

S. B. Crane has severed his connection with the Crawford Times and the paper will be continued by A. J. Bodine. Mr. Crane has returned to the east.

The county treasurer of Sheridan is going after the delinquent taxes due the county with distress warrants. He proposes to get it all in if possible. It would be well for the county board of Sioux county to instruct the county treasurer to do likewise.

An effort is being made by Senator Paddock to cure some of the defects in the inter-state commerce law and he has asked for an investigation of the workings of the long and short haul clause. He says his object is to obtain relief for the producers of Nebraska from the evils which now exist in the matter of transportation.

The attempt of some of the eastern members to reduce the tariff on sugar in order to keep up that on iron and wool is meeting with a strong opposition by all those interested in the important industry of beet sugar production. It is certainly to the interest of every citizen of Nebraska to have the tariff on sugar remain, at least until the industry is well established, and it is to be hoped that the delegation from Nebraska will make a united effort to have the tariff on that article remain as it.

The republicans have 169 members of the house of Representatives now and the democrats 160. About a week hence the republicans will have 171 and the democrats 159. The increase of two for the republicans will be gained by the special election in the late William D. Kelley's district Tuesday next, and the unseating of the West Virginia Bourbon which has been determined upon. That is to say, before next week closes the republicans, on a full vote, will have a majority of twelve, and five members more than a quorum of the whole house.

The deadlock in the Iowa legislature still continues, and it is reported that both sides are getting very tired of it, and are hard at work trying to devise some plan to put an end to it. The session is half past and not one bit of legislation has been enacted. It will probably have the effect of waking up the republicans of Iowa so that they will not let the opposition again get them in such a predicament. With the republican majority which exists in Iowa there is no excuse for a tie in the legislature. It is simply the result of the republicans allowing themselves to be induced to follow after strange political gods.

There appears to be a little rivalry between Gov. Thayer and the state board of transportation, to see who can ask the railroads to grant a reduction on grain rates first, except in the case of Attorney General Leese, who takes the position that the board can force the railroads to accede to their demands, and he would not go with the other members of the board to Chicago to ask the managers to reduce the rates. It is thought by many that the action of both Governor Thayer and Attorney General Leese was for political purposes. It is the opinion of some that Gov. Thayer is trying to work up a boom for a third term, and that Gen. Leese also has his eye on the governorship for the next term. It would appear to thinking people that that was a little rank on the part of those gentlemen. Gov. Thayer is holding the office a second term. During the time he has been in office he has had a great many honors tendered to him and as he is becoming well advanced in age he ought to be satisfied to retire with all the honors he has received and permit a younger man to take charge of the executive office. Attorney General Leese has done faithful, energetic work for the state for two terms and was rewarded for it by being elected a third time, but that should not turn his head and lead him to believe that the people of the state will give him a life lease on office. The record he has made as an attorney has put him in a position to return to his law practice and enjoy a good practice, and he could ill afford to let that slip for the sake of serving as governor, and we believe he has too much judgment to attempt such a thing. Then, again, the north part of the state has been very favorable to the reputed candidate for governor from Dodge county, and that same gentleman has many warm friends and strong supporters in all other portions of the state, and should Mr. Richards decide to enter the race for governor in the coming campaign he will have an unusually strong following.

A GOOD RECORD—"I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for ten years," said Druggist, E. B. Legg, of Vail, Ia., "and have always warranted it and never had a bottle returned. During the past 90 days I have sold twelve dozen and I have given perfect satisfaction to every customer." It does not dry up a cough, but loosens and relieves it. It will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment. 50 cent and larger bottles for sale by C. H. Andrews.

There is not the least reason in the world for any sane man to interpret the above as giving the Nebraska Reports to any one except the county court. They are kept in that office and any one who desires to look up any authorities has a perfect right to do so, and it would be a great injustice to the people of the county if they were permitted to be taken out of the hands of the court and delivered to a private individual. Judge Barker informs us that Mr. Hull now has two volumes of the re-

The question has been frequently asked: "In what shape does the present financial condition place the county, and how much more does it cost to pay for anything than the actual worth?" To illustrate this point we will state that claims were filed in July, 1887. They were allowed by the county board in October, 1887, but the warrant for the amount could not be issued until July, 1888. Thus it is shown that it was a year after the bill was filed before a warrant could be issued, so that the party to whom the bill was due had to wait that length of time before the interest began on the amount. Then it is not probable that all the warrants issued in July, 1888, will be paid by July, 1889, so that the county will pay interest on the amount, at the rate of 7 per cent., for two years.

Now let us see how it effects the tax payers. If the county needs something the real worth of which is \$50, and orders it to be furnished by a certain party, the one who furnishes it cannot afford to wait a year for his warrant, without interest, and then wait two years to get it cashed, even if it draws interest at the rate of 7 per cent. He is obliged to sell his claim. After the claim is allowed by the county board he can get fifty cents on the dollar for it. Therefore to get what he is entitled to he must put in a bill for \$100 in order to realize \$50 for it. Thus it is seen that the county has to pay one hundred per cent. premium on the cost of what it gets, or in other words, the county has to pay \$2 for \$1 in value it receives. Nor does it stop here. After the bill is allowed and the levy will permit, a warrant is issued for the amount and it will be presented for payment, and no funds being on hand with which to pay it, it is registered and begins to draw interest from date of such registration. As shown above it will be two years after such warrant begins to draw interest before it can be paid. So it will have accumulated interest to the amount of \$14. It will be seen from this that for the county to get anything it needs for county use, the real value of which is \$50, the tax-payers must pay \$114.

This is a bad state of affairs. It holds the people down and ties the hands of the county board so that they cannot go ahead with the public improvements as the development of the county demands. If any of our readers can offer a solution of the financial problem of the county which will be good and acceptable to the tax-payers, we shall be pleased to have them express their views through the columns of THE JOURNAL.

The tax levy has been to the highest limit allowed by law, ever since the county was established, and this debt has been incurred in addition to that. There is no need of any one being at all afraid of the new county board increasing the rate of taxation for it has been made as high as possible every year by the old board, and the new administration could not increase it if they so desired. The new officers can do one thing that will help out a good deal and that is to collect the delinquent taxes which are due the county, and mostly from those who are best able to pay them, and in addition to that the new board can see that no illegal or exorbitant bills are allowed.

Last week L. O. Hull began a suit in replevin against Geo. Walker for a set of Nebraska Reports, claimed by Hull to belong to him as county attorney. The writ was placed in the hands of Constable Columbia for service. He came up on Saturday and served the papers on Walker citing him to appear before before Hunter to answer in the case on Feb. 20, 1890. The officer did not find any such books and shortly after Hull began another action before Justice S. L. K. Maine, in which he sued out a writ of replevin for such books and cited Geo. Walker and S. Barker to appear and answer in the case on Feb. 20, 1890, at the same hour at which the hearing before Hunter is called. Hull is not satisfied to await the result of his action in the supreme court to see whether he has any right to the office of county attorney, but he goes into a justice court and seeks to have an officer take county property out of the custody of the county officials, and out of the county court house and deliver it to him.

There is a set of Nebraska Reports belonging to the office of the county court, and the books are marked "County Court." The county paid \$85 for the first eighteen volumes which had been published prior to the organization of the county, and those issued since that time have been furnished to the county under the statutes.

In regard to the Statutes of 1887, page 326, Chapter 19, says: SEC. 30. (Reports to RE SOLD.)—The supreme court reports shall be deposited in the state library. Copies thereof shall be distributed to each judge of the supreme, district and county court, to each state and territorial library, to each officer of the executive department of this state, and to the library of congress, two copies. * * *

Liverge Barker informs us that Mr. Hull now has two volumes of the re-

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS FLOUR AND PROVISIONS.

C. R. WELLS, HARRISON.

THE STRAWS

Shows Which Way the Wind Blows.

THIS SIGN BOARD

Will Lead You to the CASH STORE OF C. R. W.

WHERE YOU

Will Find A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Goods to Select From — And the — **LOWEST PRICES** In North-west Nebraska.

ports in his possession which he declines to deliver to the county court on request. It is important that these books are where they can be used by the court in his work and we believe it to be the duty of the county commissioners to take steps to compel the return of the county property to its rightful custodian. It looks as if these petty suits were brought simply to annoy and inconvenience the county officers.

In the matter of registering warrants before they were taken out of the county clerk's office, it is found that the method the ex-treasurer had of doing the registering act has cost the county at least \$50, and as the warrant register of the county clerk does not show when and by whom a large number of the warrants were taken it is out of the question to find out just the amount of interest the county has had to pay, which was unnecessary. We also understand that a higher per cent. was charged by the ex-treasurer in some cases than the law allows; that he took \$50 to pay his attorney in a suit in which he was involved as an official, simply charging the amount, but without it being presented and audited and allowed by the county board, and also that money was allowed to remain in the treasury, or rather in the bank, after enough had accumulated to pay off some warrants and thus the county has to pay interest which should have been stopped, but have not had time as yet to look the matter up.

It is quite certain that there are a good many things in the matter of the county records which need looking into, and it is to be hoped that the county board will make the necessary order to have the books investigated at once so that if any one has received more than they were entitled to they can be asked to re-emburse the county and if they refuse, action can be brought to recover at the coming term of the district court, and if anything is found which demands it, the attention of the grand jury may be called to it at that time. The sooner this matter is taken up and settled the better it will be for all and the better it will satisfy the tax-payers of the county.

It has been stated frequently that a good deal of crooked work has been done in this county in the management of the public business and the question ought to be taken up and settled. A majority of the voters expressed their wish that such a course be pursued by their ballots last November, and the feeling at the present time is that justice should be meted out to all and that no guilty man be permitted to escape.

The senior proprietor of this paper has been subject to frequent colds for some years, which were sure to lay him up if not doctored at once. He finds that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is reliable. It opens the secretions, relieves the lungs and restores the system to a healthy condition. If freely used as soon as the cold has been contracted, and before it has become settled in the system, it greatly lessens the attack and often cures in a single day what would otherwise have been a severe cold.—Northwestern Hotel Reporter, Les Moines, Iowa. 50 cent bottles for sale by C. H. Andrews.

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FINAL PROOF NOTICES.
All persons having final proof notices in this paper will receive a marked copy of the paper and are requested to examine their notice and if any errors exist report the same to this office at once.
Consolidated Notice for Publication.
Land Office at Chadron, Nebraska, February 4, 1890.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Court Lindeman, clerk of the district court, at Harrison, Neb., on March 20, 1890, viz:
Elliott M. Carrier of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. filing No. 220 for the SW 1/4 and NW 1/4 sec 3, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William E. Moore, Nathaniel E. Armstrong, Albert M. Taylor, Zachariah Amos, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
Perry L. McCann, of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. No. 1817 for the NW 1/4 sec 21, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Grant Guthrie, George Walker, Tito Tease, Michael Bruck, all of Harrison, Neb., also
Gustav Norwick of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. filing No. 227 for the SW 1/4 sec 27, NW 1/4 sec 24, NW 1/4 sec 35, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John F. Schultz, Richard K. Holman, Carl Feyerherm, Charles E. Schilt, all of Harrison, Neb.
W. H. McCANN, Register.

Commercial Bank.
[INCORPORATED.]
— A —
HARRISON, NEBRASKA.
B. E. BREWSTER, President.
C. F. COFFEY, Vice Pres.
CHAS. C. JAMESON, Cashier.

General Banking Business
— A —
HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

Grant Guthrie,
— DEALER IN —
Lumber,
Lime,
Grain

Coal.
— AND —
— ALSO —
AGENT FOR WIND MILLS AND PUMPS.

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Gustav Norwick of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. filing No. 227 for the SW 1/4 sec 27, NW 1/4 sec 24, NW 1/4 sec 35, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John F. Schultz, Richard K. Holman, Carl Feyerherm, Charles E. Schilt, all of Harrison, Neb.
W. H. McCANN, Register.

Consolidated Notice for Publication.
Land Office at Chadron, Neb., January 27, 1890.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Court Lindeman, clerk of the district court, at Harrison, Neb., on March 10, 1890, viz:
Albert M. Taylor, of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. filing No. 1829 for the NW 1/4 sec 14, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Smiler, Kellum P. Lindsey, John Corbin, Asa C. Davis, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
John H. Bartlett, of Harrison, Nebraska, who made D. S. No. 1865 for the NW 1/4 sec. 11, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Edward A. Weir, Asa C. Davis, S. Barker, Delana M. Sutton, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
Martha A. Moore, of Harrison, Nebraska, who made D. S. No. 1867 for the NW 1/4 sec 35, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Arthur W. Emery, Warren W. Hall, Albert E. Ramsey, Nathaniel E. Armstrong, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
W. H. McCANN, Register.

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Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Court Lindeman, clerk of the district court, at Harrison, Neb., on March 17, 1890, viz:
Emma J. Churchill, of Harrison, Nebraska, who made D. S. No. 221 for the NW 1/4 sec 22, T. 23, R. 24, part of the above described land, is cited to appear at the same time and place, and show cause why the above proof should not be allowed and his filing canceled. Also
Wilhelm Gulke, of Harrison, Nebraska, who made D. S. No. 1411 for the NW 1/4 sec 20, T. 23, R. 25.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Andrew Dalman, August John, Carl Feyerherm, August Westelman, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
John Corbin, of Harrison, Nebraska, who made D. S. No. 1828 for the NW 1/4 sec 24, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Smiler, Albert M. Taylor, Charles E. Schilt, Elliott M. Carrier, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
W. H. McCANN, Register.

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ZACHARIAH AMOS, of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. No. 225 for the NW 1/4 sec 23, T. 23, R. 24.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Nathaniel E. Armstrong, Warren W. Hall, Elliott M. Carrier, William E. Moore, all of Harrison, Neb., also
WARREN W. HALL, of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. No. 1891 for the NW 1/4 sec 22, T. 23, R. 24.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Zachariah Amos, Nathaniel E. Armstrong, Arthur W. Emery, Albert E. Ramsey, all of Harrison, Neb., also
NATHANIEL E. ARMSTRONG, of Harrison, Nebraska, who made D. S. No. 226 for the NW 1/4 sec 24, T. 23, R. 24.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Warren W. Hall, Zachariah Amos, Elliott M. Carrier, William E. Moore, all of Harrison, Neb., also
W. H. McCANN, Register.

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Samuel H. Jones, of Harrison, Neb., who made H. E. No. 5614 for lots 1 and 2 and SW 1/4 sec 2, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles E. Verity, Charles E. Holman, W. H. Green, William R. Maine, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
William E. Moore, of Harrison, Neb., who made H. E. No. 264 for the SW 1/4 sec 25, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James W. Scott, Henry C. Armstrong, Arthur W. Emery, Albert E. Ramsey, all of Harrison, Neb., also
Thomas W. Dixon, of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. No. 1865 for the NW 1/4 sec 20, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Joseph C. Parsons, Charles E. Verity, Nathan E. White, John B. Bradley, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
W. H. McCANN, Register.

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Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Court Lindeman, clerk of the district court, at Harrison, Neb., on Mar. 11, 1890, viz:
August John, of Harrison, Neb., who made H. E. No. 875 for the NW 1/4 sec 21, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jerry Will, Carl Emery, John Lindsey, John Stephens, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
Jacob J. Jones, of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. filing No. 200 for the NW 1/4 sec 2, T. 23, R. 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Smiler.

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Land Office at Chadron, Neb., January 27, 1890.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk District Court, at Harrison, Neb., on Mar. 2, 1890, viz:
Joseph B. Hendrix, of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. No. 233 for the NW 1/4 sec 3, T. 27, R. 25.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Alva Shreeves, Charles E. Conroy, Andrew Jacobs, James H. Cook, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
JOHN A. GREEN, of Harrison, Neb., who made D. S. filing No. 643 for the NW 1/4 sec 4, T. 20, R. 25, range 26.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles F. Govey, Andrew Jacobs, James H. Cook, John F. Cook, all of Harrison, Nebraska, also
W. H. McCANN, Register.

NOTICE OF CONTEST.
U. S. Land Office, Chadron, Nebraska, January 17, 1890.
Complaint No. 208 having been entered at this office by Thomas L. Irvine, against Benjamin F. Moore, Alex. Moore and Mullira Miller, heirs at law of Catherine Moore, deceased, for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 99, dated February 9, 1887, upon the NW 1/4 and NW 1/4 sec 10, T. 23, R. 23, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, contestant alleging that the said entry is illegal and void for the reason that Catherine Moore, in whose name said entry was made, died prior to the making of said entry. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 17th day of March, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning the alleged failure.
Testimony of witnesses will be taken before John A. Brown, a notary public, at his office in Heintzheim, Neb., on the 10th day of March, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.

NOTICE OF CONTEST.
U. S. Land Office, Chadron, Neb., January 17, 1890.
Complaint No. 208 having been entered at this office by Charles E. Nicholson against Thomas Irvine for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 696, dated March 5, 1886, upon the NW 1/4 sec 2, T. 27, R. 24, section 20, township 27, range 24, in Sioux county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, contestant alleging that the said claimant has failed to file a 5 acre entry during the second year after entry, and that he has failed to cultivate the five acres broken the first year after entry and has failed to cure the defect up to the date of this contest. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 30th day of March, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure. Testimony of witnesses will be taken before John A. Brown, a notary public, at his office in Heintzheim, Neb., on the 24th day of February, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m.
T. F. POWERS, Receiver.

Chattel Mortgage Sale.
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a chattel mortgage dated the 14th day of January, 1889, duly filed and recorded in the office of the county clerk of Sioux county, Nebraska, executed by Andrew J. DeWitt and M. C. O'Connell to secure the payment of one promissory note of seven dollars with said note, and one other note of five dollars, and eighty five dollars, and ten per cent interest thereon, and the note and mortgage were assigned to David H. Rand, and the same were made in the payment of said note, upon which there is now due in the aggregate the sum of \$22.50, and the day for the proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the same, the assignee has levied upon the following property described in said mortgage, to-wit: (one acre of land) one black ox about four years old, one red and white ox about four years old, and one wagon, which he will sell at public auction on the 23rd day of February, 1890, at two o'clock p. m., in the village of Harrison, Sioux county, Nebraska.
DAVID H. RAND, Assignee.
By THOMAS REIDY, Sheriff.
Dated at Harrison, Neb., Jan. 20, 1890.
[20-2]

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN
PUBLISHED WEEKLY
is the oldest and most popular scientific and mechanical paper published in the world. It contains all the news of the world, and is published weekly, sent for free to all who send for it. Four months' trial, 10 cents. Send for it. MUNN & CO., Publishers, Broadway, N. Y.

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