

DE PUSH, DE PULL, DE PEW.

There's a quiet little gin-mill, In a noisy little street. Where the bankers gather almost every day...

There's a quiet little chamber In the wigwag of the street. Where the politicians gather every day...

There's a stately marble palace On a broad and shady street. Where the hierarchy gather every day...

ABOUT RAILROADS.

The actual cost of a railway varies on each different kind of railway. While a mile of steel rails only cost with their ties from \$3,000 to \$4,000...

There are about 170,000 miles of railway in operation in America but there probably are not 170 miles of tunnels on American railways...

The Mexican Central railway from El Paso, Texas to the City of Mexico, about 1,200 miles long was the latest long line constructed...

First—The government bonds are worth more than the bonds or shares of any company. That is to say the government can borrow money for less interest than any company...

Second—The government would not have to pay so large an amount of the expenses to help the Democratic and Republican parties save the country every few years during political campaigns...

Third—The government would not need to help so many great patriots get elected to the office as the railway companies now have to do.

Although the cost of labor, iron, wood and all the materials which are needed in railway construction have been constantly decreasing in price for many years yet it is a curious paradox that it costs our companies every year more and more to build and operate railways...

Formerly the companies only needed a few patriots in congress and the legislatures, but as the sentiment grows among the people in favor of national purchase and operation of railways, the companies find they have to seek for and purchase patriots in lodges of various societies and in many government positions of various kinds to try to hold the people back from taking and operating their public highways.

Thus the cost of patriots help to swell the cost of railways from \$7,000 to \$55,000 per mile for patriots to help them to construct railways in 1892 in those United States. In addition the companies pay a large amount to patriots to help them operate the railways after they are completed but that can be explained in another letter better as this one is already too long.

For the Gold Bug to Remember. It is under an inspiration begotten by 35 cents per bushel wheat that these lines are written, declares an agriculturalist of La Fayette, Kansas, writing to the Topeka Advocate. Yes, we are offered 35 cents for our year's crop of wheat for which hundreds of thousands of Americans are hungry and millions of foreigners beyond the waters are starving...

With a Bullet in His Heart. Bill Poole, the famous prize fighter, lived for days with a bullet in his heart, before he died giving expression to the famous words: "Wrap me up in the American flag and I'll die a true American."

Without Smoke. A new process for burning coal without smoke has recently been discovered. It consists in sprinkling water containing a special preparation of rosin over the coal, and the result is that there is no smoke and the glow is as intense as coals.

THE PLATFORM.

Declaration of Principles. On Which the Party Stands. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., June 9.—Following is the full text of the platform as completed by the committee on resolutions: Representatives of the republicans of the United States, assembled in general convention on the shores of the Mississippi river, an everlasting bond of an indestructible republic, whose most glorious chapter of history is the record of the republican party, congratulate their countrymen on the majestic march of the nation under the banners inscribed with the principles of our platform of 1888...

The Doctrine of Protection. We reaffirm the American doctrine of protection. We call attention to its growth abroad. We maintain that the prosperous condition of our country is largely due to the wise revenue legislation of a republican congress. We believe that in all articles which cannot be produced in this country, except luxuries, should be admitted free of duty, and that all imports coming into competition with the products of American labor there should be levied duties equal to the difference between wages abroad and at home. We assert that the price of manufactured articles of general consumption having been reduced under the operations of the tariff act of 1890, we denounce the efforts of the democratic majority in the house of representatives to destroy the tariff laws by piecemeal as is manifested by attacks upon wool, lead and lead ore, the chief products of a number of states, and we ask the people for their judgment thereon.

The Policy of Reciprocity. We point to the success of the republican policy of reciprocity under which our export trade is vastly increased and new and enlarged markets have been opened for the products of our farms and workshops. We remind the people of the bitter opposition of the democratic party to this practical measure, and claim that, executed by a republican administration, our present laws will result in the use of control of the trade of the world.

The Silver Question. The American people, from tradition and interest, favor bi-metallic, and the republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as a standard money, with such restrictions to be determined by legislation as will protect the maintenance of parity of value of the two metals, so that the purchasing and debasing power of a dollar, whether silver, gold or paper, shall be at all times equal. The interest of the producers of the country, its farmers and its workmen, demand that every coin, paper or coin, issued by government, shall be as good as any other.

We commend the wise and patriotic steps already taken by our government to secure an international conference to adopt such measures as will insure the parity of value between gold and silver for use for money throughout the world.

A Free and Fair Ballot. We demand that every citizen of the United States shall be allowed to cast a free and unrestricted ballot in all public elections and that such ballot be counted and returned as cast; that such laws shall be enacted as will protect the free and fair ballot, and that every citizen, be he rich or poor, native or foreign born, white or black, this sovereign right guaranteed by the constitution. A free and honest popular ballot, just and equal representation of all people, as well as their just and equal share in the laws, are the foundation of our republican institutions, and the party will never cease its efforts until the integrity of the ballot and the purity of elections shall be fully guaranteed and protected in every state.

Southern Outrages. We denounce the continued inhuman outrages perpetrated upon American citizens for political reasons in certain southern states of the Union.

Foreign Relations. We favor the extension of our foreign commerce, the restoration of our mercantile marine by home built ships and the creation of a navy, the protection of our national interests and the honor of our flag; the maintenance of the most friendly relations with all foreign powers, exchanging alliances with none; and the protection of the rights of our fishermen.

We reaffirm our approval of the Monroe doctrine and believe in the achievements and manifest destiny of the republic in its broadest sense. We favor the enactment of more stringent laws and relations for the restriction of criminal, pauper and contract immigration.

Miscellaneous. We favor efficient legislation by congress to protect the life and limb of employees of transportation companies engaged in carrying on interstate commerce and recommend legislation by respective states that will protect employees engaged in such commerce, in mining and manufacturing.

Favors Home Rule. The republican party always has been champion of the oppressed and recognizes the dignity of manhood irrespective of faith, color or nationality; it sympathizes with the cause of home rule in Ireland and protests against the persecution of the Jews in Russia.

The ultimate reliance of free popular government is the intelligence of the people and the maintenance of freedom among men.

We therefore declare anew our devotion to liberty of thought and conscience, speech and press and approve all agencies and instrumentalities which contribute to the education of the children of the land, but while insisting upon the fullest measure of religious liberty, we are opposed to any union of church and state.

Opposed to Trusts. We reaffirm our opposition declared in the republican platform of 1888, to all combinations of capital, organized in trusts or otherwise, to control arbitrarily the condition of trade among our citizens. We heartily endorse the action already taken upon this subject, and ask for such further legislation as may be required to remedy any defects in existing laws, and to render their enforcement more complete and effective.

We approve the policy extending to towns, villages and rural communities the advantages of the free delivery service now enjoyed by the larger cities of the country, and reaffirm the declaration contained in the republican platform of 1888, pledging a reduction of letter postage to 1 cent at the earliest possible moment consistent with the maintenance of the postoffice department and the highest class of postal service.

Civil Service. We commend the spirit and evidence of reform in civil service and the wise and consistent enforcement by the republican party of laws regulating the same.

Nicaragua Canal. The construction of the Nicaragua canal is of the highest importance to the American people as a measure of national defense and to build up and maintain American commerce, and it should be controlled by the United States government.

TERRITORIES.

We favor the admission of the remaining territories at the earliest practicable date, having due regard to the interests of the people of the territories and the United States. All federal officers appointed for territories should be selected from bona fide residents thereof and the right of self-government should be accorded as far as practicable.

Arid Lands. We favor cession, subject to the homestead laws, of arid public lands to states and territories in which they lie, under such congressional restrictions as to disposition, reclamation and occupancy by settlers as will secure maximum benefits to the people.

Columbian Exposition. The world's Columbian exposition is a great national undertaking and congress should promptly enact such reasonable legislation in aid thereof as will insure the discharging of expenses and obligations incident thereto, and the attainment of results commensurate with the dignity and progress of the nation.

Intemperance. We sympathize with all wise and legitimate efforts to lessen and prevent the evils of intemperance and promote morality.

Pensions. Ever mindful of the services and sacrifices of the men who saved the life of the nation, we pledge anew to the veteran soldiers of the republic the watchful care and recognition of their just claims upon a grateful people.

Harrison's Administration. We commend the able, patriotic and thoroughly American administration of President Harrison. Under it the country has enjoyed remarkable prosperity, the dignity and honor of the nation, at home and abroad, have been faithfully maintained, and we offer the record of pledges kept as a guarantee of the faithful performance in the future.

SATAN'S REAL ESTATE. A Wicked Firm Who Deeded His Property to the Devil. There is but one spot on the earth's surface that has been really and truly willed, deeded and bequeathed to his Satanic Majesty. This sometimes-he sulphurous spot lies four and a half miles south of Helsinki, Finland. A few years ago, Lars Huolarinen died in the little town of Pielisjarvi, in the above-named country, leaving considerable property in the shape of real estate. How he had come into possession of so much land no one seemed to know, but as he was a very bad citizen he was generally admitted that he was in league with Wiltabauss (the devil), and that he had had many business deals with each other. This somewhat startling opinion was verified when old Huolarinen died, for upon opening his will, the magistrate found a certified warranty deed inclosed therein which deeded to the devil all of his (Huolarinen's) earthly possessions. The will was to the same effect. The family have repeatedly tried to break the will, but so far have been unsuccessful; thus the records plainly show that his Sulphuric Majesty has a legal right and title to some excellent grounds in the near vicinity of both Helsinki and Pielisjarvi. The simple people of the neighborhood have changed the course of a road which formerly skirted the Huolarinen homestead, and declare that they would not enter upon the possessions of Satan & Co. for all the money that three such estates would bring. Although no living person has passed the threshold since the old man died, the mansion is said to be brilliantly lighted every night, and many curious stories are told of the unearthly frolics the devils have on this their only known landed possessions.

DECAY OF A PACIFIC TRIBE. The Aborigines of Andaman Islands Nearly Extinct. As in former years the most interesting portion of the English administration record of the Andaman Islands for 1890-91 is that which deals with the Aborigines. Mr. Portman has done much for this unique and primitive race; but even he, apparently, is unable to arrest the process of decay which threatens them in the near future with complete extinction. For untold centuries the Andamanese have lived as effectively cut off from the outside world as the mummy in the heart of the pyramids, and the atmosphere of the nineteenth century proves not less fatal to the one than to the other.

In common with the Pacific Islanders, they are unable to survive contact with civilization—even the civilization of the average Pt. Blair convict. All the people of Rutland Island and Pt. Campbell are now dead, and very few remain in the South Andaman and Archipelago. Apart from the mortality from infectious disease, the few children who are born do not survive, and it is stated that the present generation may be considered the last of the Great Andaman tribe. Mr. Portman is still endeavoring to keep the tribe alive as long as possible, and he is collecting all the children at his house where they are well fed and looked after; but this measure, although it may postpone, cannot prevent the eventual extinction of the race.

An Emphatic Answer. Some time ago, upon the occasion of a visit of the Lord Bishop of the London (Can.) diocese to a friend here, the Chicagoan gave his children a preliminary course of instruction in etiquette before the arrival of the distinguished guest. "Now, remember, children," was the last and most emphatic admonition, "that you are not to speak unless the Bishop addresses you and, if he speaks to you you must answer, 'Yes, milord,' or 'No, milord,' but be sure to add 'milord.'"

After dinner the Bishop suddenly turned to little five-year-old Johnnie and remarked: "I suppose you are a good little boy aren't you? Do you go to Sunday school regularly?"

There was a moment of silence, the child being too terrified to speak. After vainly trying to recall the phrase which his father had sought to impress upon his mind, the youngster shouted, "Oh, my God, yes," burst into tears, and rushed from the room, leaving the Bishop speechless with astonishment and the father horror-stricken.

Two ladies of New York are the promoters of a scheme for starting a hotel for women only. There are to be no rules. The lights are not to be turned out at a fixed hour, as was the edict in the Stewart's women's hotel. Neither pianos nor sewing machines are to be tabooed, nor is the money-making typewriter to be forbidden. The whole is to be conducted on the lines of the ordinary hotel boarding house, except that women only are to be admitted.

FARM, FIELD AND GARDEN.

INTERESTING INFORMATION REGARDING FARM WORK. It Pays to Keep Bees—Sure Cure for Scab—Teaching Horses to Stand—A New Font in Feeding.

It Pays to Keep Bees. This is my conclusion after a dozen years of experience, says a writer in the Ohio Farmer. I find that each year, as I get to understand them better, the profit increases. I first started with plain boxes and let them take care of themselves except to set small boxes on top for surplus. I attended to them when I got ready whether the honey season was passed or not, any day that I happened that way. Other people did the same and surely it must be all right. But experience taught me soon, that this plan was good as far as honey and profit were concerned. Thus I lost about three years in the old rut of planting without cultivation. The balance of the time since I have used the Simplicity hive, with movable frames, and find that to get profit one must have things in proper shape, and give the little occupants a chance.

The first thing to have is a rousing colony the first of May boiling over with bees, in a nice, clean hive, with new combs all in first-class shape, and if the season is only an average one you are sure of 50 lb. honey, which at 20c. per lb. would be \$10 besides winter supplies. So it is plain to be seen that it pays if properly managed. I should add, further, that such a colony will likely cast off a good swarm. The amount of honey to be expected must be based on the strength of the colony in the spring. A hive of bees, full to overflowing, will give 20 lbs. surplus easier than a weak colony can build up strong and gather sufficient food for winter during the summer months.

My average for five years has been about 20 lbs. to the colony, good and bad together. The largest amount I have ever taken was 67 lbs. net, but 50 lbs. often. I have the best strains of Italian the country can furnish, and find that they are superior to the blacks in the ratio of 2 to 3.

A sure receipt for profit is to see that weak swarms are built up early in the fall, before cold weather, by feeding granulated sugar, as it is cheaper than honey; but don't feed anything but the best; as poor feed is likely to give them the dysentery or make them unhealthy, and before cold weather sets in pack chaff well around the frames and lay a chaff cushion on top, and you will be in good shape, in ordinary seasons, in this locality, to show up a handsome profit next season.

"Ten Acres Enough." That was the title of a book published some years ago, in which the author endeavored to show how, under high cultivation, ten acres could be made to yield a comfortable living for an average family. A good deal of ridicule has been cast at this and similar attempts to demonstrate the feasibility of making much of little in the cultivation of the soil. But the experiment has been tried, and, under favorable conditions, not found wanting. Men who, like the late Peter Henderson, have made a thorough study of the utilization of small areas know by practical experience that a great deal of money may be got out often or twelve acres of properly cultivated land.

It is said, however, that the conditions of market gardening have greatly changed since the Southern truck farmers began to flood our markets with early vegetables and fruits. This is true; but where our Northern market gardeners have had the wisdom to adopt their product to these changed conditions they have continued to make money, although perhaps not in so large amount.

The time will never come when vegetables and the more perishable fruits can be sent from a long distance, even in refrigerator cars or steamers, and arrive in as fresh and appetizing condition as those grown close at hand. Hence there will always be a demand for early fresh vegetables and small fruits from neighborhood gardens if they are invitingly presented to the customer. Every large town and city is a good mine for the market gardener who is "up betimes" and offers his fresh, wholesome-looking goods in neat and tasteful packages. Untidy packages repel the finest class of customers, but good taste will inevitably attract them.

A good illustration of this is afforded by the experience of the owner of a ten-acre tract of land at Andover, Mass., who found, very naturally, that general farming did not pay on so small an acre. He therefore determined to adapt himself to the situation by following a higher method. He planted one-half of his little farm to a great variety of small fruits, and devoted the remainder to the growth of vegetables. These he arranges so that for some seven months he obtains crops which can be either disposed of at good prices in the markets of Boston or the nearer city of Lawrence, or put up in various forms for sale to Boston customers during the winter. In the latter case the fruits and vegetables are carefully selected and as carefully preserved, pickled or put up as nearly as possible in a fresh state.

Last year besides the fresh fruits and vegetables sold, some ten thousand quart jars of produce were disposed off in this way. Nearly all the work was done in the family, thus saving much expense, and the income was about \$3,500. Such a result can be obtained, of course, only by high culture, which implies forethought, skill, industry and good business capacity. But it shows what can be done on a small tract wisely managed.

Sure Cure for Scab. A prominent sheep raiser, S. H. Todd, of Ohio, says to take 50 pounds of tobacco stems that you can get at a cigar factory, and steep them in 100 gallons of water until the strength is all out of the stems. Then take 25 gallons of the tobacco liquid and put in 25 pounds of sulphur and boil, not

WM. BURGESS.

Blue Valley Stock FARM ORETE, NEB. IMPORTER English Shire Stallions and Mares.

To intending purchasers of this breed I can show them as good a lot of young stock from yearlings up, as there is in the west. Their breeding is from the best strains of prize winning blood in England coupled with superior individual merit. My imported mares are superior to any in the west; they are all safely in foal.

All My Stock Guaranteed, and all Recorded and Imported by Myself. If you want a Hackney Stallion, I have as good as was ever imported. Come and see what I have got, and if I cannot show you as good stock as any man will pay your expenses. Prices as low as the lowest. 44-6m

SHIP YOUR OWN STOCK. Allen Root & Company, Live Stock Commission Merchants, SOUTH OMAHA, NEB.

WESTFALL COMMISSION CO. General Produce Merchants (Legal Representatives for Nat. Alliance). Special Department for Hides and Game. Free cold storage and special salesmen for butter, eggs, cheese and poultry. Receivers and shippers of our line of goods at a share of your consignments. We give you the best market price and make prompt returns. Direct communications and orders to WESTFALL COM. CO., 423 Walnut St., Kansas City, Mo.

Only \$40.00 to Helena and Return. The Union Pacific will sell tickets from Lincoln to Helena and return at one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale June 7 to 14, inclusive. Limited to 80 days from date of sale. For any additional information apply to J. P. MARTIN, C. T. A., 1040 St. E. B. STOSSON, Gen. Agt. U. P. System, Lincoln, Neb.

EGGS, EGGS, EGGS. Thirteen eggs for \$1.25—26 eggs for \$2.25 from great big light Brahma's. Also White Guinea eggs 13 for \$1.25. Bronze turkey eggs 9 for \$2.00. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address, ROSA D. RAND, Wahoo, Neb.

PURE BRED POULTRY. White Plymouth Rock, White Games Partridge, Cochins, Toulouse Geese, White Holland Turkeys, White Guinea, Fokland Ducks. Eggs in season. Prices low. W. A. BATES, JR., Fremont, Neb.

S. C. BROWN LEGHORNS. CHOICEST PEN OF Thoroughbred in the western states. Eggs per set 15, \$1.50. Extra sets 20, \$2.00. Paid when two sets are ordered. 12 chicks to 6 eggs 60c. Light color. Write for catalogue. W. J. MICKOX, Alma, Neb.

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ROOFING. GUM-ELASTIC ROOFING FELT costs only \$2.00 per 100 square feet. Maxx's special roof for years and any one can put it on. GUM-ELASTIC PAINT costs only 40 cents per gal. in 100 lbs. lots or \$4.50 for 5 gal. tubs. Color dark red. Will stop leaks in tin or iron roofs that will last for years. Try it. Send stamp for samples and full particulars. GUM ELASTIC ROOFING CO. 39 & 41 West Broadway, New York. Local Agents Wanted.

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