

An Outline of Spain's Autonomic Measures for Cuba.

MAKES CUBA INDEPENDENT AS CANADA

Gives the Idea of its Own Law Making Body The Spanish Minister at Washington says the Outlook.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Senor Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish minister, has received dispatches from Madrid showing in detail the plan of autonomy which Spain is about to apply to Cuba. While these do not give the text of the new law, they explain all important features and clear up doubts which had arisen from the official reports which have come from Madrid.

Speaking of the new law, the minister said yesterday:

"I regret that much misapprehension has arisen over the new law owing to the very meagre reports heretofore received concerning it. I must admit, also, that I have been astonished at the disposition in some quarters to criticize small technical features without looking at the broad, general character of the new reform law. It is a measure which will stand the closest scrutiny, and I am very desirous that the American people should look into it with care, studying it and comparing it with other constitutional methods of governing colonies. Such study I am sure, will fully vindicate the law and commend it to the people of this country outside of those irreconcilables who are always to be met with. One of the recent criticisms is that this plan of autonomy is the same as the old plan with some change of detail.

"As a matter of fact the new plan is a complete realization of the policy and platforms of the autonomist party during the last twenty years. The old plan of autonomy gave to Cuba an advisory body. It did not have final authority in making laws, but merely advised as to those laws. Now, however, the new law proposes to give Cuba a parliamentary body of full lawmaking power. The completeness of this legislative power is as great, if not greater, than that enjoyed by Canada or by any state of the United States. This is readily demonstrated by comparing the plan of the new law with that of the British North America act of 1867, which established the present parliamentary system of Canada. In the new plan for Cuba there is no property qualifications as to the electors. It is one man, one vote, the same be he black or white.

"If the new home rule law is compared with the systems prevailing in the several states of the United States it will be found that Cuba is to have a far greater measure of control of her own affairs than the several states in this country. For instance, she is given control of her postal affairs, control of her banking and currency, control of her customs. This last feature is most important."

SOME CAN NEVER BE SUITED. When it was suggested that among certain classes no plan of autonomy was acceptable, he said:

"Certainly there are irreconcilables on both sides—Spanish irreconcilables and Cuban irreconcilables. But they are not the ones to be considered. It is the people at large and the material interests of Cuba that are to be considered. The Cuban irreconcilable says he will not accept this new law. He does not point out its defects or suggest remedies. He simply declines to accept it. Such men are out of court. They are not open to argument or reason.

Luetger's Trial Again.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 30.—The second trial of Adolph Luetger for the murder of his wife was called before Judge Gary yesterday. The big sausage manufacturer was represented by ex-Judge Lawrence Harmon and Attorney Max Reese, Attorney Phelan having withdrawn.

Most of the session was taken up by Mr. Harmon, in arguing that Judge Gary should not try Luetger, on the ground that he was not qualified to sit as a criminal judge. Judge Gary overruled the motion.

Attorneys Harmon and Reese held a consultation with State's Attorney Deenen to decide on some other judge to hear the case.

It was late in the afternoon when the task of securing a jury was entered upon, but by the time court adjourned sixteen veniremen had been examined and two jurors were accepted by the state, although the defense has still the privilege of rejecting them. The two men are Thomas H. Bachelor, an insurance man, who said he had only read the headlines in the papers during the former trial and had absolutely no opinion regarding the guilt of the prisoner, and Walter J. Northam, a clerk, who said he could give the accused a fair trial.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 30.—John H. Dame, until recently a runner for the Western hotel, was locked up yesterday on a charge of insanity. He read the testimony in the Luetger murder trial at Chicago and became possessed of a frenzy to kill his wife and two children and to burn their bodies in the old garbage crematory. He is undoubtedly violently insane.

Many Grocers Indicted. DENVER, Colo., Nov. 30.—The grand jury has found true bills against many merchants for selling oleomargarine. The Colorado creamery men's association instituted the complaints.

Man Cuts His Throat.

Worcester, Mass., Nov. 30.—Charles O. McCloud, a screw manufacturer, well known all over the country, is dead in this city. He cut his throat Friday night with suicidal intent.

Newsman's Franchise Makes a Sensation from the State.

FRANCIS, Nov. 29.—In the midst of the excitement which was granted to the Hawaiian people, the master of the Christian church at Candy, from his wife, a woman named Candy.

She had been a sensation by publicly announcing her divorce from the husband who had been married to her for many years. She had been married to him since found out that she was not married to a man other than the one who had been deceived and would be for a divorce.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Hon. Francis M. Hatch, the Hawaiian minister, returned to the city after an absence of several months, the greater portion of which was spent in Honolulu. Mr. Hatch declares affairs as being very quiet and satisfactory in Honolulu and the people are thinking more of business than of politics. He says the negotiation between the Hawaiians and the Japanese with a view to the settlement of the differences between the two governments by arbitration are still in progress.

Quoted Together.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 29.—It is stated in local distilling circles that the proposed scheme of pooling the distillery interests of Kentucky is about to fall through. The scheme was to form all the distilleries of the state into one vast combine for the purpose of regulating the output and cutting down expenses by reducing operating forces. The reason alleged for the failure of the project is that eastern financiers who were to buy the distilleries were frightened off because they claimed that the Kentucky distillers had listed their distilleries at figures far beyond their real value.

Plan to Make Up.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 29.—A secret meeting of the executive committee of the window glass workers' association was held to bring about a settlement of the troubles between the warring factions in the association. The result reached was a proposition which will be placed before the members at large for ratification. It is, in brief, an offer by the blowers and gatherers to compromise their differences with the cutters and flatteners, to divide the funds of the association (about \$100,000) on condition that the latter faction withdraw their suit from court and leave the organization as a body.

Iowa Criminal Captured.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—The police have been notified that W. F. Kasson, the escaped prisoner, had been caught in Victoria, B. C. Kasson is the Iowa man who while in prison here, charged with embezzlement, escaped. While in jail here Kasson was notified that he had been left \$250,000 by an uncle, James Kasson of Austin, Ia. He was then looked upon as a sort of prize prisoner and given many privileges. It was by taking advantage of this laxity that he was enabled to escape. Kasson, when arrested in Victoria, had managed to get get hold of part of his inheritance and was seeking to get away in a steamer to the orient.

Iowa Town Searched.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 29.—A fire destroyed a large portion of the business part of the town of Collins, Story county. The fire was kept from crossing the street by means of water and wet blankets hung against the buildings. The following are among the burned stores:

Mrs. C. H. Jones' furniture store, L. B. Attle's jewelry store, J. B. Jones' lumber yard, W. W. Fish's meat market, W. A. Deester's restaurant, three blacksmith and wagon shops. The loss is estimated at \$35,000, insurance probably not over \$7,000.

Wreck on the Alton.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 29.—It is reported here that a west-bound passenger train collided with a freight train on the Chicago & Alton road at 5 o'clock at Mayview, forty-eight miles east of Kansas City. Several cars were wrecked and it is reported that a number of persons were hurt. The Chicago & Alton officials here state that no one was killed, but refuse to give out the details of the wreck.

Couldn't Kill Himself.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 29.—About 10 o'clock last night Seth Carter killed his sweetheart, Alberta Brackley, then fired one shot at himself which missed. Then he threw the revolver away and cut his throat with a razor. After this he walked from the scene of the tragedy to the police station, almost a mile, and surrendered. Carter's wounds are not regarded fatal.

Raising Quarantine.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 29.—All efforts are now being bent on removing quarantines and the barriers will be drawn sooner than at first announced. There was another heavy frost Wednesday morning. The marine hospital services has closed its work and the fever is officially dead.

Bravery is Rewarded.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—A gold medal was Wednesday presented to William S. Langford, the referee at the Yale-Princeton football game, who is a clerk in the office of the comptroller of the New York Central railroad, for saving the lives of the passengers in a submerged car at the recent disaster at Garrison, N. Y. Langford swam on the Hudson river to the submerged car and chopped a hole in the roof of the car, releasing three men.

Company of Young Men Sail Under His Command.

THE CAPTAIN HAS A BLACK RECORD

His Crew Disobeyed the True Idea of a Pirate's Duty.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 27.—A story comes from Honolulu that has caused much anxiety among the friends of the sixteen young men who recently sailed from this port on the schooner Sophia Sutherland, in search of treasure on the Solomon islands.

The trading master of the little craft, now, presumably, cruising in the south seas, is Captain Sorrenson, who, according to ex-Congressman Churchill of Apia, has a black record as a pirate and despoiler of natives in the islands of the central Pacific. When Sophia Sutherland reached Apia she was subjected to a searching inquiry, during which Sorrenson was identified as the man who had led a similar treasure seeking expedition from Melbourne, on the schooner Albert, which he soon transformed into a regular pirate. In 1884 he was captured by the British man-of-war Dart and sent to prison for ten years. Since then he had not been heard from, but now he is in virtual command of a company of Californians, who put faith in his stories of the fabulous wealth of the Solomon islands.

An Innocent Indian.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The killing of a herdsman named Hoover in Montana, near the northern Cheyenne reservation, which caused intense excitement at the time and led to hasty action by the government to avert an apprehended Indian outbreak, was recalled by a request which Secretary Bliss received from the Indian rights association.

The latter desire to secure funds to pay the expenses of an appeal to the Montana supreme court in the case of the Indian boy, Spotted Hawk, condemned for Hoover's murder. Captain Stouch, the agent for the Tongue River agency, believes that an innocent person has been condemned. Secretary Bliss has already taken the necessary steps for securing the boy's rights. An Indian boy named Stanley has confessed to the murder.

Indians May Seek Revenge.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 27.—Governor Adams has appointed Attorney D. C. Beaman of Denver, Charles E. Noble of Colorado Springs and Judge Joshua Waitridge of Steamboat Springs as a commission to investigate the recent Indian disturbances in Routt and Rio Blanco counties, his purpose being to determine whether any blame attaches to the game wardens for killing Indian hunters.

No news has been received at the headquarters of the department of Colorado, U. S. A., or at the state house regarding the reported departure from the Utes' reservation in Utah of a party of Indians for the purpose of taking revenge for the killing of their comrades by game wardens.

A letter to the Times from Craig, Colo., states that settlers are prepared for any move that may be made. It has all along been felt that the Indians might seek revenge.

Pullman Porter is Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 27.—Lee Pitts, a negro Pullman porter, living in this city is a prisoner at the Four Courts on the charge of attempted robbery. A. R. Hill, a broker of Providence, R. I., alleges that Pitts tried to steal from his pocket an envelope containing \$39,000 in certified checks and \$3,000 in cash.

Broker Hill was a passenger on the Baltimore & Ohio train which arrived in St. Louis from the east. As soon as the train reached union station he caused the arrest of Pitts. At the Four Courts Mr. Hill said:

"Just after the train passed Odin, Ill., the porter pulled the curtain aside and reached into my berth. He took \$10 out of my trousers pocket where I had an envelope containing \$42,000 in cash and checks. I awoke just in time to save the envelope. I grappled with the negro and the encounter attracted the attention of the Pullman conductor, J. B. Hedges. He ordered the negro to return the \$10 he had taken."

A Quiet Day at the White House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27.—President McKinley attended Thanksgiving services at the Metropolitan Methodist church Thursday. He was accompanied by his brother, Abner McKinley, Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Barber. The White house was unusually quiet all day, it being very much like a Sunday. Some of the executive clerks were in the office attending to the mail and correspondence which was pressing, but none stayed all day.

The president and Mrs. McKinley had as their guests at dinner the vice-president and Mrs. Hobart, Ensign and Mrs. Smith, the latter a daughter of the late President Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley, Miss Barber and Master Garrett Hobart.

A Florida Fire.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Nov. 27.—About \$100,000 worth of property was burned Wednesday morning by a fire that was started by an incendiary in the old Congress building, which was used by several firms as a warehouse for the storage of hay and lumber. The fire spread to Oubb's lumber yard, the old freight house of the Louisville & Nashville railroad and the company's new freight house. The latter was filled with freight to the roof. All of the contents were destroyed.

Doomed Murderer Tries to Kill Himself in a New Way

LIBERTY, Mo., Nov. 29.—In the county jail yesterday afternoon William Carr, under sentence to be hanged next month for drowning his three-year-old child in the Missouri river, tried to commit suicide by swallowing a quantity of powdered glass. Although the physician failed to vomit the stuff. The county physician thinks he will recover because of his great strength. Carr fought like a fiend while the physicians were administering the injections, and was only conquered by being choked until he was black in the face and begged the jail officers to choke him to death.

Since his sentence was pronounced two weeks ago Carr has grown more sullen daily and repeatedly expressed a desire to be dead and over with it.

Surprise the Indians.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 29.—The Carlisle Indian football team was treated to a genuine surprise Saturday by the eleven representing the Ohio medical college. The game was played at the Western league ball park and was witnessed by from 3,000 to 4,000 people. It was cold and cloudy and the field was covered with a heavy mud. Quarterback Murphy and Smith of the Indians were unable to be in the game on account of injuries received at Cincinatti. In their absence Eastman played quarterback and Kennedy centre. The "medics" did not expect to score against the Indians but went into the game with the determination to keep the score down if possible.

The Indians were put on their mettle on the star by the aggressive play of the "medics" and the contest proved to be fast and exciting. The "medics" carried the ball twice over the Carlisle line, something which no other western team has ever done. Probably the greatest feature of the game was the sixty-eight yard run of Cay-ut of the Indian team for a touch-down after securing the ball on a fumble. Both touchdowns scored by the "medics" were made by superior play, the Indian line being battered for repeated gains. The final score was 20 to 12 in favor of the Indians, the Carlisle men missing two goals.

Second Star On.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—According to the Intergovernmental, Colonel Picquette, who was summoned from Tunis to Paris in connection with the Dreyfus affair, and whose statements are reported to be the basis of the accusation brought by Count Walsin Esterhazy, has been sentenced to thirty days' detention in a fortress.

General Pelloux, who was appointed by General Saussier, the military governor of Paris, to conduct the investigation of the charges against Comte Esterhazy, has completed his inquiry, the result of which will be announced on Tuesday by General Billor, the minister of war. The Journal asserts that the inquiry will result in the exculpation of Comte Esterhazy.

Fizaro says that General Pelloux seized letters written by Comte Esterhazy to several persons in which the writer insults and violently attacks the heads of the French army.

Girl Shoots Her Lover.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Nov. 29.—Mary Luxton, aged twenty-two years, shot and fatally wounded Ole Halvorson, aged twenty-five years, at Inkster Saturday afternoon as the result of a lover's quarrel. The girl then made a desperate attempt to take her own life, but Halvorson, although weak from loss of blood, succeeded in preventing her and managed to hold her until help arrived and she was taken into custody. The couple had been engaged for two years, but recently Halvorson had ceased his attentions and the girl called on him to "make up," and being repulsed the shooting followed.

Poisoned for Novoy.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 29.—Several days ago Thomas Shackelford, colored, called at the room of George Taylor, his friend, with a bucket of coffee, which he asked Mattie Johnson, the housekeeper, to warm up for Shackelford. She did so and later Taylor drank it. He at once became deathly sick and last night died. Several persons who drank coffee made in the same pot after he was taken sick but recovered after twenty-four hours. It is now asserted that Shackelford had put arsenic and carbolic acid into the coffee. Shackelford has disappeared and a post mortem will be held on the dead man. Taylor was living with a woman and his life was insured for \$1,000. It is thought he was murdered for the insurance money.

Imprisoned for Life.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 29.—James Seales, colored, who was charged with the criminal outrage of Judge Ennis' twelve-year-old daughter Katie a month ago, was Saturday found guilty and sentenced to ninety-nine years in the penitentiary. Much feeling exists over the case. The colored churches have taken a prominent part in the case, holding meetings and furnishing funds to defend Seales.

Postoffice Clerks Organize.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 29.—Delegates representing the first and second-class postoffice clerks of the country met in convention here and formed a permanent organization with the object in view of bettering the condition of this branch of postal employees. A bill was framed looking to this end, which will be submitted to congress at the coming session. Officers were elected headed by Joseph P. Healy of New York as president.

Ex-Auditor Must Spend a Term in the Nebraska State Penitentiary

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 1.—Judge Cornish yesterday sentenced Eugene Moore, ex-auditor of the state of Nebraska, who pleaded guilty to embezzling \$23,205.65 of state money, to eight years imprisonment in the state penitentiary. The sentence includes a fine of \$46,416.10, or double the amount of money embezzled, and the order to pay the costs of the prosecution. The court was at first inclined to give the prisoner a sentence of ten years, but the sight of Mrs. Moore clinging to her husband as he sat before the bar where he had dropped in a chair after hearing the sentence, and the appeal of Mrs. Moore for clemency moved the court to reduce the term of punishment to eight years. The fine imposed is in accordance with the statutory provision that any person embezzling public money shall pay a fine of twice the amount of money taken.

The hour set for imposing sentence was 9 o'clock. At that time Mr. Moore, in charge of W. A. Howard, a special deputy, came from the sheriff's office, crossed the corridor and entered the court room. Mrs. Moore approached him and handed him a paper. On entering the court room Mr. Moore seated himself at the table before the bar and Mrs. Moore and Judge Cornish, Attorney-General and the County Attorney Munger represented the state and were seated near

WIFE BY HIS SIDE.

The court room inside the railing was crowded with spectators who stood up near the bar of the court. The hour for imposing sentence had been announced and very general interest was manifested. Mr. Moore was comparatively calm on entering the room, but shortly after he took his seat, his eyes grew moist and the tears were plainly visible. Mrs. Moore did not shed a tear during the whole ordeal though her face plainly expressed silent suffering. All through Mrs. Moore endeavored to give her husband hope, but Mr. Moore was unable to master himself and he was in tears continually.

Thorn Must Die.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Martin Thorn was yesterday convicted of murder in the first degree for killing William Guldensuppe, his predecessor in the affections of Mrs. Augusta Nack, at Woodside L. I., on June 25. At the request of Thorn's counsel the passing of the death sentence was deferred until next Friday morning. Thorn heard the juryman polled on their verdict, but his face never changed color during the trying ordeal. With lips firmly compressed and jaws hard set, he faced the judge, jury and court room full of spectators with well-feigned stoicism.

About three weeks ago Thorn's first trial on the charge of murder was begun, but owing to the illness of a juror it had to be abandoned after three days. A second trial opened a week ago last Monday, and counting out three days on which the court did not sit the trial consumed only six days.

Mrs. Nack's testimony during the first trial made it compulsory for Thorn's lawyers to change their line of defense in the second trial, and they made a direct charge against Mrs. Nack and insisted that her alleged confession was a lie and she herself was the instigator and perpetrator of the murder. Thorn being ignorant of the killing until after Guldensuppe had been shot by Mrs. Nack. The woman was not produced during the second trial, but Thorn went on the stand and substantiated all the statements made by his lawyers as to the mid-wife's guilt. His story, as the verdict shows, did not have the desired effect upon the juryman.

Hayti Appeals For Help.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—State department officials refuse to discuss the complication between Germany and Hayti, or to indicate what course it will pursue in the matter, though it is evident that they do not regard it as likely to have serious or permanent results. Confidence is expressed in the intentions of the German government not to act unjustly towards the little republic, and it is felt that with the gunboat Marblehead at Port-au-Prince to watch over our interests in the event of trouble, that is all in the way of preparation that can be done.

Reports that came to the state department late in the afternoon from Hayti, were to the effect that considerable excitement prevailed there and that the situation was grave. For this reason it was determined to hasten the departure of Marblehead and the naval officials were communicated with to this end. The impression appeared to prevail in Port-au-Prince that a German warship was rapidly approaching the place. Of course it is stated that the purpose of protecting American interests that might be threatened by the outbreak of disorders in Hayti.

The latest advices from German, however, indicates that no occasion will be given for friction between the United States and Germany on account of the Haytian difficulty, and that the matter will be adjusted.

A Heavy Corps.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 1.—Mrs. Theresa Cardosa, who died Saturday, was buried in the Italian cemetery. She weighed over 600 pounds and the undertakers had to break down the stairs of her late residence to lower the body into the hall. A special casket, bound with iron was constructed, and as it was too large for any hearse, it was taken to the cemetery in a heavy express wagon. Mrs. Cardosa had been married twice and leaves five children.

Grin Over a Father's Wrong Doing Drives a Son to the Wilds

CHICAGO, Nov. 25.—Grief and chagrin over the disgrace of his father, Charles M. Charnley, according to his friends, drove to suicide James Charnley Jr., who was found in his room in the Hotel Foster Milwaukee, with a bullet hole in his heart.

Charles M. Charnley, formerly treasurer of the Presbyterian board of aid for colleges and academies, disappeared last summer, short some \$30,000. This weighed heavily on the son's mind, and for some time the young man had been ill. The sister and brother of young Charnley were not notified at once of the second disaster that had come to them. The brother, Charles, is in New York, and the sister, Miss Constance, is at Smith college. This second chapter in the family's sorrows comes with a crushing weight.

During the days when the stories of Charles M. Charnley's shortage was being exploited in the papers, and even since, young Charnley had remained in this city and borne the brunt of the reprimand, notoriety and disgrace. For months previous to his father's disappearance, it is said, the impending disaster was known to the son.

The identity of the young man was established in a singular manner. Up to last night there was apparently nothing to show who the dead man was. He had emptied his pockets of everything which might give some clue, and all that remained was a handkerchief with the initials, "T. S.," and a gold ring on one of his fingers engraved with the words "Easter Sun day." Last night, however, a newspaper reporter from Chicago was in the city, visited the morgue and the discovery was made of the name "J. Douglas, Chicago," in the suicide's shoes. The reporter on returning to Chicago found that J. Douglas lived at 99 Astor street. He met Douglas Charnley, cousin of the suicide, and during the conversation the thought struck Charnley that his cousin had been wearing a pair of his uncle's shoes, and immediately light was thrown on the mystery.

One Woman Is Killed.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 24.—The entire contents of the five-story building, 317-319 North Howard street, occupied by William H. Scott as a furniture store, were totally destroyed by fire, in which one woman, Mrs. Susan E. Maxon, lost her life.

The interior of the building occupied by Mr. Scott, which is owned by Michael F. McCormick, was also completely demolished. The total damage to the adjoining property is estimated at about \$135,000. The two adjoining buildings, occupied respectively by the Uriah Pollack Furniture company, on the south side and by the Potthast brothers, dealers in antique furniture, on the north side, were considerably injured by fire and water.

In the alley immediately in the rear of the Scott building three small houses occupied by colored people were damaged to the extent of \$500. The origin of the fire is not known. It started in the basement and it is thought by some of the employees that the highly inflammable material that encased packed furniture may have caught fire in some mysterious way. From the basement the fire was communicated to every floor in the building through the elevator shaft, which afforded a strong draught, and the entire building was soon enveloped in flames.

The fire was discovered shortly after 2 o'clock, at which time there were forty-five employees in the store and about twenty-five customers. A panic followed the discovery of the fire and everyone rushed to the nearest place of egress. Mrs. Maxon, who was alone, it thought to have fallen, or to have fainted from fright, her body being found soon after the flames had been subdued. A salesman had his ankle sprained and a fireman was slightly hurt.

The insurance on Mr. Scott's stock is \$81,000. Mr. McCormick's loss on the building is estimated at \$30,000 of which \$25,000 is covered by insurance.

The losses of the Pollack furniture company and Potthast brothers are not known.

An Engineer's Bravery.

DALLAS, Tex., Nov. 24.—A special to the News from Dublin, Tex., says:

The regular westbound train on the Rio Grande came into this place at 3:10 p. m., with more passengers than usual. When about three miles west, when rounding a curve into a deep cut, the engineer discovered the track to be obstructed by a pile of rock about three feet high. The engineer reversed his engine and suddenly started back to this city. As the train slowed up four robbers surrounded the train and ordered all hands up, but seeing the train move backward they opened fire on the engineer, who had crouched behind the boiler to avoid their bullets. Many shots were fired but no one was hurt. Considerable excitement prevailed among the passengers. All made frantic efforts to conceal their valuables. The men wore no masks. A posse was organized and conveyed to the scene at once.

The crowd showed their appreciation of the engineer's bravery in a substantial manner.

A Negro's Size Fight.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 24.—Jerry Marshall of Australia made a chopping block for two rounds of Jimmy O'Boy, better known as the "Boston Boy," and then knocked him out at the Empire athletic club in the presence of a big crowd. The bout was utterly devoid of science and O'Boy was outclassed from the start. Both are negroes. Tommy Wilson of Cincinnati put Johnny Smith, erstwhile known as the champion of Maryland, to sleep in two minutes.