OVER THE STATE

The Otoe county fair will be held at use from September 17 to 22. Great preparations have been made, and the fair this season promises to eclipse all previous efforts. Among the features of the fair will be a political debate be-tween democrate, republicans and pro-hibitionists.

"In eighteen years in Nebraska," says the Columbus Journal, "we have never seen a more favorable year for crops generally. In that time the climate has undergone a remarkable change, especially as to moisture, owing, we think, to the increasing number of trees and acreage of plowed ground, both of which tend to keep the moisture where it falls until utilized by evaporation. The lesson to Nebraskans is that they can rely on crops with more certainty, and that the good work of cultivating more soil and planting trees should continue.

The union clear makers employed in Beaulieu's cigar factory, at Falls City, were locked out last week, their places being filled by scabs from Davenport, It has caused a great deal of excite ment among the union men of that city, as it is the first trouble of the kind that has ever occurred there.

The Columbus Journal reports that Oscar Peterson, of Richland, Colfax county, brought to Louis Weaver's place last week 3,100 pounds of wool for shipment east. Mr. Peterson says that a year and a half ago he purchased sheep at a cost of \$1,310. Since that time he has sold wool and sheep to the amount of \$2,900, and has 484 old sheep and 120 lambs left.

There were 50,000 people in attendance at the Omaha fair on the big day [Thursday] of the week.

The Union Pacific will make special rates from Sept. 17th to 23rd for those wishing to attend the G. A. R. reunion, Buffalo county fair and the United States encampment at Kearney.

Notwithstanding the boycott on Bar num by the Burlington & Missouri strikers, the officials say the show trains were handled without difficulty. They arrived in Lincoln and Hastings before

6 in the morning.

The banks and all the county offices of Lincoln closed on the afternoons of Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday last week, to allow the officers Friday last week, to allow the officers and clerks an opportunity to attend the state fair.

The monthly report of Warden Hyers shows that at the beginning of the month of August there were 343 convicts in the state penitentiary. During the month ten were admitted, making a total of 353. The superintendent of the insanc asylum reported 587 in the Lincoln saylum, 212 males and 175

One hundred and fifty men are work ing night and day on the Council Bluffs and Omaha pridge. It is expected that it will be ready for use October 15. Harry, son of Police Judge Burton,

of Hastings, was accidentally shot by Karl Kent, a playmate, last week. The cartridge happened to be without a ball, but a severe flesh wound was inflicted in the breast and neck.

E. Lingley, a Nebraska City b nourns the disappearance of Charles Limmers, an employe, and about 375 in cash. Limmers had been in Lingley's employ several years and enjoyed his fullest confidence. The latter part of last week Mr. Lingley gave young Limmers the money, to be used for the purcease of some articles needed in the shop, and since then Limmers; the money and his kit of barber tools have been conspicuous by their absence.

The Burlington people claim they seem

The Burlington people claim they sent a special train out of Omaha londed with Grand army men en route to Columbus O., surpassing in size and beauty any train that ever left the state of Nebraska It was composed of three day coaches, three chair cars and seven Pullman aleepers, and all were crowded to their fullest capacity. The Northwestern fullest capacity. The Northwestern claim that they got about 300 old sol diers, though no effort was made to secure that business, and all the other roads captured some, therefore Nebraska had a large representation at the re-

The residence of H. H. McElhinry, of Nebraska City, was burglarized last week. The thief was discovered at his work and four shots were sent after him.
several, it is believed, taking effect, but
he jumped from a window and escaped
in the darkness.

For defamation of character John Reid of Valley, has brought action for \$5,000 against Samuel McCleneghan in the Douglas county district court. Reid is a farmer and cattleraiser near Valley.

Under the new order of things, York will have no more Sunday trains. The F., E. & M. V. has issued an order discontinuing the Sunday train service on

The Dawes county fair takes place at Thadron, September 25th to 25th inclu-tive. Many attractive features are au-

The Omaha fair receipts were about

Phil D. Armour, inviting him to visit state fair, as it was understood he ended coming west soon. Mr. Ar-sur replied, regretting his inability to present. He regretted it particular-as he felt that the fair would be the sessent in the United States.

The Garneau crasher factory of Omais has been sued for \$10,000 by Charles
insch, fether of little Josephine Busch,
he 10-yearsold girl who was run over
ad had one of her legs broken the 21st
I last February by one of the Garneau
maker company wagons.

Death is announced at Kearney of J.
Green, an old citizen of that city. He
ar 71 years old.

Pat Lynch was attacked by a wild beer in the stock yards at South Omain at week and badiy gored near the point before assistance could reach him. The animal was promptly shot. Mr.

Omaha police last week raided a gam bling establishment, capturing eighte-men and all the paraphernalia of the

The exhibits at the state fair this year outnumber those of 1887 by 50 per ce Richard Thompson, formerly of the Hastings Democrat, is perfecting arrangements for the establishment of an-

ther paper in that city.

A smooth-looking thief, giving the name of D. W. King, broke into a house in Hastings last week, and stole jewelry and cash worth \$300. The police cap tured him in a barn and recovered all stolen goods. At a preliminary hearing he plead guilty, was bound over in bonds of \$1,500 to appear at the December term of the district court. He will no doubt go to the penitentiary for a good long term.

Elias Walker, an old resident of Ja maica, died on Wednesday last. The deceased was born in Ohio in 1818. Mr. Walker was one of the oldest settlers in that section, having moved there in 1867. On account of his sterling honesty, his just and generous character, he left many warm friends who will deeply mourn his loss.

The four-year-old son of P. M. M. Pearson, of Lindsay, was run over and fatally injured by a wagon at a camp meeting last week. The youngster was sleeping on the grass and was not seen by the driver of the team. The wheels passed over his stomach.

Jave hundred commercial travelers gathered in Omaha on the 6th and led the line of march in the grand industrial procession. It was drummers' day at the Omaha fair. One hundred and fifty floats followed the travelers, showing the various lines of trade represented. At night a reception was held at the chamber of commerce.

The second annual fair of Greeley county was well attended during the three days of its existence, all parts of the county being represented. The ex hibition of live stock was very fine and that of cereals and vegetables magnifi

A team of mules belonging to Owen Winslow, of Beaver City, ran away the other day, throwing Mr. Winslow from the wagen, breaking his leg. Mrs. Winslow attempted to stop the animals and was knocked down, receiving injuries which may prove fatal.

The corner stone of the new temper ance tabernacle of the Women's Chris tian Temperance Union of Fremont was laid last week, about 500 people being

present.

Ten thousand dollars is yet needed to complete the Young Men's Christian Association building at Omaha.

The bonds voted by South Omaha

have not yet reached the auditor's office, and nothing definite can be stated about them. It is said that bids tendered by contractors for the city of South Omaha work have not yet been opened pending a decision and that the contractors there are auxiously awaiting a move.

Fred Gramps, of South Omaha, while digging for the water works company, was nearly covered with a dirt slide. Although rescued soon after the acci-dent he was badly hurt, having three ribs broken and his left lung badly in-

Hastings is happy over the prospects of a fourth line to Omaha—the Missour Pacific building a line from Crote to

Attorney General Leese last week filed information in the nature of a quo original order, and desired to recede warranto against the Missouri Pacific, from the position they had taken, it would have been their duty to have cago, St Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad companies. They are at present, he alleges, foreign corporations, and the object of these test cases is to determine by what right and authority they now do business in the state, and compel them to become domestic cor-

A number of deaths from diphtheria have occurred at Huntley, ten miles north of Alma. Two children of Elliott Lowe, a prominent merchant of Hunt-ley, died last week, and later a brother of Mr. Lowe, a young man about 25 years of age, died of the same dread

August F. Roeder, formerly of Oma ha, committed suicide in a St. Louis house of ill-fame last week. His mother and two sisters reside in Omana.

Ten thousand dollars is yet needed to complete the Y. M. C. A. building at

Charles Francis Adams, president of the Union Pacific, has again spoken regarding the union depot project in Omaha Delay of a vote on the Outhwaite bill in congress and action of the wate build in congress and action of the state board of transportation in reduc-ing freight rates, he says, have put a dampener on the devot project. The company wants to know where the money is to come from before under-taking so formidable a structure.

It is said that G. W. Kirfman, a Sarpy county farmer, sold his crops, stock and furniture at a sacrifice to accept the offer of a lucrative job made by a slick individual who claimed to own a stock farm in Kansas. The money from the sale, however, was absorbed in paying Kirfman's debts, and when the sharper discovered the fact he skipped. He evidently intended to rob his victim of the proceeds of the sale.

Burglars effected an entrance into the residence of Mr. Clam I. V.

residence of Mrs. Clara I. Henry at Fremont, and completely demoralized the entire institution. Every supboard and ensire institution. Every cupboard and case of drawers was emptied of its contents on to the floor and pushed togeth er. The residence is one of the best in the city, and in the absence of the proprietors has been closed for a few weeks. The indications are that but little beoty was found and the burglars took revenge for their disappointment in mixing things up.

for their disappointment in mixing things up.

The display of nursery stock at the state fair this year, says the Lincoln Journal, far exceeds anything that has ever been before seen at the state fair. ever been before seen at the state fair. This is especially gratifying as the line is one in which the people of this state take great interest. A careful examination of the department is heartily commended to all, and there is little doubt that such a course will tend largely to increase the appreciation of the firms of the state. It will demonstrate that Nebraska growers can offer as good a thing as can be found in foreign stock, and are as deserving of patronage, not to say anything on the question of supporting home industries. MR. LEESE OBJECTS.

A Protest Against the Recent Action

of the Nebraska Transportation Board. Following is the full text of the protest filed by Attorney General Leese of Nebraska against the recent action of the state board of transportation whereby the time of enforcing the ordered reduction in local freight rates was postponed for a more complete and thorough understanding of the situation:

In the matter of adjourning the case now pending concerning the order of the state board of transportation to the railroad companies, I wish to file my protest against any further continuance of this question, and will hereby state my reasons:

The board has made an order after due deliberation, and served it upon the roads in this state requiring them to so arrange their schedule of rates that the rates in this state may be fixed in the same proportion as in the states of Minnesota, Illinois, Iowa and Lakota, although our rates would be much higher than in those states.

This case has been adjourned a number of times All the railroad compa-nies have been before the board, and on the different occasions set for hearing have made long arguments each time, have made long arguments each time, but have introduced no evidence. And now after the roads have refused to in-troduce any testimony to show cause why they don't obey the order of the state board, and have interposed every technicity. technicality known to the law, a majori ty of the state board presents a pocket resolution to again adjourn the case un-

There is no request by the railroad com-panies for an adjournment. The major-ity of the board voting on the adjournment are not dissatisfied with the order made by the board, although two of them voted against it when it was introduced but the motion to adjourn is for July 5; but the motion to adjourn is for the alleged purpose of finding out the cost of roads, and this is the only reason assigned on the part of the majority of the board. What have these members been doing for the past two years? Why have they not made these inquiries be

Why do they not read the report of the railroad commissioners where the costs of all the roads are given under oath, and have been printed and signed by these same members? Why is it that our three secretaries have not gained this information during the last two years? What consideration has the state received for the \$23,000 appropriated to the board, if at this late day neither of the secretaries nor the major-ity of the board knows what it costs to build a railroad? The cost of the various roads has been given to the board, and has been sworn to by the officers of the roads, and they will swear to the same facts and figures again. The ressame races and figures again. The res-olution does not ask for any informa-tion relating to the operating expenses, which is very necessary if the design is to fix rates, and if every question con-tained in the resolution should be prop-erly answered, the board would be in no better condition. better condition to make rates than they are to-day. And if for any resson the statements are not the identical lan-guage used in the report, as in the resolution, it would only have been necessary to ask a few additional questions, and they would have been cheerfully answered by every road in the state, but for the board itself to adjourn this case at this time until the 12th of November

s beyond my comprehension.

If the majority of the board thought they had made a mistake in making the stated that fact, and dismissed the CASE and commenced anew, but to adjourn the case for the reason designated leads for some other object than the one

The fact is apparent that the pending case is one that is absorbing the minds of the people of the state and they have the right to know whether the state has the authority to fix rates on these railroads, and especially so as the Union Pacific railway claims exemption from the jurisdiction of our state laws be-cause it has been incorporated by an act of congress.

To adjourn this case until Nevember 12, without knowing how the state board will hold on this question, is in itself a gross violation of public duty and I can only say that while I must submit to the vote of the majority, I do so pro-testing with my own voice and vote, in the name of justice to the people of this

I want it distinctly understood that I am not a policy member of the board, and in every case and on every ques-tion I have acted on my own judgment and as my conscience dictated to be

I do not want to injure the railroads in this state, realizing the fact that we all need the roads as much as the roads need the people. Our interests are mu-tusl, but when I see gross violations of our constitution and laws by the railroad our constitution and laws by the railroad corporations, and an utter disregard of the rights of the people abown, I raise voice against the same. I am willing now, always have been, and always will be, to allow every road such rates as will yield a fair per cent on the value of the property, under the same rules of econgrue as to operating averages. property, under the same rules of economy as to operating expenses, as should be used in the private affairs of the individual stockholders. Every fair minded man should be willing to concede this, and I do not believe that there is a man in this state that would object to such rates. I do now and always will object to such rates as will yield a dividend on fictitious capital, or what is known as watered stock, and make this explanation to assure you that I only ask right and justice, and submission to our constitution and laws by the railroad corporations of this state, and until this object is attained, you will find me in the ranks with my face to those who oppose it.

pose it.

I consider it a misfortune at this time I consider it a minfortune at this time for the board to delay so vital a question. I can realize how two members of the board can so vote and act, as they have interposed their objections, and shown a disposition to delay and vote down the proceedings from the first; but to find a third member changing front, for the reasons assigned, is a mystery to me, and I must rest astished that whatever reason he has is locked in his own breast, and, as one member of the board, I aubmit to the inevitable, but firmly believe that the wavering disposition shown by the majority on such an important question will work a great injury to the people of this state.

WILLIAM LEASER,

Attorney General and Member of Board

Attorney General and Member of Ro

CONGRESS.

Work Being Done From Day to Buy

SENATE. - In the senate on the 10th the conference report on the army appropriation bill was presented and agreed to. The house retaliation bill was then presented and referred to the committee on foreign relations, house amendment to the senate b senate bill to pension the widow of General Kilpat pension the widow of General Kilpatrick, reducing the amount from \$100 to \$75 a month, was non concurred in, and a committee of conference ordered. Stewart asked unanimous consent to have the Chinese exclusion bill taken up. Sherman objected. Mr. Stewart then made a motion to that effect, and the bill was taken up. Sherman addressed the senate in favor of Blair's retires to reconsider the vote by which motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed. Without final action on the measure the senate ad

House.-The house on the 10th resumed consideration of the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation The pending motion was that bill. made by Breckenridge, of Kentucky, to concur in the amendment reserving from the sale and entry until otherwise provided all lands made susceptible of irrigation. Bacon, of New York, took advantage of the debate that followed to deliver a speech on the subject of trusts, but as his time, was limited band party. but as his time was limited ly an opportunity to touch briefly upon the cotton bagging trust. Consideration of the bill was interrupted long enough to allow Maish, of Pennsylvania, to present the conference report on the arr appropriation bill. It was acceed to.

SENATE -In the senate on the 11th, the house bill was passed for the allowance of certain claims reported by the treasury officers, known as the Fourth of July claim. The bill represents 686 claims, amounting to \$180,000. The claimants are residents of Tennessee, Kentucky, Indiana, Maryland, Pennsylvania and Kansas. Senator Sherman re-ported the senate bill, declaring trusts This anlawful, placed on the calendar. This bill is a substitute for Senator Sherman's eriginal bill. The Chinese exclusion bill was then considered, but no definite action was had.

House. - In the house on the 11th the sundry appropriation bill was considered. The pending amendment was that relating to the reclamation of the arid regions. After several hours of unimportant debate Mr. Bland, of Missouri, moved that the appropriation be reduced from \$250,000 to \$50,000. The motion was adopted. Mr. Holman, of Indiana, offered a substitute for senate amendments providing that the necessary expenses for the carrying on of the survey be paid from the appropriation for the topographic survey of the United States, and suspend the operation of the desert land act during the pendency in congress of legislation looking to its repeal. The vote showed no quorum, and the house at 4:35 adjourned.

SENATE .- In the senate on the 12th he house amendment to the senate bill relating to postal crimes was concurred the trust bill reported from the comto the trust bill reported from the com-thittee on finance. The amendment consists of four additional sections, the most important of them being one ing it the duty of the president, satisfied that the price of any article of merchandise is raised in consequence of agreements or combinations. his proclamation suspending rily the collection of import duties on such articles. He supported his amendment in a speech at some length.

amendment was ordered printed. House.-The house on the 12th sumed consideration of the conference report on the sandry civil appropriation bill. The senate amendments were concurred in. The senate bill amending the act relating to postal crimes was passed. Mr. Springer, of Illinois, moved that the house go into committee of the whole, but this was ineffectual, as no quorum was present. After vain attempts to obtain a quorum the house adjourned.

SENATE. - In the senste on the 13th the Chinese exclusion bill was considered, but a vote was not reached. At the suggestion of Allison, Beck was excused from service on account of illness on the conference committee on the sundry civil appropriation bill, and Cockrell was appointed in his place. House.—In the house on the 13th a

joint resolution was passed extending until October 1 the existing appropriations for the sundry civil expenses of the government. The house resumed consideration of the senate bill amendatory of the interstate commerce law. approved February 4, 1887," and under all acts amendatory thereof, concurrent jurisdiction with the United States courts is hereby conferred upon state courts of competent jurisdiction, and said commission (the interstate commerce commission) is hereby author-ized and required to prescribe for the use and guidance of said common carriers, in making their schedules of rates and charges for the transporta-tion of persons or process. tion of persons or property on the uni-form classification and shall transmit form classification and shall transmit copies thereof to said common carriers on or before the first Monday in Janua-ry, 1889, and thereafter the failure and refusal of any such common carriers to observe said classifications in making schedules and rates shall be an unlawful act and all rates and charges not in con-formity with said classification shall be unreasonable rates and charges. The unreasonable rates and charges. The amendment was adopted and the bill

Free Delivery.

Washington dispatch: Congressman McShane has secured from the postoffice department an order establishing free delivery service at South Omalia. An delivery service at South Omaha. An inspector has been directed to proceed there at once and to make a report upon the condition of the streets, sidewalks, manner of houses and designation of the names of streets and such other data as is customary in such cases. Upon the receipt of the report the postmaster of South Omaha will be directed to appoint the necessary carriers, probably six or seven.

Mrs. Hariet Beecher Stowe is in just such a condition as Enterson when he exhibited the first sign of mental decay. RENOMINATED.

Gov. Hill, of New York, Will Again

The New York democratic state convention was held on the 12th. Chairman Murphy announced the selection as chairman of George Raines, of Monroe. Mr. Raines, on taking the chair, was received with applause. A recess was then taken until evening. Upon reassembling in the evening D.

Cady Herrick, of Albany, was made per-

manent chairman. Following a speech from Herrick the committee on resolutions presented the platform. In the first plank the St. Louis candidates and the platform are endorsed. The president's letter of acceptance is commended say, report a bill in as an elaboration of what the New York ing imm gration, visit as an elaboration of what the New York ing imm gration, visit as an elaboration of what the New York ing imm gration, visit as an elaboration below the property of the property the bold, aggressive and statesmanlike message of President Cleveland upon the fisheries question, vindicating the rights and proclaiming anew the dignity of American citizenship. We congratu-late our country in that it has a president who, knowing the right, dares to maintain it." The third plaink com-The third plaink commends the efforts of the president to enforce the laws relative to contract labor and resommends a therough revision of the laws, so as to exclude criminals and paupers from abroad. The Chinese bill is endorsed and its approval by the senate demanded. "We condemn the republican majority of the United States scuate, the language of the platform, "for its hostility to the labor measures which were passed by the house of represent atives in March and April of 1888, and which failed to receive even considera-tion by the republican branch of the legislature." Fourth, "We maintain that the combinations of capital, com-monly called trusts, are conspiracies which limit production. which limit production, fix the price of commodities regardless of the cost of production and reduce the price of la-bor, crush out smaller independent dealers and strangle competition. These conspiracies are not private They are matters of governmental con-cern. We demand of the legislature to prevent such combinations, and we con-demn the last republican legislature for defeating all legislation for the suppression of these trusts and monopolies alike contrary to common law and dangerous to the prosperity of a free peo-ple." The fifth plank bears upon the liquor question in this state. The high license legislation of recent sessions is characterized and denounced as the 'variable, defective and hypocritical legislation of republican legislatures upon the liquor question, most of which was clearly inconsistent and not estly designed or calculated to aid the cause of temperance nid the cause of tem but intended only to mislead the and for political effect," Plank six at the outset favors parity of elections, and Plank six at at the close condemns the Saxton elec-toral purity bill vetoed last winter by Governor Hill. A re-enumeration of the state is demanded, a constitutional convention is urged, home rule for cities advocated, legislation to prevent from adulteration is asked, and all labor measures in the future are endorsed. Mr. George offered an amendment The last planks favor the maintenance of canals; the employment of convicts without competition with free labor is favored; to Parnell and Gladstone is extended the moral support of the party; endorse Governor Hill's administration, condemns his enemies, and congratu-lates the democracy of the land upon

the bright prospects of national party SUCCESS. After the adoption of the platform Daniel R. Lockwood, who nominated Cleveland, took the stage and made a speech, which closed with the renomina-tion of Governor Hill. The nomination was declared unanimous and a sound of wild applause and a scene of

frantic delight that lasted long. Lieutenant Governor Jones was nominated next by acclamation, as was also Clinton Gay, for judge of the court of appeals. The convention then adjourned.

A Terror to Journalists.

Atlanta special: Tom Cable Jackson, grandson of General Henry B. Jackson, formerly minister to Austria, assaulted Mr. Campbell, associate editor of the Avalance, and beat him almost to death tain Henry Jackson, the young man's father, attacked George Martin, editor of the Avalance, and gave him a sound drubbing, leaving him in a fainting con-dition. The trouble came about from charges which Martin and Campbell had made in the Avalance, the anti-probibition organ of this city, against Captain Henry Jackson, who is running for the legislature and who is known to favor local option. Campbell swears geance, and there may be a duel. thought that the fight may cost Captain Jackson his election to the legislature.

Clara Barton Contributes.

Miss Clara Barton, of Washington, president of the Red Cross, has contributed \$1,000 of her private means in aid of the yellow fever sufferers. A part of it was immediately applied to the send-ing of nurses from New Orleans to the stricken district.

Surgeon General Hamilton was summoned to the white house on the 6th for a conference with the president and Secretary Fairchild in regard to the means retary Fairchild in regard to the means taken to aid the yellow fever sufferers in Florida and to prevent the spread of the epidemic. He made a statement of what had been done so far and explained his action in detaining the refugees from Jacksonville at Camp Perry as essential to the safety of the surrounding country. The president expressed great sympathy for the people of Florida and instructed the surgeon general to do all that is possible for their relief, keeping in view at the same time the safety of others.

Miss Rebecca Wright, now Mrs. Banml, who gave General Sheridan the secret information by which he won the battle of Winchester, is a clerk in the treasury department at Washington. She has among her treasures a gold watch bearing the inscription: "Presented to Rebecca L. Wright, Sept. 19, 1867, by Gen'l P. H. Sheriean. A memento of Sept. 19, 1864."

The sum of \$100 was deposited in a Hartman (Conn.) bank in 1824 and never drawn out, while the person who placed it there has been dead for several years. The heirs to the money, who only recently learned of its existence, will receive, braids the principal, over \$2,000, representing the accrued interest.

Work in This

Washington di ous important bills vi come the next seemen gress Among the ing states out of Wand North Dakots in the senate, and bil acter in the house, w rating the Nicarage national convention its platform. The w the house investigate foreign immigration adulteration bill will a next session, if not a and will be a source of tion. Members of a public lards in both ipate any legislatics to deprive railroad at of their land gran tion to extend the merce law over the panies, and also to a laws so as to proble private cars, will conduring the next seeing on December 4 and a 1, covering exactly is excluding the regular ment, consume calc.
Efforts will be mades put upon the regals fortification appropria al provisions for less ordnance and meso boats, dynamite cries lieved, however, by

to enable the two has the work desired at and other important the president will all a shortly after his man The Fiftieth coners exactly nine months at terday, it having commof December. The was been the longest, but a last half century, and the largest since the last government. There is last nine months while Wednesday, introduc-Wednesday, introns 11,362 bills and joints 10,194 in the first sesis gress. In the sensets duced 3,520 bills and tions, against 2,881 le resolutions in the feet last congress. there were submitted !! ports, against 1,581 n from committees to its imstely) 250 hills and without written state bills reported from house were accouss a written statement reported from com senate bills may bere mittees and placed su

strongest men in comp

of the next session of will remain after the re tion bills have been a predict that there villy

45 0

without written repositionally without written repositionally without without without without without written repositionally without written repositionally without written repositionally without written repositionally written rep Among the most in general character ped less degree of complete viding for the termin national bank notes bonds deposited with a tablishing additional? throughout the com acting an entirely ness al land laws. All of is unfinished business of are privileged. first measures for sets sion of this congres

A Georgia minister is ed a sermon upon "The Englishman from the Dude," but, unfortuse not specified.

The Massachusetts state convention adopte resolutions and nom ticket, with William E ernor at its head.

THE MARE

OMARL WHEAT-No. 2. Cons-No. 2 mixed.

BARLEY-BUTTER-Choice countr Eggs-Fresh..... BrkingChickens-per det CHANGES-Per box.... ONIONS—Per bu....
POTATOES—New....
TURNIPS—Per bu...
APPLES—Per bbl. CARROTS-Per bu... TOMATOES, per bu... WOOL-Fine, per B. HONEY CROPPED FEED-Perton-

HAT-Bailed
PLAY SEED-Per but
Hoos-Mixed packing
Hoos-Henvy weight
Breves-Choice steers
SHEEP-Fair to medium NEW YOR

WHEAT-No. 2 red ..

WHEAT-Per bushel. Coun-Per bushel.....

Hogs-Packing & shopis Carrix-Western Rang SHEEP-Natives WHEAT—No. 2 red cush... Coun—Per hundred....... OATS—Per lumbel......

CATTLE-Peeters ... SHEEP-Western ... KANSASC

WHRAT-Per bushel..... Cons-Per bushel..... Oats-Per bushel.....