



## NATIONAL COMMITTEE

Of the People's Party met in Omaha May 11, and 12.—Arrangements Completed for the 4th of July Convention.

A Grand Rally.—Speeches Made by Donnelly, Davis and Others.—Prospects of Success in Many States.

The national committee of the people's party met at the Millard Hotel May 11th and 12th. Chairman Taubeneck, Secretary Schilling, Ignatius Donnelly, J. H. Davis of Texas, and Washburne of Massachusetts were present. A large number of prominent Nebraska independents were distinguished gentlemen and to lend any assistance that might be needed in completing arrangements.

The arrangements for the national convention were mapped out, many points being carefully discussed. The results of the deliberations are tabulated and published in the Omaha dailies as follows:

### PROGRAM OF THE CONVENTION.

Owing to the desire to make nominations on July 4th, all delegates will meet for temporary organization at the Coliseum building, Omaha, Neb., on July 2, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The various state delegations are requested to meet at 9 a. m. of the same day to elect one member each of the following committees:

- First—Credentials.
- Second—Rules and order of business.
- Third—Permanent organization.
- Fourth—Resolutions.

Also to elect three members of the national committee from each state and territory.

The following order of exercises has been arranged:

1. Call to order by Chairman H. E. Taubeneck of the national committee.
2. Prayer.
3. Address of welcome by Mayor George P. Bemis of Omaha.
4. Response by United States Senator J. H. Kyle.
5. Call of states and territories for the announcement of committee on credentials.
6. Short addresses by L. L. Polk, T. V. Powderly, J. B. Weaver, Ignatius Donnelly, Jerry Simpson, Ben Terrill, and others, interspersed with music and singing.

After the report of the committee on credentials the roll of states will be called for the announcement of members of the committee on rules and order of business, on permanent organization and resolutions.

### SPECIAL INFORMATION.

Rates of fare for the round trip have been arranged with all railroads in the United States, good going after June 29, and good to return from Omaha up to July 15th.

Hotel rates not to exceed the regular rates have been guaranteed, and good entertainment can be obtained for from \$1 to \$5 a day, as parties may desire. Those desiring to secure rooms in advance should address the secretary of the committee on hotels, Mr. R. F. Hodgins, Board of Trade building, Omaha, Neb., stating how much they are willing to pay.

The reception committees will be known by a red badge and will be present on the arrival of all trains on and after July 1. The members of this committee will be people's party men and delegates may safely intrust themselves to their care.

A bureau of information will be established at each depot where delegates will be supplied with any information they may desire.

The chairman of the national committee for each state should send headquarters at as early a date as possible, notify his delegation, and report the location by letter to H. E. Taubeneck, Millard Hotel, Omaha, Neb., so that announcement can be made. Mr. Taubeneck will be in Omaha two weeks before the convention.

All old soldiers, north and south, are requested to meet at the convention hall on Saturday, July 2, at 8 o'clock p. m.

The national committee of three from each state will meet at its headquarters Bee building, on Friday July 1, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Tickets of admission to the hall will be issued by the national executive committee to chairmen of state delegations only.

Headquarters of the national executive committee will be at the Millard Hotel.

Nebraska headquarters will be at the hotel Delone.

The district of Columbia and the various territories will be entitled to eight delegates each.

A grand ratification meeting will be held on the evening of July 4, in the convention building.

A band will be in attendance at the opening of the convention, and after that people's party clubs will furnish music. Max Meyer will provide pianos and organs for the stage.

The national central committee will have headquarters in the Bee building.

The railroads will be requested to pass all first class uniformed bands to this city on the fourth.

Cards bearing the names of the states will be placed in the hall to designate the various delegations.

The committee of Omaha citizens who have the arrangements in charge met with the national committee and assisted in completing the arrangements. A bond of \$25,000 was made out and signed by Paul Vandervoort, Gen. Van Wyck and others to insure the carrying out of the provisions on the part of the people of Omaha.

Seats will be reserved for the 1776 delegates first. Then of the other 5,000 seats the Omaha people will have 1,500 at their disposal, and the remainder will be under control of the national committee.

Speaking of the reunion of the "blue and the gray," Mr. Davis said that the blue and the gray were going to have a reunion during the convention, and

## NO MORE BISHOPS NOW.

The Methodist General Conference Decides to Make No Additions.

## A PLEA FOR THE WOMEN.

A Resolution Introduced Looking to Her Admission as a Lay Delegate—Completion of Memorial Services.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Bishop Hurst presided and Dr. Bills of Genesee conference led the devotional exercises in the Methodist conference yesterday.

A resolution was introduced by the North German conference calling for a more satisfactory juvenile school paper than those now published by the church.

Dr. Hargis offered a resolution to make those paragraphs in the discipline, viz: 35 to 65 inclusive, referring to the plan of lay delegation and representation the statutory basis of lay representation.

Looking After the Army and Navy. Dr. Swindell offered a resolution declaring that the army and navy of the United States should be instructed in religion and good morals, and asking congress to provide a competent and sufficient number of chaplains for that purpose.

The secretary of war was especially requested to consider the subject. The resolution also recommended that a board of three bishops be appointed by the conference to pass upon the qualifications of all Methodist preachers desiring to accept the position of chaplain in the army or navy; also that the president of the United States and the secretary of war be requested to refuse all applications from Methodists who could not furnish the recommendation of this board of bishops and call on a chaplain.

Another clause was introduced protesting against the proposed change in the army rules by which the chaplain would be employed the same as teamsters, cooks, etc. Another clause provides for the appointment of a committee of twenty-five from the Methodist church to consider the steps most expedient to secure a more efficient chaplaincy in the army and navy.

Dr. Carman of Canada, the fraternal delegate from the Canadian Methodist church, being obliged to leave for home gave the conference a parting word. Bishop Hurst responded.

A resolution was adopted by which no resolutions or memorials will be received from committees after May 18. Another resolution intended to shut off all reports after May 28 was offered, but laid on the table. Another resolution to adjourn the conference sine die on May 26 was defeated by a vote of 211 to 165.

Plea for the Women. Dr. Ridgeway, for the Woman's National council, presented a ringing resolution asking the general conference to come out squarely in favor of the admission of women into the legislative councils of the church and to declare that there was no such thing as sex in the church of the living God. Referred to the committee on lay delegation.

A resolution came in stating that the names of two women had been reported as desiring to be members of the annual conference and called on the conference to refer the matter to the judiciary committee that the law of the church upon the eligibility of women as lay delegates might be freely and plainly expounded. The resolution was referred to the judiciary committee. This was heartily applauded as the first indication of a victory for the women.

The completion of the memorial services begun on Friday, was then taken up. Bishop Bowman presided. Bishop Foss offered prayer. The first memorial read was that of Rev. Christian Blynn by Rev. George Able.

The memoir of Rev. George Hare, D. D., was read by Dr. James M. King of New York.

The memoir of Rev. M. M. Bovard, D. D., was presented by Rev. W. S. Matthews, D. D., of California.

The memoir of Rev. R. C. Smart, D. D., was read by Rev. L. R. Fisk, D. D., of Albion college.

Dr. Rankin from California read the memoir of Capellor Hartson. The memoirs were all adopted as read.

No More Bishops. The fight over the episcopacy began by a contest between Dr. Buckley and Dr. Neely as to which should get the floor. Dr. Buckley wanted to present the report of the committee on episcopacy, while Dr. Neely wanted the report held off until Tuesday. Dr. Buckley won his point and was greeted by applause.

The first part of the report recommended that Bishops Taylor and Thurn be retained as missionary bishops in Africa and India. That part of the report was adopted without discussion.

The committee further reported that none of the present bishops should be declared to be ineffective for work, although it was probable that their advancing years would prevent their giving the active service during the next quadrennium that they had in the past. The clause was adopted.

Regarding the matter of increasing the number of bishops the committee reported adversely, and no sooner had the report been submitted than Dr. Wilson of Oregon moved that the matter be made a special order.

The previous question was ordered and Dr. Wilson's motion was sustained. The report of the committee recommending that no more bishops be elected, the opposition refraining from voting.

The fourth part of the report recommended that no colored bishops be elected for the present and that no more bishops were needed at present and when the time should arrive to increase the number the question of color should not be considered in the election of bishops. The fitness and qualifications of the men and the necessity of having more bishops elected were the only questions that should enter into the problem of episcopal election. Adopted.

The report touching the election of a colored bishop was adopted.

Then the last part of the report came in recommending that all the present episcopal residences be retained and episcopal residences be located at Detroit, Mich., in the state of Washington and in Japan and Europe.

A long wrangle ensued over an effort to divide the question.

The report was so amended as to provide for an episcopal residence at Detroit and one in the state of Washington and adopted.

## DEPOSITORS IN RARE LUCK.

The People's Savings Bank of Atchison Will Pay Out in Full.

ATCHISON, Kan., May 17.—Judge Eaton, of the district court, ordered John C. Tomlinson, receiver of the People's Savings bank, to accept the proposition of the directors of the United States National bank to purchase the remaining assets of the former institution for a sum sufficient to pay the \$7,000 expenses of the receiver and the balance due depositors, amounting to \$27,000. The assets aggregate \$32,000. Payment of depositors in full will be commenced May 20. The liabilities of the People's Savings bank at the time of the failure, less than two years ago, aggregated \$100,000. Enough has already been realized from the assets to pay eight 10 per cent. dividends to depositors.

## DROPPED OUT OF SIGHT.

Captain P. W. Egan of the Vessel Owners' Association Mysteriously Disappears From View in Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 17.—There has been much suppressed excitement and anxiety among members of the Vessel Owners' association in Chicago and Cleveland for several days past over the mysterious disappearance of Captain P. W. Egan. Captain Egan and Captain Biemel came to Chicago, having been especially selected to manage the Vessel Owners' shipping office here in opposition to the Seaman's union. Two or three days after their arrival, just when arrangements had been completed for opening the office, Captain Egan turned up missing and has not been heard from for six days and six nights. His clothes and effects are in the room just as he left them on the morning he was last seen. He is known to have had \$800 on his person and foul play is feared. Enemies of the Seaman's union intimated that the committees of that organization had induced Egan to desert his post or had scared him into fleeing from the field, but these intimations are scouted.

Against "Cryptogram" Donnelly. CHICAGO, May 17.—Ignatius Donnelly, Alliance candidate for president, and author of "The Great Cryptogram," was defeated in Judge Blodgett's court in a suit with his publishers. The firm is R. S. Peale & Co., of this city, who had the contract for printing and circulating Mr. Donnelly's book. Mr. Donnelly secured a loan from Peale & Co., of \$4,000 five years ago. The book was not the success that was expected and the result was that Peale & Co., were \$1,000 out. They began suit for the amount and interest and Judge Blodgett entered judgment against Donnelly for \$5,275.90. The judgment was entered on Donnelly's failure to file affidavits of merits.

Mr. Donnelly's claim was that Peale & Co. could not recover, that they had already realized the amount on sales of the book, or if they had not, it was because they had failed to push the sale of the publication.

Three Men Drowned at Crete. CRETE, Neb., May 17.—William Bienhoff, Nelson Packard and Joseph Woodard, all men of families, were drowned in the Blue river at the City roller mill. Bienhoff was a professional fisherman of this city. He attempted to cross the river in his boat and was carried over the dam. Packard and Woodard jumped into the boat to assist the drowning man. When they reached the middle of the stream, below the dam, the suction upset the boat and both disappeared in the flood. The body of Bienhoff has been recovered.

Against Fourth Class Postmasters. WASHINGTON, May 17.—The court of claims decided adversely to a large class of fourth class postmasters, who had sued the government for increased salary based upon an act of congress which authorized the postmaster general to readjust the salaries of fourth class postmasters, but which adjustment had never taken place. They tendered their accounts on the basis of the readjustment and when the government refused to pay the increased salary suit was instituted.

An Engine Explodes. HOT SPRINGS, S. D., May 17.—As train 45 on the Burlington road was running between Edgemont and Newcastle the boiler exploded without warning. Fireman Rhinehart was instantly killed and Engineer Wilson was so badly injured that he will die. Brakeman Woodberry, who was on the engine, was also severely injured. The cause of the explosion is not yet known.

Plantation Territory Covered. VICKSBURG, Miss., May 17.—The Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific railway is threatened near Delhi, La., by a flood from the big breaks at Panther Forest levee, which is coming down the Macon river, now out of its banks. This river will flood another big plantation territory in Arkansas and Louisiana.

Won the Brooklyn Handicap. NEW YORK, May 17.—Trainer Green B. Morris, won the rich Brooklyn handicap at the Gravesend track with his good horse Judge Morrow, who had behind him when the winning post was passed some of the best handicap horses in the country.

Richmond Terminal Reorganization. NEW YORK, May 17.—After a session lasting three hours the Richmond Terminal Reorganization company formally announced that the plan to reorganize the road proposed by them was a failure and they declared it imperative.

Perished in an Oil Work. BERLIN, May 17.—The Vokes oil works have been destroyed by fire, involving a loss of 2,000,000 marks. Two men are missing and supposed to have perished in the flames.

Crops in England. LONDON, May 17.—The Mark Lane Express says the crops in England are backward and it is doubtful whether there will be a full yield of any cereal. Much rain is wanted.

A Colored Victor. CORSEY ISLAND, N. Y., May 17.—Godfrey defeated Lannon in the fourth round.

## AGRICULTURAL INQUIRY.

Important Investigation to Be Undertaken by the Senate.

## WHY PRICES HAVE FALLEN

All Questions Bearing on the Subject Will Be Thoroughly Examined by the Committee—Census Bureau Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The senate committee on agriculture is about to enter upon one of the most important and comprehensive investigations ever suggested in congress. It is nothing less than an inquiry into the causes of declining prices for certain agricultural products, the influence of crop reports in speculation and in general the consideration of agriculture, and whether such conditions can be changed favorably by legislative enactment. A resolution to this effect passed the senate on April 19. The resolution authorizes Senator Paddock's committee to sit during the recess and sessions of the senate, and to send for persons and papers. The southern senators who view with dismay the fall in the price of cotton, are particularly anxious to prove that the result is due to the decreased prices of silver.

A plan was formulated for the investigation, which will result in a most comprehensive inquiry, under Senator Paddock's supervision, through various subcommittees. It will include the investigation of the conditions of all staple crops present and prospective, soil and climate conditions, average yield per acre, facilities of transportation to primary markets, annual production and consumption, present and prospective competition and methods of marketing. The question whether fictitious dealing in staple products tends to depress prices will also be considered. Cost of lands, machinery and plants, loss of soil, quantities of products, prices, culture, uses, diversification of farming industry, irrigation as a possible factor in increasing prices and all correlative subjects will be fully discussed.

Western Penisons. WASHINGTON, May 17.—The following list of pensions was granted: Nebraska: Original—V. Walter Owen, Charles Brink, Sylvester Harmon, J. F. Ankrum, Henry J. Sturgeon, Mattas Daviels, Amos Harrison, William Lessig, Asa Lincoln, Samuel W. Jackson, Frederick Stanley, William Johnson, James E. Edging, Edwin J. Gardner, John Smith, Daniel Kleinsmith, Frederick W. Kreinheder, Lucius Augustus Munger, John W. Hawk. Additional—George Pratt, Chester Banister, Increase—Wilder E. Wells, Jasper N. Jones, Reissno—George W. Linton, Original, widows, etc.—Fannie E. Graham.

South Dakota: Original—Charles W. Traux, George B. Leighton, Andrew J. McConnyhy. Additional—Timothy Cole, Ferguson Anderson. Original, widows, etc.—Charlotte Norton.

Wyoming: Original—George W. Pingree.

Census Bureau Inquiry. WASHINGTON, May 17.—J. A. Collins, an employe of the farms, loans and mortgage division of the census bureau, who had testified that political pressure had been applied for the purpose of the bureau by census takers in salaries and dismissal of competent persons to make room for persons who had influence, resumed his testimony before the census office investigation committee and explained in some detail how it occurred. He said that \$1,000,000 had been appropriated for the mortgage division, and a part of the money had been used in the work of getting statistics of population. It was common report that when persons wanted more pay they went to their congressmen instead of to the chief of the division in the office.

Willing to Act as Arbitrators. WASHINGTON, May 17.—Justice Harlan and Senator Morgan formally notified the president of their willingness to serve as arbitrators on behalf of the United States in the Bering sea matter.

Sixth Class Rates Not to Be Raised. ST. LOUIS, May 17.—The St. Louis East Bound Traffic association held a special meeting Monday to consider a proposition made by a committee of the Frank Line and Central Traffic associations that sixth class rates, except on grain and grain products, be restored to a basis of 25 cents Chicago to New York. It was decided to refuse to raise the rates until a positive guarantee is made to the trunk lines that the lake rate from Chicago shall be maintained on the basis of the established differential.

Sugar to Be Transported Cheap. KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 17.—The River Transportation company has contracted to transport 1,000 barrels of sugar from New Orleans to this city at less than the regular rate, but at how much less is not known. This will doubtless result in a further reduction of the rate by the railroads.

Beat Brodie's Record. MEMPHIS, May 17.—Thomas A. Madden of this city, made a phenomenal dive of 149 feet from the great bridge into the Mississippi river, edging Steve Brodie's leap from the Brooklyn bridge. Madden did not drop as professionals, but leaped feet down.

Seeking to Destroy the Injunction. ATCHISON, May 17.—The state board of railroad commissioners and the interior wholesale grocers filed a motion in the district court to dissolve the temporary injunction in the Symms case.

Death of "Johnny Dobs." NEW YORK, May 17.—"Johnny" Dobs, the noted bank burglar, companion of "Red" Leary, George Wilkes and "Big Slim" Thompson, died in Bellevue hospital.

Indiana's Governor in Kansas. LAWRENCE, Kan., May 17.—The annual state meeting of the Christian church began here. Governor Ira P. Chase of Indiana will address the convention Wednesday night.

## CIRCUS TRAIN WRECKED.

Floods Undermine a Trestle and Two Are Killed.

ATCHISON, Kan., May 17.—At 2:45 a. m. a Missouri Pacific train carrying Ringling Brothers' circus went through a trestle near Concordia. Two circus employes, names unknown, were instantly killed, together with several horses. No one else was injured. The accident is attributed to floods undermining the trestle.

One Wreck Follows Another. LAWRENCE, Kan., May 17.—Near Fall Leaf a Rock Island freight train ran into the rear of a Union Pacific freight. In a few moments another freight train into the rear of the Rock Island train. Several cars were wrecked.

## THE GREAT DELUGE.

Eighteen Families Rescued from the Islands—East St. Louis Partially Inundated.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—The Mississippi river is higher today than at any time since the great flood of 1858. At Alton the water is above all previous records since 1844. The railroad tracks in East St. Louis are from one to four feet under water. The situation in St. Charles county, twenty miles above here, has reached about the worst point. A relief steamer last night rescued twelve families from Stump Island, and six families from Kitson island. Those people were on the roofs of their houses when the steamer arrived and would probably have perished in a few hours more. The current is very swift and work of rescue is attended with great difficulty. The steamer Fawn became unmanageable near St. Charles and was stranded in a wheat field half a mile from the channel of the river.

Aboutnoon a steamboat started for the island a short distance below Alton, where there are said to be sixty persons in great danger.

Granite Firms Close Their Works. BOSTON, May 17.—All of the granite firms have closed their works by a concerted prearrangement, mainly because all agreements between employe and employer date each year from Jan. 1, instead of May 1, as has been the custom. A conservative estimate places the number of locked out quarrymen at 150,000. They live near Westport, Quincy, Monson, Rockport and Milford, Mass., Concord, N. H., Hallowell, Waterville, Clark's Mills and Portland, Me., Barre, Vt., and Westley, R. I. The feeling among the granite cutters is that the present state of affairs will not last longer. They are expected to be men have been remarkably quiet and well behaved so far everywhere.

Want to Blow Up Teed's Haven. CHICAGO, Ill., May 17.—A bomb was found under the home of Dr. Teed, the pseudo-messiah on Washington Heights. After a chemical examination it was ascertained that there was no doubt of its destructive character. The bomb was made of iron cylindrical in shape, eight inches long by four inches in diameter. The bottom was plugged up with lead, while the top was covered over with a red wax substance. From the top two copper wires protruded and between the wires was a fulminating cap. It was discovered by a boy and an officer was called and removed. It is said to be an evidence that the threats against Dr. Teed are not meant to be empty.

Blown Up with Dynamite. STEEL CITY, Neb., May 17.—A dynamite bomb was exploded under the residence of J. B. Johnson. The building and contents were partially demolished. The only member of the family injured was a 10-year-old girl. The bomb exploded near her bed, and she is now deaf. Until recently the house was occupied by a notorious family, and it is believed that the person responsible for the explosion had moved out, and merely intended to frighten them into leaving.

The Texas Kind of Duel. FORT WORTH, Tex., May 17.—H. C. Russell and W. H. Coffman, commercial travelers, had a shooting scrape in which the former was killed. The latter seriously wounded. During Coffman's absence on the road Russell annoyed the handsome Mrs. Coffman with his attentions. On the husband's return she told him. They went to Russell's boarding house and demanded an apology, which was refused, and the shooting commenced with the result stated. Mrs. Coffman claims to have fired the fatal shot.

Young Blomack's Wedding. VIENNA, May 17.—Count Herbert Blomack arrived here on his way to Fimmo to visit his fiancée, the Countess Hayes. The marriage will take place in this city on June 23. The imperial family and most of the diplomatic corps will be present, and it is said that Emperor William has signified his intention to send a prince of Hohenzollern to represent him at the wedding.

Dealers in Oleomargarine Guilty. PITTSBURG, May 17.—In the criminal court nearly one hundred oleomargarine dealers pled guilty of violating the laws. All but eighty have now been before the court and these are expected to plead guilty. If they do not District Attorney Burleigh says they will be put on the list for speedy trial.

Kept a Mob at Bay. NEWARK, O., May 17.—David Holler, a wealthy farmer, shot his wife, inflicting a serious wound. An attempt was made to capture him but he barricaded himself in the house and held thirty men at bay with a gun. A rifle, two revolvers and a razor. One man dared to go into the house.

Missouri Woman's Mission Workers. NEVADA, May 17.—The woman's mission of the Southwest conference met with about 100 delegates present from Jefferson City, Booneville, Springfield, Lexington and other points of the state.

Woolen Cloth House Falls. CHICAGO, May 17.—Denis Leahy & Co., wholesale dealers in woolen cloths, failed. The liabilities are estimated at \$100,000; assets nominally the same.

## NEBRASKA NOTES.

Aurora has but one saloon under \$1,500 license. Stella has organized a Business Men's Association. Alliance has raised her saloon license from \$20 to \$500. The Douglas county hospital was damaged \$25,000 by setting fire.

Gage and Johnson counties are trying unite and build a normal school. Bishop Newman, of Omaha, will be one of the speakers at the Beatrice Chautauque this year.

There is a project on foot toward the construction of a commodious opera house at Silver City.

Mrs. George Agnew, of Pawnee City, was suddenly seized with convulsions and died in a few hours.

A company of Sioux City capitalists is contemplating the erection of a big distillery near Crystal Lake.

Grand Island is making great preparations to entertain the Nebraska Pharmaceutical association in June.

Superior people hear of a rumor that the old Omaha, Superior and Kansas Central scheme has been revived.

A movement is on foot to organize a driving association. The plan is to build a driving park and race track.

A number of families at Dewitt were poisoned by eating head cheese bought of a local butcher. All recovered.

Madison county's fair will be held September 20, 21, 22 and 23. Liberal trotting and running purses will be offered.

The Nebraska State Press association will hold a meeting at Norfolk, May 23, which members hope to make a great success.

The stockholders of the Nemaha Valley district fair have decided to rebuild their buildings and to place 300 more shares of stock on the market.

Real estate and newspaper men of Hitchcock, Hayes, Chase and Dundy counties propose a meeting to form an immigration association.

Articles of incorporation have been filed of a company for the erection of a brewery, and to transact the real estate business in South Sioux City. The capital stock is \$100,000.

Boone county is having a county seat fight, and it appears to be between Albion, the present location, and Cedar Rapids, the latter offering \$75,000 to the county for the coveted prize.

Randolph's election on the proposition to bond the city in the sum of \$5,000 for ardentian wells was a gratifying surprise to many who had expected opposition, the bonds carrying by a vote of 57 to 8.

Rev. W. V. Chapin, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian churches at Ansley and Litchfield, has become insane and is in an asylum at Winnebago, Wis. Brain fever, preceded by watching at his sister's bedside, is the cause.

Omaha capitalists have closed a deal for the head of buffalo, owned by C. J. Jones, of McCook. The price paid is \$7,000. The herd consists of forty-two full blood buffalo with calves and sixteen half bloods.

A cornmeal mill will be built in Tallmage in the near future. It was decided by the leaders in this movement that \$10,000 would be subscribed to insure the establishment of the mill, and \$8,000 has already been subscribed.

Junilia is having a roaring time over her proposed saloon. Though a license board was elected, except one member, every effort to secure a license is promptly contested by the temperance people, and flaws are always found to sustain their content.

A 7-year-old boy of P. C. Christenson, near Curtis discovered a prairie fire approaching. There was no time to give the alarm, and he took off first cap, then coat, vest and pants and fought the fire. Before help arrived the boy was badly burned, but still fighting.

At Barre, Boyd county, George W. Wilkinson was executed for killing Captain Dodge at Dodge's Ferry. The jury was out forty eight hours. The plea of self-defense was advanced by Wilkinson. The quarrel which led to the shooting was over the title to a piece of land.

The Burlington and Missouri has secured sixteen acres of land two miles east of Barton, with a purpose of using the earth for ballast on the roadbed between Lincoln and Hastings. The process of manufacture is roasting the earth with slack coal in kilns much like the burning of lime. Three ovens will be in use at one time and the company will employ 100 men.

G. G. Bally of Bloomington reports that he has lost a great number of cattle this spring, among them four head of his fallow cattle. A disease among cattle seems to be prevalent this spring in that locality. Some parties have lost as high as forty head. This disease is a new one and no remedy as yet has been discovered to prevent its spreading.

Walter Hamilton was killed some fifteen miles south of Hyannis while digging for wolves. Hamilton had dug a trench ten feet underground in order to reach the wolves, when the earth caved in upon him, and when rescued life was extinct. Hamilton had a widowed mother at Bartley who did not receive the intelligence of her son's death until after his burial. Ex-County Clerk MacInch had started to go into the den when the earth caved in.

David Remaly, an old farmer living three miles east of Papillion, became violently insane and arming himself with a long carving knife and an iron rod attempted to kill his daughter and showed violence to all who approached. He later started across the country. His neighbors intercepted him, when he made a vicious attack on Farmer Gallagher, slashing him across the head with the knife. Gallagher disarmed him and with the aid of others brought him to town.

Law Spels, the well known David City cattle man, left for Boston with one of four tons of cattle which were loaded respectively at David City, Staplehurst, Ulysses and South Omaha and which will be shipped from Boston for Liverpool. The shipment consists of 1,105 head of export cattle and will be accompanied by a force of forty-two men under the charge of John H. Wallwork, one of the best known men at the South Omaha yards. The cattle will reach their destination about June 1.

Some one had placed a dynamite cartridge on the doorstep of a house occupied by J. B. Johnson and family at Steele City. The explosion wrecked one side of the house, destroying part of the furniture and demolishing the windows. Johnson had just moved into the house that evening and he lost no time in moving out again. None of his family was seriously injured. A disreputable man, who had been making one of his headquarters at Steele City, and it is believed that the party firing the shot had not heard of the change.