

The Sioux County Journal.

(ESTABLISHED 1898.)

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.

BEST PAPER IN THE COUNTY.
HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER PUBLISHED IN SIOUX COUNTY.

Subscription Price, \$2.00

L. J. Simmons, Editor.
Entered at the Harrison post office as second class matter.

THURSDAY, FEB. 18, 1892.

The repeal of the state bounty on sugar has retarded the development of the industry in Nebraska at least five years. That was a clear case of the legislature cutting off its nose to spite its face.

The reports from Russia are that not only are the people dying of hunger, but the severity of the weather has caused a great deal of suffering and death and in addition to that contagious and fatal diseases are raging among the people and lack of the necessities of life add to the horrors.

There are to be two republican state conventions this year and Kearney asks that the first be held in that city. Kearney is one of the live cities of the western part of the state and ought to be recognized. The state central committee will act wisely should they call the convention to meet at Kearney.

A man by the name of Michael Conolly, of Miller, Neb., says he is in the same fix Boyd was, having been born in Ireland, served in the army, holds two honorable discharges and was a resident of Nebraska when it was admitted to the union as a state and he asks: "Am I a citizen of the United States or not?"

The Boyd demonstration at Lincoln on Monday is reported as having been quite enthusiastic and was a party matter. No one can blame the democrats for feeling good over the seating of Boyd, it was the first time a democratic governor was ever elected in Nebraska and it will likely be a good while before they will do so again.

Speaking of the coming campaign the *World-Herald* says: "This state is now doubtful. It is made doubly so by the strength of the alliance party." There is food for reflection in that statement for the republicans who have been led off in the past two years. The democrats will use the alliance-independent party to help elect democrats.

A few months ago the *World-Herald* referred to Gov. Boyd as "a fallen idol and a blasted hope" because it believed at that time that the independents were coming to the front, but now that Boyd is re-instated and signs of disintegration in the independent ranks become more visible, the fulsome flattery heaped upon Boyd by the *World-Herald* is piled on thicker, even than by the *Bea* and that is useless.

It is reported that in case a special session of the legislature is called Gov. Boyd will provide for a usury law to be acted on. Of all the foolishness discussed as likely to be done by the new governor that is the worst. Eastern capital is just getting ready to come into Nebraska again and any action on the part of the governor or the legislature which will tend to drive it back will certainly be against the interest and prosperity of the state.

Nebraska has contributed 30,000 bushels of corn to be sent to the starving people of Russia. That speaks volumes for the resources of this state. In 1890 hard times prevailed all over the state on account of the short crop, but with the bountiful crop of 1891 not only was plenty and prosperity restored but the people had to spare and gave 30,000 bushels of corn to feed the hungry of the nation which lent aid and comfort to the United States in the hour of need, and the gift will be doubly blessed. Carrying comfort and good will combined.

At the meeting of the congressional committee of the 6th district at Kearney last week a permanent organization was made by the election of J. E. Evans, of North Platte, chairman and W. W. Barney, of Kearney as secretary. The convention to elect a delegate to the national republican convention will be held at the city of Kearney and will convene two days prior to the date of the state convention. At that convention the time and place for holding the convention to nominate a candidate for congress will be determined. An active interest was shown by those in attendance.

A good illustration of democratic consistency in the independent movement is J. G. Maher, county clerk of Dawes county. In 1890 he was elected as a democrat and in 1891 he believed it would be good policy to be alliance-independent and ran on that ticket and was re-elected. When the news of Boyd's re-appointment was received he was one of the leaders among the rejoicing democrats and was one of the delegation from Chadron at Lincoln last Monday. Republicans who have aided the independent movement in the past were forced to withdraw their votes.

The Crawford Boomerang continues in its tirades against the officials of Sioux county. The editor of that paper has two reasons for his course. One is because he is mad because his bid for county printing was not accepted and the other is that he is trying to work up a sentiment against the officials and get people to favor Crawford's scheme for county division.

The indications are that Gov. Boyd will call a special session of the legislature. One of the things to be done in such case is the redistricting the state for legislative purposes. If that is done the convenience of the people ought to be taken into account. According to the bill introduced at the last session it made it very bad for the people in the western part of the state for the districts did not parallel the railroads and would necessitate long trips around by rail or long drives across the country by team, either of which is not desirable.

Quite a change occurred in the newspaper circle of Chadron last week, both the *Journal* and *Advocate* changing hands, the latter being consolidated with the former. E. E. Egan, the founder of the *Journal* retires and the paper will be issued by an entirely new management. Mr. Egan was one of the most brilliant writers in the the northwest and the fraternity will regret to see him leave the journalistic field. A. E. Sheldon, former editor of the *Advocate*, will be local editor of the *Journal* under the new management and his tact in gathering news and talent in putting it in readable shape will enable him to give good service. The paper will continue to be republican and aim to keep in the front rank and THE JOURNAL extends best wishes for its continued prosperity and growth.

The editor of the *Herald* keeps up his howl against the county officials and THE JOURNAL and tries to lead his readers to believe that great wrongs are being done to the taxpayers by them. Not one word has that paper ever said commending the county government for the good it has done. An allusion to the past few years may be of interest at this point. During the years 1888 and 1889 it cost the county about \$18,000 to run. Under the new set of officers during 1890 and 1891 it cost about \$10,000 to run the county, so that a saving of about \$8,000 was made to the taxpayers and during the two years last past a special election has been held, an expensive murder trial paid for, an examination of the records made by an expert, a set of field notes obtained, and minor matters looked after, and last year about \$2,300 of the debts of the former administration was paid. Does that look like wronging the taxpayer? The county commissioners recognized that the bid of the *Herald* was simply an offer for them to purchase the silence of what is left of the old gang, and they were satisfied that if they did not accept that bid that the mud batteries of the *Herald* would again be trained on them, regardless of truth, facts, or records, and the contents of that paper shows that their surmises were correct. The statement of the *Herald* in regard to circulation is decidedly amusing, but will mislead no one, and the statement that the *Herald* is recognized by the land office of account of its circulation is false and also shows that the editor of that paper does not know what he is here for. He tries to laugh off the point that after making a bid to furnish a certain grade of paper he produced samples of an inferior grade, but such actions do not indicate honesty of purpose. He refers to the ruling of the supreme court. Because two out of three of the judges of the supreme court saw fit to make a rule contrary to all precedent is no reason for impugning the motives of the county board. That matter was carefully looked up by the county attorney and some of the best lawyers in the state were consulted in the matter, all of whom concurred in his opinion, and one of the judges of the supreme court also held the same way, which certainly shows that no hasty action was taken in the case. It is a well-established rule in the management of public affairs not to pay anything about which there is any question except on an order of the court and the county officials are to be commended for the efforts made in the interest of the taxpayers. The *Herald* is trying the same tactics to "work" Commissioner Weber that it used a year ago on Commissioner Knott, and it appears to be having just about the same effect. A good illustration of the consistency of the *Herald* is the fact that in the last issue of that paper one column contained an attack on Commissioners Green and Knott for not taking action in the interest matter, and in another column of the same issue can be found the record of the county board instructing the county attorney to take action in that case. The whole matter summed up shows that it is simply a continuation of what has been going on in that paper almost incessantly since that memorable 9th day of January, 1890, when the farmers came with their Winchester to seat the men they had elected to office, and it is simply kept up to tickle a few individuals and keep up the row in hopes of retarding the settlement and development of the county. It was hoped that the fight was over, but such hope was doomed to disappointment, and just so long as that paper continues to misrepresent the actions of county officials and falsify in regard to their motives, just so long will THE JOURNAL continue as it has in the past to give the facts to its readers.

There is a general demand by the fair-minded republicans all over the state for a change in the administration of party affairs. Clean, honest and able men are called for in the make-up of the ticket. There is a strong tendency among the republicans who allied themselves with the independents in the past to return to the republican party and all that is needed is for the party management to show a spirit of fairness and the old-time republican majorities will be rolled up in the state. To bring this about, machine work has got to be abolished. It was machine work on the part of the late republican congressman from the third district in securing a re-nomination which brought about republican defeat, not only to the congressional ticket, but also to the head of the state ticket, for had the congressional nominee been such as would have added strength to the ticket instead of being a dead weight, Richards would have been elected, notwithstanding the treachery of Rosewater, Watson and others of their ilk. If such things occur in the selection of a ticket for the coming campaign history will be pretty apt to repeat itself, but if the good of the party rather than personal ambition is the object sought in the deliberations of the party, victory will again perch on the republican banners next November.

No Beet Factory This Year.

P. S. Palmer returned last night from Norfolk where he went to interview sugar beet magnates. He found out that it was too late now to build a factory for this year's crop. He also found out that Mr. Koenigstein and other sugar beet men want Chadron to build the factory and give it them to run. \$300,000 bonus was their talk. Our people will go ahead and raise sugar beets for their own use and will get a factory on reasonable terms or build one of their own and own it.

The above is from the Chadron *Journal* but whether that means that the efforts to secure a factory for the coming season is at an end or not cannot be decided thereby. If men of capital think that the people are going to give them a bonus of more than a sugar factory will cost they will find that they are mistaken. If the people desiring a factory have got to give a large cash bonus they can and will go to work and organize companies and build and operate the factories and receive the profits therefrom. It was all right for a bonus to be given for the first factory for its success in an untried locality was a question. There is no question now. A sugar factory is a winner and a money-maker and men should not expect the earth. The matter of giving a bonus is being carried too far. When an establishment is sought which is not certain to prove a good business investment or is wanted a little in advance of the times a little outside help is all right. The people of northwest Nebraska have agreed to raise 5,000 acres of sugar beets if a factory can be secured to work them up. That is sufficient to make the factory a paying investment from the day it is ready to begin operations and the asking of a large bonus in addition to that is an outrage on the common sense of the people and the proper course would be for them to go to work and erect and operate a factory of their own. A united effort will build a factory. Will the effort be made?

Does Nebraska Farming Pay?

Most emphatically it does when crops are large and prices high. That is what they have been during the last year, but city folk hardly appreciate, as yet, the immense benefit which big crops and good prices brought. An example now and then to illustrate will give a clearer idea of the great boom which Nebraska is enjoying. One comes to hand from Boone county. Two brothers—Frank and Will Grass—cultivated 360 acres and raised crops which they sold as follows:

Crop	Acres	Yield	Average Price
Wheat	180	5,100 bus.	30c bus.
Oats	110	2,100 "	19 "
Flax	40	2,400 "	19 "
Hay	30	900 "	25 "
Milliet	10	25 tons	25 ton.
Total	360		

Price sold for:
Wheat..... 9,100 \$ 26
Oats..... 2,100 " 65
Flax..... 2,400 " 35
Hay..... 900 " 65
Milliet (twenty-five tons)..... 2 00

The total amount received for these crops is above given was \$4,521. In raising these crops the expense incurred for hired help and other things was \$212, which left the brothers \$4,309 net for their year's work. That was over \$2,000 each. Or, to look at it from another standpoint, it was enough to enable them to buy the farm if they did not already own it and pay \$10 an acre for it with \$700 left over for surplus.

The *World-Herald* gives this case—not as something extraordinary, but as merely an illustration of what has occurred in thousands of cases during the last year on a larger or smaller scale. These are the features of a great prosperity. When 360 acres of farm land can be made to yield a profit of over \$4,000 the result cannot fail to be a splendid season of good times. So many thousands are favorably affected that the inevitable result must be a great boom throughout the state.—Omaha *World-Herald*, January 13, '92.

BOONE COUNTY IS TRAVELLED BY THE F. E. & M. V. R. R. ALL OF WESTERN AND NORTHERN NEBRASKA: THE BEST FARMING PORTIONS ARE REACHED BY THAT ROAD. WRITE J. R. BUNSMAN, G. P. A., OMAHA; FOR MAP, TIME TABLE AND FURTHER PARTICULARS.

Trees! Trees! Trees!

Buy big apple trees, northern grown. A fine line of apples, crabs, plums, cherries, grapes, and other small fruit. 2,500,000 forest trees, nursery grown. The largest nursery in northwestern Nebraska. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write for wholesale price list to retail trade.

Remember, I give the Nebraska farmer, a weekly paper devoted to the farmer free for one year, with every ten dollar's worth of fruit trees bought of me.

Address, O. P. SMITH, Ansley, Custer Co., Nebraska. Reference—H. T. Conley, Harrison Neb.

SULLIVAN & CONLEY, Lawyers.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL COURTS AND U. S. Land office. LEGAL PAPERS CAREFULLY DRAWN. : : : : : Office in Court House, HARRISON NEBRASKA

R. E. BREWSTER, C. F. COFFEY, President. Vice Pres.
D. H. GRISWOLD, Cashier.

Commercial Bank.

[INCORPORATED.]
— A —

General Banking Business

— TRANSACTED —
HARRISON, NEBRASKA

Sioux County Lumber Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
A Good Supply of Native Lumber Always on Hand. LUMBER DELIVERED AT THE MILL OR IN HARRISON. MILL ON SQUAW CREEK.

L. E. BELDEN & SON, Wagon and Carriage Makers. Repairing done on short notice. Good work and reasonable charges. Shop south of livery barn. HARRISON, NEB.

Dr. Leonhardt

Limits his practice to diseases of the Nervous System. (Such as Loss of Memory, Feeling, Motion and Will-power, Cramps, Fits, General Nervousness, and all forms of Neuralgia.)

HEART,

(As shown by Shortness of Breath, Pain, Palpitation, Fluttering and Numbness in region of the Heart.)

BLOOD,

(Such as Skin Diseases, Ulcers, Excessive Pale ness or Redness of the Face, Faintness, Dizziness, etc.)

CONSULTATION FREE!
ADDRESS WITH STAMP DR. LEONHARDT, 1462 O ST., LINCOLN, NEB. Mention this paper.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS
CAUTION: TRADE MARKS, PATENTS, ETC.
For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 311 Broadway, New York. Every patent taken out by us is a legal right secured by a notice given free of charge to the Scientific American.
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Scientific illustrations.
Send for circular. It costs \$2.00 a year. \$1.00 six months. Address MUNN & CO., Fortification, 31 Broadway, New York.



CORRESPONDENTS: KOUNTZE BROS., New York City. NATIONAL BANK, Omaha. BANK OF CHADRON, Chadron, Neb.
JOHN A. LUCAS, President. CHAS. F. HOLMES, CHARLES E. VERITY, Cashier.

THE BANK OF HARRISON

[ESTABLISHED 1896.]
HARRISON, NEBRASKA.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$250,000

Transacts a General Banking Business

Buy School Orders, County and Village Warrants. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Loans Money on Improved Property

WE HAVE OPENED BUSINESS FOR THE

1892,

Determined to make every effort possible to add to the number of customers, and if good goods at low prices and fair treatment will secure them we are bound to win.

Come and see What we Have in the Line of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Shoes, etc.,

AND GET OUR PRICES.

OUR STOCK OF HARDWARE

— IS COMPLETE —

And we will have all kinds of

FARM MACHINERY

GRISWOLD & MARSTELL

THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN

STILL CONTINUES

The Most Popular Family Newspaper in the West

IT IS THE BEST NEWSPAPER FOR THE HOME

THE WORKSHOP, OR THE BUSINESS OFFICE

FOR THE PROFESSIONAL MAN, THE WORKINGMAN, OR THE POLITICIAN

IT IS A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER, and as such is ably supported by the leading Republicans of the West. It is published every week, and is the only newspaper of its kind in the West. It is the only newspaper that is published every week, and is the only newspaper that is published every week.

Among its contributors are W. D. BOYD, CHAS. F. HOLMES, JOHN A. LUCAS, and many other leading Republicans of the West. It is the only newspaper that is published every week, and is the only newspaper that is published every week.

THE BEST STORIES AND SKETCHES IN THE LANGUAGE

FOR THE YOUTH'S DEPARTMENT, Curiosity Shop, Woman's Kingdom, and the like.

Are Better than a Magazine for the Family.

One of the Most Important Features is the Department of FARM AND FARMERS.

Edited by H. W. BOARD of Wisconsin. Editor and Publisher, CHAS. F. HOLMES, 100 N. 3rd St., Chicago, Ill.

AN ALLIANCE DEPARTMENT has also been opened for the special purpose of discussing the questions relating to the interests of the country.

THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN

Is One Dollar per Year, postage paid. THE SEMI-WEEKLY INTER OCEAN is published every Monday and Thursday at \$2.00 per year, postage paid. THE DAILY INTER OCEAN is \$3.00 per year, postage paid. THE SUNDAY INTER OCEAN is 2.00 per year, postage paid. Liberal Terms to Agents. Send for Sample Copy. Address THE INTER OCEAN, Chicago.