

CITY AND STATE

You will not regret it if you go to Chicago over the Chicago & North-western.

Mrs. J. B. Piper and children have returned home, after an extended visit in Connecticut.

Judge Scott speaks at a meeting tonight at Patterson hall, reorganizing for the campaign.

The best line into the Black Hills is the Chicago & Northwestern. When going that way, be sure your ticket is over the C. & N. W.

Mr. Henry W. Yates delivered an address before the State Bankers' Association at Saratoga, N. Y., Thursday. It was replete with facts.

Jose Smith is a runaway boy. He is 10 years of age. Mrs. L. Smith of 1406 North Sixteenth street has reported his disappearance to the police.

The Central West Land company has sued the city of Omaha for \$2,000 damages for grading in front of a lot and building in Reed's fourth addition.

Henry Greenberg, the grocer at 708 North Sixteenth street, Thursday evening left the store just long enough for a thief to step in and top his till for \$5.

The Model Waist and Skirt company of Omaha is a new business concern incorporated with \$10,000 capital stock by G. C. Hobbie, Rae S. Hobbie and L. B. Wright.

The complimentary benefit to be given by Alpha camp No. 1, Woodmen of the World, to W. F. Erdman, which was postponed July 4, will take place July 13 and 14.

Mat McCune asks J. L. Olsen to pay him \$10,000 for slander. He claims Olsen told various people that he had assisted a man to rob him, Olsen, of several hundred dollars.

Three men, Burkovitz, Drubnitz and Mikan, have been held for the murder of John Seljan, whose mysterious death and disappearance baffled the efforts of our police for several days.

Mrs. Elsie Roe of this city received the sad news last evening of the death of her father, who resided in London, England. Mrs. Roe was expecting to meet him in New York shortly, to accompany her to London.

Thomas Foley, a Missouri Valley traveling man, got drunk in Omaha Thursday and began to throw away his money to the street boys. His 16-year old son, in seeking to recover it, got into a fight with one of the lucky recipients and was arrested.

The members of the Veteran Fireman's Association met this afternoon at 2 o'clock sharp at Chief Redell's office, city hall, in full uniform, and proceeded from there to the residence of their late comrade, Gottlieb Zimmerman, for the purpose of accompanying the remains to their last resting place.

The Deutsche Landwehr Verein of Omaha is incorporated for a social, benevolent and fraternal club composed of men under 50 years who have served at least one year in the German army or navy and been honorably discharged. Charles Kaufman, Charles Bouffier, Charles Epplen and John Waller are incorporators.

TO ABSOLVE THE POOR.

The Pope May Alter the Rules for Abstinence Days.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Rev. Father Ducey is authority for the statement that the Pope has promulgated a decree absolving poor and working people from the observance of all days of abstinence in the year except Fridays, even during Lent. A rumor that such a decree was in existence has been in circulation for some time, and Father Ducey says that the document will be forwarded to the bishops of the United States, but this information has been promulgated in the West. Speaking of the decree, Father Ducey said:

"Many of the ecclesiastics in this country have felt for years that the burden of denial placed on the conscience of the struggling and working poor was more than a hardship, almost a martyrdom. I have not seen the official document sent to the bishops of the United States, but this information came to me about two months ago from a trustworthy Roman Catholic correspondent. It has seemed to me for years that this legislation in favor of God's hard-working poor was most necessary. What a hardship to ask of men and women whose fare is always meager and doubtful to practice a denial that robs them of their strength and unfits them for the proper discharge of their duty and labor, when the comfortable and well-to-do and rich and luxurious are faring sumptuously every day and find fault, as I have known them to do, with the hardships of the holy season of Lent." Father Lovell of the archbishop's residence says that the rumor is absurd and was manufactured in New York.

Laughing Babies.

are loved by everybody. Those raised on the Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk are comparatively free from sickness. Infant Health is a valuable pamphlet for mothers. Send your address for a copy to the New York Condensed Milk Company, New York.

Eat Dyball's delicious Cream Candies 1518 Douglas St.

MERRIAM PARK

Thronged with Patriots July 4 from Morning Until Night—Speeches by Judge Stone, Dr. Dearborn, Mayor Davis, Congressman Blue and Others.

The second annual picnic of the patriotic societies was held at Merriam Park July 4, and has, without doubt, proved a grand success. According to the Kansas City Journal, there were between 8,000 and 10,000 people in the park.

The speakers far exceeded the time. Those who were heard from in the morning were Judge J. B. Stone, State President Dearborn, of the Missouri A. P. A.; D. E. Stoner; L. D. Craig, of Illinois; and Hon. Richard W. Blue, of Kansas, one of the most eloquent orators in the state, and congressman-at-large; Webster Davis, Mayor of Kansas City, Mo., and W. E. Lathey.

Between the speeches there was music by the band, the quartette and the octette. Following was the program:

- 10 A. M. Patriotic song.....America Prayer.....Rev. J. T. Welty Music by the band.....Red, White and Blue Address of welcome.....Rev. J. A. Dearborn Music-solo.....Prof. Buckley Declaration of Independence.....D. E. Stoner Music.....W. A. P. A. Quartette Oration.....Leon D. Craig, of Woodson, Ill. Music.....Hon. Webster Davis Address.....Band Address.....W. E. Lathey Oration.....Rev. W. Williamson Prize drill, 11:30 a. m., Kansas City Fencibles Dinner.....1:30 P. M.

Patriotic song.....Star Spangled Banner Address.....Hon. R. W. Blue Music.....Ladies' Quartette Address.....Hon. O. L. Miller Music-A. P. A. on the Wall, Stoner Quartette Address.....Mrs. Allen, State Pres. W. A. P. A. Music.....Octette Oration.....Rev. L. R. Downing, Everett, Mo. Music.....Band Master of ceremonies.....Hon. John B. Stone Sham battle, Kansas City Fencibles, 4 p. m.

Prof. Buckley's song was highly appreciated and received a hearty encore. Among other things, Mayor Davis said:

"Though not a member of your association, yet I know that I have many friends who are members of it, and I value and appreciate their friendship. And I can truthfully say that I have always loved my country, its flag and its free institutions. I love it as the land wherein God has planted the altars of liberty and equality of rights, and has invited the geniuses of the earth to worship at their shrines—a land where every deserving, worthy pilgrim from every land and every clime may find a home. I do not object to worthy foreigners, not by any means. Among the revolutionary fathers were men whose ancestors had stood amid the array of patriots who extorted Magna Charta from King John on the historic field of Runnymede. Among them were men whose fathers fought with Cromwell at Marston Moor and Naseby; among them were men whose ancestors in the long ago marched with William of Orange, and who followed the white plume of Henry of Navarre along war's grim-on highways. These all mingled their blood in the defense of liberty and equality of rights on the battle-fields of the republic, from Lexington to Yorktown. No, no, we do not object to deserving foreigners who will come to our country and stand by it and its free institutions, and who will give their lives, if need be, in its defense and in the defense of its sacred flag. But what I do say is this: That as an American I do not believe that this country should become the dumping place for all the anarchists, paupers and criminals of Europe. It is not right that we should submit to the imposition heaped upon us by certain foreign lands which are accustomed to sending the scum of Europe here by ship-loads and dumping them upon a free and generous people. Against abuses like these we protest, and we believe, too, that it should be generally understood that we have no room in this country for any foreigner or class of foreigners who are enemies of our country and of its free institutions. As in the olden time all roads lead to Rome, so now in the passing centuries in this new world of wondrous possibilities all roads lead to this republic. Whatever there is elsewhere of thrift, of energy and of prosperity, this republic gathers tribute of the harvest. Here is the reservoir of the world's wealth and of the world's energies; here are collected the mighty forces of the nations. Then let us guard it well. Let us be exceedingly anxious about its welfare and about its future. Let us see to it that all of our institutions are protected and preserved for posterity in the centuries yet to be. For, notwithstanding the evil prophecies made by foreigners of the final destruction of this republic, yet it will live and must live to gladden the hearts of generations that shall come after us.

I believe, too, in standing by our public schools in this country; for the public school is a priceless boon to every poor man; it is the ark of his safety, the bridge across which his little ones may stride to success in life. Parsimony to the public schools means death to all the grand hopes of free labor; death to all the wonderful possibilities in store for the children of those who toil. It is upon the education of the people in the public schools that this republic must depend for its still greater progress in the future.

"Why is it that Tyre and Thebes and Babylon, the marvels of their time, are now but a legend? Why is it that Egypt, with her pyramids and her temples, represent now the stony records of the twilight of history? Why is it that Greece, with her marvelous works of art, gathered from the studies of antiquity, lives now only in history? Why is it that Rome, proudest queen of her time, at whose shrine the great of the earth came to worship, lives now only in story and song? And why is it that all these, when compared with the splendor and greatness of this our local republic, dwindle away to mere fragments of history? The answer is to be found in the intelligence of the masses of the free people of a free land, behind which stand our nation's public schools, as on the hilltops, in its crowded cities, in its peaceful hamlets, on its spreading prairies, in its verdant valleys, and amid God's wondrous temples in its picturesque woodlands, they flourish and bless mankind. Let us stand for America as against the world, and under the magic banner, emblazoned with the splendid motto: 'One country, one flag, and one destiny,' let us press on! press on! press on!"

"This is the best country for a poor man to live in; for here his youth may be crowned with happiness, and the sun of his life's evening may go down with the unmoiled hope of a glorious immortality. Here his labor is honorable, and meets with a just reward; here human justice reflects divine justice as the quiet lake the star; here society is so permeated with the radiant light of freedom that his little boy may go to the public school, which is the poor man's Aladdin's cave, and therein find the bright jewels of education that shall fit him to become a ruler and a sovereign in the grandest of republics, and where he may become the crown, the glory, the pillar of the state.

'In other lands society is divided into classes. As clay and coal and iron and mineral and granite, layer upon layer, compose the earth's crust, so does caste upon caste form society, while down at the bottom of all are to be found the larger part of the people known as the poor classes. But in this republic there must be no classes fixed and impassable. No! Society shall not be fixed in horizontal layers like the crust of the earth; but it must, as some one has said, 'be rather like the mighty ocean, broad and deep and grand and open, and so free in all its parts that every drop that mingles with the yellow sand at the bottom may rise through all the waters till it gleams in the sunshine on the crest of the highest waves.' Here little boys born in log cabins, in poverty and in obscurity, may rise through all the grades of society, may wind their lonely way from the rude homes of the canal-boy, the wood-hauler, the tailor and the rail-splitter, over tortuous paths, to find greatness, becoming the chief citizens of a nation and the rulers of a republic, and dying at last, leaving their names on the scroll of fame so bright and radiant that time shall never dim their splendid luster. Then, truly, we ought to be proud of our country and careful of its future. We ought to be mindful of its welfare and watchful of its future. We ought to feel that it is our country, that we have a personal proprietorship in the glowing luster of its history, in the honor of its name, and in its dignity and standing among the other nations and countries of the earth.

"We should always stand up for our country as against the world, and should let it be known in no mistaken terms that there is no room in this country for but one flag, and that flag the bonnie banner of the Stars and Stripes. There is no room in this country for the blood-red flag of anarchy; for anarchy would put a dagger through your heart or a torch to your dwelling and would leave the world in possession of theft and lust and rapine and murder. It is the worst foe in the world of the poor laboring man. It drowns out his honest cry for reform with vociferation for anger and blood. It feeds upon vice, crime and slothfulness. It poisons man's intellect and hardens his heart. It laughs at patriotism and loyalty to the flag, and is the worst enemy of liberty and peace. And yet, these are the sweetest words known to men, magic words—liberty and peace. Oh, let them glow in letters of light upon the banner of the Republic, so that the people of the earth may read. The love of these is a passion that was wont to spring in the hearts of men since time began. So soon as their minds began to expand under education, however crude, in their breasts the fires of liberty and peace began to burn. And in all lands, in all ages, and in all climes that passion has lived and defied rocks and chains and dungeons to crush it. It has strewn the earth with its monuments and shed undying lustre on a thousand fields whereon it has battled through the gloomy night of ages. Liberty and peace—sweetest words that ever fell upon the ears of heart-broken exile, in foreign lands or behind prison walls. Liberty and peace today is wafted on the winds of commerce, trembles along a million wires and whispers in every breeze that kisses our flag. How happy, then, we should be on this our nation's natal day, when

upon every hand can be seen the glory and the power of this wondrous reign of liberty and peace.

"The murmur of the loom and the shuttle, the roar of the furnaces, the whirl of the wheels and the spindles of mills and factories, the music of ringing anvils of the smithies at the forge, the melody of the reapers and the mowers, and the joyous songs of the hardy sons of toil as they garner in the sheaves from the harvest-fields, sing the glorious songs of free industry, while plenty sits enthroned and crowned and sways her joyous sceptre over happy homes, where millions dwell in sweet content. These are the living monuments to the power of liberty and peace, and over 70,000,000 of people are their devotees, and on this day they should, in joy and gladness, unite in a mighty refrain that shall fill the land with melody, until the forest aisles will echo the strain, mountains and valleys will reverberate the glorious song, until, from the crowded cities of the east and the plains of the great west, from the rugged woodlands of the north and from the shady groves of the southland will rise the wondrous chorus as the people sing:

On, spirit of liberty and peace, on! Oh, pause not in thy flight, Until every land is won To worship in thy light. Still onward be thy way, And wake the sleeping lands; Millions are waiting for thy ray, And lift to thee their hands. Still onward be thy cry: Thy banner on the blast, And as thou rushest by Despoils shall shrink aghast. On, till thy name is known Throughout the peopled earth; On, till thou reignest alone, Man's heritage by birth. On, till from every vale and Where the mountains rise, The beacon lights of liberty and peace Shall kindle to the skies. Long live liberty! Long live peace! Long live the Republic!

During the noon hour there was a real picnic dinner served in the park. Most of the people who went there were well prepared for dinner. Big baskets and little baskets were brought forth and feasts spread in scores of places over the park, and for an hour there was a cessation of all discussion save that confined to the great variety and splendid assortment of viands.

Following the dinner there was an exhibition drill by Company H, of this city, the Fencibles, under the direction of Captain Collins. The prize of \$5 offered for the best drilled soldier in the company was awarded to Corporal Howard. The company was divided, and a sham-battle given that furnished no small amount of fun.

Mr. W. E. Lathey, assistant prosecuting attorney, was the first speaker during the afternoon. He delivered a lengthy address devoted to the reasons why the American Protective Association was in existence, and the mission it had to fulfill. The address was cut short owing to the threatening state of the weather.

He was followed by Hon. Richard W. Blue, of Pleasanton, Kas, congressman-elect from the state of Kansas, and one of the most popular public speakers in the state. The rain-cloud was gathering rapidly, and it was impossible for him to deliver the address he had prepared for the occasion, but he never lacks for good words and thoughts, and for half an hour he held the audience, even in the shower, while he talked of the splendid work of the noble men who laid the foundation of the government, and traced out in the history of the land how, in a thousand ways, they had builded far better than they had ever dreamed of. He closed with a special plea for patriotism.

The heavy fall of rain that followed his address drenched many of those in the park. It came up so suddenly that there was no such thing as all getting to shelter.

CABINET IS BROKEN.

Trouble Arises from the Manitoba School Issue—Remedial Legislation Delayed.

Ottawa, Ont., July 8.—Special Telegram.—The political crisis which has existed here for the past few weeks reached an acute stage today, when Mr. Foster announced in the Commons and Sir Mackenzie Bowell in the Senate the policy of the administration on the Manitoba school question.

That policy is simply what has already been predicted, namely, that there will be no remedial legislation this session, but that if Manitoba does not settle the difficulty before the first Thursday in January a session of Parliament will be called for that purpose and a remedial bill passed.

This programme was not satisfactory to the French ministers, nor the majority of the French members, and consequently the three French ministers from the province of Quebec have tendered their resignations. So far they have not been accepted.

The Governor General has been telegraphed for, and the defeat of the government may take place at any time. A vote in the House this afternoon reduced the majority of the government to five.

J. Henderson, 318 N. Sixteenth street. Umbrellas covered and repaired.

When down town drop in at Job Rudd's and leave your watch, if it is out of repair, to be fixed. 317 north 16 St.

POLICE PROTECT A FUNERAL.

The Victim of Boston's Fourth of July Riot Buried.

BOSTON, Mass., July 7.—The funeral of John W. Willis, the victim of Thursday's riot in East Boston, was held this afternoon from his home, Rev. Father McCarthy of the Church of the Assumption officiating. The dense crowd filled the avenue leading to the house, and the presence of a squad of police was necessary to control the 10,000 people estimated to have been in the vicinity. Father McCarthy performed the Catholic ceremonies over the coffin, which was covered with flowers, the most conspicuous being a pillow from seven fatherless children, which read: "Papa."

The body was interred in Holy Cross cemetery, and the cortege was one of the largest ever seen here. Nearly 2,000 men from various organizations of which Willis was a member, and citizens of East Boston were present. The stars and stripes with a mourning band catching the folds was held at the head of the procession. Mrs. Willis is left practically penniless by the death of her husband, with seven children to care for.

Edward Baumley, for livery, 17th and St. Marys Ave

Eat Dyball's Candies, 1518 Douglas

The Vacationist

will find in the various tourist publications issued by the Burlington Route just the information he needs about just the resorts it will pay him to visit. Here are their names: "Hot Springs, South Dakota," "Summer Tours in the Black Hills," "The Yellowstone National Park," "Eates Park, Colorado," "Which do YOU want? They're all free." J. FRANCIS, G. P. and T. A. Burlington Route, 6-14-3 Omaha, Neb

Summer Tours.

Here are the names of a few of the hundreds of pleasant resorts included in the Burlington Route's tourist ticketing arrangements for the season of 1895: Colorado Springs, Denver, Estes Park, Colo., Glenwood Springs, Colo., Helena, Mont., Hot Springs, S. D., Manitou, Yellowstone Park.

If you want information about any of these places—how best to reach them, what the trip costs, what's to be seen, what's to be done, e. c.—write to J. Francis, G. P. and T. A. Burlington Route, Omaha, Neb. 6-14-3



Mrs. David Bigger

Chills and Fever

Left me emaciated, with distressing cough, no appetite, pain in chest, shoulder, back and

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

stomach. Four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla gave me strength, good appetite, and health. BEING DAVID BIGGER, Wilcox, Nebraska.

Hood's Pills win new friends daily.

Special Master Commissioner's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale on decree of foreclosure of mortgage issued out of the district court for Douglas county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1895, at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the north front door of the county court house, in the city of Omaha, Douglas county, Nebraska, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described in said order of sale as follows, to-wit:

Lot twenty-two (22) in block seventy-five (75) of Dundee Place, an addition to the city of Omaha, Douglas county, Nebraska. Said property to be sold to satisfy Sealand W. Landon, plaintiff herein, the sum of five hundred, sixty-six and 90-100 dollars (\$566.90), with interest thereon at rate of seven (7) per cent per annum from February 4th, 1895.

To satisfy the American National Bank of Omaha, Nebraska, defendant herein, the sum of four thousand, four hundred, forty-five and 90-100 dollars (\$4,445.90), with interest thereon at rate of eight (8) per cent per annum from September 19th, 1892.

To satisfy the sum of twenty-two and 88-100 dollars (\$22.88) costs herein, with interest thereon from February 4th, 1895, together with accruing costs according to a judgment rendered by the district court of said Douglas county, at its February term, A. D. 1895, in a certain action then and there pending, wherein Sealand W. Landon was plaintiff and Dundee Brick Company, Robert W. Patrick, John D. Montgomery, The American National Bank of Omaha, Nebraska, George A. Hoagland, Paxton & Vierling Iron Works and Susan K. Wheat were defendants.

Omaha, Neb., June 14th, 1895. GEORGE W. HOLBROOK, Special Master Commissioner.

Saunders, Macfarland & Dickey, attorneys. Sealand W. Landon vs. Dundee Brick Co. Dec. 45; No. 93. 6-14-5

Special Master Commissioner's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale on decree of foreclosure of mortgage issued out of the district court for Douglas county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock a. m. of said day, at the north front door of the county court house, in the city of Omaha, Douglas county, Nebraska, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described in said order of sale as follows, to-wit:

Lot twenty-six (26), in block fourteen (14) of Orchard Hill, an addition to the city of Omaha, Douglas county, Nebraska; said property to be sold to satisfy Jennie S. Scott, the sum of sixteen hundred, thirteen and 9-100 (\$1,613.99) dollars with ten (10) per cent interest per annum from May 6, 1895, and thirty-eight and 43-100 (\$38.43) dollars costs together with accruing costs according to a judgment rendered by the district court of said Douglas county, at its May term, A. D. 1895, in a certain action then and there pending, wherein Jennie S. Scott was plaintiff and Joseph D. Wampler, et al were defendants.

Omaha, Nebraska, July 11th, 1895. GEORGE E. TURKINGTON, Special Master Commissioner.

John W. Lytle, attorney. 7-12-5

The Insurance THE FIRST Safe Gasoline Stove W. F. STOETZEL, First Door South of Postoffice. NEW PATENT JUST OUT.

American Ladies! When Needing the assistance of a

First-Class Dress Maker Should not forget to call on MRS. JAMES GILLAN, 213 North 25th Street

D. W. COMSTOCK, Painter and Paper-Hanger

KALSO MINING AND GLAZING First-class work guaranteed in every particular. Give me a trial. SHOP: 32nd and Half-Howard St., Omaha, Neb.

CHRIST. HAMAN, Watchmaker and Jeweler, FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY 512 South 16 Street. OMAHA, NEB.

C. W. BAKER, Undertaker & Embalmer (Formerly with M. O. Maul) Telephone 696. 813 South 16th St., OMAHA. LADY ASSISTANT FURNISHED.

G. W. GILBERT, CARPENTER Contractor & Builder Storm Doors and Sash. 1807 St. Mary's Ave., OMAHA, NEB.

M. O. MAUL, Successor to Drexel & Maul. Undertaker and Embalmer 1417 FARNAM ST. TEL. 225. OMAHA, NEB.

M. DALEY, Merchant Tailor Suits Made to Order. Guarantees a perfect fit in all cases. Clothing cleaned, pressed and remodeled. 2107 Cuming St., OMAHA.

H. K. BURKET, FUNERAL DIRECTOR EMBALMER. Office removed from 113 North 16th street to 1618 Chicago Street. Telephone 90. OMAHA, NEB

Special Master Commissioner's Sale. Under and by virtue of an order of sale on decree of foreclosure of mortgage issued out of the district court for Douglas county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the north front door of the county court house, in the city of Omaha, Douglas county, Nebraska, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the property described in said order of sale as follows, to-wit:

Lot Seven (7) in block fourteen (14) in Omaha View, an addition to the city of Omaha, Douglas county, Nebraska, to be appraised, advertised and sold as follows, to-wit: The west one-half of said lot seven (7) in block fourteen (14) in Omaha View above described, said property to be sold to satisfy Nebraska Loan and Building Association plaintiff herein, the sum of One Hundred Eighty-seven and 30-100 (\$137.30) dollars with interest thereon at rate of eight (8) per cent per annum from February 5th, 1895.

To satisfy Nebraska Loan and Building Association, plaintiff herein, the further sum of Three Hundred Seventy-three and 13-100 (\$373.13) Dollars with interest thereon at rate of eight (8) per cent per annum from February 5th, 1895.

The east 1/2 of said lot seven (7) in block fourteen (14) in Omaha View above described: To satisfy such sum if any as may remain unsatisfied of said sum of \$137.30 with interest thereon at eight (8) per cent per annum from February 5th, 1895, above described after the application of the proceeds of sale of west half of said lot seven (7) as herein above ordered.

To satisfy Nebraska Loan and Building Association, plaintiff herein, the sum of One Hundred Eighty-seven and 30-100 (\$137.30) Dollars with interest thereon at rate of eight (8) per cent per annum from February 5th, 1895.

To satisfy the sum of Forty and 73-100 (\$40.73) Dollars costs herein, together with accruing costs according to a judgment rendered by the district court of said Douglas county, at its February term, A. D. 1895, in a certain action then and there pending, wherein Nebraska Loan and Building Association was plaintiff and Jessie F. Isbell and others were defendants.

Omaha, Nebraska, July 11th, 1895. GEORGE W. HOLBROOK, Special Master Commissioner.

James W. Carr, Attorney. Nebraska Loan and Building Association vs. Jessie F. Isbell, et al. Dec. 46; No. 346. 7-12-5

\$75 A MONTH and expenses. Lady and child. Sample free. Send for circular. Address P. O. Box 1000, Boston, Mass.