

SIOUX COUNTY JOURNAL

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STATE NEWS.

NEBRASKA MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS.

The Fairmont district fair will be held August 27, 28, 29 and 30.

The coming term of the state university will open September 18.

A flock of ostriches will be one of the attractions at the state fair.

The Ulysses Congregational people have donated \$500 for a new parsonage.

Syracuse will soon vote on the question of bonds for a \$10,000 school house.

The state records show that Nebraska is \$6,000,000 wealthier this year than last.

A new paper has been started in Nebraska City called the Daily Evening Times.

Mrs. Taylor, of Eustis, has read the Bible eleven times and has commenced on the twelfth.

The Grand Island broom factory is compelled to run day and night to keep up with orders.

The possibility of securing a manufactory of street cars is being agitated at Plattsburgh.

Plans for Omaha's new city hall have been submitted. The structure is to cost \$250,000.

Fairbury authorities raided a house of prostitution, arresting all the inmates, both men and women.

The tax levy for Nebraska City for 1889, including state and county, amounts to 6½ per cent.

A destructive hail storm visited the section about Guido Rock. Crops were damaged 50 per cent.

On August 19 Lincoln will be called upon to vote bonds for the extension of the sanitary sewer system.

The bonds to build a court house worth \$25,000 at Nelson carried at the election by a majority of 133.

The druggists of St. Paul refuse to pay an occupation tax of 50 cents, which the town charges them.

Well hammered nickel three cent pieces are common in Nebraska City and circulate numerously as dimes.

The new German Lutheran church at Wisner is well under way. Its completion will give Wisner five churches.

York has an ordinance which if enforced prevents farmers from selling their produce on the streets of that city.

The new Custer county court house at Broken Bow is nearly completed and will be ready for occupancy September 1.

Death is announced of Mrs. Dr. H. K. Painter, a prominent woman of Lincoln. She served as nurse through the entire war.

The man Wilson, who was arrested at York for tying his son and suspending him in a well, was acquitted and discharged.

The farmers of Wayne county have brought suit against an ex-county treasurer to test his right to speculate on the county funds.

The Reaser block at Fairmont, one of the finest brick blocks in the county, was sold the other day on mechanics' lien for \$5,100.

Night prowlers at Lincoln lay to outdoor refrigerators, not a few of which they have recently emptied of their cooked contents.

Mrs. Spice, wife of a well-known citizen of North Bend, Dodge county, gave birth to three girl babies, all being alive and doing well.

Michael Sullivan, of Omaha, was burned to death in a cabin the other night, the structure having caught fire while he was asleep.

A new paper has been started at Grand Island called the Workman. It favors the Australian ballot system and the single tax doctrine.

The supervisors of Dixon county at their last regular meeting paid out the sum of \$304 bounty for 202 wolf scalps and \$4 for two cat pelts.

An unprecedented real estate boom has struck Weeping Water. Twenty thousand dollars worth of vacant lots have been sold in one week.

While Mrs. Johnson was enjoying the sham battle on the Wymore reunion grounds, a pickpocket relieved her of a note and mortgage for \$110.

Grading on the Pacific Short line from South Sioux City to Plainview is about completed. Twenty-seven miles of bridging have been finished.

The barbers of Fremont are in trouble about keeping open on Sunday. Some want to do business while others prefer rest and religious devotion.

Abraham Thompson, a Methodist minister located in Logan county, has been declared insane and is in the custody of the sheriff at Gandy.

A. C. Abbott, district court clerk of Thurston county, has resigned the office because the law does not allow him to practice as an attorney.

The Douglas county hospital building, over which there has been a heap of trouble and much money wasted, will be ready for occupancy in a few weeks.

J. P. Glenn, of Wymore, is carrying a cane which was cut in the year he was born, forty-nine years ago. He will hand it down as a keepsake to his children.

Nebraska City girls don't flirt. A party of strange young men tried it the other day with a young lady seen sitting in the window of a large building, but received no response. It was the answer for the blind.

Laurie Bros., hardware merchants of Aurora, have failed; assets and liabilities not known. The failure is attributed to a large credit business and poor collections.

The voluntary relief association among the employees of the Burlington road has a membership of over 1,500 although the institution is only two months old.

The Farmers' alliance of Nebraska has more than doubled its membership. It has 300 newly organized subordinate lodges in which thirty-eight counties are represented.

In order to amuse the attendants at the Butler county fair, Prof. Nell Brayton has agreed to jump from a balloon at a height of 4,000 feet and descend by means of a parachute.

The first state convention for 1889 will be held by the prohibitionists in Lincoln, August 21 and 22. The call states that the convention will be entitled to 1,129 delegate votes.

The barn of Benjamin Harnay, ten miles northwest of Tecumseh, was struck by lightning. Mr. Harnay was instantly killed and the barn, containing three teams, was destroyed.

The slaughter and ice house owned by Mullins & Dorn, at South Sioux City, were burned a few days ago. Loss, \$1,500; no insurance. It is supposed some one set fire to the buildings.

Rev. Lamar, an ex-confederate officer, delivered a loyal and eloquent speech at the Long Pine Chautauqua, on G. A. R. day, which was well received by the old veterans present.

A severe rain and hail storm did great damage at Schuyler. About a thousand windows were destroyed, fruit and garden tables were damaged and a few corn fields were badly pounded.

Paul Johnson, an org' n lad of about ten, living with the family of one Mr. Wilson near Long Pine, was one of the curiosities at the Chautauqua. He looked just like other boys but was born in Greenland.

Mrs. Frank Runyan, living in Greengroves, near Nebraska City, was principal in a family row the other night and shot at her husband, the bullet cutting a hole through his coat. There were no arrests.

At Benedict Samuel Shriver's little boy, three years old, while out playing, by some way got into the water tank and was drowned. Mr. S. missed the boy and went in search, and found him past all human aid.

While James Carman, of Spring Creek, was working about a threshing machine the stacker fell upon him, striking him in the face, which resulted in a fracture of the nasal bones and facial deformity.

John G. Pfrehm, of Custer county, jumped from a wagon directly in front of a locomotive in Crete. He was thrown quite a distance and was picked up for dead. Strange to say he received only a few scratches.

While bathing in the North Fork at Norfolk, Rudolph Moldenhauer, a promising young German, aged about seventeen years, was drowned. He dived from a boat in mid stream and never rose to the surface.

The tiding from Standing Rock agency in regard to the success of the Sioux commission and the assurance of opening of the Sioux reservation, was received in Niobrara with great rejoicing by all classes of citizens.

The excitement over the coal find at South Sioux City does not diminish. Another hole has been sunk about 170 rods from the first group, and coal was found a little nearer the surface after penetrating the same formation.

The people of Plattsmouth were startled by a man running up the street crying murder. He was captured and stated that two men entered his room and threw him out of a back window. It turned out to be only a case of delirium tremens.

The B. & M. railroad coal house at Palmer burned last week, together with about two hundred tons of coal and some bridge material in the yards. The St. Paul fire company was summoned and prevented the spread of the flames. Loss about \$4,000.

Captain C. J. Bills, of company D, Second regiment N. N. G., has received the appointment of aide-de-camp on the governor's staff with the rank of colonel. His place will probably be supplied by the election of Lieutenant Hasty to the position of captain.

The July report of the Nebraska soldiers' and sailors' home shows the total number of members admitted previous to July, 101. Members admitted during the month, 18. Total number, 119. The total number dropped from the rolls previous to July were 33, during the month 2. Total, 35.

Since the United States census of 1880 the population of Nebraska has increased from 462,402 to about 1,000,000; and the number of its farms from 63,887 to 141,107; the number of its live stock from 2,424,590 to 4,647,630, and their value from \$33,440,285 to \$81,099,941.

It is claimed that Mrs. Dudley, the Christian science healer of Atchison, has done some wonderful work at Ewing. She succeeded in curing a Mrs. Lewis who had been confined to her bed nearly fourteen months, and who is now able to sit and attend to her household duties.

Last week train fifty-five, west bound on the Union Pacific, was wrecked between Valparaiso and Tonawanda, on the Lincoln division. New Conklin, yard master at Valparaiso, was killed. Engineer Morgan had one eye knocked out and otherwise injured. The fireman was severely bruised. Engineer Mitchell had a leg crushed, will probably have to be amputated, and Jim O'Hearn, fireman, was badly scalded.

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STAY AT HOME.

**The Advice Commander Davis
Tenders to Ex-Veterans
of Nebraska.**

**Legitimate Cuts the Threats of Eight
Prisoners in Retaliation for
Butcheries by Hippolyte.**

**Three Miles a Minute by Electricity—Release
of a Prisoner Unjustly Con-
fined Fifteen Years.**

To Nebraska Ex-Soldiers.

**HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT NEBRASKA,
GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC,**

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL,

LINCOLN, Neb., July 31, 1889.—

Comrades: The time for the annual meeting of the twenty-third national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic is fast approaching. When at the last national encampment, held at Columbus, O., it was decided to hold the encampment for this year at Milwaukee, every assurance was given that transportation rates and accommodations and preparations generally, should equal, if not surpass and eclipse, any that had preceded. At our last annual meeting of the national encampment a rate of 1 cent per mile was granted, and this rate was confidently expected to be made for this year, thereby making it possible, by thus bringing the expense of transportation down, for many of our old soldiers of limited means to greet their old comrades once more around the blazing camp-fire, and again renew the strengths of friendship that a quarter of a century ago were welded in the fire of battle. The denial of this 1 cent per mile rate was the cause of much disappointment and dissatisfaction, and with a view of securing the desired rate, a meeting of department commanders was held at Chicago, July 2, 1889, at which were present commanders from Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Missouri, Minnesota and Nebraska. They called upon the representatives of the railroad companies to fix the rate at 1 cent per mile on or before the 10th inst., assuring them that if they failed so to do, the department commanders then assembled, would officially recommend to posts and comrades of their several departments that only members and representatives of the national encampment attend at Milwaukee. Your department commander unit in this movement in the firm belief that it was reasonable and just and was actuated solely with the honest desire to best subserve the interests of the comrades of this department. The time having past, and our requests not having been granted, your commander, in accordance with his agreement with the other department commanders, recommends the attendance only of the delegates and official members at the Milwaukee encampment. This request is made with deepest regrets, knowing it will cause disappointment to many, especially the old Wisconsin veterans now living in this department; but a proper respect for myself, and my pledge of good faith to my associate commanders, thus makes me unable to repay the comrades and citizens of Milwaukee who have done and are still doing so much towards making the encampment a success. Fraternally, J. B. Davis.

P. A. GATCHELL, Dept. Com'd'r.
Assistant Adjutant General

**Hippolyte Butchers' Prisoners and
Legitimate Butchers.**

NEW YORK, August 8.— The Times has

a dispatch from Port-au-Prince, Hayti, dated July 28, which states that Legitimate cut the throats of eight prisoners of war in the market place, in retaliation of the butchery of prisoners by Hippolyte.

Hippolyte is advancing nearer and nearer each day. Time and again the southern leader has prepared for fight, but on each occasion the appeals of the people and the representations of his generals have induced him to hold a little longer. Fear bordering on frenzy appears to have seized hold of many of Legitimate's soldiers; they refuse to stand, and it only remains for the contagion to become universal to enable Hippolyte to march unopposed into the capital of the south.

The idea of offering quarter to surrendering troops has long since died out, and capture now means something worse than death.

The inhabitants of Port-au-Prince expect no mercy should Hippolyte's men ever force an entry into the city.

Desirous has seized many, while others await the end with indifference.

Notwithstanding the enormous area of forests, particularly in the northern zone, the government has realized the fact that the elimination of trees produces atmospheric changes and converts what were once fertile plains into deserts. Already it is observed that the Caspian Sea is receding, owing to the destruction of forests at the head of the great rivers which flow into it, while it is believed that from the same cause the sea of Aral (now fast sinking) will stand fully fifteen feet high. The work of excavation is going on slowly and an effort is being made to save as much of the skeleton as possible.

Russian Credit Crisis.

WASHINGTON, August 11.— Consul General Charlton Way, at St. Petersburg, writes to the state department that an enormous issue of Russian bonds bearing 5 per cent interest has been converted into 4 per cent bonds on most favorable terms. Not only is it in the power of the minister to convert the entire debt of Russia into lower interest-bearing bonds, but foreign capitalists are eager to invest in a security which two years ago was the football of the foreign bourses. He adds a paragraph relating to the forests of Russia that is significant.

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On July 28 Hippolyte made an attack on the city of Ewing. The commandant of the garrison was shot in the arm, they were led, strongly guarded, to the open square. Here an immense crowd had collected. One by one the men were gagged, and then their throats were cut with the utmost deliberation, the crowd yelling vociferously as each man fell quivering to the ground. One man managed to tear off his gag, and filled the air with the most piercing cries of fright. This pleased the crowd so much that the gags of all the remaining prisoners were taken off, and the cries of agony of the wretched men fairly rent the air. When the butchery was completed a great cheer for Legitimate went up from the crowd, and it was evident that the southern leader had gained a point in the confidence of his followers.

Three Miles a Minute.

BALTIMORE, Md., August 9.— On a

two-mile circular track the startling speed of two miles a minute was yesterday maintained for about ten miles by a three-ton motor of the Electro-Automatic Transit company of Baltimore.

This speed equals three miles per minute on a straight track. David G. Weems, the inventor, conducted the experiments. The company will build at once a five-mile circular track on Long Island to demonstrate the practicability

of the arrangement.

THE PRESIDENT.

THE PRESIDENT.

**The Chief Executive Meets With
Hearty Welcome on His Line
of Travel.**

**Large Assemblies at Every Town to Give
Cordial Greeting and Hear What
He Has to Say.**

**The Guest of Secretary Blaine, at Whose
Home He Seeks Rest from the
Cares of State.**

Orations to the President.

BOSTON, Mass., August 9.— A special

train with President Harrison and party, President Lord, of the Boston & Maine railroad, Lieutenant Governor Brackett and members of the governor's staff and a corps of newspaper men, pulled out of the Boston & Maine depot at 9 o'clock yesterday en route to Bar Harbor. A large crowd witnessed the departure, which was made to the accompaniment of a salute by battery "A" and continued cheering.

A Monster Skeleton Discovered.

ST. HELENA, Neb., Aug. 11.— The pa-

pers all over the country have been publishing high sounding stories of the discovery of a cave in the chalk bluffs near this city, in which