

# THE SIOUX COUNTY JOURNAL.

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HARRISON, NEB., NOV. 13, 1890.

NO. 9.

## THE SIOUX COUNTY JOURNAL.

L. J. Simmons, Editor and Proprietor.

F. E. & V. E. R. Time table.  
Going West.      Going East.  
No. 1, passenger, 1:21; No. 2, passenger, 5:25  
No. 3, freight, 1:21; No. 4, freight, 5:25

### HARRISON MARKET.

Oats—per hundred \$	1.25
Wheat—per hundred \$	1.00
Shorts—per hundred \$	1.10
Flour—per hundred \$	1.10
Feed—chopped—per hundred \$	1.20
Feed—per hundred \$	1.20
Butter—per lb.	15
Eggs—per doz.	15
Poultry—per doz.	1.75 @ 2.00
Onions—per \$	5
Beans—per \$	5
Coal—per ton	4.00
Wood—per cord	3.00
Lumber—native—per m. ft.	12.00

SP Corrected every Thursday.

—Thanksgiving ball.  
—Get photo's at Haines.  
—See our new combination offer.  
—For farm loans go to E. H. Jones.  
—WANTED—Several loads of wood on subscription at this office.  
—Haines will be in Harrison but a short time so that those who want photo's should call soon.  
—THE JOURNAL and the Omaha Weekly Bee for one year for \$3.75, cash in advance.  
All infections of the blood are removed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists.  
—Thanksgiving is on Thursday, Nov. 27th and there will be a ball here in the evening. All come.  
—H. A. Cunningham's new harness shop will soon be ready for occupancy.  
—Charles Scott has been putting down wells for H. W. MacLachlan and J. H. Cook on their farms in Running Water precinct. Improvements are thus going on right along.  
—D. M. Sutton informs us that he and his brothers have put up about five hundred dollars' worth of hay near the home of the latter in Wyoming. They find a

—Eight train loads of sheep were put on the cars at Lusk yesterday, there being about twenty thousand head.  
—Potatoes, onions, cabbage and other kinds of garden "mam" taken on subscription at this office. Anything good to eat is as good as cash to us.  
—It only takes \$2.75 to pay a year in advance for THE JOURNAL and the Omaha Weekly Bee. Now is the time to subscribe.  
—Every body is invited to attend the Bible school on Sunday at 8 o'clock, p. m. The hour has been changed in the belief that it will suit the majority of the people and an increased attendance is looked for.  
—Now is the time to begin to prepare something for the exhibit at the state fair in 1891.  
—The first quarterly meeting of the M. E. church occurred last Sunday. Presiding Elder Webster was in attendance.  
—O. P. Haines informs us that he expects to move his photograph outfit from here about Nov. 15th. If you have not got all the pictures you need of yourself and family it is time you were doing so or you will miss the opportunity. Mr. Haines' prices are much lower than those of other photographers. Do not delay.  
—The case against Coker for shooting Tate came up in the county court on Monday, the prisoner being held on the warrant gotten out by Walker. Walker and Hull prosecuted the case and C. E. Holmes defended. The prosecution asked a continuance for ten days in order that an inquest might be held, and the continuance was granted. In the case of Granderson, who was arrested as an accomplice, a motion was made to dismiss and was sustained and that man set at liberty. On Tuesday Coroner Shuler went down and held an inquest, but just what the verdict was we have been unable to learn, but as Sheriff Reidy still holds Coker it is presumed that the verdict of the coroner's jury did not exonerate him altogether, and the probability is that he will be held for trial at the district court.  
—For constipation, indigestion, headache, liver complaint and for all purgative purposes, take Ayer's Pills—the best for family use.  
—Many old soldiers who contracted "shingles" while in the service, have since been permanently cured by Dr. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. See ads by C. E. Galtman.

### A Peculiar Proceeding.

The action of L. O. Hull, county attorney, in the case against Henry Coker for the killing of Rufus Tate, as noted in our last issue. Sheriff Reidy went to Fort Robinson on Wednesday evening and on Friday morning he returned with the man who did the killing. Two soldiers who were witnesses of the affair, also came up to testify in the case. During the day Hull filed a complaint and the hearing was set for Saturday at 10 o'clock, a. m. That night Hull went to the scene of the tragedy and Sheriff Reidy went down to subpoena witnesses in the case and also to arrest Coker's partner as an accomplice in the killing. The party that went down returned as well as the second prisoner and some of the witnesses, and the reason all did not come is explained by the affidavit given below.

At the hour set for the hearing the prisoners appeared in court but L. O. Hull did not appear. Judge Barker sent Deputy Sheriff Decker to notify Mr. Hull and Mr. Decker informed us that Hull told him that he would come just when he got ready. The court waited until past 11 o'clock, when no one appearing to prosecute there was nothing for him to do but to discharge the men, and they started for Crawford.

Shortly after this George Walker got out another warrant and Sheriff Reidy soon brought the men back. After the men had been discharged Hull went to Judge Barker and had a talk with him about the matter and a few hours later when the Herald came out it contained an article on the case in which Judge Barker is accused of having set a murderer free in defiance of all law and charging Sheriff Reidy with doing things which the following affidavit proves to be false:

STATE OF NEBRASKA, }  
SIOUX COUNTY, }  
Personally appeared before me, the undersigned, a notary public in and for said county, Joseph Decker, Chas. E. Holmes, C. A. Granderson, who state upon oath that they were present when Sheriff Reidy was at the Handy Ranch, 3 miles west of Ft. Robinson and witnessed the measurements of counter by L. O. Hull, acting county atty, also that the above named Joseph Decker assisted L. O. Hull

bullet which was underneath, that the above named Joseph Decker picked up the bullet after the board in the floor had been removed and gave it to Sheriff Reidy. That Sheriff Reidy did in no way prevent L. O. Hull from making measurements and finding bullet and did not tell L. O. Hull to go to hell as was stated in the Sioux County Herald of Nov. 8, 1890.

CHARLES E. HOLMES,  
JOS. DECKER,  
C. A. GRANDERSON.  
Also affiants Joseph Decker and C. A. Granderson state that they were with Sheriff Reidy on Nov. 7th, 1890, when he served subpoenas on six witnesses and they were informed and have reason to believe that the above named L. O. Hull did tell each and all of the six witnesses not to appear as commanded by the court as he was county atty and found no grounds to prosecute the case of Henry Coker for killing of Rufus Tate.  
JOS. DECKER,  
C. A. GRANDERSON.

Subscribed in my presence and sworn to before me, this 10th day of Nov., 1890.  
S. H. JONES, Notary Public.  
It would seem that it was about time that such a method of doing should be abandoned. Because Hull failed to attend to his official duties, there is no justice, reason or sense in jumping out Barker and Reidy and accusing them of acts of which they are not guilty. From the statements in the above affidavit it looks as if Mr. Hull has laid himself liable to action, not only as an officer, but also as an attorney, and it is hinted that there may be some sensational developments in the case.

### Suggestions to Beet Growers.

Because of the great importance of the sugar industry to this state, the experiment station has undertaken the labor and expense of collecting data to show whether or not Nebraska can raise beets sufficiently rich in sugar to make this industry a success.  
To this end we distributed seed last year as widely as possible under the circumstances. The results of this work have been published as Bulletin No. 15, Agricultural Experiment Station.  
This year there has been an almost universal interest manifested throughout the state in the subject of sugar beets. A large amount of seed has been distributed with suggestions as to cultivation, etc. Many farmers have already sent us specimens for analysis, together with partial reports of their experiments during the season. Again let me urge upon everyone who has experimented in beet raising this year to complete his work by sending to us, for analysis, specimens of beets, together with an ink record of the results, as possible. If you keep short of this all of your labor, so far as furnishing facts for the benefit of the people of this state is concerned, has

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been in vain. The analysis costs you nothing and this year you can send beets at our expense. In sending please remember to attach to each beet its name and with each lot sent give postoffice address, including county.  
For complete directions as to sending specimens, see pages 3 and 81, Bulletin No. 15, copy of which will be sent you on application, if you have not it at hand.  
**SUGGESTIONS FOR SEASON OF 1891.**  
Already persons throughout the state have expressed a desire to continue the work of growing experimental plots, and numerous inquiries have been received for seed, and for more information in regard to cultivation. In answer to these inquiries the following suggestions are made:  
**SELECTION OF SOIL.**  
A good "sugar beet soil" is a deep moist loam that has been under cultivation for some years, and is underlaid by a porous sub-soil. It should be deep, as roots seek their nourishment at a considerable depth. It should have a porous sub-soil that a good drainage, on the one hand, and a good reservoir for moisture on the other may be had. The best localities are those on level or slightly sloping land, protected from the strong winds of early spring.  
**PREPARATION FOR PLANTING**  
should be made this autumn by plowing as deep as possible (twelve to fourteen inches). If shallow plowing has heretofore been the rule, deep cultivation should be resorted to gradually by plowing two or three inches deeper each year until the proper depth has been reached. In the spring plow again, thoroughly pulverize the soil and plow or roll it. Measure exactly the ground to be sown (say a space ten feet square for each variety of seed); this is absolutely necessary in order to estimate accurately the yield.  
**TIME OF PLANTING**  
is important and should be governed largely by the temperature. Begin planting when the daily temperature of the soil is from 55 to 60 degrees F.; usually from the middle of April to the first of May. The seed should be planted in rows from fifteen to eighteen inches apart, and covered from three-fourths of

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And now is the  
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