

## STATE NEWS.

## NEBRASKA MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS.

—Diphtheria and scarlet fever are having a run in Lincoln.

—William McKenney of Peru was quite severely kicked by a horse.

—Over 500 plates of fruit were exhibited at the Pawnee county fair.

—South Omaha claims to be growing faster than any other city in the state.

—Nebraska City will not be represented in the Nebraska advertising wain.

—Exhibits at the Gage county fair were the best ever known in that county.

—The school building at Snyder has been refitted with new desks and other furniture.

—The total acreage of corn in Otoe county is 144,000. The average will be forty bushels.

—The county commissioners of Burt county have ordered sixty-one election booths at a cost of \$117.

—Edgar has been having a sugar famine on account of the great amount of fruit being canned there.

—The Salvation army has made a stand at Columbus and will endeavor to reform the ungodly therein.

—The acreage of corn in York county is 160,000 acres. It is expected to yield forty bushels to the acre.

—The store of T. B. Clawson at Columbus was entered by thieves who took goods to the amount of \$50.

—Thayer county's thirteenth annual fair occurred last week. There was a great display of fruits and grain.

—The county commissioners of Cedar county have purchased lots for the location of a new court house.

—A contract has been let for the Blue Springs water works system, the work to be completed in sixty days.

—Beatrice seems to have more than its quota of tramps, who have of late done a good deal of petty thieving.

—Valley county will hold a special election October 15 to vote \$50,000 bonds to the Pueblo & Duluth Railroad company.

—Some heartless parent left a six-weeks old baby in an alley at Lincoln, where it was found by the police and cared for.

—Unknown parties entered the store of Brase & Co. at Cheney and took clothing, checks and other valuables to the amount of \$600.

—Ludwick Korck, a Buffalo county farmer, raised a beet that measures three feet in length, 22 inches in circumference and weighs 25 pounds.

—Fremont last week was honored by a visit from Secretary of War Proctor. He was accompanied by Senator Manderson and other distinguished persons.

—A number of farmers who left Box Butte county on account of the drouth and consequent hard times, are coming back to again try tilling Nebraska soil.

—Wm. Hecht, of Kearney, who was taken to the Lincoln asylum recently, died in that institution last week. He lost his reason through business reverses.

—The Madison county fair was extended one day. The display was the finest in quality and the greatest in quantity of any previous fair ever held in the county.

—Peter Jensen, of Ames, was quite seriously injured by a horse the other day. He was helping a blacksmith when the animal reared and struck him with his fore feet.

—A train consisting of twenty-one cars of ore from the Deadwood mines was received at the Omaha smelter. There were 400 tons of the ore, which was valued at \$22,000.

—A. W. Fuller, an old soldier of Dodge county, having been prostrated with paralysis, application has been

made for his admission to the soldiers' home at Grand Island.

—At Independence, King Russell, the Belle Fouch, Box Butte county horse, owned by Fuller Bros, knocked another half second off his record, going the full mile in 2:26½.

—District Judge Norris dissolved the temporary injunction secured against the calling of a second special election on the relocation of the county seat in Dakota county.

—While J. W. Rody was driving a nail to its place at Guide Rock a spike head sprung off and struck Rody in the forehead, knocking him down and cutting a gash clear to the bone.

—Otoe county will vote in November on a proposition to expend \$3,500 to build and furnish a jail in Nebraska City, and \$1,000 for an addition to the poor house. Both are badly needed.

—The sixth annual meeting of the Nebraska Association of Trotting Horse Breeders will be held at David City October 13 to 16. The first payment has been made on over 300 nominations.

—All the classes in the high school building at Lincoln were let out the other day on account of the crumbling walls on the north side of the building. The structure is liable to fall at any time.

—R. A. Rhodes, Beemer's chicken king, took from one incubator containing 200 eggs and 164 little chickens. He will have another incubator of the same capacity which will hatch in about a week.

—Little Al, son of Dave Marshall, an employe at the Cornland hotel in Lexington, was burned so seriously that he died soon after the accident. The child set fire to his clothing in some unknown way.

—A man giving the name of Ames was arrested four miles north of Hastings on the charge of stealing a lot of valuable horses some time since. He was bound over to the district court and confined in jail.

—The directors of the Nebraska City Driving Park association have concluded to hold meetings October 14, 15 and 16. Already over \$1,000 in purses have been secured and a successful racing event is anticipated.

—John F. Tietken of Nebraska City has commenced suit against the Missouri Pacific railway for \$10,000 damages. The plaintiff asks damages for the loss of a foot while attempting to board a stock car at Weeping Water.

—The Union Pacific and the Elkhorn roads have under consideration the putting on of a passenger train between the Black Hills and Denver, via Cheyenne. Rapid City people say the Burlington is getting all of that travel now.

—Thomas Knapp, a farmer residing seven miles from Stromsburg, took to town at one trip, with one span of horses, two wagons on which were loaded 203 bushels of oats, carrying back \$40.60 in cash received for the grain.

—Leroy Duncan, aged 2 years, son of R. L. Duncan of Nebraska City, while playing about the yard fell from a wall to the ground, a distance of about fifty feet. The little fellow was unconscious when picked up, but will recover.

—The county commissioners of Otoe county have decided that the construction of a new jail is necessary, and will place the proposition before the people to vote upon at the November election. The building will cost about \$5,000 and is badly needed.

—In Omaha last week J. D. Willis shot at Dr. B. H. Birney on the public street. The latter's life was saved by the ball striking his watch, which was somewhat damaged. The ball was flattened thin to the size of a silver dollar. Willis claimed that the doctor had lead his daughter astray.

Every man is religious when he is scared to death.

## THE CANON LAW.

1. The constitutions of princes are not superior, but subordinate to Ecclesiastical constitutions.

2. The laws of the emperors cannot dissolve the ecclesiastical or canon law.

3. It is not lawful for an emperor to exact anything opposed to the apostolic rules.

4. It is not lawful for kings to usurp the things that belong to priests.

5. No custom of any one can thwart the statutes of the popes.

6. Let no resistance be offered to the apostolic (canon) precepts, but let them be salutiferously fulfilled.

7. The yoke imposed by the holy see is to be borne, though it appear intolerable and insupportable.

8. The Pontiff can neither be loosed nor bound by the secular power.

9. That the Pontiff was called God by the pious Prince Constantine, and that as god he cannot be judged by man.

10. That as god he is far above the reach of all human law and judgement.

11. That all laws contrary to the canons and decrees of the Roman prelates are of no force.

12. That all of the ordinances of the pope are unhesitatingly to be obeyed.

13. We ought not even to speak to one whom the pope has excommunicated.

14. Priests are fathers and masters, even of princes.

15. The civil law is derived from man, but the ecclesiastical, or canon law is derived directly from God, by which the pontiff can, in connection with his prelates, make constitutions for the whole christian world, in matters spiritual, concerning the salvation of souls, and the right government of the church; and if necessary judge and dispose of all the temporal goods of all christians.

16. A heretic, holding or teaching false doctrine concerning the sacraments, is excommunicated and degraded, and handed over to the secular court.

17. Secular princes unwilling to swear to defend the church against heretics are excommunicated, and they are laid under an interdict.

18. The goods of heretics are to be confiscated, and applied to the church.

19. Advocates or notaries, favoring heretics, or their defenders, or pleading for them in law suits, or writing documents for them, are infamous, and suspended from office.

20. The secular powers, whether permanent or temporary, are bound to swear that they will exterminate, according to their power, all heretics condemned by the church; and a temporal lord not purging his land of heretics, is excommunicated.

21. Those signed with the cross for the extermination of heretics, rejoice in the privilege granted to the crusaders for the help of the Holy land.

22. They are absolved from all obligations who are in anywise bound to heretics.

23. Whoever dies in battle against the unbelieving, merits the kingdom of heaven.

24. We do not esteem those homicides, to whom it may have happened

in their zeal for their Mother Church against the excommunicated, to kill some of them.

25. That Catholic princes are bound, both by civil and canon law, not to receive or tolerate heretics, and much more are not to permit their rites, or other exercise of their religion, or rather, their false sect, but are most solemnly bound everywhere, to repel and expel them.

26. The following temporal punishments are to be enforced on heretics: 1st.—Infamy, and the consequent disqualifications for all civil acts. 2d.—Intestability, as well active and passive (that is, they can neither make will, nor inherit what is left to them by others). 3d. Loss of paternal power over children. 4th.—Loss of dowry, and other privileges granted to women. 5th.—Confiscation of all goods. 6th. That vassals and slaves and others are set free from all, even sworn obligations due to their lord or another. 7th. Capital corporal punishments, especially death, and perpetual imprisonment.

27. The canon law forbids all toleration.

28. That Metropolitans and Bishops are to excommunicate him who grants liberty of conscience.

29. No oath is to be kept towards heretic princes, lords or others.

30. Heretics are to be deprived of all civil and paternal rights.

31. The Pope can absolve from all oaths.

32. Every bishop is ordinary judge in a cause of heresy. The reason is because the bishops can ex-officio, and ought to extirpate heretics, and inflict upon them the due punishments, and to this are bound on pain of deposition. Besides, are the inquisitors especially deputed by the Apostolic See. Every bishop in his diocese is thought to be, and in reality is, a natural inquisitor, (literally born inquisitor), so as to have the same power with those already mentioned in a cause of heresy.

33. In every promissory oath although absolutely taken, there are certain conditions tacitly understood, amongst which are: First, If I can; Second, To save the right and authority of a superior; Third, When the oath supposes the honor of the Apostolic See to be illit.

34. That the Council of Trent, (the last and great authority of Rome), decrees and commands that the sacred canons and all general councils, also the other Apostolic enactments issued in favor of ecclesiastical persons of ecclesiastical liberty, and against its violators, all of which by this present decree it renews, and must be exactly observed by all.

Loyal Men

and all

AMERICAN

SOCIETIES

Can Get All Kinds of

JOB WORK

At THE AMERICAN Office