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### POETRY.

**The Little Brown Farm.**  
A brown little farm is over the hill  
Where the shadows are held with a song;  
Where the oriole calls to its mate by the rill  
And I find peaceful rest from the throng.  
O, the dear little farm, the queer little farm,  
The brown little farm on the hill.  
Sweet children once played on this brown  
little farm  
Now answer me this with your pen.  
"Does a mother not feel secure from harm  
"Neath the roof whence her boys grew to men?"  
O, serene little farm, you are queen little farm,  
The little brown farm on the hill.  
Here the daughters went forth, their eyes  
like the stars,  
To toil in the world's busy looms;  
Till the lights in the west from the sunset  
red bars  
Are each a lone lamp in my rooms.  
O, the glad little farm, the sad little farm,  
The little brown farm on the hill.  
—MARY BAIRD FINCH.

**Nebraska's Big Crop of '91.**  
FOR THE ALLIANCE, by Our John.  
A "drummer" came into a village store,  
As dapper as he could be,  
From his sample pack he took out a sack  
To show the merchant some tea.  
To odify those standing by,  
He spoke, and thus quoth he:  
"Dear sir, you should make your order  
large,  
For the crops are good this year,  
To drying winds there is nothing to  
charge,  
From frost is nothing to fear.  
The grangers have settled down to 'biz',  
To get out of last year's fix,  
And Nebraska's big crop of '91  
Is death to their politics."

A granger sat on an apple barrel,  
As unburied as he could be;  
With a sounding slap like a thunder clap  
He smote the patch on his knee.  
Touched to the quick by the drummer  
chick,  
He spoke and thus quoth he:  
"Tis true that the crops are good this  
fall,  
Our prospects are better, but that's not  
all;  
To help us out of last year's fix,  
Our best crop is our crop of politics."

The granger in politics came to stay,  
We've followed too long an imported  
way.  
But our votes and our corn we intend  
to mix,  
And ship out a few car loads of politics.  
We're tired of death of extortion and  
lies,  
Of political bosses, schemers and spies,  
We'll drive 'em across the river Styx,  
By means of our crop of politics.  
Don't insult the granger with stuff of  
this kind,  
For we are in earnest and know our  
own mind.  
The crop that will count when election  
is done  
Is the political crop of '91.

### HOW STRANGE IT SEEMS!

The independent candidate for county  
judge will *Wynn*.  
The repub candidate for clerk of the  
court will *Walt*.  
One of the chairs for a district judge  
will have a *Leese* for a term of four years  
upon it.  
The independents have guarded  
against want by putting a *Baker* on the  
ticket.  
Have you read the open letter of  
Mr. Dethlefs? If not take a look at it.  
No Germans need apply.—Republican  
County Convention.  
No candidate for the legislature,  
sheriff, coroner or judge, has ever dared  
to announce himself for the office with  
out first asking permission of the B. &  
M. railroad.  
A non-partisan judiciary is what we  
want, provided we are selected as the  
non-partisans.—Field and Hall.  
Capt. Woodward, your republicanism  
is not good enough for us.—F. & H.  
I would not run on the same ticket  
with Captain Woodward.—Allen W.  
Fields.

When I divorce a couple in this  
country my voice reaches into the state  
of Missouri and prohibits a marriage in  
that state.—Hall, Judge.  
J. C. Johnson has always been a  
good republican, but cannot go on the  
ticket with us.—Field and Hall.  
I did not want the B. & M. to pay  
taxes on the Missouri river bridge to  
Cass county.—A. Field.  
The meanest skunk in Lancaster  
county is working on the B. & M.  
*Journal*, and his name is—Ager.  
The independents recognized the  
1,800 German voters of this county by  
giving us Ellifelt and Matt Manel.—  
Open Letter of Dethlefs.

Gov. Thayer Has Refused to Interfere.  
Governor Thayer to Omaha yesterday  
afternoon sent word to C. M. that he  
would not interfere in behalf of Ed. D.  
Neal. The following letter was sent to  
the sheriff.  
STATE OF NEBRASKA, EXECUTIVE DE-  
PARTMENT, LINCOLN, NEB., Oct. 6, 1891.  
J. F. Boyd, esq., Sheriff Douglas county,  
Omaha, Neb.—Dear Sir: After the  
most thorough and painstaking investi-  
gation and consideration of the case of  
Ed. Neal, now under sentence of death  
in the county jail of Douglas county, I  
have arrived at the conclusion that it is  
not my duty to interfere with the exe-  
cution of the sentence imposed by the  
court.  
It will, therefore, become your pain-  
ful duty to carry that sentence into  
effect on the day heretofore named.  
Respectfully yours,  
JOHN M. THAYER, Governor.

### NEW YORK POLITICS.

**Empire Democrats Entertain Their Candidate for Governor.**

### GROVER CLEVELAND TALKS

**The Ex-President Refers to a Recent Domestic Episode—Lieutenant Governor Jones' Bolt—Herman Oelrichs Steps Out—The Ohio Campaign.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The reception at the Democratic club rooms in honor of the Hon. Roswell P. Flower, marked the re-entrance of Grover Cleveland into the political arena. After a silence unbroken since the opening of the present campaign in this state he made a speech clearly defining his position, and his desire for the success of the state ticket. Shortly after 9 o'clock the guests and members of the club began to arrive at the club rooms. Mr. Flower was one of the early arrivals. As he entered he was greeted with hearty cheers.

William E. Curtis, secretary of the club, introduced Mr. Flower in a short speech in which he referred to his record in congress, and commended him to the support of all true Democrats. Mr. Flower responded very briefly, thanking the club for its flattering reception. He said that he would continue to protect the interests of the Democratic party. The Hon. Amos J. Cummings made the longest speech of the evening.

There was a commotion near the entrance which deepened into enthusiastic cheers as Grover Cleveland, leaning on the arm of F. L. Stetson, entered the club room. He was escorted to where Mr. Flower was standing, and the cheers broke out anew. Mr. Curtis immediately introduced him as the next speaker. Mr. Cleveland began his speech as follows:

GENTLEMEN—I find that you members of the Democratic club are the greatest gourmands for speeches I ever saw. Whenever I have visited you I have been asked to make a speech and I have always done so. You may be surprised to see me here tonight, as for the past few days I have been more interested in nominal politics. [Cheers and laughter.] I can say that I have been especially interested, although the subject of that solicitude on my part will never be of any special benefit to the Democratic party [laughter]. Unless there comes a time when prohibitionists [correcting himself]—I mean the woman's suffrage, passes.

**Roosevelt on New York Politics.**  
ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 6.—Hon. Theodore Roosevelt of New York, civil service commissioner, was in St. Paul, having arrived from his western ranch in Montana. "It seems to me," Mr. Roosevelt said, "that the finances are the most important questions in this particular election in New York state. Moreover, the Republicans everywhere seem to me, I am happy to say, to be living up to their record in the matter of honest money. I shall probably not take any part in this fall's campaign, but I will be on deck for next year's campaign if things remain as they are at present. I will then in all probability take the stump. But I would like to have my say in New York and Massachusetts." Is there any truth in the rumor that you have resigned from the civil service commission? asked the reporter. "None whatever," replied the commissioner, "I have not only not resigned, but have no thought of it."

**Mills Mass Meeting at Cincinnati.**  
CINCINNATI, Oct. 6.—Much enthusiasm was manifested at the Mills mass meeting at Music Hall—literally the opening gun of the Democracy in the notable state campaign now on. Half of the hall was occupied by the 1,000 vice presidents and the campaign clubs who marched gaily in with stirring music and banners flying. The remainder of the auditorium and the balconies was closely thronged with the populace. Ex-Congressman Mills of Texas was ardently welcomed, introducing him as "the probable speaker and leader of the next congress."

**Herman Oelrichs Steps Out.**  
NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The resignation of Democratic national committee was received. In his letter of resignation Mr. Oelrichs gives as his reason for withdrawing that the action of the New York Democratic state convention in having indicated by its nominations that Tammany hall was to be the ruling spirit in the state does not coincide with his views. Mr. Oelrichs is in Europe.

**Senator Sherman.**  
ZANESVILLE, O., Oct. 6.—Senator Sherman spoke at the opera house here to a large and attentive audience. His remarks were in support of McKinley and protection and also upon the silver question. He goes from here to Washington.  
**A Treasurer Resigns.**  
NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—James W. Wadsworth, treasurer of the Republican state committee, sent his resignation to the committee. A. C. Cheney, president of the Garfield National bank, has accepted the office.  
**Republicans Capture Waterbury.**  
WATERBURY, Conn., Oct. 6.—The Republicans were victorious at the polls, electing their candidate for mayor and gaining control of the common council.  
**The Ticket Will Be Acapathous.**  
OMAHA, Oct. 6.—The Democratic state central committee met and decided not to fill the vacancy caused by the declination of Judge Broady.

### DUBS AND ESHER.

**A Committee Appointed to Formulate a Sentence in Esher's Case.**

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—At the session of the Evangelical association the case of Bishop Esher, which has been under consideration for several days, was again taken up. The conference thoroughly reviewed all the proceedings of the trial conference in the bishop's case, and came to a vote on the question whether the evidence justified the finding of the trial conference. A ballot was taken and all the ballots were cast in the affirmative. A committee of nine was appointed to formulate a sentence in the case of Bishop Esher.

In the afternoon the case of Bishop Dubs was taken up. The bishop made a statement, after which it was resolved to review the case as reported from the trial conference and to listen to the defense which defendant would have offered at the time of his trial if his reasonable request to have a correct record of the trial proceedings furnished him had been granted. At the close of the day's session the case of Bishop Dubs was still under consideration.

**Bishop Dubs Summoned.**  
INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 6.—In the German Evangelical conference inquiry was made for the report of the committee in the case of Bishop Dubs. Members of the committee said the body had been laboring day and night since Friday, but was not yet ready to report, and might not be ready for a couple of days. It was then decided to summon Bishop Dubs to be present at the investigation of the charges against him.

### NEW YORK PRESBYTERY.

**It Notifies Dr. Briggs to Appear for Trial on November 4 and Adjourns.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The New York Presbytery met again this morning, Moderator Bliss presiding. After routine business Rev. Schiland, of the committee appointed to answer Dr. Briggs' protest of May 11, offered his report. By request of Briggs the protest was first read. It demurred against the appointment of a prosecuting committee for several reasons. Among others, he was not given sufficient time to answer charges. The answer of the state committee was on the inquiry only. Dr. Birch, chairman of the prosecuting committee, announced he was about to serve Briggs with a copy of the indictment setting the trial for Nov. 4, at 10 o'clock. After formal notice was served on Briggs to appear for trial Nov. 4, the presbytery adjourned.

**Hopkins-Searles Estate in California.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—Judge Coffee has been asked by the public administrator to settle his final account as administrator of the estate of Mrs. Hopkins-Searles. The estate in California is valued at \$2,000,000 and brings in a rental of \$5,000 a month.

**Mrs. Harrison's Return.**  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Mrs. Harrison, accompanied by Mrs. Cheney, wife of ex-Governor Cheney of New Hampshire, and Russell Harrison, returned to this city at 9:30. They were met at the station by the president and were driven to the White House.

**Will Be Reappointed.**  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The four-year term of Commodore Melville, engineer-in-chief of the United States navy, expires next January. The secretary has signified his intention of reappointing Commodore Melville for a second term of four years.

**Secretary Noble.**  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Secretary Noble left for Chicago, where he will take part in the reunion of the Army of the Tennessee and the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the Grant monument.

**Father of Thirty-one Children.**  
ELDON, Ia., Oct. 6.—Sanford Dowd, an old settler of Iowa, is dead at the age of 87 years. He is the father of five children, ten by a first wife, ten by a second and sixteen by a third, making thirty-one children in all.

### TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

A recently arrived steamer from New York from Europe, had on board \$3,488,000 in gold.  
The entire telephone system of Racine, Wis., was burned out by an electric light wire dropping across a telephone wire.  
At Memphis, Tenn., two freight cars ran off the transfer steamer and four tramps, who were in the cars, were drowned.  
Ex-Governor Cheney of New Hampshire, it is said, has been offered the portfolio of war, and will accept the position.  
Dryden Harris, colored, wanted at Donald, Miss., for the murder of Lee Andrews, colored, has been captured at Topeka by Police Captain Donovan.  
The Alaska Packers' association, comprising the controlling interests in the thirty-three salmon canneries of Alaska, has been formed at San Francisco.  
The immense packing establishment of John P. Squire & Co., in East Cambridge and Somerville, Mass., was partially destroyed by fire. Loss about \$150,000, fully insured.  
The body of Engineer Moore, one of the victims of the tug explosion on the Chicago river, has been recovered. Eight victims of the explosion have so far been accounted for.  
The Greenleaf and Forest oil well at McDonald, Pa., was drilled deeper and the flow increased to 14,400 barrels a day. This is the largest well ever struck in America and is believed to be the largest in the world.  
Reports are coming in of a hurricane in the northern pineries. The best calculation to be had shows twelve to fifteen townships devastated and the loss of timber is now sure to run into the hundreds of millions of feet.  
A confidential circular has been sent to nenelcos abroad from Rome, explaining that owing to the disturbance at the tomb of Victor Emanuel in the pantheon last week the pope will be unable to receive more pilgrims.  
The Ohio river is almost dry, and navigation that of stream has been all but suspended. Between Cincinnati and Point Pleasant, Va., are eighteen steamers loaded with passengers and freight stuck in the mud.

### A RATE WAR LIKELY.

**Heavy Grain Movement from West to East Causing Trouble.**

### RAILWAY TRAINMEN MEET

**The Brotherhood Hold a Rather Grand Session at Galesburg—Jay Gould Again at His Desk—Lake Rates Dropping—Officers Re-elected.**

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—So far from insuring stability of rates, the heavy grain movement from the west to the east is likely to bring the demoralization that has been successfully staved off during the dull portion of the year. This, of course, will not be due to the increase of tonnage, but to the fact that all other outlets to the seaboard seem to be in greater favor than in Chicago. While the east-bound shipments of grain seem to be very large by way of St. Louis, Duluth, New Orleans and Galveston, the movement by way of Chicago is lighter than it has been for years at this season. The traffic officials on the lines entering Chicago from the west are beginning to grumble and even to make threats. These companies have been extremely conservative during the present year—ignoring the cut rates that were known to have been adopted at times by some of their competitors, in the belief that such practices would be discontinued as soon as the busy season commenced. They now say for-wardly they are engaged in a scramble and that they cannot afford to stand by and let other roads absorb their share of the traffic, on which they have depended to retrieve the losses of the year.

Complaints are made that the Missouri Pacific is cutting grain rates from the Missouri river, and that the Great Northern and the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha are employing unfair means to divert traffic to Duluth. It is even intimated that one or two of the Chicago lines have taken steps to meet this competition, and that in a few days they will be engaged in a scramble for business. A Rock Island officer said the Chicago and Alton had undoubtedly cut the rate from Kansas City to Chicago to meet the rates of the Missouri Pacific and the Memphis line, but the only evidence offered was a sudden increase in the Alton's business and a corresponding falling off in that of other roads. The Alton people say that they have not reduced the rates as yet and that when they do it will be an open reduction. It is generally conceded that the rate situation is critical.

**The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.**  
GALESBURG, Ill., Oct. 6.—The national convention of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen opened here at 9 o'clock behind closed doors. Four hundred delegates are in attendance.

The afternoon was taken up mostly with hearing addresses from the grand lodge officers. Secretary Sheehan stated that during the last year he had been subjected to much abuse both from those connected in an official way with the order and by individual members. He then turned his attention to the trouble on the Northwestern road and told of the abuse that had been heaped upon himself and the grand master. Referring to much abuse both from the Railway Trainmen's Journal, he said that during all the conference Mr. Rogers had been lukewarm and had then and since tried to shirk the responsibility of what was then done.

A stormy scene followed the secretary's speech and the lie was passed. Mr. Rogers got up in his seat and, wild with rage, said all the charges made by Mr. Sheehan were false, and he challenged the gentleman to prove his assertions. He was called to order by the chair and the present matter was hushed up.

Grand Master Wilkinson also addressed the convention on the trouble that had been made during the year. The reports of the grand lodge officers were distributed among the members before the grand master's speech. The secretary's report showed that the Brotherhood was in a flourishing condition, the present membership being 20,499.

**Jay Gould.**  
NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Jay Gould has recovered sufficiently from his collapse of last week to be able to attend to business again. He came down from Irvington and reached his office in the Western Union building at about 10 o'clock. Mr. Gould declined to receive any callers during the morning but sent out word that he was feeling better than at any time for a week. Mr. George Gould, who was also in town, declared the idea that his father's health is in a critical state, and says he will pick up strength as soon as cold weather comes. The heat and sultriness of the past month have been very wearing on the elder Mr. Gould's nerves.

**A Seven-Year War Ended.**  
PITTSBURG, Oct. 6.—The fight that has been in progress seven years made by the holders of Allegheny Valley railroad income bonds, to prevent the Pennsylvania from getting hold of the Allegheny Valley, will now be peaceably settled. An agreement has been prepared and will probably be signed by all the stockholders, whereby the Pennsylvania company will get entire possession of the road.

Outside stockholders will be allowed to continue their stock in the new organization on the payment of \$5 a share. The road is to be made a freight route to the east.  
**Railway Officers Re-Elected.**  
ST. PAUL, Oct. 6.—The annual meeting of the board of directors of the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City Railway company was held here. The executive committee selected is composed of the following: A. B. Stickney, chairman; C. W. Benson, A. Kalman, A. Oppenheim, J. W. Lusk, A. M. Drake, William Dawson and J. M. Egan.  
**Freight Rates Dropping.**  
CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—The freight rate by lake on corn to Buffalo dropped to 11 cents. This is a reduction of one-half cent since Saturday, and the present rate is just half of what it was when White & Co. were running their special corn deal and pushing shipments. Unless shipments increase materially, vessel men expect the rate to drop to 1 cent.

### MOBBED IN THE STREETS.

**An Assault on Romanism Roughly Treated by St. Joseph. Mo., Crowd.**

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 6.—A man giving the name of T. F. Lyons, and claiming to be an ex-Catholic priest, appeared a few days since and announced that he was a member of the Patriotic Sons of America, and would lecture on "Romanism." He endeavored to rent a hall for that purpose, but in vain. He mounted a box at the corner of Fifth and Edmond streets, and after a crowd had gathered around him began a fierce denunciation of the Roman Catholic church and its clergy. At this his entire audience broke for him, and, jumping from his box, Lyons fled for his life. He took refuge in a building after a short run, where he was besieged by a crowd and would have probably been lynched but for the arrival of a squad of police. Although badly injured by the stones thrown at him Lyons managed to make his exit from the rear of the building an undiscovered.

### THEIR FATE UNKNOWN.

**Seventy People Thought to Have Been Lost by the Sinking of the Bark Minnie G. Elkin.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—News of the first disaster as a result of Monday's gale came in a dispatch from St. John, N. B. It was to the effect that the British barkentine Minnie G. Elkin was wrecked and that her crew is undoubtedly lost. The barkentine had on board about seventy people, including the officers and the captain's wife and baby. On Aug. 19 she left St. John and that was the last ever seen of her until she was passed, bottom up and abandoned. What became of those on board is not known.

### A Human Monstrosity.

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 6.—The State Medical college is in receipt of a most singular malformation. It is a prematurely born female infant of 8 months, which has two pairs of arms and two pairs of legs. The body as far as the navel is that of a single child. Below that it divides, and the lower extremities are those of two children. The arms, hands and feet are perfectly formed even to the nails. The head is very large and is crowned with black hair. There is an ear on each side, while immediately at the back two ears appear close together and facing each other. The shape of the head is very broad, giving a strange appearance to the face, the features of which are perfectly formed. This singular monstrosity lived about an hour after being born.

### Flying by Rail.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 5.—A royal blue train on the Baltimore and Ohio which was delayed by the elevator fire at Locust Point, made a remarkable run from Canton, after it had got through, to Philadelphia. The distance was ninety-two miles, and this was covered in ninety-two minutes, the run from Canton to Newark, Del., fifty-four miles, was made in a little less than fifty minutes, including a stop of about two minutes. From Newark to Philadelphia, thirty-seven miles, the time consumed was thirty-six minutes, including brief stops at Wilmington and Chester. A part of the time the train was run at the speed of seventy-two miles an hour.

### Fatal to Four.

STAPLETON, L. I., Oct. 6.—A wagon belonging to the National meat market at Eastville, with four occupants, consisting of a man, woman and two children, was struck by a train on the Amherst division of the Staten Island Rapid Transit railroad at a crossing in Giffords. The man and woman were instantly killed. The children were picked up in a dying condition. The names of the victims are: John Jones of Eastville, Mrs. Carrie Edwards, his sister, Blanche Edwards, aged 1 year, and Anton Dauter, aged four.

### Farmers Use Dynamite.

ANDERSON, Ind., Oct. 6.—The Indiana Natural Gas company having refused to pay to property owners damages assessed for crossing property with their pipe line, twenty-five of their laborers were arrested and fined \$25 each for trespassing. While the men were attending court farmers hitched horses to the pipes and pulling them from the trenches broke them into pieces. In another part of the county a party of farmers blew out a section of the line through which gas was flowing with a charge of dynamite.

### Vail Re-arrested.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 6.—Charles F. Vail of this city, who was tried for the murder of his wife at Old Monroe, Mo., February, 1889, resulted in a mistrial last term, was re-arrested. A new indictment, charging him with murdering his wife, was taken in St. Charles county.

### An Ex-Bank Teller Sentenced.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 6.—Judge Wood, of the federal court, sentenced Charles Ritter, the defaulting teller of the First National bank of this city, to six years in the penitentiary at Michigan City. His defalcations amounted to \$76,000.

### Shot His Wife and Himself.

GREEN BAY, Wis., Oct. 6.—Victor Lambeau, a stone mason of this city, fatally shot his wife through the neck and then committed suicide by shooting himself through the temple. Lambeau was insanely jealous.

### Perished in the Flames.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 6.—Six frame houses at Braddock were destroyed by fire. The flames were caused by a lamp explosion. James McGuire, aged 28, laborer, was burned to death.

### A Postoffice Burglarized.

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 6.—Thieves broke into the postoffice at Berkeley and secured \$500 in stamps and change and a number of registered letters.

### Foot and Shoe Fakers.

BOSTON, Oct. 6.—D. B. Barker, manufacturer of boots and shoes at Abington, Mass., assigned.

**A. BLOCH,**  
1141 AND 1143 O STREET,  
LINCOLN, NEB.

## Blanket Sale This WEEK.

We will have a special sale of Blankets this week. We don't mean Cotton Blankets but Wool Blankets in Grey, Sanitary, Scarlet and White Rose. In our stock you will find the most complete line ever offered in the city, comprising the best makes in the country, including the celebrated California and Indiana makes.

Now is the proper season to lay in your Blanket supply, when you can buy them cheap and get a big line to select from.

### PROMPT ATTENTION TO MAIL ORDERS.

**A. BLOCH,**  
1141 AND 1143 O ST., LINCOLN, NEBRASKA.

### FIELD AND HIS BOODLE.

The *Daily State Journal*, of March 11, 1888, contains this beautiful little notice: "The legislative party which left Lincoln Sunday morning was not a worthy the merriest committee of live stock" looking after grazing interests that has gone from Nebraska to the centre of attraction. By the courtesy of Hon. L. M. Bennett, one of the finest speakers was placed under control of Speaker Field and a colored porter whose unbecoming care and attention made our companions happy. Before starting thoughtful friends had stored well filled dishes and 'so forth' in the baggage department for our comfort and safety."

This trip spoken of in the *Journal* was a junketing trip to New Orleans. The kind attentions shown Allen W. Field and others by the railroad was the cooling which consummated in the marriage and which has bound Field to the roads ever since.

**FIELD AS A RUNNER.**  
In 1887, Hon. Allen W. Field ran for judge of this district. At that election Maxwell received, in this county, 3,375 votes; Fields plurality only 783. The difference between Field's plurality and Maxwell's was 1,449 votes. So he must have run just that much behind his ticket then. A change of only 392 votes would have lost him the county. He will get his medicine this time.

**FIELD AS A LEGISLATOR.**  
While yet a young man and in the legislature we see how Allen W. Field had an eye to business. He always looks out for No. 1 even if he has to condemn all the public roads in the county and run a Sunday base ball club and beer garden to do it.

In 1883 Field, while a member of the legislature, voted for the bill to pay the Nebraska City National bank \$13,640.50. The facts about this claim are, that the state brought a suit against the bank and recovered a judgment for \$6,399.04 for state money found to be in the possession of the bank, deposited there by Gov. James Thayer. This suit was tried in Lancaster county, and was taken by the bank to the Supreme Court and there the judgment was affirmed; the bank was compelled to pay the amount of the judgment, and then some years later appeared before the legislature with its claim, which two successive legislatures rejected. The legislature of 1883 gave this bank \$13,640.56, and for this bill Mr. Field voted aye, and worked for its passage.

**LOOKS LIKE BOODLE.**  
In the suit of W. E. Griffith et al vs. W. E. G. Caldwell et al, the county commissioners of Lancaster county to

enjoin the commissioners from proceeding under their contract with J. R. Webster to refund the bonds of Lancaster county, Allen W. Field was called as a witness and testified as follows:

"Aug. 3rd, 1884, Allen W. Field being produced as a witness for the plaintiff and being duly sworn, in answer to interrogatories says:

Q. State your name, age, place of residence, and occupation?  
A. My name is Allen W. Field; age 30 years; place of residence Lincoln; occupation, attorney-at-law.

Q. Do you know J. R. Webster?  
A. Yes sir.

Q. Do you know about the contract made with the county commissioner with regard to the refunding of the \$267,000 county funds?  
A. Yes sir.

Q. What portion if any, of the profits were you to receive which Webster would make by virtue of that contract?  
A. We had an agreement by which I was to receive one-tenth of the profits. (Signed) ALLEN W. FIELD.

This was the case where J. R. Webster endeavored to secure \$14,735 for refunding bonds, that provided on their face that they might be refunded at any time the county saw fit to do so. When this contract came before the Supreme Court, the court said: "This court cannot permit any one to speculate on the funds of a county by proffering advice on a matter of law which is presumed to be known to all. This is admitted to result in great abuse." 20 Neb., page 431.

**The Journal persists in printing blackguard paragraphs about Jay Burrows which have no point, but remains persistently silent about the facts this paper has printed as to the course of its editor in regard to D. McCall. Comrade Gere had better either refute these damning facts, find some damaging facts against J. Burrows, or shut up.**

**A Refractory Witness.**  
PITTSBURG, Oct. 6.—James R. Tate of Lawrence county, who refused to testify in the McDowell bribery case against Wallace, was ordered by the supreme court to serve the sentence of a \$500 fine and three months imprisonment imposed on him by the lower court.

**Bread Riots in Poland.**  
ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 6.—Owing to the famine the workmen at Zawirke, in Poland, paraded the streets, robbed the baker shops and other places. The troops were called out and fired on the rioting, killing one workman and wounding several.

**Sold Their Little Boats.**  
BOSTON, Oct. 6.—Captain Lawler, of the Sea Serpent, and Captain Andrews, of the Mermaid, the two dories recently competing in an ocean race, arrived from Liverpool on the steamer Scythia. The dories were sold in Antwerp.