

STATE NEWS

NEBRASKA MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS.

—Miss Hallett is leader of the Coleridge brass band.

—Teachers of Gage county have effected an organization.

—The alliance in Dixon county will put a full ticket in the field.

—Instruments have been ordered for a new cornet band at Hooper.

—The harvest in Dundy county is coming up to all expectations.

—Hastings is talking of a base ball tournament in the autumn months.

—Dundy county this year expects to have the best fair ever held there.

—West Point has been flooded by heavy rains three times this summer.

—A large number of Omaha people will attend the Long Pine Chautauqua.

—A great deal of building is going on in the country surrounding Hubbell.

—Benkleman is determined to have a system of water works at an early day.

—A large camp of the Sons of Veterans has been mustered in at Decatur.

—The Franklin county teachers' institute opened with an attendance of 500.

—The cheese factory at Inavala turns out a daily average of 500 pounds.

—The state board of equalization was in session last week adjusting the tax levy.

—The South Omaha yards' capacity is now 10,000 cattle, 25,000 hogs and 6,000 sheep.

—The force at the Burlington and Missouri shops in Plattsmouth has been increased.

—The republicans of Sioux county will hold their convention at Harrison September 19.

—The herd of eighty-five wild buffalo now at McCook will be exhibited at the world's fair.

—Blackleg has appeared among the cattle on Snake creek, Cheyenne county, with fatal results.

—The Thayer county teachers' institute will convene August 10 and continue three weeks.

—Lyman H. Tower, of Omaha, fell dead from heart disease at Chattanooga, Tenn., last week.

—The recent hail storm destroyed crops to the amount of \$1,000 for Mr. Hahn of Adams county.

—The Burt county Sunday school association will hold its annual meeting at Craig August 12 and 13.

—Last week \$15,000 worth of Beatrice school bonds were presented to Auditor Benton for registration.

—Joe Hudrrea, of Colfax county, has just commenced a two years term in the penitentiary for burglary.

—Tom Henderson, arrested in Plattsmouth for stealing meat, said he did it keep his family from starvation.

—Miss C. E. Boker, a highly esteemed resident of Beatrice, died last week at a sanitarium near Chicago.

—Land in Furnas and Harlan counties is said to have advanced an average of \$5 per acre within the last six months.

—The independents of the Twelfth judicial district will hold their nominating convention at Valentine September 17.

—Work is progressing on a new elevator at McCook to take the place of the one destroyed by an incendiary fire last spring.

—At the last session of the county supervisors, claims against Dixon county for wolf scalps were filed to the amount of \$446.

—The two-year-old child of Wm. Smith, Blue Hill, who fell into a well, going down about fifty feet, strange to say, was not hurt.

—Brother Masons of L. G. Stocks,

of Geneva, presented him with an elegant gold-headed cane previous to his departure for Europe.

—A couple of Scott's Bluff county boys paid \$1 and costs each for the privilege of assaulting several ladies with decayed hen's fruit.

—The Queen City company of Norfolk offers to deed fifty acres to the city free of cost if the city will improve and maintain it as a park.

—A. W. Sharp has been appointed county clerk of Stanton county. He was deputy under W. T. Sharp who was drowned some time ago.

—An Omaha five-year-old boy fell from a hammock the other day and struck on his head in such manner as to bite off part of his tongue.

—While trying to do a circus act on the trapeze the eight-year-old son of J. L. Stevens of Plainview alighted on his arm, breaking both bones.

—The tramp who burglarized Parkinson's hardware store at Madison has been captured and part of the stolen goods were found on his person.

—Application has been made in the district court for the appointment of D. P. Rolfe as receiver for the Nebraska City water and light company.

—Charles Keyes, a laboring man and stranger, was run over by a B. & M. switch engine at Omaha the other day, receiving injuries that resulted in his death.

—The First National bank of Stanton has been sued by Mrs. Annie M. Eberline for \$5,463.47, which she alleges is the amount of usurious interest she has paid the institution.

—Sheriff Milliken of Dodge county is having the scaffold on which Shepherd and Furst were hanged removed from the jail. He needs more room, as he has nine inmates at present.

—W. R. Williams, a prominent farmer living near Dorchester, died last week. He was buried under the auspices of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of which he was a prominent member.

—The Farmers' Alliance Operative company of Eustis filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The object of the company is to ship and sell farm products, and buy and sell farm machinery.

—Jim McDevitt of Cole'sige killed a rattlesnake between his place and Wausa that measured five feet and nine inches in length and had twenty-one rattles and a button. The rattles have been kept for exhibition.

—Mrs. Mary Lucke, of Omaha, with a babe clasped to her breast, attempted to jump into the Missouri river, but was prevented by an officer who happened to be in the vicinity. The woman is thought to be demented.

—Frank Cushing, who recently removed from Arapahoe to the state of Washington, has been sentenced to four years in the penitentiary for disposing of stolen goods. He had always borne an upright reputation.

—Coal prospecting still continues at Hubbell and indications are so favorable that they are preparing to go over the 700 feet, which depth has nearly been reached. Some \$2,400 dollars has been expended in coal searching.

—At the school meeting at Ames on the 20th for the purpose of determining whether or not it was desirable to change the site for the school and build a new house, it was decided to repair the old house and make it do for another year.

—Sam Cole, a gardener living near Omaha, on his way to the city with a load of vegetables, unloaded half of them in the middle of the road, saying, "These are for the Lord." Then he resumed his seat and drove on at a rapid pace.

—A sons of veterans and a daughters of veteran camps were organized at Central City.

Virtue and laziness may live together, but they are not usually on the best terms.

THE CANON LAW.

1. The constitutions of princes are not superior, but subordinate to Ecclesiastical constitutions.
2. The laws of the emperors cannot dissolve the ecclesiastical or canon law.
3. It is not lawful for an emperor to exact anything opposed to the apostolic rules.
4. It is not lawful for kings to usurp the things that belong to priests.
5. No custom of any one can thwart the statutes of the popes.
6. Let no resistance be offered to the apostolic (canon) precepts, but let them be salutiferously fulfilled.
7. The yoke imposed by the holy see is to be borne, though it appear intolerable and insupportable.
8. The Pontiff can neither be loosed nor bound by the secular power.
9. That the Pontiff was called God by the pious Prince Constantine, and that as god he cannot be judged by man.
10. That as god he is far above the reach of all human law and judgement.
11. That all laws contrary to the canons and decrees of the Roman prelates are of no force.
12. That all of the ordinances of the pope are unhesitatingly to be obeyed.
13. We ought not even to speak to one whom the pope has excommunicated.
14. Priests are fathers and masters, even of princes.
15. The civil law is derived from man, but the ecclesiastical, or canon law is derived directly from God, by which the pontiff can, in connection with his prelates, make constitutions for the whole christian world, in matters spiritual, concerning the salvation of souls, and the right government of the church; and if necessary judge and dispose of all the temporal goods of all christians.
16. A heretic, holding or teaching false doctrine concerning the sacraments, is excommunicated and degraded, and handed over to the secular court.
17. Secular princes unwilling to swear to defend the church against heretics are excommunicated, and they are laid under an interdict.
18. The goods of heretics are to be confiscated, and applied to the church.
19. Advocates or notaries, favoring heretics, or their defenders, or pleading for them in law suits, or writing documents for them, are infamous, and suspended from office.
20. The secular powers, whether permanent or temporary, are bound to swear that they will exterminate, according to their power, all heretics condemned by the church; and a temporal lord not purging his land of heretics, is excommunicated.
21. Those signed with the cross for the extermination of heretics, rejoice in the privilege granted to the crusaders for the help of the Holy land.
22. They are absolved from all obligations who are in anywise bound to heretics.
23. Whoever dies in battle against the unbelieving, merits the kingdom of heaven.
24. We do not esteem those homicides, to whom it may have happened

in their zeal for their Mother Church against the excommunicated, to kill some of them.

25. That Catholic princes are bound, both by civil and canon law, not to receive or tolerate heretics, and much more are not to permit their rites, or other exercise of their religion, or rather, their false sect, but are most solemnly bound everywhere, to repel and expel them.

26. The following temporal punishments are to be enforced on heretics: 1st.—Infamy, and the consequent disqualifications for all civil acts. 2d.—Intestability, as well active and passive (that is, they can neither make will, nor inherit what is left to them by others). 3d. Loss of paternal power over children. 4th.—Loss of dowry, and other privileges granted to women. 5th.—Confiscation of all goods. 6th. That vassals and slaves and others are set free from all, even sworn obligations due to their lord or another. 7th. Capital corporal punishments, especially death, and perpetual imprisonment.

27. The canon law forbids all toleration.

28. That Metropolitans and Bishops are to excommunicate him who grants liberty of conscience.

29. No oath is to be kept towards heretic princes, lords or others.

30. Heretics are to be deprived of all civil and paternal rights.

31. The Pope can absolve from all oaths.

32. Every bishop is ordinary judge in a cause of heresy. The reason is because the bishops can ex-officio, and ought to extirpate heretics, and inflict upon them the due punishments, and to this are bound on pain of deposition. Besides, are the inquisitors especially deputed by the Apostolic See. Every bishop in his diocese is thought to be, and in reality is, a natural inquisitor, (literally born inquisitor), so as to have the same power with those already mentioned in a cause of heresy.

33. In every promissory oath although absolutely taken, there are certain conditions tacitly understood, amongst which are: First, If I can; Second, To save the right and authority of a superior; Third, When the oath supposes the honor of the Apostolic See to be illicit."

34. That the Council of Trent, (the last and great authority of Rome), decrees and commands that the sacred canons and all general councils, also the other Apostolic enactments issued in favor of ecclesiastical persons of ecclesiastical liberty, and against its violators, all of which by this present decree it renews, and must be exactly observed by all.

Loyal Men  
and all  
AMERICAN  
SOCIETIES  
Can Get All Kinds of  
JOB WORK  
At THE AMERICAN Office