THE SIOUX COUNTY JOURNAL

L. J. SIMMONS, Proprietor.

HARRISON, - - NEBRASKA

Rapid Transit Underground.

NEW YORK, May 30.—The first substantial move toward solving the great problem of rapid transit underground Wednesday when the commissioners gave to the public their long expected report outlining the system, construction and route. If this report meets the approval of the common council, and if the road is built as directed, the local traveling public will have good reason to congratulate itself. The one great feature is that it will be centrally located under the grand artery of travel where it will meet the demands of the countless thousands who impatiently wait daily to be swished from one end of the island to the other. The starting point will be at or near the South ferry, and following under Broadway to Fifty-ninth street it will continue under the boulevard to 163th street, and then under Eleventh avenue. At or near Manhattan avenue a viaduct will be built and another will cross Spuyten Duyvil. Thence to the city limits the road can be built on a viaduct or through a tunnel, which may be advisable on careful examination. The entire distance is eighteen miles. The motive power must be electricity or else something equally as safe. While the report suggests that two tracks may be above and two below, the far tracks will undoubtedly be built on one level, which will surely give more satisfaction to those desiring a transfer. The report was unanimously adopted.

The Coffeyville Dynamite Explosion.

TOPEKA, KAN., May 23.—The reports of three wings of the legislative committee appointed at the last session to investigate the Coffeyville dynamite explosion have been made by the governor. Then there is a general statement signed by all the members of the committee. The explosion occurred during the campaign of 1888 and resulted in serious injuries to the wife and daughter of Express Agent Upham. It was charged on the republican party by members of the union labor party and by the republican party was charged on the union labor party and the National Order of Vidette, a secret political organization which then existed, mostly within the union labor party. The report of the alliance, or people's party members finds that members of the republican state central committee had guilty knowledge, if not more, of the dynamite plot and points to C. A. Henri who was appointed assistant labor commissioner, who was there in the employ of the committee, as the party who worked it up. The other reports do not sustain this one. Senator Carroll, the democratic member, says no one has been proven guilty and no good has been done. A large amount of money has been expended.

Sixteen Given Their Consent.

NEW YORK, May 30.—The Sun says: Twenty-two of the fifty-two Episcopal dioceses in the country have practically voted for or against the consecration of Bishop-Elect Brooks. Of these sixteen dioceses have given their consent and six have withheld it. Dr. Brooks requires at least eleven more in his favor before the necessary majority will be obtained. Dr. Brooks' friends are confident that he cannot fail to win, but it is not an absolute certainty yet that he will get the necessary vote. Several standing committees in western and southern dioceses have met since Dr. Brook's election was announced, but they have not taken up the question of his consecration. Several dioceses were heard from yesterday and all but one of them voted for consent. The Churchman of this week has several letters from clergymen championing Dr. Brooks One writes that Dr. Brooks' presence at the installation of Lyman Abbott, and his union service with a Unitarian minister, simply indicates the preacher's ardent love for his own church.

Big Mill Combine.

ST. PAUL, MINN., May 30.—The big Minneapolis Mill combine, which was to have gone into effect at the election of officers yesterday, is blocked by an injunction issued by Judge Brill of the St. Paul district court, on petition of James C. Stout, who won 400 shares of stock in the Sidle, Fletcher, Homes company. The capacity of the mills is 1,000 barrels a day. All the property of the various mills was to be transferred to the Northwestern consolidated milling company by August 1, and bonds issued to the owners of stock, which were to be secured by a trust deed on all of the mills. Mr. Stout enters the general objection that the combination would be ruinous to the individual properties.

She Wondered Why.

One of the naive confessions of a girl's character was made on a street car the other day, says the Detroit Free Press. A pretty young German frau was telling her friend about her courtship and marriage.

"I not know," she said simply in broken English, "how I got so good man. I no paint an' no powder, an' I let even my hair hang."

The wonder of her speech was the keystone to her success in getting a husband.

A BLOODY RIOT.

A Mob Disturbs a Circus Causing Bloodshed.

Fully Fifty Shots Fired Into the Crowd.

ARRESTS WILL BE MADE.

MAHANOY CITY, PA., May 29.—This city was the scene of a bloody riot between 10 and 11 o'clock Tuesday night, which resulted in the wounding of seven men, two of whom are not likely to recover. Early in the evening a crowd of boys ranging in age from fourteen to eighteen years, endeavored to effect an entrance into the Wallace circus, which was exhibiting in a tent but they were driven back. The boys then began to annoy the doorkeepers. They howled and yelled like fiends and the noise was so great that the performance was continued with difficulty. The crowd increased with great rapidity, and before long almost every boy in the town was in front of the tent.

Shortly before the end of the entertainment another effort was made to gain admittance. A number of the rioters succeeded in forcing their way in and immediately after entering they began to abuse the performers. The showmen were armed with clubs which they used vigorously on the boys. The latter were constantly reinforced, and as the fight went on revolvers and guns were brought into use by the showmen. Fully fifty shots were fired into the crowd. This drove them back but presently they resumed the fight with renewed vigor, and the performers and canvas men fled up Pine street pursued by the infuriated mob, and stones, clubs and missles of any sort that could be picked up were hurled at them. The members of the company succeeded in reaching their train, which stood ready. The engineer threw the trottle wide open and dashed away from the mob.

But for this bloodshed would undoubtedly have been much greater. A number of the canvassmen were wounded, but how many were injured, or how seriously could not be ascertained.

An effort was made by the town officers to stop the train which was conveying the circus people from the city, but in vain. The officers intended to take the canvassmen into custody. Constable Larenden stated that when he and his force appeared at the train for the purpose of arresting the offenders, they were confronted by nineteen Winchester rifles which protruded from the windows of the cars. The show exhibited at Tamaqua. An investigation is in progress and a number of arrests will probably be made.

A Double Tragedy.

GALENA, KAN., May 29.—Several weeks ago Mrs. Blanche McKey, from San Juan county, Colorado, came here to visit her mother. She was accompanied by her two children aged six years and eight months respectively. She had not been here long when William Alvord, also of Colorado appeared on the scene. He and Mrs. McKey were evidently on very intimate terms. Sunday afternoon Alvord went walking in the woods near town with Mrs. McKey and her two children. The oldest child returned home about four o'clock. Mrs. McKey and the youngest child were never seen again alive. A searching party which had been out since Sunday night discovered the bodies of mother and child hanging to a tree in the woods near where they had been walking Sunday. The mother had been hanged with her apron and the child with a ribbon. Alvord was arrested Sunday evening on suspicion of having murdered Mrs. McKey and her child. When he heard the news of the finding of the bodies he attempted suicide by hanging in his cell, but was cut down in time to save his life.

A Sensation in Newark.

NEWYRK, N. J., May 29.—A rapidly driven cab, from which issued the agonizing screams of a woman, attracted attention on Broad street and the policelice were notified. A policeman was sent after the car but did not catch it. At Pennington street the woman sprang from the vehicle and ran screaming toward the Pennsylvania railroad tracks. Several persons caught and held her until a police patrol wagon arrived and took her to headquarters. She was very pretty and evidently well educated. She said her name was Edith Miller and she was nineteen years old. She became hysterical and was put in the hospital room. The police learned that she created a disturbance in a Mechanic street saloon, and to get her away a colored man named Allen placed her in a cab and drove off. Then she screamed and he tried to stop her cries. Neither Allen nor the cabman were arrested. The girl came from Philadelphia two years ago after being deserted by her lover and disowned by her parents. Her parents are respectable.

Found Guilty.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 29.—The trial of Albert Blackman, a private in the United States army at the Presidio, who shot and killed a fellow soldier in February last, resulted in the returning of the verdict of murder in the second degree. The prisoner was recommended to the mercy of the court.

Presbyterian Assembly.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 29.—The general assembly of the United Presbyterian church met here today. Rev. T. J. Kennedy of the Presbyterian college of College Springs was chosen moderator

Over a Game of Ball

IOWA CITY, IA., MAY 27.—There is much trouble here. It all started over a game of baseball. The Union City club went to Grinnel and played a match game with the college team and beat them. The result was telegraphed to Iowa City and between 200 and 300 of the students went to the depot to give the victors an enthusiastic welcome home. Naturally they made a good deal of noise halloing, blowing tin horns, etc. The policemen at the depot ordered them to be quiet. Shortly afterward a student blew a blast with a bugle, whereupon the policeman approached him from behind and dealt him a fearful blow with his club back of the ear, felling him to the ground and rendering him insensible.

This enraged the students and they made it so hot for the policeman that he jumped into a cab and drove up town, procured help and awaited the arrival of the procession which the students formed on the arrival of the team. The officers then arrested two leaders of the procession and started with them to the city hall.

Some one in the crowd yelled out, "Shall we let the boys go to jail?" There was a general shout of "No," and the students nearly three hundred in number, threw themselves upon the police. A desperate conflict ensued. The two students under arrest were rescued several times, but refused to escape and were retaken by the officers.

The fight raged for nearly an hour. Clubs were freely used, the policemen drew their revolvers when a mob of Bohemians and saloonkeepers came to the rescue. The students were then put to flight. One of their number, Ward Bannister, had his head broken open and was otherwise dangerously injured by blows from a club.

Within fifteen minutes after the city hall was reached an order was received from the mayor demanding that the policemen release the two students under arrest. The order was entirely ignored and it became necessary for the marshal to take the students out. Their preliminary hearing was postponed until next Wednesday owing to the excitement existing.

In Regard to the Mormons.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—When the supreme court at its last term upheld the constitutionality of the Edmunds law, by which the property of the late corporation of the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, otherwise known as the Mormon church, was escheated to the United States, it found itself in a somewhat embarassing position. The doctrine of escheat was quite unknown in this country and no purpose considered laudable and proper of a similar nature to that for which the property was formerly used was known to which the property could be devoted. The court therefore, instead of sending its degree down, withheld it, a strong intimation being conveyed of the desire of the court that congress should by law direct the disposition to be made of the property. Congress having failed to adopt the suggestion, the court through Justice Bradly, made its final order in the case and modified in some respects the decree it entered at the last term. The modification made recite that as the Mormon corporation has been dissolved there does not now exist any trusts or purposes within the objects and purposes for which the personal property was originally acquired, could be used or dedicated that are not in whole or part opposed to public policy and public morals, and furthermore that there does not exist any person or corporation legally entitled to any of the late church. The degree then says that the personal property having devolved to the United States, it should be devoted to such charitable uses, lawful in character, as may most nearly correspond to its former destiny, unless in the meantime congress shall otherwise direct or a master shall report some scheme which shall meet the approval of the court for the distribution of the property. The decree finally directs that the property and all accumulations remain in the custody of the receiver until otherwise ordered and that out of it the costs of the suit and receivership shall be paid. The Utah supreme court is directed to take the necessary proceedings.

Stage Drivers Strike Continues.

PARIS, May 28.—The strike of stage drivers continues and is causing much excitement. Enormous crowds of people surround the depots of the omnibus company, around which there is a strong guard of police and troops. The company assisted by the police attempted to run several stages. The strikers first stoned them and then made a charge, driving away the police. The drivers were dragged from the boxes and pounded vigorously and their stages overturned. The efforts of the police were useless in the face of the overwhelming mob. At one time it was thought the troops would be called upon, but it is expected they will not be ordered out unless the situation becomes very serious.

Public sympathy is with the strikers who are out for shorter hours and the reinstatement of some of their companions who were discharged because they belonged to the union. Many of the newspapers of the city have opened subscriptions on behalf of the strikers and their families in order to enable them to successfully push their fight.

Count Herbert Bismarck says that the English are doing splendid work for civilization in Egypt.

NEBRASKA STATE NEWS.

Blair pays $12 per month for electric light.

The estimated municipal expenses of Craig for the current year is $3 0.

A large number of Indians were witnesses at the recent term of court in Pender.

The little Doll girl of Herman whose skull was crushed by her crazed mother is fully recovered.

The Star-Journal says that wholesale gambling and boot-legging is extensively practiced in Ainsworth.

The Sons of Veterans of Nelson will give the war drama, "The Confederate Spy."

Sioux City parties have purchased 600 acres of Cedar county land and will lay it out as an addition to Sioux City.

Herbert A. Wells editor of the Waterloo News is reported to be contemplating a removal of his paper to some other city.

Hints of crooked work in the distribution by the local authorities of the seed wheat that was sent to Ainsworth are being freely put out.

A number of Kearney telephones were burned out by one of the telephone wires breaking and falling over an electric street railway wire.

The Evangelical church at Hoidrege was organized into a full fledged self-supporting Congregational church with over forty charter members. The church building and grounds fall at once into the hands of the new organization. The Evangelical church is controlled by presiding elders and bishops and there is a schism between higher officials in the organization and a majority of the Holdrege people decided they could keep up a church organization to better advantage under the Congregational form. Consequently a council of churches met and after investigating all the circumstances voted to establish a Congregational church. Some debt on the building is to be provided for and the church becomes at once self-sustaining. Rev. J. J. Bratt is the pastor and one of the brightest young ministers in Western Nebraska.

Levi Hedglin caught a nine-pound cat-fish in Deer creek, Howard county.

A gang of sneak thieves are reported to be operating in the neighborhood of Western, Safine county.

Fashionable young ladies of St. Paul are reported by the local press as indulging in the habit of cigarette smoking.

The city council of Oscepola have provided for the making of quite extensive improvements in the college building at that place.

It is feared that young Vorhees of Plattsmouth who was accidentally shot by a revolver a few days ago cannot recover.

North Platte citizens say that the headquarters of the Union Pacific bridge building department are about to be re-established at that place.

A drunken hack driver entered the meat shop of Mr. Will Smith at Kearney and began abusing the proprietor, who stood it long enough, and then proceeded to do up the d. h. d. in an appropriate style.

George Gottenby, living four miles south of Neligh, was unhitching his horses when the horses ran away and he was in some manner very seriously hurt, but as he has since remained in a semi-conscious state it cannot be learned just how it occurred. His friends fear that his injuries will prove fatal.

While filing the knife of a stock-cutter Mr. George Marquis of Kearney county was struck by the lever that holds the knife up. He received the blow on his head and is now in a critical condition from its effects. He has frequent spasms and requires the constant attendance of one or more persons at his bedside.

Two little girls living near Thedford wandered out into the sand hills away from home and could not be found. Searching parties scoured the country and it was a week before their little dead bodies were discovered. They had wandered some seventy miles from home before giving up, being all the time without food or water.

George Duis of Crete who was bound over to keep the peace was unable to furnish bonds, hence was trundled over to Wilbur and locked up.

An estimate of the fruit yield in the nurseries in the vicinity of Crete places the Cherry Crop at 12,000 quarts, grapes, 8 tons, apples 10,000 bushels.

A class of five young ladies will graduate from the Neligh high school this spring. The graduating exercises will take place Friday evening, May 29.

S. C. Conyer, a former school teacher of Lincoln county, eloped a few days ago with a sixteen-year-old Elm Creek girl, and they are supposed to be now in California.

Blue Valley is reported as harboring a nest of young hoodlums who make it their business to room around town nights breaking all the window lights in vacant buildings.

David City is to have a public library.

The Hastings cornet band has been reorganized.

Some corn around Thompson was rotted by last week's rains.

Mrs. Emily Holton of Endicotte is dead at the age of ninety-one.

One Hundred and Thirty-five Churches Built During the Year.

DETROIT, May 27.—In yesterday morning's session of the Presbyterian general assembly the salary of the secretary of correspondence was fixed at $1,500 a year. A committee of five was than appointed to consider the constitutionality of the action proposed, to report to this assembly at their earliest convenience. The standing committee on the board of home missions reported through Dr. Raymond of Albany. He thought the church needed a great missionary awakening. The speaker gave a glance at northwest New England and at other divisions, especially emphasizing the need of foreign population. The report shows total receipts for the year of over $958,000. One hundred and thirty-five churches were built during the year at a cost of $42,500 and church debts were paid to the amount of $ 41,000. The membership in the churches increased until their total reached 156,000; total in the Sunday schools, 178,000. The year closed with debts amounting to $98,000 which were caused by a falling off in legacies. Great progress in the work of evangelization was reported from all over the country and the need of more workers was evident, especially in the newly settled portions of the west. In the new mine and stock raising states of Montana and Idaho there were great inducements for good workers, and in the swiftly growing towns of Washington there was an imperative need for more men. In Utah, Wyoming and Colorado there had been good progress. In New Mexico there were opportunities to reap large harvests. In all but four southern states—South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi and Louisiana—the board has missionaries. Considerable progress had been made among the Mexican and Indians and Mormons.

Recommendations were made in connection with the overture asking that each presbytery be invited to select delegates who shall constitute a special committee on home missions within the bounds of each presbytery, also urging the board to push Sabbath work among the foreign populations.

The moderator announced the instantaneous death of Prof. Vandyke, of Brooklyn, who had just resigned his pastorate to take the chair of systematic theology in the Union theological seminary. A telegram of condolence to the widow was voted.

Dr. McMillan, the new secretary of the board of home missions, spoke at some length of the work of the board in the west. He gave a vivid picture of the difficulties of getting a hearing for the gospel in some of the new towns during their booming period, when Sunday was by far the busiest day in the week. In the west nowadays there is almost nothing of the old time rivalry between denominations. He said the Indian is very accessible to the gospel and work among them is very hopeful. Had we spent 10 per cent of what it cost to kill them in evangelizing them, there would have been no ghost dance. He told of the great progress made in New Mexico among the Spanish Americans. He concluded by saying this work should not be let go by default for lack of money.

In Regard to the Behring Sea Agreement

NEW YORK, May 27.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: Lord Salisbury has at last broken his long silence in regard to the Behring sea agreement, but he has not broken it in a way which affords much relief to the administration. He has neither accepted nor rejected Mr. Blaine's suggestion that a closed season be agreed to on condition that the North American fur sealing company be allowed to take seal enough to compensate them for their expense at the seal islands.

His communication does not come in writing, but it was delivered by Sir Julian Pauncefote to the president. Sir Julian said that Lord Salisbury is not indifferent to the importance of the subject, nor is he seeking needless delay. He has hesitated because of the strong opposition which has developed all over British North America to a closed season. Protests have come not only from the people of British Columbia, but from those of Canada. Lord Salisbury is greatly troubled by the feeling in Canada, which he does not wish to affront, although he says he would like to reach an amicable agreement for a closed season. He sent Sir Julian to the president to make his opposition clear and show that he is not intentionally delaying action but is studying the question with a view to a solution. While the president and the cabinet are willing to accept the protestations of Lord Salisbury, so far as circumstances justify them, they feel that it is getting too late in the season to palter. The subject will be taken up and discussed with considerable warmth at the meeting of the cabinet tomorrow. If nothing more satisfactory has been received from Lord Salisbury by that time a conclusion will probably be reached without his assistance.

Murder and Suicide.

TOPEKA, KAN., May 29.—A small frame cottage was burned yesterday morning. In the ruins were found the charred remains of Mrs. A. Uptegoff, aged twenty-five and her three children. Circumstances point to a deliberate and carefully planned murder and suicide. The father, who is a teamster left home early in the morning to look for work. The family was very despondent because he was unable to get work.

FROM THE CONFER[illegible]

[illegible] as it Not Pleased the Commissioners.

They Are Liable to Be [illegible]

DETROIT, May 3[illegible].—After the preliminaries at the Presbyterian general assembly Dr. Paton spoke a few words in explanation of the action in the Briggs case. We [illegible] are no doubt ready to credit committee with a desire to do [illegible] a best. Recognizing our [illegible] error, we have had only a desire what was demanded by the [illegible] of the case in a spirit of [illegible] recognizing the rights of all [illegible] sons concerned. If the discussion new light we will welcome it [illegible] ready to give a reason for any [illegible] we have made. We hope there no long delay, though we are [illegible] for it.

Prof. Smith of Lane theological [illegible] said: "A proposition to [illegible] the usefulness of a minister [illegible] be discussed carefully. When committee say, no doubt [illegible] ly, it will be inferred that Dr. [illegible] guilty of some offense. We [illegible] cast a reproach on his good [illegible] the great school already stricken [illegible] of God, will be crippled for [illegible] the immediate future. This is [illegible] for caution. I know my side is [illegible] ular, therefore hear me [illegible] patiently as I try to show [illegible] committee has erred. First, it [illegible] ful whether such an assembly [illegible] judge of other than doctrinal [illegible] tions; second, Dr. Briggs is not [illegible] man. He was elected seventeen [illegible] ago, I think, to a chair in Union [illegible] logical seminary. Many of his [illegible] ues and students say he is [illegible] ability and scholarship, an able [illegible] spiritual and pious. This [illegible] whom he is a stranger, ought [illegible] in haste. Presbyterians ask [illegible] as our wisdom directs in the [illegible] May not this be to continue [illegible] arguments against him are [illegible] he is misunderstood; second, [illegible] not sound in doctrine." First [illegible] in quarrels both sides are [illegible] not in misunderstanding! [illegible] watched the controversy from [illegible] because I have had more [illegible] than most men. The almost [illegible] tent religious press goes in all [illegible] Their editors magnify their [illegible] It is held to be nearly infallible [illegible] it not biased the commissioners [illegible] sire to say nothing against them [illegible] but are they qualified for this [illegible] a religious editor cannot be a [illegible] in all departments and are [illegible] It may be that they have [illegible] stood Dr. Briggs. The second [illegible] that he is unsound may be based [illegible] a misunderstanding. Some [illegible] dorses the spiritual condition [illegible] neu. If Dr. Briggs historically [illegible] position he has a right to hold [illegible] My last point is this: A man [illegible] proved unsound after a careful [illegible] need be in all church courts [illegible] cases like this a man is, if charged [illegible] unsoundness, considered unsound [illegible] the first. I don't say that his [illegible] the bible, redemption of the [illegible] progressive sanctification after [illegible] are not according to the standard [illegible] a strict construction of the [illegible] of course he is wrong, but will [illegible] mean to make such a radical change [illegible] our confession as to say that all [illegible] are saved, not leave a little [illegible] Dr. Briggs?"

Dr. Logan of Scranton, Pa., [illegible] a modification of the action [illegible] the committee. He said: "I [illegible] with them with these two [illegible] First, that the assembly disapprove [illegible] the recent the appointment, [illegible] ond, that a committee of eight [illegible] ters and seven ruling elders be [illegible] ed to confer with Prof. Briggs [illegible] directors of the seminary." The [illegible] be moved and it was seconded. On [illegible] ing, Dr. Logan said: "We must [illegible] course refuse to confirm him [illegible] chair. The whole church asks, [illegible] we not have the word of God [illegible] can trust?' We are bound to say [illegible] we can't sustain him in that chair [illegible] having refused to confirm him, [illegible] enact before taking irretrievable [illegible] tion."

Charles A. Dickey, D. D., of Philadelphia, a member of the board of directors of Union theological seminary said: "I have no plea to make for Dr. Briggs, but I will, if I stand alone, [illegible] that my man shall have fair play. [illegible] now defend his views or attack them [illegible] deplore his inaugural. I wish to [illegible] what is expedient, not in the [illegible] covering up or postponement, but [illegible] is best in a time when the strain is [illegible] severe and the situation so [illegible] We are told by this committee [illegible] there was but one risk that [illegible] this honorable and faithful committee [illegible] ask for this direct and irrevocable [illegible] tion. I know they would have [illegible] the proposition to wait if it could [illegible] be done. This is the point. Can [illegible] wait? Their only reason for [illegible] on a veto now is that it must be [illegible] never. I will presume to differ [illegible] even them. Has not this assembly [illegible] same right to interpret a [illegible] the assembly of 1871, whose [illegible] quoted in the report? They may [illegible] lose the power of the veto if we [illegible] exercise it now, yet they propose [illegible] we have a committee of conference [illegible] this action after it is [illegible] Would it not be better to trust [illegible] to act irredeemably and then [illegible] through a committee?"