

# Garza Alliance

VOL. III.

LINCOLN, NEB., THURSDAY, FEB. 18, 1892.

NO. 36.

For the FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

**Shawanda.**  
A myriad diamond points  
On the snowfield shine for me,  
Like a mirroring of stars  
On a white ethereal sea;  
A faithful Will-o'-the-wisp  
The German's weird iridescence,  
O they sparkle as they list,  
Of the yellow sunbeams knit.  
The canyon is a quarry  
Holding beds of marble snow,  
With the spirit of the summer  
In its cold gray living low;  
All the weaves and willows mourn,  
Sculptured shrouds so long have worn,  
And where'er our glances turn  
Tapers gleam from some frost fern.  
Isleis crystal peadants  
Hang, a silver fringe, from caves:  
In his snow encrusted cavern  
The wild Coyote grieves;  
And the loon-while come lying by,  
Each a cream-white ribbon tie,  
One their tragic fate may be  
With the Red man's destiny.  
A sun dog on the hill  
Watches till the sun goes down:  
Night unfurls so white a pinion  
We fear no more her frown:  
All the orchard is a blo m,  
Every spray a feather plume;  
To our hearts sweetest comes,  
Birds and blossoms, love and home  
Isleis gleam from some frost fern.

**"The Honest Dollar."**  
Heard ye the wall, the loud travail,  
That comes o'er the briny deep,  
That laborer's of the food and sleep,  
That lie: "The Honest Dollar."  
Go ye where the superstition old  
Makes night the right and wealth the power;  
Where labor at the feet of Gold  
In misery lives its stilled hour:  
Where wealth in riot sated the bread  
That's sadly earned by struggling toiler;  
With liberty and justice dead—  
There worship they "The Honest Dollar."  
When speculation, greed and gain  
With tyrant's tools to wrong and plunder,  
Sought to enslave this broad domain  
With lordling curse, that home despoiler,  
Then patriots' money made  
The Hessians fought "The Honest Dollar."  
See the old parties, at their work,  
Earning their golden crown and collar,  
Whipping in shreds the bloody shirt,  
Hiding their steals of "Honest Dollar."  
Now, untid, hear their sing  
The great Republican King,  
Sing the praise of "Honest Dollar."  
S. C. INGRAM.

## POLITICAL POINTERS.

**Senator Hill in the Lead in New York.**  
Secretary Tracy for Second Place.  
Louisiana Democrats.  
ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 16.—Of the 284 delegates to be selected to attend the Democratic state convention 276 delegates are out of New York and Kings county. At the headquarters of Senator Hill at the Delavan house, it was given out that 123 delegates outside of New York and Kings county had already been selected, of whom 130 are for Senator Hill. The remaining delegates will be elected on various days this week. The delegates from Albany county will be elected Saturday.

**Tracy for Second Place.**  
NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—A Philadelphia dispatch says that Vice President Morton had a talk with President Harrison on Friday and told him that he would not be a candidate again, but if it would be necessary to put a New York man on the ticket, he suggested Secretary Tracy. This suggestion, it is said, was favorably received by the president.

**Louisiana Democrats.**  
NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 16.—The Democratic state central committee met at noon. There was a large audience and a lengthy executive session was held, the object being to secure a general interchange of views among the members. The desire for harmony was unanimous. Resolutions were unanimously adopted ratifying all that the state executive had done.

## WAR ON CIGARETTES.

**Mississippi's Legislature Sees an Evil and Adopts a Stringent Remedy.**  
JACKSON, Miss., Feb. 16.—Both branches of the legislature passed a law making it unlawful for any person to sell, barter or give away cigarettes, smoking or chewing tobacco or snuff to any child under the age of 18 unless authorized in writing by the parent or guardian of said child, under a penalty of \$20 to \$100 fine or imprisonment of not less than one or not more than three months, or both. The house went still further and passed the following: "If a person shall smoke a cigarette, or tobacco, or other substance rolled in paper, in any public hall, hotel, court house, or any other public building, or near any cotton yard, gin house, stable or barn, or near where any cotton, hay, fodder or other combustible material is placed or stored, or any railroad car or other conveyance, or near any manufacturing establishment, or in any town or warehouse, he shall suffer the penalties above described forthwith." The house passed a resolution directing the governor to extend an invitation to D. B. Hill of New York to address the legislature on any subject he may select between now and the 4th of March.

## National Educators.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 16.—The National Education association began their annual meeting and will continue in session three days. The regular proceedings opened with the reading of a paper by Henry Raab, superintendent of education of Illinois, on "The Rural School Problem." General discussion followed.

**The Reichstag.**  
BERLIN, Feb. 16.—The Reichstag adopted a resolution recommending a reduction of the number of senators in the streets of Berlin. Chancellor Caprivi, speaking of the charge that soldiers were cruelly treated, admitted that the Bavarian system of public trials for military offenses was superior to the Prussian in its influence upon the treatment of the men in the ranks. The press, however, he said, was guilty of a serious error in fostering distrust of the officers on the part of the public and the men of the army.

## FOR FREE BINDING TWINE

A Bill Agreed Upon by the Democrats of a House Committee.

## REPORT OF THE MINORITY.

Anti-Silver Committeemen Give Reasons for Opposing the Bland Bill—Reciprocity Negotiations with Canada Terminated.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The Democrats of the ways and means committee decided to report a bill placing upon the free list "all binding twine manufactured in whole or in part from tampico fiber, jute, manilla, sisal grass or sunn." The original bill upon this subject was introduced by Representative Bryan of Nebraska and this gentleman was the chairman of the sub-committee which prepared the committee bill agreed upon.

The silver men have secured upwards of 120 Democratic signatures to their petition asking that the rules committee bring in a special order for the silver bills. There are 238 Democrats in the house so the silver men have secured a majority. They say they have received assurances from members of the rules committee that they would do what was shown to be the will of a majority of the Democrats in the house, but it is not likely that the committee will meet for some days, as the speaker is sick and Mr. Catcheside is absent from the city. It is probable that a special order on the tariff will be brought in at practically the same time as the order relative to silver.

When the committee of ways and means met the three bills agreed upon by a majority of the committee placing wool, binding twine, cotton bagging and cotton ties on the free list and reducing the duty on manufactured wooden goods, were laid before it for action by Chairman Springer. Mr. Burrows, on behalf of the Republican members, asked why they had not been asked to attend the meetings of the sub-committee to discuss the bills, and Springer replied that a majority thought such a course unnecessary. He was satisfied that the members were fully aware of the provisions of the bills. Burrows called for a ye and nay vote upon the approval of the bills and they were approved by a strict party vote.

## Reciprocity Negotiations Terminated.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The commission considering the question of commercial reciprocity between the United States and Canada adjourned without, as far as can be ascertained, accomplishing any practical result. The Canadian commissioners were not empowered to agree to any basis of reciprocal trade relations, and as the United States did not wish to discuss matters with an "irresponsible" commission, Lord Salisbury was asked on Saturday to confer upon them the power they lacked. The sudden termination of the negotiations has a meaning that the British government refused to empower the commission with authority to conclude a reciprocal commercial treaty and that the negotiation of such a treaty, if continued, will be conducted in London between Messrs. Lincoln and Lord Salisbury. General Foster, who with Secretary Blaine, conducted the negotiations on the part of the United States, declined to say what conclusion, if any, was reached by the commission.

## Against Free Silver.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The report of the minority members of the committee on coinage, weights and measures against the passage of the Bland free coinage bill is signed by Messrs. Tracy of New York, Taylor of Illinois, Stone of Pennsylvania, Williams of Massachusetts and Johnson of North Dakota. The minority in their report review the silver question, protest vigorously against the Bland bill and recommend the passage of a measure authorizing the president to invite an international monetary conference. The report says the first eight lines of the Bland bill develop its purpose. They provide for two different dollars and a compulsion on the citizen to receive either in payment of debts due him.

## Springer's Free Wool Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The majority of the committee on ways and means agreed upon the full text of the bill proposed by Chairman Springer to admit wool free of duty and to reduce the tariff on manufactured woolen goods.

## Bering Sea Matters.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The agents considering the Bering sea matters continued their session at the state department.

## Bank President Sentenced.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 16.—Last year the McNab bank at Euftana, the oldest and most trusted bank in Alabama, broke under sensational circumstances. The money was not accounted for. The president, Major Reeves, who was a son-in-law of the founder and a Baptist preacher, was indicted for embezzlement and at the trial just closed he was convicted. The trial lasted a week and the term is for five years. Reeves lost the money in speculations in stocks and timber lands.

## Robber Sly Pleads Guilty.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 16.—At Clayton, St. Louis county, Adelbert E. Sly pleaded guilty in the criminal court to the robbery of the express car at Glendale, Mo., Nov. 30 last. Sentence was deferred until the trial of Hedspeith and wife, who are charged with complicity in the robbery.

## CURTIS ON THE STAND.

The Accused Actor Makes a Good Willness on His Own Behalf.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—The trial of Actor Curtis for murder was made noteworthy by an outline of the defense and the testimony of the actor himself. John Wilson, district attorney, opened for Curtis. Curtis then took the stand and told almost identically the story outlined by Wilson. He added at the conclusion of his statement in a most emphatic manner: "I did not kill Officer Grant; did not fire my pistol that night; in fact, my pistol was at home." Then a pistol was shown him and he recognized it as his. He bought it to use in "Sam'l of Posen." Curtis added that he carried his money in a leather bag in his hip pocket. This money he had not disturbed that night, as some one else paid for his drinks. Cross-examination did not shake Curtis' testimony in any detail. Attorney Kowalsky testified to meeting Curtis on the morning after the shooting. The first thing Curtis did was to solemnly assure Kowalsky that he had not shot Grant. Kowalsky also told of the call which Mullins and Twomey made on him. They wanted to know what there was in it for Curtis. Kowalsky said: "I then said they could do nothing, and then one said they would show the row and heard the shooting. Then two men, one with a light overcoat and one with a dark overcoat ran away." Despite objection this evidence was admitted. After some testimony as to Curtis' good character court adjourned. It was a field day for the actor, for if he can sustain his story he cannot be convicted.

## SCARED MRS. SNELL.

Dynamiters Demand \$2,000 and Threaten to Blow Her Up Unless It Is Forthcoming.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—About four weeks ago Mrs. Snell, widow of the millionaire murdered by Tascott, received a letter which ran as follows:  
MADAM: Unless you send us the sum of \$2,000 we shall take steps to murder you. We will blow you up with dynamite some day when you are stepping into your carriage to take your morning ride. Now, treat us fairly and we will treat you the same. If you accept this offer insert a personal in the paper (naming a daily paper) saying, "Send for your hat, G. D." We will take this as evidence that you intend to deal with us in good faith.

The letter was not signed and there was not the slightest clue to indicate the identity of the man who sent the missive, but it threw Mrs. Snell into a spasm of fright. She at once placed the letter in the hands of A. J. Stone, her son-in-law, who promptly notified Inspector Marsh. Two detectives were sent to the house and after a search there for a week, during which time nothing occurred that would throw any light on the matter. Finally the "fly cops" were called off. On the evening of the day the detectives left a messenger came to the house with a missive in the same handwriting as the previous one, containing the suggestion that the \$2,000 had better send "the hat" (the \$2,000) by the bearer. This created a commotion and the police were notified. The boy was thoroughly pumped, but could only say that the man who engaged him was a shabbily dressed young man. There is no clue.

## THE PREACHER IS ON TOP.

He Has Secured the Indictment of the Men Who Sheared His Horses.

FORT DODGE, Ia., Feb. 16.—The Rev. Mr. Brink, pastor of the Congregational church at Elmer, has come out ahead in an encounter with a number of saloon men.

The preacher aroused the enmity of the liquor sellers by his active work in prosecuting them. One morning he found all the hair on the tails of his horses sheared off. A light snow had fallen and the marauders left a well-defined trail, which the preacher followed, finally corraling his enemies in a barn, with the evidence of their work in plain sight.

The result was the indictment of Henry Merceness, Frank Benway, Will Ostrander and Owen Madden for malicious conduct.

## Colonel Hernandez.

MONTREY, Mex., Feb. 16.—A strong military guard will leave here to-day with Colonel Neives Hernandez for the City of Mexico, where the prisoner who is now under sentence to be shot for alleged complicity in the Garza revolutionary movement will be given a hearing and the trial to the military court. The friends of Hernandez are making a powerful effort to have the sentence commuted and it is the general opinion that President Diaz will intercede in his behalf if the sentence is affirmed by the court last resort. If the prisoner does not receive clemency he will be returned to the city to have the sentence carried out.

## Ex-Treasurer Noted.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 16.—The criminal division of the supreme court advanced the case of the state against ex-Treasurer Ed. T. Noland, and set it for hearing early in April. This means that the case will be decided not later than June and probably in May. The ex-treasurer is under sentence of two years in the penitentiary and is out on bond. There is scarcely a doubt that the sentence of the lower court will be affirmed.

## Fair Changes His Bequests.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—Owing to the death of his eldest son, ex-Senator Fair changed his will and bequeathed to three orphan asylums \$500,000. To the Catholic orphan asylum of this city he bequeathed \$200,000. This is in remembrance of his late wife, who was a Catholic. Fair himself is a Protestant. To the Protestant asylums of this city he bequeathed \$300,000, and to the Hebrew orphan asylum he gives \$100,000.

## National Real Estate Congress.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 16.—Already special cars are coming in with delegates to the national real estate congress which meets here Wednesday for a three day session. Over 1,000 delegates will be present from every part of the United States. The special car from Buffalo, Chicago, Milwaukee, Cincinnati and St. Louis alone contain 400 delegates. Hon. Ben Butterworth of Ohio, and Colonel A. K. McClure of Philadelphia are the speakers of the occasion.

## SUFFOCATED IN A MINE.

Three Men Buried Beneath a Mass of Earth and Rock.

## WOOLEN MILLS BURNED.

A Big Cylinder Blows Through Five Floors of a Philadelphia Hotel—Train Wreckers at Work in Texas—Sunk on the Mississippi.

ASTEN, Colo., Feb. 16.—The Mollie Gibson mine was the scene of a terrible accident, which caused the death of three men, a fourth man escaping by mere chance. The men were enlarging the shaft, and in order to get rid of the dirt and rock they bulkheaded the shaft at the fourth level and made a chute to a lower part of the adjoining workings. The chute became choked up and water was poured on the shale and rock in it to make it move. Through carelessness of some one the men stood on the mass of dirt, taking no precaution for their safety. The body of dirt and rock suddenly started down the chute, carrying Michael Egger, aged 24; W. L. Sharp, aged 24, and Michael Caples, aged 35, with it. They were entirely covered with the slide and suffocated. William Bailey was also on the pile of dirt, but caught hold of a timber in the roof and saved his life. Egger leaves a wife and six children; the other men are unmarried.

## Blown Through Five Floors.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 16.—A cast iron cylinder weighing 1,400 pounds was hurled at noon by the force of an explosion of ammonia from the cellar to the roof of the Commonwealth hotel. The cylinder was one used in the manufacture of artificial ice, and owing to the weakness of the lower cap it blew out. The huge tube crashed through five floors and landed on the roof. No one was killed. Wilson Cornman, the chief clerk of the hotel, was deluged with hot ammonia and almost suffocated and was struck with flying debris. Joseph and George, the engine men, also burned by the ammonia, but not seriously. The stairway to the basement was damaged by fire and the double doors and windows on the Court avenue side of the hotel were blown to pieces. The big tank in its progress tore out joists and floorings like a cannon ball. On its way through the kitchen it lifted a colored man to the ceiling without injury.

## Insane Asylum Burned.

JACKSON, Feb. 16.—At 4 o'clock a. m. a lunatic confined in the state asylum here, set fire to his bed clothing. The flames spread rapidly and in a short time the greater part of the huge building was in ruins. About one-third of the main building was saved besides the kitchen and store room. All the inmates were gotten out safely, with the exception of the unfortunate engine men, who started the fire. He was burned to death. Loss, about \$300,000. The inmates will be temporarily taken care of in the new addition recently erected for the care of colored lunatics.

## Fatalities of Friday's Gale.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 16.—Reports of the loss of life by last Friday's gale continues to come in with arriving vessels. The schooner Laura lost most of her crew in the gale. The American fishing schooner, Ella Thurston, is also short four men. The schooner S. A. Duncan foundered off Green island. The ship Emanuel Swedberg was lost off Bahia, and the schooner Akabo was picked up disabled and towed into port at Turks' island by the schooner Norah.

## A Texas Wreck.

BREHMAN, Tex., Feb. 16.—The south-bound passenger train on the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe was wrecked three and a half miles north of here. The engine and five cars went off the track. The baggage, mail, express and negro coach turned completely over. But one passenger was seriously hurt. Edward Fischer was brought in a wagon and is badly hurt, it is believed internally. The wreck was caused by someone fastening a drawhead band on the rail.

## Big Wooden Mill Burned.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 16.—One of the large buildings in the group composing the plant of John and James Dobson, Falls of Schuylkill was destroyed by fire. Loss \$150,000. The building was filled with valuable machinery and blankets. Two hundred and fifty hands were employed in the building at the time the fire broke out. The employees lost nearly all their clothing, the fire spreading with such rapidity that they were unable to reach the dressing rooms. No insurance.

## Sunk on the Mississippi.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 16.—The steamer Eugene, running between this city and Arkansas river points, sank at a point five miles above Helena, Ark., on the Mississippi river. No lives were lost. She was loaded with cotton, principally for Memphis parties, and together with the cargo was valued at \$15,000.

## Five Fishermen Drowned.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—A fishing boat has foundered off New Castle, and five of its occupants were drowned. The weather is cold and a heavy snow is falling. The weather is very thick in the English channel and maritime disasters are feared.

## Western Farm Mortgage Company.

DENVER, Colo., Feb. 16.—Judge Allen decided that the levies made on the Western Farm Mortgage Trust company when the company first became embarrassed were illegal as to all property, but the office furniture. This gives the receiver possession of all securities, money, etc., in the safe. The question of the appointment of a new receiver will soon be argued.

## Blaine Divorce Proceedings.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Feb. 16.—The contempt proceedings in the Blaine divorce case against the defendant, J. G. Blaine, Jr., have been postponed until the 20th inst. Mrs. Blaine, accompanied by her attorneys, have arrived in Deadwood.

## BOWEN-MURPHY.

The Fighting in Chicago Made Harmless by Police Regulations.

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—The match between Andy Bowen, the colored light-weight of New Orleans, and Jimmy Murphy of Chicago, at the Second regiment armory, was a tame affair. Police Captain Fitzpatrick would not allow a referee or seconds and made the men box with gloves as big as snow shovels. He scared Bowen so that the yellow fighter refused to make a lead in the earlier rounds. In the first round Murphy landed a straight punch on Bowen's nose and had the best of the round. In the second, after a sharp exchange, Bowen with a half swing caught Murphy on the side of the head and knocked him down. In the third and fourth rounds Bowen kept up his retreating tactics and by forcing Murphy to lead got the best of the exchanges. The fifth, sixth and seventh rounds were quiet with Murphy doing all the leading, still and having a slight advantage. After the seventh round Bowen leaned over the ropes and said: "I am getting all the worst of it. I can't fight easy." He went into the fight hard in the eighth and got in right and left, but Murphy came back with both hands and just as the men were going lively Fitzpatrick stopped the fight.

## Wales Will Pass Through Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 16.—According to a private cable dispatch received in this city the Prince of Wales and suite of twenty-five persons will pass through Albany on May 27, en route to Ottawa. The object of the trip is unknown.

## AT BRICEVILLE.

The Situation Serious—If the Troops Are Withdrawn the Convicts Will Be Released.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 16.—The labor people at Coal Creek have been holding numerous conferences. One thing considered was the proposition made by the Tennessee Mining company to conduct the mine at Briceville on the co-operative plan. The miners have not fully decided yet what they will do.

There has been a good deal of confusion and shooting around the military camp during the week. One night wires were cut and hundreds of shots fired. The people doing this sought to frighten the militia and cause it to decamp. In this they were disappointed and the troops turned the Gatling gun loose on them and put them to flight. The miners deny that they had anything to do with the disorder and they are probably correct. The miners declare, however, that if any miners are hurt by a shot from the camp they will kill every soldier there. So far no one can tell what the outcome will be.

The state has a larger part of its standing army encamped at Coal Creek and the expense is heavy. If the troops are withdrawn the convicts will be released again. So matters stand—the miners defiant, and the state at heavy expense. Unless some compromise is made the outlook is that the operators will withdraw and turn their property over to the penitentiary and convicts be worked in all mines or else convicts be taken away and none but free miners worked by the withdrawal of the penitentiary lessees.

## LANE'S DEBTS ARE PAID NOW.

The Bondsman of the Defaulting Treasurer \$7,000 Out of Pocket.

CENTREVILLE, Ia., Feb. 16.—The bondsman of Lane, the defaulting treasurer of Appanoose county, have about completed a settlement of the business affairs of the absent but much wanted official, and after reimbursing the county and paying other claims for which they were liable, find themselves about \$7,000 out of pocket, or a little over \$1,500 loss for each. Lane's whereabouts are still unknown, though there is a belief current that he is in Central America. Several times during the year before he left Lane said to acquaintances that he had an idea that great wealth could be amassed in mining in Central America and it might be possible that he would make a trial of it some time. Nobody credits the theory that he has been foully dealt with, and his old neighbors all believe that the defaulter will yet turn up a rich man.

## Central Trust Company Joined.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—An injunction was served on the Central Trust company temporarily restraining that company from paying out any money in its hands on account of the International and Great Northern Railway company. The total amount of the coupons unpaid and accrued interest thereon is \$2,784,957. In addition to that there is an unpaid judgment in favor of Jay Gould for \$367,382. Under the plan of reorganization the Central Trust company was to redeem the unpaid coupons one half in cash and the other half in scrip. The plan, however, has not been adopted, but the coupons were to be taken up in the manner described. The injunction was obtained by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad company.

## HAD TO QUIT THE TOWN.

Henry Thompson Killed His Sister by His Faith-Cure Ideas.

LEMA, O., Feb. 16.—Henry Thompson was run out of the town for being the cause of his sister's death. He was a faith-cure exponent and refused to allow a physician to attend her when sick. As she was dying he dragged her from the bed by force and attempted to compel her to walk, telling her that all she needed was faith. She died in his arms as he was lifting her up. Great excitement was occasioned by the affair and Thompson was compelled to leave the town.

## How to Start a Fund.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 16.—The News of this city started a famine relief fund for the aid of the Russian sufferers. It heads the list with a contribution of \$1,000. A committee of ten prominent citizens has been selected, among whom are Cardinal Gibbons and Mayor LaTrobe, to receive and dispose of the contributions.

## Silver Bullion.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Silver bullion on deposit against warrants 3,662,831 ounces; certificates outstanding, 3,460.

## EUROPE AND THE FAIR.

Portugal Will Not Be Represented at Chicago.

## FANATICS MOB A CHURCH.

Maltreatment of a Protestant Congregation in Greece—The Australian Prima Donna's Divorce Case—The Morland Trial—News from Abroad.

LISBON, Feb. 16.—In consequence of the financial crisis Portugal will not take part in the world's fair at Chicago.

VIENNA, Feb. 16.—The Gazette announces that Archduke Carl Louis has been nominated patron of the Austrian section at the world's fair, while Marquis Von Baquehem, the Austrian minister of commerce, becomes president of the Austrian commission, the strongest ever appointed by Austria for any international exhibition.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The Globe says that the prospect of foreign co-operation in the Chicago Columbian exposition does not appear very bright. In the case of England, the Globe adds, the very grave feeling against the McKinley bill has not yet subsided, but it is hoped that manufacturers will not let their feelings overcome their prudent judgment. Furthermore, such an attempt at retaliation is more likely to hurt themselves than anyone else. The Americans and Germans are strenuously trying to take over commerce. The absence of British competitors would therefore be regarded more as a benefit than otherwise. It would also be regarded as an admission of defeat.

MUNICH, Feb. 16.—Applications for space at the Chicago exposition are coming in from Bavarian firms, showing considerable increase of interest in the enterprise. There have now been 135 applicants and it is expected that the number will reach 150 before the end of the present week.

## The Armstrong Divorce.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—Mrs. Malba has made application in the divorce court for a rule preventing Captain Armstrong from taking ex-parte evidence in Vienna by commission, until the court shall have decided whether or not her marriage to him came within English jurisdiction, inasmuch as it was celebrated in Australia, where the marriage laws are different from those in England, and inasmuch, also, as neither of the parties have been domiciled in England. Mrs. Malba's lawyers declare that the proceedings in Vienna were an afterthought on the part of Captain Armstrong and that they are intended only to arouse prejudice against this lady, from whom he is seeking a divorce. Mrs. Malba's professional career does not seem to have been at all tarnished by the divorce proceedings. She is now considering an offer of £300 a night for a six months' engagement in Rome, Milan and Naples.

## Mobbed by Fanatics.

ATHENS, Feb. 16.—During the service at the Protestant church at the Piræus (the port of Athens), a mob made an attack upon the building. The mob forced their way to the interior of the building and severely maltreated the minister and the audience. They stole every thing of value in the church and then set fire to it. Before the flames could be extinguished the interior of the church was destroyed. Most of the members of the mob remained in the vicinity watching the building burn. The soldiers, after they had subdued the fire, turned their attention to the authors of the vandalism and they succeeded in arresting many of them. It is believed that the prisoners will be severely punished.

## Military Men on the Mexican Border Amused at the Garza Reports.

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—"To the military men along the Mexican frontier the warlike dispatches published in the north regarding the Garza matter afford much amusement," said Colonel J. P. Martin, adjutant general of the department of Texas, U. S. A., at the Grand Pacific. "No one down there pays any attention to the Garza business," continued Colonel Martin. "There was no fighting between Garza's band and Captain Hardie's company. Some shots were exchanged, but it was through a mistake that the American soldiers ran upon Garza's people in the dark, neither party knowing the proximity of the other. The Garza pickets challenged our men, and not receiving a satisfactory answer, and ignorant of the identity of the newcomers, fired and fled. Anyway, the whole affair is about over."

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The body of E. N. Ronquillo of El Paso Tex., who recently disappeared, has been found in a trunk at Las Vegas, N. M. Missouri's legislature met in special session for the purpose of redistricting that state under the new congressional apportionment. Sarah Althea Hill-Terry, who has been declared insane, escaped from her watchers and was discovered after a long search with her old colored nurse, Mamma Pleasant.

The damage done by the fire in the cotton sheds on the Brandy-Moor dock Liverpool, and the cotton-laden steamer Ramon de Lassaigna alongside, is placed at \$500,000. The schooner yacht Rose Scarborough has been towed into Naples, Fla. She was picked up capsized off the Florida coast. All on board are supposed to have been drowned.

The unemployed workmen of Rome threaten to give trouble to the authorities. The situation has become critical and troops in the barracks are held in readiness to quell any disturbance.

The steamer Workman broke loose from her moorings at St. Louis with only three men on board. After a wild ride of ten miles the men succeeded in getting a steam and bringing the boat back to its moorings.

The Countess Von Blucher has been interviewed in regard to her marriage with the count, who recently died in New York, and declares that their marriage was a purely love affair and that he was a most ardent lover.

Henry Inyard of Philadelphia has been indicted by the grand jury in the United States district court on the charge of aiding Gideon W. Marsh, president of the Keystone National bank, in embezzling the funds of that institution.

## THE MARKETS.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.  
WHEAT—May, 91½c.  
COAL—February, 40½c; March, 40½c; May, 41½c.  
RICE—May, 31½c.  
PORK—May, \$11.87½.  
LARD—May, \$2.69½.  
HBS—May, \$4.00.

Chicago Live Stock.  
CATTLE—Estimated receipts, 3,000 head; natives, \$3.00; 2½; cows and heifers, \$2.00; Texas, \$1.00; 1.75; western, \$1.00; 1.25. Market quiet.  
HOGS—Estimated receipts, 2,000 head; Light, \$4.00; 5; mixed and medium, \$4.00; 4.00; heavy, \$4.00; 4.00; common, \$3.00; 3.00; 2.00. Market steady to 5c higher.  
SHEEP—Western, \$2.75; 2.75; native, \$3.00; 3.00; 2.00. Market steady to 5c higher.

Kansas City Live Stock.  
CATTLE—Estimated receipts, 3,000 head; shipments, 1,000. Steers were strong, 10c to 15c higher; cows strong to 10c higher; and feeders steady. Dressed beef and shipping steers, \$4.25; 4.00; cows and heifers, \$2.75; 2.50; stockers and feeders, \$1.00; 1.00.

Omaha Live Stock.  
CATTLE—Estimated receipts, 3,700 head; 1,200 to 1,600 lbs., \$3.00; 1,100 to 1,200 lbs., \$2.50; 900 to 1,100 lbs., \$2.00; 700 to 900 lbs., \$1.50; 500 to 700 lbs., \$1.00; common cows, \$1.50; 1.50; 1.00; 1.00; 1.00. Market steady to 5c higher.  
HOGS—Estimated receipts, 5,000 head; Light, \$4.00; 5; mixed, \$4.0