clay pit the wall caved in, throwing him down and covering him to the arm pits with dirt. After being extracted he was found to be badly injured in the groin, every movement of his lower limbs causing fearful pain. He was taken to a near-by house and cared for until the arrival of Dr. Felch. Being too badly injured to be removed to his home, his wife was sent for.

The Kearney & Black Hills railroad was sold at 11 o'clock Tuesday morning under foreclosure sale to the Union Pacific Railroad company for \$150,000. The sale was conducted by Special Commissioner W. S. Alexander and was bid in by Judge Cornish, vice president of the Union Pacific. The sale was witnessed by P. S. Booth, general manager in charge for the Union Pacific, and Messrs. Sargent and Creer of Boston, representing the American Trust company and quite a gathering of citizens. The road is sixty miles long.

Frank L. Dorwart, sheriff of Saline county, has been absent for several days. It now transpires that he is an absconder, as a letter received from him dated at Denver, states that it is not his intention to return. His hired girl, an attractive looking young woman, is also missing and it is surmised that they are together. He drew out a large sum of money recently from a building and loan association in which he was an investor. It is believed that his affairs of the office are in good shape. He was serving his third term and leaves a wife and interesting family. He owns a good farm unincumbered, and other property. All his acquaintances are filled with amazement at his mad and foolish act.

Tuesday evening John J. W. Donnell, organizer for the Fraternal Union of America, who has been in Pawnee City about three weeks, was crossing the Rock Island bridge in the north part of town, he was attacked by several men and his arms pinioned to his side. He was lifted over the banister of the bridge and thrown to the bottom, a distance of twenty to thirty feet. Mr. Donnell says that while he was being lifted it seemed as if someone put his hand into his inside vest pocket. The entire pocket is torn out of his vest and about \$30 has gone with it. His watch chain is broken but his watch was not taken. Mr. Donnell says he thinks a person followed him down to the road bed but is not sure. He does not remember how he got to his boarding place. He is quite badly hurt in the back of the neck either from a blow or from the fall and at present it is hard to guess how the injury will terminate.

The death of Mrs. Delilah Cromwell on the 12th inst., at the residence of John Edwards, eight or nine miles southwest of Table Rock, removes one of the old residents of this vicinity. She was in her 120th year and was the oldest person in Pawnee county, and doubtless in the state. She was born in Kentucky in 1778, and was therefore a girl of ten or eleven years when the first president, George Washington, was inaugurated for the first term. She could remember well hearing of all the circumstances she came to this county with her husband, Dr. A. F. Cromwell, who was the first physician in the county, in 1859, being among the very first settlers. Her husband died 31 years ago, at his home, near the old town of Cincinnati, a couple of miles below DuBois. Dr. Cromwell was her fourth husband, and left her a widow of eighty-nine years, thirty-one years since. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Aaron Berkeley, and she was buried in the DuBois cemetery.

A. E. Small & Co.'s hardware store at Fairmont was burglarized Monday night. About \$50 worth of razors, revolvers and pocket knives were taken. Entrance was made by prying open a back window. Mr. Small kept the matter secret until he got the dogs barked from Friend at 7:30. They took the trail and followed it to Brother, where the thieves had stepped at a corn crib and scattered some papers. From there the trail led to the railroad track where it is suggested the men took the train.