

THE SIOUX COUNTY JOURNAL.

VOL. 3.

HARRISON, NEB., MAY 21, 1891.

NO. 36.

THE SIOUX COUNTY JOURNAL.

L. J. Simmons, Editor and Proprietor.

FARMS

BOUGHT AND SOLD
—by the—
Nebraska Security Co.,
HARRISON, NEB.
(Incorporated.)

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL \$50,000.00
PAID UP CAPITAL \$5,000.00

Officers:
CONRAD LINDEMAN, President.
LEWIS GERLACH, Vice-President.
S. H. JONES, Secretary.
C. E. VERRITT, Treasurer.
H. T. CONLEY, Attorney.

We now have on our lists over thirty CHOICE FARMS in this county which we can sell on LONG TIME and EASY PAYMENTS.

Parties wishing to buy or sell should see the Secretary.

Lands bought and sold on commission.

Circulars descriptive of the county can be had on application, for distribution.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

Address, NEBRASKA SECURITY CO., Harrison, Nebraska.

F. E. & M. V. R. E. Time table.
Going West. Going East.
No. 91, mixed, 10:15 | No. 92, mixed, 4:27

Highest price paid for hides at the harness shop.

Did any one say this was a dry season?

Mrs. H. A. Cunningham received a fine, new Kimball organ last Saturday.

To TRADE—A first-class sewing machine, new, for a cow. Inquire at this office.

The new paint on the front of Cunningham's harness shop adds much to its appearance.

J. W. Scott has secured a lot and will put a house thereon and move to town, and seek light employment until his health improves.

The undersigned has gone away to earn a few dollars while his crops are growing and requests that people keep their stock off his crops during his absence. JOHN CORBIN.

The farmers and stockmen of Dawes county have organized for the purpose of putting a stop to stock thieving. It might be a good plan for the stock owners of Sioux county to do likewise.

The horse disappeared from the pump again a few days ago and has caused a good deal of inconvenience to some people. It looks as if it was done for pure cussedness and the guilty one ought to be ashamed of such acts.

SEASONED LUMBER: We have a good supply of seasoned lumber constantly on hand at our mill on West Boggy. 10 and 12 feet \$10.00; 14 and 16 feet \$12.00 per thousand feet. First-class native shingles always on hand. First-class \$3; second-class \$2 per thousand. J. E. ARNER.

A number of our farmers having put in their crops will go elsewhere and work until harvest, in order to earn a little ready money with which to pay expenses. Any of our subscribers can have THE JOURNAL sent to them at any place by simply notifying this office of where they want it sent.

Take the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley and Sioux City & Pacific railroad for Fremont, Lincoln, Hastings, Superior, Omaha, Missouri Valley, Sioux City, St. Paul, Duluth and points north, Des Moines, Dixon, Chicago, Milwaukee, and the lumber regions in Wisconsin. Close connections are made at Chicago for Toledo, Buffalo, Albany, Philadelphia, New York and all points in the east. Palace sleeping cars on all through trains.

ACREAGE REPORT WANTED.

THE JOURNAL desires to collect data relating to the acreage of crop put in in Sioux county in 1891, and will take it as a favor if the farmers will send to this office a statement of the crop they have put in, such report showing the number of acres of each kind of grain, vegetables, corn, etc., planted. No matter how small an acreage you have, a report is desired.

To the farmer who has the largest acreage of crop we will send THE JOURNAL free for one year, and to the farmer having the second largest acreage of crop we will send THE JOURNAL free for six months.

All reports must be in on or before July 1, 1891, and the comparison will be made at that date, so that reports sent in later than that would be barred.

We will also be pleased to receive reports from farmers from all parts of the county from time to time as to the condition of the growing crops.

No Drouth Here.

On last Monday afternoon a good rain visited this locality. It was accompanied by some hail, but the hail stones were small and did no damage, and after the first shower it took a rest until evening and then a nice gentle shower, lasting for nearly three hours pattered down. On Tuesday it rained some more and on Wednesday a little more moisture fell and on Thursday it continues to rain.

The reports from other parts of the county are, in general, that good rains fell. From the south the reports are that not so much rain fell as there did here, but from the north a great deal heavier rainfall is reported, and it is evident that all parts of the county are well soaked. Some assert that more water has fallen in the Hat Creek basin this week than fell during the entire season of 1890. Whether that is a fact or not is hard to ascertain, but in any event they had a good rain, and as a result the farmers are all happy. The drouth of last year made every one fear lest it should be repeated but the late rains will do much to dispel all fears, for a partial crop will be raised, even if no more rains fall, but the indications are that there will be plenty of moisture during the season.

It has been quite cool for some days so that the water that has fallen has had a good opportunity to soak into the ground. The cool weather is good for the small grain and everything indicates that excellent crops will reward the farmers this year and being prosperity to the country.

We need a load of wood. This kind of weather makes a fire necessary.

We are informed that a new stock of millinery and ladies' furnishing goods will be opened in Harrison about June 1st. Particulars later.

Superintendent Harris and P. Whitney, of the townsite department went up the road this morning. Speaking of the through passenger train Mr. Harris informed THE JOURNAL that the F. E. & M. V., are waiting for the U. P., and the train is likely to be put on almost any Sunday.

S. R. Story was in from Antelope precinct yesterday and called at our office. He says they had good rains there the first of the week and the ground is thoroughly soaked and they will have a crop if it does not rain any more, for the soil will retain the moisture for a long time.

The fact that a number of the farmers have gone away to work while their crops are growing makes it more important than ever that stock be taken care of. The prospects for good crops are excellent and stock should not be permitted to destroy them.

When the papers in the case asking that the mandamus to compel the payment of some of the old allowed claims, was filed in the district court the first of the week at Henningford, Judge Kinkaid set June 12, 1891, as the day for hearing it, and also set that date as the time for holding the special term of the district court in Sioux county. So that the term will be held three weeks from tomorrow. There will be no jury.

Just to show that the farmers are in earnest the crop put in by a few may be of interest. John Corbin has 75 acres in crop; Robert Wilson has 90 acres; Julius Sievers 90 acres; A. R. Kennedy 125 acres; Jacob Henry 80 acres of corn and a lot of other crops, the number of acres of which was not learned. All these parties reside in this locality except Mr. Henry, who lives in Montrose precinct. There are only a few, and there are doubtless many more who have equally large crops planted, of whom we have not yet learned.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Truax went east Saturday. Mrs. L. O. Hull left last Thursday for Parker, S. D.

Mrs. S. H. Jones came up from Pine Ridge this morning. A. R. Kennedy's father arrived from Iowa last week.

John Baker was down from Van Tassel yesterday and called to see us.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Natto were in from Antelope the first of the week.

Andrew Dahlman writes us to send THE JOURNAL to him at Hot Springs, S. D. Otto Munson came down from Custer City last week and called to see us on Saturday.

Mrs. J. Gerlach was taken quite ill the first of the week, but at last reports was better.

County Attorney Conley went to Henningford to appear in the district court Monday.

Rev. and Mrs. Borick returned Saturday from Hay Springs. They report a pleasant time.

W. E. Moore, the new blacksmith, adds his name to the list of readers of THE JOURNAL this week.

C. E. Verity returned Friday from his trip to the Pacific coast. He still believes Sioux county is all right.

John Mosley writes us to send THE JOURNAL to him at Cambria, Wyo., where he will spend the summer.

Before district court adjourned in Dawes county, George Beulah was sentenced by Judge Crites to four years at hard labor in the pen, on his plea of guilty to the charge of cattle stealing. The charge of horse stealing still stands against him and may be prosecuted when he has served out the sentence recently passed.

The result of the experiments in the culture of sugar beets is being watched with a good deal of interest by people not only in this state, but by people in general. Those who are in position to judge claim that Nebraska has advantages possessed by no other state. It is claimed by some that the prices paid at Grand Island were not enough to make best growing remunerative. The Oxnard company paid three dollars per ton for beets which yielded 12 per cent of sugar, and 25 cents per ton additional for each 1 per cent of sugar above 12. There were twelve samples of beets sent from Harrison for testing. The average yield was over 17.3 per cent of sugar and it will be seen that at the price paid at Grand Island the farmers would have received \$14.25 per ton for their beets. Scientists state that the sugar contained in sugar beets is drawn from the air by the leaves during sunny days and is absorbed by the roots during the nights. That being true is another argument that this locality is finely adapted to beet culture for there are more bright, sunshiny days here than in any place we know of. The number of farmers who are experimenting with beets this year will demonstrate what can be done in producing beets. The beet sugar industry was built up in Germany by government bounty and now the business is so well established that the bounty is being removed. In the French beet growing district the average yield is twenty tons per acre, and in some instances the yield is as high as thirty tons. Taking the lowest yield in tons and the average yield of sugar as shown by the tests of beets from here last year it would give the beet grower \$85 per acre, while taking the highest yield in tons and the highest yield of the tests made last year and the grower would realize \$172.50 per acre. Will some one tell us what crop can be raised that will give us anywhere near so large returns as that? The planting, cultivating and harvesting come at seasons when other crops best adapted to this part of the country do not demand the attention of the farmers. Such points are well worth considering.

Some Interesting Figures.

The census bureau has issued a bulletin upon the debts of the world, as far as can be obtained. The debt of foreign nations in 1890, less the sinking fund, was \$25,696,076,000, an increase over 1889 of \$2,154,503,655. The debt of the United States for the same time shows a decrease of \$1,007,453,000, or more than half the amount of the debt in 1880. The decrease in the debt of states and territories for the ten years to 1890 was \$67,210,000. In the same time the debt of counties increased \$17,840,000. Relatively the burden of the debt falls far heavier upon the inhabitants of the principal foreign countries, except those of Germany, than upon those of this country. While the individual fluctuations of the amount of the indebtedness of seventy more foreign nations reported has been considerable during the decade, the aggregate indebtedness shows relatively but little change, especially if compared with the increase of population. Aggregating the national, state and county indebtedness, the per capita shows a decrease from \$46.50 in 1880 to \$30.46 in 1890. The aggregate surplus receipts of another decade like the one just passed would relieve the country from nearly all national, state and county indebtedness could they be distributed for the purpose.

A Mechanical Wonder.

The Decoration Day issue of the Albany, N. Y. Telegram will be the most original, unique and popular paper ever presented to the American public; nothing like it ever attempted by a newspaper in the nineteenth century. As a mechanical wonder and a military literary library there will be nothing to even compare with it issued in this country. It will be printed on red, white and blue paper and consist of 16 pages. If there is no agent in your town you can have the paper mailed to you at five cents a copy.

No other preparation so meets the wants of a debilitated system as Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

ROYE EXCHANGE.

The fine NORMAN-CANADIAN STALLION Will make the season of 1891 at my farm (the old W. R. Smith place,) 1 mile northwest of Harrison.

Description:—ROYE EXCHANGE is three-fourths Norman and one-fourth Canadian; he is 7 years old; 17 hands high and weighs 1,600 pounds; color bright black, star in forehead, clean-limbed, and has good style and action.

TERMS:

\$10 to insure a mare with foal, due and payable when the mare is known to be with foal, or upon change of ownership or removal from the county.

Care will be taken to prevent accidents but I will be responsible for none.

JULIUS SIEVERS, Owner.

THE IMPORTED PERCHERON STALLION.



BARBARIN

10256. } 10135.

Will make the season of 1891 at my place on Warbonnet creek, 3 miles west of C. F. Coffee's.

Description and Pedigree. Barbarin is a black-greyn; star in forehead; foaled March 27, 1886; imported 1888; weight 1,800 lbs. Bred by M. Dorchene, Commune of Coulognes les Salons, Department of Orne. Got by Rouillard 10133, he by Favori, belonging to M. Champeor; dam, Tranquille 10134.

Terms—\$10 for the season, payable in advance.

\$5 dollars to insure a mare with foal or upon her removal from the county or change of ownership.

Care will be taken to prevent accidents but I will be responsible for none.

A. W. MOHR, Owner.

17 Horses taken to pasture at \$2.00 for the season of 6 months.

THE NEW LEVER SAFETY



The PERFECTION OF SIMPLICITY and ECONOMY OF POWER.

NO CHAINS. NO GEARS.

VARIABLE STROKE, only two sets of Revolving Bearings. Best Hill Climbing and all around Safety made.

CATALOGUE FREE.

H. B. SMITH MACHINE CO. SMITHVILLE, N. J.

FLOUR, CORN AND CHOPPED FEED.

FLOUR as low as \$2.00 per hundred. BÓN TON, High Grade, \$3.20.

HEADQUARTERS FOR BULK SEEDS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Ladies Shoes, Good Quality, \$1.25 a pair.
Ladies' Dongola Burton Shoes, \$1.25.
Plow Shoes, 90 cents.
Children's Shoes, 50 and upwards.
Allen's Fast Prints, Warranted, 7 1/2 cents a yard.
Lawns 5 cents a yard.

Bargains in Dry Goods and Clothing, Call and be Convinced.

Groceries Fresh and Prices Low.

Special Discounts on Large Bills.

FRESH and SALT MEATS always on hand.

Geo. H. Turner.

RANCH SUPPLY HOUSE.



OUR PRICES ARE AT THE BOTTOM—every day in the year. We are always ready to give you a first-class article at fairest prices. Come in and try our way of doing business; you will come out way ahead if you do.

STRAW HATS,

For Men, Women and Children.

Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Crockery and Queensware.

Ranch Trade Solicited.

LIBERAL DISCOUNTS ON LARGE ORDERS.

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MacLachlan & Cook, Props.

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Ask your Dealer for it. Insist on Having it.



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