

OMAHA'S PRETTY WAR.

Interesting Fight on the A. P. A. by the Citizens' Reform Organization.

OMAHA, Neb., June 23.—Events of the last few days indicate that the American Protective Association in this city will this year have the hardest fight of its existence to carry its plans and elect the men favorable to the wishes of that organization.

There is no doubt that the originator of the plan is Edward Rosewater, who possesses the faculty of always being behind or opposed to nearly all of the movements of any importance in this city.

As a result of the formal meeting the city has been flooded with copies of the constitution of the Citizens' Reform Club, with places on the copies for signatures.

But it is to have a hardy opposition also. The Democrats of the city, and especially the politicians, object strongly to this plan.

So it will be seen that there is a bad division on this matter among those opposed to the American Protective Association.

Association. The members of the American Protective Association say that there can be no formidable opposition to them organized within their party.

The American Protective Association made its appearance in this city in the fall of 1891, when it was organized, and controlled the Republican convention and changed the county from a Democratic majority of 4,000 in 1890 to a Republican majority of 3,800 in 1891.

This citizens' movement is of especial interest this year, for at this time the most important municipal and county officers are to be elected.

Democrats say that the Bee is insincere in its advocacy of the reform ticket. They say that last year the Democrats put up a legislative ticket which was very much superior to that of the Republicans.

The situation is set down by those who are unbiased as a case of probable victory for the anti-American Protective Association elements, and the various parties are anxious for the spoils and the credit of the victory.

Personally Conducted Summer Vacation Tours.

A personally conducted excursion—the first of a series of three arranged by the Burlington Route—will leave Lincoln at 6:10 p. m., Thursday, June 27, for a nineteen days tour of the west.

The cost of the trip has been fixed at \$190, and covers every expense of travel—railroad, sleeping-car and stage fares, hotels, carriage rides, meals, etc.

Write for information. If you can't join the first party, look out for the second.

The nearest agent of the B. & M. Railroad will gladly give you full information about the cost of tickets, return limits, train service, etc., or write to J. FRANCIS, G. P. & T. A., Omaha, Neb.

Will the Americans who voted the Independent American Citizens' ticket, or any part of it, last fall, send their names and addresses to "Independent," care American Publishing Company.

Memorial Day and Its Significance.

There is a melancholy pleasure in considering this great anniversary, second only in importance to Fourth of July, but overshadowed by a vastly different sentiment.

The war of the rebellion, dreadful as it was, a strife of brother against brother, was worth while if for no other reason than that it broke the bonds of millions of human beings, and made human slavery in this country impossible forevermore.

Patriotism, pure and undefiled, is one of the noblest sentiments that can inspire a human heart, and no page of history chronicles more sacrifices, more unselfish effort and more lofty and determined endeavor than characterized the period of that bitter and uncompromising struggle.

And the day is not without its importance as an educator of youth. Instead of frivolous amusements and secular pleasures, it ought to be set apart as a solemn consecration day; a day when all people will unite in singing songs of praise and thanksgiving for safe delivery from intestine war; a day when the principles for which our revolutionary fathers fought shall be proclaimed and held up for the veneration of those who are yet too young to understand the full scope of that wonderful upheaval.

The Declaration of Independence is to those who look at it in a proper spirit the crystallization of a burning desire for individual and natural rights.

There is far too little relation maintained between Independence Day and Memorial Day. One is the natural sequence of the other, and the celebration of both should be observed with due solemnity as well as with comely and becoming rejoicing.

But from a broad and truly British point of view Cromwell richly deserves all the honor the proposed monument would have bestowed.

They are not all Israel that are of Israel. (Romans ix. 6.) Neither are they all Americans that are of America.

Why? The Hamilton Spectator, one of the ablest of Ontario's Conservative newspapers, says: "What difference does it make if two or three thousand French half-breeds in Manitoba have separate schools? Why should we bother ourselves about these people?"

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with Scripture-reading in our public schools. In regard to the first, we note the beer garden craze.

Sabbath desecration is not only a violation of one of the principal injunctions of the Decalogue, but runs counter to the best interests of society and is making broad inroads upon the sacredness and sanctity of our private homes.

The Holy Bible is universally recognized among Christians as the only infallible rule of faith and practice. The wise, the good, the just of all ages have been enlightened, strengthened and encouraged by its teachings.

Now, since the teachings of this Book are of such inestimable value to each of us, whether we recognize the fact or not, "as we value our standing here and our peace in eternity" it behooves us to permeate our lives with its doctrines and principles, and to do all we can to perpetuate its power and influence.

A portion of Scripture should be read each day in every public school of the United States. Shall we not re-establish the custom which our ancestors so profitably observed? If the Bible were read "without note or comment," no reasonable Christian could object.

Cromwell and the Irish.

The proposition to raise a government monument to Cromwell has been abandoned. The decisive opposition came from the Irish members of parliament.

It was early in the spring of 1649 that Cromwell was made lord lieutenant of Ireland. All that country, except Dublin and Derry, was in open war within the commonwealth.

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peace? Now is the time to make it manifest, for all time to come, that—in Manitoba at least—no sect shall have any special privilege from the state.

The People's Palace.

There is reform in the air. It is singing in the wind, and the great masses of the people have excellent reasons for rejoicing.

This has for many years been a favorite theory of extremely conservative and far-seeing reformers. The idea comprehends the erection of a large and commodious building where respectable people may find what will undoubtedly be to many of them the only substitute for home that it is possible for them to obtain.

All our large cities are full of people whose only home is a small room in a lodging house, with meals wherever they can get them to the best advantage.

All cities pay enormous sums for the suppression or the regulating of vice and the restraining of the vicious. It would be a good deal more to the purpose if they would begin a course that would reduce the proportion of people who stand in need of correction and restraint.

Against the A. P. A.

Despatches from Omaha announce with a flourish of trumpets that a combination of citizens regardless of party has been formed in that city to oppose the A. P. A.

Notice of Appointment of Administrator. In the county court of Douglas county, Nebraska: In the matter of the estate of Columbus C. Key, deceased.

Notice of Sale Under Chattel Mortgage. Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a chattel mortgage, dated on the 21st day of May, 1894, and duly filed in the office of the county clerk of Douglas county, Nebraska, on the 22nd day of June, 1894, at 11:07 a. m., and executed by Otto Busck to Harry D. Ehrenpfort to secure a loan of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars (\$125.00), with interest at eight (8) per cent. per annum from June 1st, 1894, and the further sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars (\$125.00), with interest at eight (8) per cent. per annum from June 1st, 1894, and for the further sum of one hundred dollars (\$100.00), with interest at eight (8) per cent. per annum from June 1st, 1894, and upon which there is now due the sum of four hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$475.00), with interest at eight (8) per cent. per annum from the first day of June, 1894; defaults having been made in the payment of said sums, together with interest thereon, and no suit or other proceedings at law having been instituted to recover said debt, or any part thereof, therefore the undersigned will sell the goods, chattels and property in said chattel mortgage described, viz:

One office building (brick), one story, on the northeast corner of lot 5, block 2, of S. E. Rogers' addition to Omaha, 16 feet by 35 feet; one greenhouse, 16 feet by 30 feet (brick foundation), adjoining office building; one greenhouse 16 1/2 feet, rear of office building; one greenhouse 16 feet by 38 feet, in rear of office building; plate and rafters for greenhouse 16 feet by 30 feet; plate and rafters for two greenhouses 12 feet by 40 feet; 60 hot-bed sash; 1 building (potting room) 16 feet by 16 feet (tin roof); building (soil room) 8 feet by 22 feet, single roof; 1 building (boiler room) 20 feet by 24 feet, tin roof; 1 steam boiler (Carter & Sons, makers) 12 feet long, 36 in. diameter; 25 three-inch flues 3/8 in. diameter and water pipe; all located on lot 3, in block 2 of S. E. Rogers' addition to Omaha, Nebraska, at public auction, on the premises aforesaid, that is to say, on lot 3, in block 2 of S. E. Rogers' addition to Omaha, Nebraska, at No. 1915 South Eleventh street, in the city of Omaha, Douglas county, Nebraska, on Monday, the first day of July, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day.

Very Poor but Drunk. A drunken man fell into the bay and was drowned. On him was found a note to the American Patriot saying he could not afford to subscribe any more.

There are thousands of good patriots (on paper) like the one quoted, who are "too poor" to pay a dollar a year to help the good work along, but spend from one to five dollars per week in tobacco and whisky.

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Decorated Noah's Ark.

A young American artist who has spent the last two months on a sketching tour in Belgium, sent to his friends in this city a bill which he vouchers for as accurate. He says that it was rendered by a Belgian mural decorator for services in retouching the walls of an old church, whose name, for obvious reasons, is not mentioned here.

- Corrected the ten commandments, \$ 2
Embossed Pontius Pilate and put a ribbon in his bonnet, 3.02
Put a new tail on the rooster of St. Peter and mended his comb 3.20
Replumbed and gilded the left wing of the Guardian Angel, 4.18
Washed the servant of the high priest and put carmine on his cheek, 5.12
Renewed heaven, adjusted two stars and cleaned the moon, 7.15
Reanimated the flames of Purgatory and restored souls, 3.06
Revived the flames of hell, put a new tail on the devil, mended his left foot and did several jobs for the damned, 7.17
Rebordered the robe of Herod and adjusted his wig, 4.00
Put new spotted dashes on the son of Tobias and dressing in his sack, 2.00
Cleaned the ears of Balaam and shod him, 3.02
Put earrings into the ears of Sarah, 2.04
Put a new stone in David's sling, enlarged the head of Goliath and extended his legs, 3.02
Decorated Noah's ark, 3.06
Mended the shirt of the Prodigal Son and cleaned his ears, 4.00
Total, \$59.16

The bill was paid without any further dispute.

It is time to consider men for the offices of the city council. Look around you for those in whom implicit confidence can be placed, and be sure of the worthiness of your men.

A Chance to Make Money.

I have made \$150 clear money in 87 days and attended to my household duties besides, and I think this is doing splendidly for a woman inexperienced in business.

Let Him Have What He Wants. The agent for "Pillbury's Best" flour says he is afraid to advertise it in patriotic papers, for fear he would be boycotted.

A Pound of Facts

is worth oceans of theories. More infants are successfully raised on the Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk than upon any other food.

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This Elegant New Rochester Nickel or Gilt Sewing Lamp. without glassware will be sent express paid to any address for \$1.20. We make 70 other styles of the famous 'New Rochester,' now greatly improved. The desideratum for a Summer Lamp; sufficient light with one-quarter the heat of larger sizes. Bridgeport Brass Co., Bridgeport, Conn., 19 Murray St., N. Y.