

ABOUT NEBRASKA.

Ten pupils were graduated from the Seward high school at its annual commencement.

A romantic wedding took place at Nemaha City a few days ago, the high contracting parties being S. D. Ewing, aged seventy-four, and Mrs. Griffith, aged fifty-five, both residents of Richardson county.

Fifty divines attended the district convention of the M. E. conference at Ponsa.

The York Butter and Cheese association has closed the contract for the necessary plant, to cost \$4,500.

The Beatrice Paper company, with a capital stock of \$50,000, filed articles of incorporation. The company will at once purchase machinery, erect buildings and proceed to the manufacture of paper and paper goods.

James Brown, of the Second Infantry, stationed at Fort Omaha, saved \$210 of his wages. That and a gold watch he left in his quarters, but someone burglarized them, and he has to commence over again.

In order to throw still more light upon the prospects for the sugar industry in Nebraska, Deputy Commissioner of Labor Jenkins has sent out circulars to the county clerks of the state asking for the names of persons who are engaged in the raising of sorghum cane or the manufacture of syrup.

The North Nebraska Editorial association was organized at West Point last week and officers elected.

Rev. J. McPherrin, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Bennett, has learned that nine of his cousins perished in the Johnstown, Pa., calamity. There were ten in the family, and only one survives.

The body of the late Postmaster Herweg, of Dakota City, who was drowned in the Missouri river opposite that place April 7 while out fishing, was last week discovered in the sand on the Iowa side 100 yards below where he went down.

In the annual apportionment of the state school fund Gage county stands third on the list. She has 10,069 scholars and is entitled to \$10,114.93. Douglas, containing the city of Omaha, and Lancaster, with the city of Lincoln, are the only two counties ahead of Gage.

Mrs. Griffith, wife of Rev. D. W. Griffith, pastor of the Baptist church of Nebraska City, had many relatives and friends in Johnstown, Pa., and vicinity. Mr. and Mrs. Griffith having lived there several years. Telegrams have been received, announcing their safety. Mr. Griffith a few weeks ago declined a call from the Johnstown Baptist church, the pastor of which is reported among the missing, and the building was washed away with the flood.

Henry Kinsey, who pleaded guilty to the charge of forgery before the district court of Gage county and was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary, was taken to Lincoln last week by Deputy Sheriff Barnett. The deputy returning brought back William Carson, charged with shooting Chauncey White about a month ago. Carson had been removed to Lincoln on account of mob demonstrations. He will probably be tried this term of court.

William Grimes, for the last three years and a half sheriff of Johnson county, has resigned, and gone with his family to Oklahoma, where he will make his future home. Mr. Grimes secured a quarter section of land adjoining Kingfisher, and has entered into a law partnership with J. W. McCloud, late of the firm of Robertson & McCloud.

The Knights of Pythias of Nebraska City observed their memorial day with appropriate ceremonies and the decorations of the graves of departed brethren.

The governor's message declaring South Omaha city of the first-class was followed by a resolution of the Omaha city council, urging annexation upon the Magic City. It is claimed that this would result in benefit to both places.

The assessed valuation of South Omaha is \$2,167,000, an increase of \$267,000 over last year.

The citizens of Greenwood have subscribed \$55 to the fund for the relief of the Johnstown flood sufferers.

Burglars entered the house of Emri Longin and took \$140 from the pockets of his clothing in a closet.

Thos. Cooper, the young man who walked off from the Fairmont express office with the \$500 express package some time ago, now languishes in Fort Wilson, at Geneva, says the Republican of that place, and will be led and watched by Kit Carson until tried, convicted and sent to the pen. He was captured at Black Canon, Col., by Amador Andrews, a special traveling agent of Wells, Fargo & Co.

The scheme to remove Fort Omaha is strongly opposed by some prominent men of the metropolis. The Washington authorities have not yet decided the matter, but it is expected that they will do so at an early day.

The Beatrice Starch company has incorporated with a capital of \$100,000, elected officers, and will proceed to business at once.

The report of the Beatrice postoffice for the month of May shows that the income of business over the previous month is 1,335 pieces of delivered mail, and in collections 1,335 pieces.

A large tabernacle has been erected in South park by the Plattsmouth Baptists, wherein they intend holding district services during the summer.

The Stockham creamery, although it has only been in operation about six weeks, it is now making about 1,000 pounds a morning. With the latest steam-making machinery, the product attains out grades with the best in the west.

G. P. Frazier, agent of the St. Joe Island railroad at Edgar, lost yesterday and three others, besides the train conductor, in the

Much interest is manifested at St. Paul over the marriage of Tom Lat, a full-blood Chinaman, to Miss Clara Shalto, a native American girl. The groom claims to be a naturalized Chinaman, and has been a laundryman in that city for some months. The ceremony was pronounced by County Judge Hannibal.

The Grand Island city council has presented Mayor Platt with a handsome cavel, made of a piece of log from the first building ever erected in the city.

The city library of Lincoln has 5,071 volumes and receives sixty-three current publications. It is on a solid financial footing and is well patronized by the people.

Mr. W. W. Watters, of Shelton, Buffalo county, has been granted a pension of \$8 per month and back pay from July 23, 1864, which will amount to quite a snug little sum.

Beatrice is putting down brick pavement, and it is said to be very fine.

Edward F. Page, who has been appointed chief clerk of the ordinance department of Brooklyn navy yard, was formerly a resident of Crete.

THE SITUATION ON THE CONEMAUGH.

The Work of Clearing Up Goes Bravely Forward—Plenty of Provisions and Clothing.

Johnstown dispatch: The intention to-night is to solve the raft problem with petroleum and the torch. To-day, for the third time, the raft was fired and is burning fiercely, but if it is not destroyed fifty barrels of coal oil will be emptied on it to-morrow, and the whole mass will go up in a bonfire. The citizens of Cambria borough passed resolutions to-night asking Gen. Hastings to furnish them lumber and nails to enable them to put up temporary houses, there being only 400 houses to shelter 1,500 people now homeless.

The new contractors in charge of the state's work in cleaning out the flood debris from Johnstown and vicinity did not have all the men they needed to-day, but the number was largely increased before nightfall, and some very effective work was performed.

A regular morgue corps of six men followed the workers in each district, and as fast as bodies were uncovered, removed them to the nearest dead house where they were quickly prepared for burial.

Gen. Hastings was very much gratified this evening with the reports received from his engineer corps of the work done during the day. Col. Douglas, engineer-in-chief, said this evening that he expected to have a channel thirty feet in width cut through the big raft by Saturday evening. Dynamite was used very extensively during the day to loosen up the big piles of drift. Four steam fire engines from Philadelphia are expected to arrive during the night. The engines are needed to check any spread of the fire from the burning debris.

The report of the bureau of transportation, which died with the citizens' relief committee, shows that from June 4 to June 11, inclusive, 1,392 people were given free transportation out of Johnstown. The bureau of information answered 287 telegrams and sixty-eight letters, mostly inquiries from anxious friends as to the safety of residents of Johnstown. Eight bodies were brought to the morgue in the Presbyterian church on Main street to-day. Some were taken out of the ground immediately.

Surrounding the church a party of men at work in the debris came across the dead bodies of Mrs. Myra and her daughter locked in each others' arms. The total number of bodies recovered to-day was nineteen, making a grand total of bodies recovered 1,999.

The mass at the stone bridge was fired this afternoon and to-night is burning furiously. With it is destroyed all hope of recovering the bodies that are certainly there entombed.

THE NEW YORK BENEFITS.

New York special: The benefit in aid of the Johnstown sufferers at the Metropolitan opera house this afternoon realized \$2,136.40. The benefit at the Casino realized \$557. At the mayor's office \$18,073 was received during the day.

Walter Stanton, chairman of the transportation committee, has received the following telegram from Gov. Beaver:

"From my personal inspection at Johnstown a day or two ago it occurs to me that it might be well for the present to stop the shipment of supplies in kind. There are many cases of individual suffering that can only be reached by personal investigation. Food and raiment in most cases shelter have been provided. There is no immediate bodily suffering. I will ask Gen. Hastings to communicate with you in case he should be in need of anything special which could better be supplied from New York than from points nearer at hand. The great problem of getting the people of the Conemaugh valley upon their feet, so as to help themselves, is the one to which we must turn our thoughts, and to this the commission which I have just appointed will give their immediate attention."

FOREIGN SYMPATHY.

Washington special: The president has caused to be referred to the secretary of state telegrams expressive of the deep sympathy with the people of the United States on account of the recent Johnstown disaster from His Honor John Harris, mayor of Sidney, Australia; Edwin Grove, of Newport, Montserrat; Edwin Grove, of Newport, Montserrat; and His Honor Mayor Galloway, of Brisbane, Australia.

To each of these gentlemen the secretary of state has made fitting and prompt reply in the name of the president and people of the United States.

Another telegram from the general manager of the Lion fire insurance company of London of June 8 expressed a desire of the directors thereof to contribute \$1,000 to the relief fund of the sufferers by the flood. The president, through Mr. Blaine, accepted this voluntary donation on behalf of the stricken sufferers and requested the manager to deliver it to the United States minister at London to be forwarded here.

Harold P. Brown, the electrician who is in charge of the arrangements for carrying out of the law for the execution of the death penalty by electricity in New York, is a slender, blonde young man with a pleasing expression of countenance and an almost perpetual smile.

MORE BODIES FOUND IN THE RUINS.

Work of Clearing Away the Debris Goes Vigorously Forward.

The tenth day of the work of clearing away the wreckage opened with a drizzle which made everything wet and slippery. About 9 o'clock the down-pour became so heavy that it interfered seriously with the work, and the men were called to shelter, but as soon as the rain became less heavy all went to work again. Arrangements have been made by which a much needed supply of fresh meat will be furnished. The great quantity of debris which has been loosened from above the stone bridge and floated down stream, has formed a gorge opposite Cambria City, and a number of men were sent down to remove it, as it closed the channel, stopping the flow of water and rendering very difficult the work of removing the wreckage at the stone bridge.

The visit of Governor Beaver to this section yesterday has given renewed hopes to the stricken people, and on all sides the action taken yesterday is being favorably commented on. After Wednesday, Adjutant-General Hastings will have entire charge, and this section will be strictly under military discipline.

The first national bank has opened up for business, and the fact is appreciated by all, as much trouble has been occasioned by the inability to get money here. Much suffering is occasioned by the wearing of gum boots by the men working here. Over sixty of them were obliged to quit work to-day, owing to the fact of their feet being terribly blistered, and many are at work in their bare feet. Sixteen bodies were recovered this morning, and but five were identified. They are the son of C. E. Eickson, undertaker; Mrs. Kate Neery and Mary Jane Nugent, seamstress; David Creed, grocer, and Blanche Hanneke.

The unidentified were seven females and four males, the bodies being very much decomposed. There will not be any further work for the undertakers after this evening. Rev. Father Trautman, pastor of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, reports that out of a congregation of 950 he has lost 113, and thinks the number will reach 150.

The medical director in Minersville reports that the prevalence of measles is becoming mild, and there is no apparent immediate danger of malaria. Only a single case of typhoid pneumonia was reported there. Two hundred axmen from Michigan arrived this morning. They were at once put to work on the heavy timbers above the bridge. These timbers are being piled up, and as soon as sufficiently dry will be burned.

The progress of the work at the stone bridge to-day has been far more satisfactory than on any day so far. The stationary engine on the bridge is doing good work. Huge masses of broken bent iron and immense timbers that the men have been trying to move for days, were lifted from their places and moved with ease. Fourteen more of these great helpers have been sent for.

Three bodies were found to-day near the stone bridge, and ten or twelve were found in that vicinity. All the commissary stations were kept busy at Cambria. A vast amount of provisions and clothing have been distributed. Long lines of sufferers stood in the heat and rain waiting their turn. No one is furnished without an order, and every department is under the strictest discipline. Most excellent work is being done here. The same good work is being done at the American club commissary and other places.

The hurried burial of the dead in Prospect Hill cemetery is causing the residents of that beautiful suburb of Johnstown a great deal of annoyance, and may cause much sickness. The bodies were placed in cheap coffins and none were secure.

The first funeral of a flood victim, that might be truly called such, and in which the corpse was taken to the cemetery in a conveyance, was held to-day. The body was taken to the cemetery in a wagon accompanied by mourners in a carriage and a burial service held.

There were thirty-five bodies recovered to-day—eleven of them at the stone bridge. Those taken out of the water were in a much better condition than those found among the debris. The latter were not only horribly bloated and distorted in the features, but decomposition had set in, and the stench arising therefrom was almost unbearable.

The list of the "unknown" is growing as the means of identification become more obscure.

The report of Dr. Sibbel, addressed to Dr. Groff, may be given in brief as follows:

"Fourth ward school house morgue, June 8.—Bodies received, 219; Pennsylvania railroad station morgue, 182; Mooreville morgue, 128; St. Columbia church morgue in Cambria City, 835; Hayes morgue, 13; Millville, 57; Grandview chapel, 118; Old Ninevah (Indiana) morgue, 66; Ninevah proper, 232 (total), 1889."

The official bulletin of the state board of health issued to-day says: "The reports received last evening from the inspectors of the board show the favorable condition stated in the first report continues. No contagious disease of any kind prevails. There are a few cases of a mild type of measles. There are no signs of any epidemic. The bodies still in the wreck are so covered with earth as not to be dangerous to health. There is every precaution being taken to prevent contamination of the water supply for the towns below Johnstown. There is no ground whatever for alarm in this matter at present. The weather is cool and favorable. Though destruction of life has been appalling there is not any present occasion to be discouraged."

The New Revised Army Regulations.

Washington dispatch: It is discovered that in the new revised army regulations, which the war department has been distributing, the provision for the payment of troops monthly, a reform which Paymaster General Rochester worked hard to secure and which he finally had adopted by the war department, that the omission is due to the hurried manner in which the work was prepared. A sort of fatality has attended the issuing of these regulations. It took a board of officers at least three weeks to get them in shape. They were approved by the war department and ordered to be printed. Since then they have been run through the press twice, only to make the discovery that some important matter was left out, and the matter had to be corrected accordingly.

ARE THE GUILTY PARTIES ARRESTED?

What Was Found by the Coroner's Jury in the Cronin Murder Case.

Chicago dispatch: To-day has seen the close of the most sensational investigation by a coroner's jury ever held in this country. Early this afternoon oral evidence was concluded, and some of Cronin's papers were read in open court, but before anything very sensational was reached, the jury retired to the privacy of the coroner's room to finish the sensational part, which is to be given to the grand jury before it reaches the public ear. It is understood that there was other written evidence of a sensational nature, of which the public has been kept in entire ignorance, which was read in the privacy of the coroner's inner sanctum this afternoon. The jury were in secret session until 11 o'clock to-night. State's Attorney Longenecker had twice been called in up to 10 o'clock, and when he came from the conference at that hour, he stated the jury had decided to hold Alexander Sullivan and several others. The verdict in effect was that Dr. Cronin came to his death at the hands of unknown men, and recommended that Alex. Sullivan, Woodruff and Detective Conklin be held to the grand jury for murder. A. O. Sullivan was also held. The next step taken, of course, the arrest of only one of the four mentioned not already behind the bars—Alex. Sullivan. This was done about midnight, and he is now in the county jail. If the arrests made in New York prove to be as important as is believed, the murderers of Dr. Cronin will probably be in custody. Following is the full text of the verdict of the coroner's jury: We, the undersigned, jury appointed to make the inquiries according to law, as to how the body viewed by us came to his death, state our verdict from the evidence: One, that the body is that of Patrick H. Cronin, known as Dr. Cronin; two, that his death was not from natural causes, but from violent means; three, that said P. H. Cronin was decoyed from his home on North Clark street on the evening of May 4, 1889, by some person or persons to the cottage known as the Carlson cottage, situated at No. 1872 North Ashland avenue, in Lake View, Cook county, Ills. Fourth, that at said cottage the said Cronin was murdered by being beaten on the head by some blunt instrument in the hands of some person or persons unknown on the night of the said May 4, or between May 4 and 5, 1889. Fifth, that the body, after the said murder was committed, was placed in a trunk and carried to Edgewater on a wagon, by several persons, and by them placed in a catch basin at the corner of Evanston avenue and Fifty-ninth street, Lakeview, where it was discovered May 27, 1889. Sixth, that the evidence shows conclusively to all minds, that a plot or conspiracy was formed by a number of persons for the purpose of murdering Cronin and concealing his body. Said plot or conspiracy was deliberately contrived and cruelly executed. We have carefully inquired into the relations sustained by said Cronin to other persons while alive, to ascertain if he had any quarrels or animities with any person sufficient to cause his murder. It is our judgment that no other person or persons, except some of those who are, or who had been members of a certain secret society known as the "United Brotherhood," Clan-na-Gael, had cause to be investigators or executors of such a plot or conspiracy to murder said Cronin. Many of the witnesses testifying in the said case have done so with much evident unwillingness, and we believe with much mental reservation. We find from the evidence that a number of persons were parties to the plot and conspiracy to murder said Cronin, and that Daniel Conklin, Patrick O. Sullivan, Alexander Sullivan and one Woodruff, alias Black, were either principals, accessories, or executors of such a plot or conspiracy to murder said Cronin, and should be held to answer to the grand jury. We also believe that other persons were engaged in this plot, or had guilty knowledge of it, and should be apprehended and held to the grand jury. We further state this plot or conspiracy in its conception and execution is one of the most foul and brutal that ever came to our knowledge, and we recommend that the proper authorities offer a large reward for the discovery and apprehension of all those engaged in it in any way. We further state that in our judgment all secret societies whose evidence are such as the evidence shows that of the "Clan-na-Gael" or "United Brotherhood," to be, are not in harmony with, and are injurious to American institutions. We hope that future vigor and vigilance by the police force will more than compensate for the past neglect by a portion of the force in this case.

R. S. CUTRELL, RUDOLPH SEIFERT, H. A. HATGAN, VICTOR T. SUTTON, JOHN H. VANAUSSER, JUSTUS KILLIAN.

The Transgressor Can Come Back.

St. Louis dispatch: It is stated here on good authority that Henry Dieckman, ex-president of the Maunfelt-Borgess milling company and ex-administrator, guardian, etc., of the Meyer & Gynce estates and heirs, will be enabled to return from his enforced habitation in Canada by July 4. Dieckman left St. Louis in February, and since then his liabilities have, by confessed judgments and estimates, been footed up to about \$140,000. As an offset of this sufficient assets have been discovered to ent this amount down to \$90,000. All of this amount was swallowed up in speculation. His bondsmen have satisfied the most urgent claims, and his relatives, who are the heartiest losers, will not prosecute.

The Situation at Seattle.

Seattle (W. T.) dispatch: The town is rapidly quieting down again after the great blaze of last week, through the vigorous measures to maintain order. There are still many families who find their only shelter under tents, and bankers and merchants are opening up for business wherever possible. Militia and special police still patrol the streets, and no one who has not a pass is allowed to enter the burned district. Numerous attempts at burglary have been frustrated, and one thief who was caught lately escaped lynching. Although it is still impossible to ascertain correctly the loss of life, it is not generally believed that more than five persons perished.

THE WATERS GIVING UP THEIR DEAD.

Bodies Continually Being Unearthed as the Work of Clearing Away Proceeds.

Johnstown dispatch: This is the last day for clearing away the effects of the flood by the civil authorities. To-morrow the state takes hold, and all work done after to-day will be done under the supervision of Adjutant-General Hastings. One of the first things to be done by General Hastings will be the discharge of 800 policemen now doing duty here. It has been decided that they should not be paid out of the relief fund, but that the county whose sheriff deputized them, should pay for their services. Some persons look for trouble from this source. All the men employed by Booth and Flynn will be paid off to-day and discharged and transportation furnished for as many as do not wish to work for the state.

A more cheerful and hopeful feeling prevails and is daily increasing, and work all over the valley is being pushed to-day with vigor. The horror of the situation has not diminished, but grows. The search for the dead continues, and in all sections and directions bodies are being found. A number of bodies are now coming to the surface of the waters, and those whose work has made them competent judges, say as many more bodies as have been found are lying somewhere.

Notwithstanding this is the twelfth day since the flood, most of the newspaper correspondents are still without sleeping accommodations of any kind, and as on the first day are sleeping in barns, brick kilns and other places without coats or blankets. Coats have been sent, they are told, but some one else gets them. The supply of provisions is improving some, but requisitions are still being made for a number of carloads of all kinds of supplies have been sent to Morrellville, and as there was no damage done there by the flood this stuff has been misplaced. A prominent citizen of Morrellville said this morning: "There is a large class of people here who have not lost a thing in the flood, yet every arriving train finds them in line ready to receive a share. It is safe to say these people have secured enough provisions to last them six months, and clothing enough to last five years."

After to-day the commissary department will be in charge of Col. Spangler, assistant quartermaster-general, with three assistants. There will be two post commissaries and eleven district commissaries, the latter in charge of lieutenants of the National Guard. Their duty will be to find out all the needy and to make a list of them and to make requisitions on the quartermaster-general for provisions and to distribute the same as fast as possible. It is the intention to induce the citizens to take hold as soon as possible the entire commissary department will be turned over to them.

But two bodies have been received at the Fourth ward morgue up to noon to-day and it is quite likely that after to-day no bodies will be taken to any of the morgues because of the bad state in which they are found. There is now but little attempt at identification.

The impending change in the control of the town, the exodus of workmen and flood survivors and the steady rain have combined to make Johnstown more quiet to-day. At all headquarters work has been narrowed down to the finest possible calibre and a good many faithful men are getting the rest they needed long ago. To-morrow Mr. Scott throws down the reins of government and Adjutant-General Hastings takes hold. At least \$100,000 will be paid out to workmen to-morrow morning and the earned it. The new leaders claim a number of plans are to be introduced by which the work of cleaning up the wreckage and caring for the survivors will be greatly systematized. The military will be retained.

Good progress was made in cleaning out the channel of the Conemaugh above the bridge to-day. A number of stationary engines and long cables are being used to pull out the heavy timbers.

The morgues are about to be abandoned on account of the bad condition of the bodies being recovered. Identification is almost impossible unless by the personal effects found on the bodies. The state board of health still issues encouraging bulletins, although isolated cases of pneumonia, diphtheria and measles are reported, generally from the suburbs.

The spirit of recovery look firm hold on the citizens of Johnstown to-day. Everywhere the citizens were hard at work clearing out the cellars, drying carpets and bedding, and inaugurating a general renovation. General Hastings this evening said: "The work of cleaning the city will be done by contract, and negotiations will be opened at once with the leading contractors. Several may be employed, but I can not say who will get the work at this time. Until the commission is appointed Scott has volunteered his services, and will render all assistance in his power."

The Sole Topic of Conversation.

Washington special: The arrest of Alexander Sullivan in Chicago, yesterday, for alleged complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin, was the sole topic of conversation among Irish-Americans in this city to-day. Almost without exception the opinion was freely expressed by each that in view of the evidence thus far adduced the arrest was unwarranted. Each expressed the hope that the murderers would be discovered and punished, but every man seems to think the coroner's jury too hasty in ordering Mr. Sullivan's arrest. At present there is no branch of the Clan-na-Gael in this city, though until about three years ago there was a flourishing lodge which met once a week on the avenue. Nearly every prominent Irishman in Washington was a member and the society did much for the cause. Some of the members attempted to use the organization for political purposes, however, and the society has since been disbanded. It is now a mere name, and only a few dozen remain. They couldn't pay rent and the society passed out of existence.

The Naval Department Will Soon Call for Proposals for the Construction of Three New Steel Cruisers of 2,000 Tons Burden.

The amount appropriated for each vessel is \$700,000.

BY THE MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

Two men were killed and an engine and car wrecked by going through a bridge near Petersburg, Pa.

C. D. Favor, a furniture dealer of Monroeville, N. M., has assigned his creditors in St. Louis, San Francisco and Kansas City.

Three miners were killed and a fourth fatally injured in a mine at Plymouth, Pa., by a fall of rock while they were eating their noon lunch.

During the recitation of a benediction in the attic of their home in Cincinnati, O., Charley Clements, aged 17, fatally shot his cousin, Harry Stephens.

E. D. Sledman, treasurer of Bent County, Iowa, has resigned because of shortage in his accounts. The amount is not known. Nothing criminal is alleged.

G. W. Austin, 45 years of age, who had a wife and two children, committed suicide at Savannah, Mo., Monday afternoon in the cemetery by shooting himself in the temple. Austin has been having family troubles for some time.

The people at Clinton, Ia., voted on the proposition to levy a 5 per cent tax to aid in constructing a high water bridge across the Mississippi like the high bridge at Dubuque. The tax was carried by a majority of 921 out of a vote of 2,294. The jubilant citizens celebrated with bands and fireworks.

J. B. Wellington, a traveling man, was fatally shot at Clay Center, Kansas, by Dr. Stewart, a practicing physician and an old and highly respected citizen of that city. The shooting grew out of a personal altercation on the street, which had its origin in domestic wrongs of a particular aggravating nature.

The question of nominal indemnity to Germany or no indemnity at all for the Samoan attack upon the German Landing party last December, is the sole cause of the not unreasonable delay at the state department in authorizing our commissioners at Berlin to affix their signatures to the treaties. This question is still under consideration by the secretary of state and president.

Postmaster McCarter, of Green Center, Iowa county, Ia., who was shot by a pauper named Hodge, died from his wounds. McCarter was very popular in the community, and if Hodge had not already been killed while resisting arrest he would probably have been executed immediately. Hodge was eighty years old, and came from the south in 1861, and had been a county charge for many years.

The cabinet meeting on the 15th lasted for an hour. Secretaries Proctor and Tracy and Attorney General Miller were absent, but the department of justice was represented by Solicitor General Chapman. Secretary Risk has returned from Wisconsin, and the cabinet meeting was the first which he has attended for several weeks. The Samoan treaty was the principal subject of discussion at the meeting.

The Governor's Proclamation.

Lieut.-Gov. Meiklejohn has issued the following proclamation: To the people of Nebraska—Whereas, The late disaster in Pennsylvania to life and property is unprecedented, and the citizens of the devastated districts are destitute and demanding assistance to alleviate their suffering, and

Whereas, Our citizens remember and are grateful for the generosity manifested towards our state by other commonwealths in time of need and misfortune.

Therefore, I, George D. Meiklejohn, lieutenant and acting governor of the state of Nebraska, would recommend that liberal donations be made by our citizens and a fund raised for the unfortunate sufferers of Johnstown and vicinity. I nominate and appoint J. E. Hill, state treasurer, as agent to receive donations for such relief fund.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska.

Done at Lincoln this 6th day of June, A. D. 1889.

GEORGE D. MEIKLEJOHN, Lieutenant and Acting Governor.

The Fairmont telephone exchange is a thing of the past. Manager Drake of Omaha was in the city last week and gave orders for the taking out of all phones remaining in use. He says the line to Crete will be completed July 1.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Quotations from New York, Chicago, Omaha, and Elsewhere.

Table with market prices for various commodities like WHEAT, CORN, BUTTER, EGGS, etc. in OMAHA, NEW YORK, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, and KANSAS CITY.