

The Sioux County Journal.

ESTABLISHED 1858.
OLDEST PAPER IN THE COUNTY.
BEST PAPER IN THE COUNTY.
ONLY REPUBLICAN PAPER IN SIOUX COUNTY.
HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER PUBLISHED IN SIOUX COUNTY.

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L. J. Simmons, Editor.
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THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1893.

The base ball season has opened; the worlds fair is in full blast; the impeachment cases are on at the supreme court. The man who wants excitement and is still unhappy must be hard to please.

In the contest between the president and secretary of the treasury on the gold and bond question the latter relied on the west and the former on Wall street and the west proved equal to the demands.

Sioux City has been experiencing some very heavy financial failures during the past week and the effects have been felt in some of the towns on this side of the river. Many thousands of dollars worth of property are involved in the middle.

Congressman Kem informed the editor of the Crawford Gazette a few days ago that there would be no reduction in the tariff until the expenses of the government are reduced or a different method found for raising the revenue. Now that the tariff question is settled the people of the United States may go on and make their plans for the future, for there is no reason why Kem's tip should not be authentic. A statesman of his standing and ability could not be mistaken on a little matter like the tariff.

No case has been decided in the district court of any county in the state that has been commented on more, or more good things said of the successful litigation than of one in which Judge Kinkaid was the defendant which was tried in Boone county recently. That was the third trial in the district court and once in the supreme court. The case was remanded by that court and in the opinion Justice Maxwell scored Kinkaid quite severely, and the tall jurist of O'Neill no doubt is highly gratified over the recent victory and vindication.

It appears to be the policy of the administration to do all it can to break down the reciprocal arrangements made by the republicans with other nations. It was well known that the president desired to do so and he found a very willing assistant in Judge Gresham, who is prompted by his intense dislike for Harrison to do all in his power to undo anything which might reflect credit on the last administration. It may be good politics but it does not look right to break the agreement with any country until a fair test has been made and the good and bad points of the law established. It is too bad that when men are elevated to high positions that their views cannot be broadened enough to cause them to rise above petty political tricks.

The answers of the defendants in the impeachment cases are of a nature to interest all who desire to know anything of the conduct of the affairs of the state. In that of ex-Attorney General Leese it is set up that in the charge that he was retained as counsel by a private party a case in which the auditor was a respondent, that he had a perfect right to do so as there was no law to the contrary and the only question at issue was the validity of the bonds. In the answer of the present attorney general it is set up that he has not the time to minutely examine all matters presented to the various boards of which he is a member and is compelled, as are the other members, to take many of the reports as true. The answer of Commissioner Humphrey shows that he has to keep 75,000 individual ledger accounts in the matter of the state lands and also attend to a great deal of correspondence in connection therewith, and is also a member of the board of public lands and buildings, board of transportation, board of pharmacy, warehouse commission, board of educational lands and funds, and board of purchase and supplies. He further sets up that the impeachment proceedings against him are the result of passion and prejudice without consideration of facts. The answers of the others are much the same. The supreme court will be called on to decide how far an officer is responsible for the acts of his subordinates, and also to what extent the affidavits of officials of state institutions can be relied on. To expect any man to do all the work in any of the state offices is preposterous, so that it is necessary to draw the line where their responsibility ceases. If any of them have been guilty of malfeasance or have knowingly been a party in defrauding the state they should be punished, but they should not be punished for the dishonest acts of men who are under oath and bound to perform their duty with promptness, vigor, and other documents for them to act on which were submitted to before being presented. The indications are that the most need of protection is among the minor officials who have taken advantage of circumstances to profit at the expense of the state.

It is reported that the railroad companies will establish a through freight rate to be the sum of the various local rates and do away with the through schedule in order to be even under the new law. If that course is taken it will fall heavily on the people who have to pay the freight. If the farmers have to pay the sum of the local rates on wheat and the new law increases the local rate in this state as it is reported to do by two cents a bushel, it will make the cost of getting a bushel of wheat to Chicago a good deal more than it is now and the farmers will have to stand the loss. If the wholesale houses have to pay a higher rate of freight on their goods they will have to increase the selling price to correspond and the local merchants will have to follow suit and advance the price and the consumers will have to pay the freight. When an attempt is made to force strong organizations to do anything more care should be taken to close all the loopholes than appears to have been taken in the formulation of the Newberry bill, or the attempt is apt to prove a boomerang. The Fremont Tribune publishes a lot of figures showing what may be charged under the new law and what is the rate under the present schedule. It shows a slight reduction in rates on grain and other commodities to Omaha, but the rate to Chicago on the products in which the farmers are most interested may be increased three, and in some instances, four cents a bushel. That is without taking the local rates across Iowa and Illinois, which would increase the rate still more. From what can be learned now it looks as if it would not be long until the new law and the men who forced it on the people will become decidedly unpopular. It is high time that reason and not prejudice controlled the actions of people and that men possessed of fair minds and business instinct were sent to make laws, instead of calumny howlers, possessing a fanatical desire to "down" any and all corporate interests. The actions of the populists have shown the leaders to be the most grasping, selfish set of office-seeking creatures that has ever controlled the legislature. A populist leader who is honest in his work and has no axe to grind, would be as hard to find as will be the surplus of the \$15,000 appropriation for impeachment purposes after the decisions are handed down.

The remarks of THE JOURNAL in regard to the impeachment of ex-Attorney General Leese and Senator Stewart's attempt to table the resolution, and that gentleman's vote against the resolution of thanks to the presiding officer of the senate seem to have touched the statesman from Deadman in a tender spot and he comes back in the last issue of his party organ. He says that Majors rode roughshod over the independent members of the house on every important measure, and insinuates that he turned his chair so as to face one side of the chamber and ignored the other altogether for hours. He does not say that Majors actually did such a thing and it is doubtful if he did, for no kick was made by Rosewater about any such act on the part of the lieutenant governor, and it is well understood that no such breach of official etiquette would have been permitted to underhanded in the Bee by Majors' most bitter enemy. As to the treatment accorded Stewart and his colleagues the resolution introduced by him that certain acts were infamous, only received nine votes beside that of the senator from this district, and that is better proof of how the members felt about it than the statement of one member in a controversy. In regard to the impeachment proceedings he says that "it should be first understood that the impeachment proceedings against the state officers were not instituted until conclusive proof of their rascality and guilt had been unearthed." That is a corker. Some of the rascality consisted of exorbitant bills put through by the finance committee of the populist legislature of 1891, having accrued before any of the impeached officials were in office except Leese, Hill and Benton, and after examining the star chamber evidence on which the impeachment was based Judge Pound reported no proof of corruption, but that made no difference to the pops who were running the impeachment game. He says he finally concluded that to put the resolution to table the Leese resolution through would do more harm than good and withdrew it. That conclusion was reached by the parliamentarian from the northwest district after the chair had informed him that no such resolution could be entertained. There is no use for Mr. Stewart to attempt to fool all of the people all of the time. He has played his hand for all it is worth for some years on the people of the county and his record for narrow-minded acts did not begin with his vote on the Majors' resolution. If he had studied the rules of the senate half as hard as he did the schemes necessary to get himself elected to that body, he would have been saved a good deal of humiliation and had less occasion to entertain bad feelings toward the officer who had to turn him down so often when he attempted to perform antics which the rules of that "infamous" body would not allow.

The reports from Washington are that Morton, Martin and Custer will control patronage in Nebraska, so that the anxious place hunters may know to whom to go to keep their jobs.

Northwest Nebraska is receiving a great many new settlers this spring, but no county is enjoying the prosperity and development to the extent that Sioux county is. It might be added that in no county in the state, old or new, is there better prospects for a good crop.

The town of Cisco, Texas, was struck by a cyclone on last Friday and almost totally demolished. Twenty-five people were killed outright, and many others injured. The horror of the catastrophe was added to by the wrecked buildings taking fire. The loss was so great that a call was made for outside assistance.

The working of the new liquor law which will go into effect in South Carolina on July 1, 1893, will be watched with a great deal of interest by all classes of people who take any interest in the advancement of the welfare of the public. Under the new law the sale of all the liquor in the state will be under the control of the governor. It is thought by many that the result will be a great reduction in the amount of drunkenness.

A terrible cyclone visited Oklahoma last week, destroying several towns and killing between seventy-five and one hundred people and seriously injuring over two hundred and fifty others. Great suffering and almost incalculable loss is the result. Many were rendered homeless and were utterly ruined in a few moments by the work of the elements. The people of Sioux county should be thankful that they have no need to fear such calamities.

A gang of canvassers representing a Chicago grocery firm has been working the farmers of Custer county and doing a good business in selling their goods. A few days ago one of the canvassers attached a lot of the goods in order to get his pay and gave people a chance to see the kind of trash sold for good goods. The stuff was of the poorest quality and had been sold for the best. It will be found in nine cases out of ten it pays to deal with home merchants much better than it does to order of some house of which nothing is known.

SULLIVAN & CONLEY, Lawyers.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL COURTS AND U. S. LAND OFFICE.
LEGAL PAPERS CAREFULLY DRAWN.
OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE.
HARRISON NEBRASKA

Final Proof Notices.
All persons having final proof notices in this paper will receive a marked copy of their papers and are requested to examine their notices and if any errors exist report the same to this office at once.

Notice for Publication.
Land Office at Chadron, Neb., Apr. 16, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Conrad Lindeman, Clerk of the District Court at Harrison, Nebraska, on May 20th, 1893, viz:
Lewis Rickard, of Bodare, Nebr., who made Homestead Entry No. 579 for the NE 1/4, sec. 32, Tp. 33 N., R. 35 West of the 6th P. M.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
William S. Hill, Ed Smith, Henry Zimmerman, Ernest Range, all of Bodare, Nebr. W. H. McCANN, Registrar.

Notice for Publication.
Land Office at Chadron, Neb., Apr. 3, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Conrad Lindeman, Clerk of the District Court at Harrison, Nebraska, on May 18th, 1893, viz:
George H. Turner, of Grammercy, Nebr., who made Homestead Entry No. 877 for the SW 1/4 SW 1/4, & SW 1/4 SE 1/4, Sec. 20, & NE 1/4 SW 1/4, & NE 1/4 SE 1/4, Sec. 22, Tp. 34 S., R. 34 West of the 6th P. M.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Wilbur F. Shepperd, James Davis, George W. Cobb, Solomon H. Tory, all of Story, Nebr.
Elizabeth Murphy, of Bodare, Nebr., who made Homestead No. 843, for the Lot 6 & SW 1/4, sec. 14, & E. 1/2 SW 1/4, sec. 6, Tp. 32 N., R. 34 W. 6th P. M.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Henry C. Hunter, Joseph G. Morris, Oct B. Cady, Robert Neece, Alva Shroere, James E. McCoy, all of Royville, Nebr.; also Fritz Stich, of Monroe, Nebr., who made Homestead Entry No. 145 for the SW 1/4, Sec. 2, Tp. 23 N., R. 34 West of the 6th P. M.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Jacob Wasserburger, Jacob Forster, Perry White, Jackson Kneiser, all of Monroe, Nebr. W. H. McCANN, Registrar.

Notice for Publication.
Land Office at Chadron, Neb., Mar. 27, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Conrad Lindeman, Clerk of the District Court at Harrison, Nebraska, on May 6, 1893, viz:
Mary Abler, of Royville, Nebr., who made Homestead Entry No. 5018, for the Lots 1, 2, 3, & 4, Sec. 5, Tp. 23 N., R. 34 West of the 6th P. M.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
O. B. Cady, Robert Neece, Alva Shroere, James E. McCoy, all of Royville, Nebr.; also Fritz Stich, of Monroe, Nebr., who made Homestead Entry No. 145 for the SW 1/4, Sec. 2, Tp. 23 N., R. 34 West of the 6th P. M.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Jacob Wasserburger, Jacob Forster, Perry White, Jackson Kneiser, all of Monroe, Nebr. W. H. McCANN, Registrar.

Notice.—Timber Culture.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., April 13th 1893.
Complaint 816 having been entered at this office by Henry R. Reed against John W. Burrows for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 499, dated March 11th, 1892, upon the SE 1/4 section 19, township 23, range 35, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said John W. Burrows has failed to break or caused to be broken any part of said land since date of entry and there is no breaking whatever upon said tract and that said defects exist at date of initiation of this contest; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 6th day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.

Notice.—Homestead Entry.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., May 2, 1893.
Complaint having been entered at this office by Perry White against John Kasperger for failure to comply with law as to Homestead Entry No. 1862, dated April 29th, 1892, upon the NE 1/4, sec. 23, & NE 1/4, sec. 24, township 23 north, range 34 west, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said John Kasperger, has wholly abandoned said tract in this lowland and that he has been wholly absent from said claim for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit; that the said claim is not settled upon and improved as required by law, the said claimant having been absent therefrom for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit, and that said claimant is still absent therefrom. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 29 day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.
H. T. CONLEY, contestant's attorney.

Notice.—Timber Culture.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., May 2, 1893.
Complaint 230 having been entered at this office by Charles H. Unit against Zachariah Shrop for failure to comply with law as to timber culture entry No. 485, dated Oct. 17th, 1892, upon the south west quarter, section 7, township 20 north, range 35 west, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said entryman has wholly abandoned said tract in this lowland and that he has been wholly absent from said claim for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit; that the said claim is not settled upon and improved as required by law, the said claimant having been absent therefrom for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit, and that said claimant is still absent therefrom. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 29 day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.
H. T. CONLEY, contestant's attorney.

Notice.—Homestead Entry.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., May 2, 1893.
Complaint 261 having been entered at this office by William S. Brantley against Joseph H. Montgomery for failure to comply with law as to Homestead Entry No. 718, dated Feb'y 9th, 1892, upon the SW 1/4 section 21, township 23 north, range 35 west, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Joseph H. Montgomery has wholly abandoned said tract; that he has changed his residence therefrom for more than six months since settlement upon and cultivated by said party as required by law. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 17 day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.
GEO. WALKER, contestant's atty. [34-40]

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Complaint 230 having been entered at this office by Charles H. Unit against Zachariah Shrop for failure to comply with law as to timber culture entry No. 485, dated Oct. 17th, 1892, upon the south west quarter, section 7, township 20 north, range 35 west, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said entryman has wholly abandoned said tract in this lowland and that he has been wholly absent from said claim for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit; that the said claim is not settled upon and improved as required by law, the said claimant having been absent therefrom for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit, and that said claimant is still absent therefrom. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 29 day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.
H. T. CONLEY, contestant's attorney.

Notice.—Homestead Entry.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., May 2, 1893.
Complaint 261 having been entered at this office by William S. Brantley against Joseph H. Montgomery for failure to comply with law as to Homestead Entry No. 718, dated Feb'y 9th, 1892, upon the SW 1/4 section 21, township 23 north, range 35 west, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Joseph H. Montgomery has wholly abandoned said tract; that he has changed his residence therefrom for more than six months since settlement upon and cultivated by said party as required by law. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 17 day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.
GEO. WALKER, contestant's atty. [34-40]

Notice.—Timber Culture.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., May 2, 1893.
Complaint 230 having been entered at this office by Charles H. Unit against Zachariah Shrop for failure to comply with law as to timber culture entry No. 485, dated Oct. 17th, 1892, upon the south west quarter, section 7, township 20 north, range 35 west, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said entryman has wholly abandoned said tract in this lowland and that he has been wholly absent from said claim for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit; that the said claim is not settled upon and improved as required by law, the said claimant having been absent therefrom for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit, and that said claimant is still absent therefrom. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 29 day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.
H. T. CONLEY, contestant's attorney.

Notice.—Homestead Entry.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., May 2, 1893.
Complaint 261 having been entered at this office by William S. Brantley against Joseph H. Montgomery for failure to comply with law as to Homestead Entry No. 718, dated Feb'y 9th, 1892, upon the SW 1/4 section 21, township 23 north, range 35 west, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Joseph H. Montgomery has wholly abandoned said tract; that he has changed his residence therefrom for more than six months since settlement upon and cultivated by said party as required by law. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 17 day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.
GEO. WALKER, contestant's atty. [34-40]

Notice.—Timber Culture.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., April 13th 1893.
Complaint 816 having been entered at this office by Henry R. Reed against John W. Burrows for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 499, dated March 11th, 1892, upon the SE 1/4 section 19, township 23, range 35, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said John W. Burrows has failed to break or caused to be broken any part of said land since date of entry and there is no breaking whatever upon said tract and that said defects exist at date of initiation of this contest; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 6th day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.

Notice.—Homestead Entry.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., May 2, 1893.
Complaint having been entered at this office by Perry White against John Kasperger for failure to comply with law as to Homestead Entry No. 1862, dated April 29th, 1892, upon the NE 1/4, sec. 23, & NE 1/4, sec. 24, township 23 north, range 34 west, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said John Kasperger, has wholly abandoned said tract in this lowland and that he has been wholly absent from said claim for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit; that the said claim is not settled upon and improved as required by law, the said claimant having been absent therefrom for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit, and that said claimant is still absent therefrom. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 29 day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.
H. T. CONLEY, contestant's attorney.

Notice.—Timber Culture.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., May 2, 1893.
Complaint 230 having been entered at this office by Charles H. Unit against Zachariah Shrop for failure to comply with law as to timber culture entry No. 485, dated Oct. 17th, 1892, upon the south west quarter, section 7, township 20 north, range 35 west, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said entryman has wholly abandoned said tract in this lowland and that he has been wholly absent from said claim for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit; that the said claim is not settled upon and improved as required by law, the said claimant having been absent therefrom for more than eighteen months immediately prior to the making of this affidavit, and that said claimant is still absent therefrom. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 29 day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.
H. T. CONLEY, contestant's attorney.

Notice.—Homestead Entry.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
CHADRON, NEB., May 2, 1893.
Complaint 261 having been entered at this office by William S. Brantley against Joseph H. Montgomery for failure to comply with law as to Homestead Entry No. 718, dated Feb'y 9th, 1892, upon the SW 1/4 section 21, township 23 north, range 35 west, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Joseph H. Montgomery has wholly abandoned said tract; that he has changed his residence therefrom for more than six months since settlement upon and cultivated by said party as required by law. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 17 day of June, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.