

IT WAS HARMONIOUS.

The Independents of the First District
Nominate Hon. J. Shamp for
Congress.

The People's Party Keeping in the
Middle of the Road, and Full of
Enthusiasm.

The Congressional Convention.

The independent people's party congressional convention for the First congressional district met at Nebraska City, Thursday afternoon, and was called to order at two o'clock by J. E. Lamaster the chairman of the congressional committee.

A. W. Russell of Cass county was nominated for temporary chairman and Wm. Moran of Otoe county for temporary clerk.

A motion by Goodell of Lancaster county that the chair appoint a committee of five on credentials, was adopted. The chair asked each county to hand in the name of its choice for this committee, from which the chair selected the following committee: J. W. Cox of Cass, Chas. Mangan of Nemaha, O. A. Severe of Otoe, S. G. Mower of Richardson and B. S. Littlefield of Lancaster, after which the convention adjourned to seven o'clock. Most of the delegates and a great many spectators remained to listen to speeches from prominent independents as they were called for. Gen. C. H. Van Wyck was the first speaker and his scorching arraignment of the old parties was received with the wildest enthusiasm.

The convention reconvened at 7:30. The report of the committee on credentials showed every county represented and no contests. After the adoption of the report of the committee on credentials, George Abbott, Richardson county; E. P. Ingersoll, Johnson county, and D. N. Johnson of Lancaster county, were nominated for permanent chairman. Mr. Johnson withdrew his name, and Ingersoll was selected. William Moran of Otoe, was made permanent secretary and D. Young of Lancaster county assistant secretary.

A motion was adopted that a committee of five on resolutions be appointed to whom all resolutions should be referred without debate. The chair appointed B. S. Littlefield of Lancaster, T. G. Ferguson of Nemaha, H. A. Weber of Otoe, L. G. Todd of Cass and C. N. Mayberry of Pawnee. The committee reported the following resolutions, which were read by Mr. Littlefield:

The people's party of the First congressional district in delegate convention assembled, heartily endorses the declaration of principles as enunciated in the platforms of the people's independent party, adopted by the national convention at Omaha, on July 4, 1892, and the state convention at Kearney, on August 3, 1892.

We denounce the action of congress in relinquishing the control of the World's fair, which has been done by giving over the management of what was intended to be a national exhibition of the country's resources, to a private corporation, thereby defeating the great object of the World's Columbian exposition by rendering it a money-making enterprise, managed by Chicago speculators for private gain. Believing that this gigantic exhibition, commemorative of the discovery of this continent and undertaken for the education and enlightenment of the world, should have been given under the management, control, direction, and ownership, as well as by the authority of the national government, we commend the action of our congressmen from Nebraska in opposing the World's fair appropriation bill, and also the Russian aid bill.

The resolutions were adopted unanimously.

An informal ballot was then ordered for congressman, resulting, Shamp 31,

Ferguson 8, Mayberry 25, Abbott 16, Allen 12.

Ferguson, Mayberry and Allen withdrew their names as candidates, and the first formal ballot resulted in Shamp's nomination, the ballot resulting, Shamp 60, Ingersoll 22, Bryan 12. Richardson was instructed for Bryan and so cast her twelve votes for him. On motion of Abbott of Richardson the nomination of Shamp was made unanimous, and he was called for. Mr. Shamp appeared before the convention and expressed his thanks for the honor conferred, in an appropriate speech.

Prof. D. N. Johnson was made chairman, and D. Young secretary of the congressional committee. The following congressional committee was then selected: Cass, B. F. Allen; Otoe, H. B. Farnsworth; Lancaster, Henry E. Dawes; Richardson, S. G. Mower, Nemaha, Chas. Mangan; Pawnee, Jas. Meek, Johnson, W. G. Swan.

The convention was then addressed by Geo. Abbott and Chas. N. Mayberry, who made excellent speeches, and were enthusiastically applauded. The convention then adjourned.

SHRADER OPENS HIS CAMPAIGN.

He Crosses Swords With a North
Platte Lawyer and Annihilates Him.

GANDY, Logan County, Neb., Aug. 16, 1892.—On Saturday night, August 13, Hon. C. D. Shrader, our candidate for lieutenant governor, met in joint debate Hon. J. S. Hoagland, a prominent attorney of North Platte. To say that the lawyer wasn't in it to put it mildly. He was simply annihilated.

Shrader had the opening speech and he forced the fighting on the financial legislation of the g. o. p. for the last thirty years. This disconcerted the champion of federate monopolies. Although armed with elaborate notes he was not prepared for the avalanche of facts which swept down upon him.

He never undertook to controvert Shrader's position. He made a fine spun defense of national banks, thought freight rates ought to be reasonable, but didn't know what rate would be reasonable, questioned Shrader's veracity, and said he didn't believe Shrader knew what the free coinage of silver meant. He reflected upon General Field's loyalty, for which he got roundly hissed, and wound up by ridiculing Shrader's war record.

The people resented the insinuations and reflections cast upon their neighbor, and when Shrader resumed the floor after Hoagland's two-hours' tirade they greeted him with a storm of applause. Shrader waded in with his coat off. He fairly surprised his friends with his final onslaught on the shyllocks and tariff barons, and their pigmy champion. They cheered and stamped till the house shook. At the end of an hour there wasn't a respectable grease spot left of Hoagland or his party.

New votes are coming to us every day. We pledge Logan county solid for the whole ticket.

Yours for the war,
S. E. KEENE.

FACTS AND FIGURES.

One man out of every twenty-five occupies his own house in England.

It is calculated that 1,000 thrifty coffee trees will yield a fair average of 3,200 pounds of coffee per annum.

There have been 194 ministers of war in Spain during the century, the average time of service being six months.

There are seventy schools for the deaf and dumb in the United States, and there is also a college for them at Washington, D. C.

The great cantilever bridge at Niagara Falls is entirely composed of steel. It is 810 feet in length, weighs 3,000 tons and cost \$900,000.

During a recent storm at Hopkins, N. H., an elm tree, under which Lafayette and party stood at a reception given them in 1825, was struck by lightning and destroyed.

REPUBLICAN OUTRAGE.

Almost a Riot at Beatrice, Led By
Some of the Most Prominent
Republicans.

Distinguished Independent Speaker In-
sulted—Republican Nominee
Leads the Disturbers,

Judge Bush Prevents Violence.

BEATRICE, Neb., Aug. 18.—[Special to THE SUN.]—Mr. Carl Brown, the great California caricaturist, spoke at Beatrice, Wednesday night, to a large concourse of people. He had hardly commenced speaking when the republicans, under the leadership of their nominee for state senator, Alexander Graham, opened up on the opposite street corner with their martial bands and with music and yells attempted to "dro w n out" the speaker. This greatly exasperated the crowd and loud talk of mobbing the disturbers was heard on every hand, and would in all probability have been carried out if Judge Bush had not taken the stand and made a strong plea for peace and decency.

The efforts of the republicans proved futile and the crowd stayed and listened to the burning words of eloquence to the close of the speech. Many republicans became disgusted with the action of their party and were loud in declaring that they would vote the people's ticket.

The infamous actions of the republican club and leaders will turn the city over to the people's party. Mr. Brown will return to the city and lecture Saturday afternoon and evening.

J. R. DODDS.

A Reunited Union.

General Weaver's war record, spotless private character, his life work for and advocacy of the principles in the grand platform that was adopted at Omaha, entitle him to the honor of leading a non-sectional party to break up the solid north and restore the unity of this republic. The alliance leaders of the north and south will support him to a man, assisted by all industrial organizations.

The southern wing of the new party endorses General Weaver as emphatically as the voters of that section do General Field of Virginia, who fought for the "lost cause."

The Omaha convention paved the way for that grand epoch of reconciliation so feared by the corrupt office-holders who have cultivated strife and hatred for selfish ends, but which will be an accomplished fact when the common people of the north and south come together like brothers, vote for their homes and the party ticket that stands for their homes, and the whole people, and the re-united union as it should be.—Blair Republican.

Old B. has just turned fifty-eight, and finding himself a widower after twenty-five years of married life, is preparing to lead to the altar his new bride of twenty-two summers. His friends, alarmed at the wide differences in their ages, remonstrated, but in vain. "What! you say my intended is too young!" B. exclaims in astonishment; "why, she is exactly the same age as my first wife when I married her."

The mace of the house of representative consists of a bundle of thirteen ebony rods entwined and bound together with silver bands. The thirteen ebony sticks represent the thirteen original states of the union. They are surmounted by a globe of silver, upon which the hemispheres are traced, while a silver eagle, with outstretched wings, is perched upon the summit of the globe. It was made in 1834 and weighs twenty pounds.

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