THE Farmers' Alliance.

"THERE IS NOTHING WHICH IS HUMAN THAT IS ALIEN TO ME."—Terence.

VOL. I. LINCOLN, NEBRASKA, SATURDAY, JAN. 25, 1890. NO. 32.

Notice to Subscribers.

EXPIRATIONS.

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J. BURROWS,

its Editor, is Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Farmers' State Alliance. He has had long experience in newspaper work. He will bring to his aid able men in different spheres of thought, and will make THE ALLIANCE one of the ablest papers in the west.

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THE ALLIANCE will be absolutely FEARLESS AND UNTRAMMELED in the discussion of all public questions. It accepts no patronage from railroads or corporations, and its editors have no free passes. NO MONEY WILL BUY THE OPINIONS OF THIS PAPER.

THE ALLIANCE will be found in the front ranks of the opposition to all trusts and combinations to throttle competition, and extort from the producers and laborers the lion's share of the fruits of their toil.

We shall advocate the free coinage of silver the same as gold, and its restoration to its old time place in our currency;

The issue of all paper money direct to the people on land security, and an increase of its volume proportioned to increased production and population;

Government ownership of railroads;

The U. S. postal telegraph;

The restriction of land ownership to the users of land, and its reasonable limitation;

The exclusion of alien landlords;

The election of U. S. Senators by a direct vote of the people;

And all other reforms which will inure to the benefit of the Farmers and Workingmen.

Now Brother Farmers and Workingmen, it remains for you to prove that the often-made assertion that you will not stand by your own friends, is false. We appeal to you for support. Give us your support and we will give you a grand paper.

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Whence and Whither?

Chicago Herald.

A little crib. A tiny baby. A mother's lullaby.
A gracious ray of sunshine from a bright unclouded sky.
A breath of light and loveliness. A cherished hope, a prayer
Dropped down into the present from that strange, mysterious where?

A cold white stone. A little mound. A mother's grief and tears;
A shadow reaching out across the sunshine of the years.
A voice unanswered evermore, an echo of despair,
Gone from the living present to that strange mysterious where.

A Sensation Promised.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Jan. 17.—A special to-night from Topeka says: There is serious trouble in store for members of the Kansas legislature who have accepted bribes, and also for those legislative sharpers who have been bribe givers. Tonight it is learned that a petition is in circulation asking Judge Guthrie to convene the grand jury for the purpose of investigating the acts of members of the last legislature and of certain state officers. Over one hundred names have been secured, and the district court has full jurisdiction. If the petition meets the legal requirements a sensation such as Kansas has not experienced in years will be the inevitable result.

NEBRASKA NEWS.

The State Board of Agriculture.

The state board of agriculture and delegates met Tuesday afternoon in the state university chapel at 4 p. m., with President Greer in the chair.

Edward Blewett's resignation as member of the board was read and accepted.

The roll was then called, and as the names of the counties were called the delegates arose and gave their names and post-office addresses. Chase and Saline counties sent two delegations each. N. S. Wright was admitted as delegate from Pawnee county by virtue of his office as vice-president of the county agricultural association, the death of the president, Samuel Barnard, having occurred recently.

President Greer then read his annual address.

The reports of Secretary Furnas and and Treasurer Kent were then read. Several other reports were also read.

A committee of five consisting of Messrs. Price, North, Dunham, Larson and Dinsmore, were appointed to consider nominations for members of the board. When this motion was made it was with the condition that the chairman and a majority of the members of the committee should be residents of county agricultural associations.

The report of the committee appointed to visit the experimental station and the industrial farm, was referred to a special committee consisting of Messrs. Barry, Lee and Chase.

A conference committee on farmers' institutes was ordered appointed.

Following is the secretary's report:

To the president of the Nebraska State Board of Agriculture: As required by law I herewith submit the twenty-fourth annual report of the secretary of this board. As at the last meeting, I repeat, with your consent, in matter of warrants issued, I will in reading and for the moment, as more satisfactory, epitomize and classify expenditures. The detailed list of warrants, however, showing amounts of each, to whom and for what and by what authority issued, accompanies, to go into the hands of an auditing committee for examination and report.

The total receipts and assets for the year 1889 were $45,257.02. There has been paid total in premiums $15,523.70; other expenditures, $21,032.13; total paid, $36,555 83. Balance on hand December 31, 1889, $8,701.20.

Expenditures other than for premiums were:

Expenditures on grounds, $4.810.65. Under this head are included lumber, labor, material of all kinds, building, hardware, ice, straw, plumbing, fish, aquariums, painting, repairs, cleaning grounds, telephone, switching cars, water power, police and gate keeper's pay rolls and the like.

Salaries, $8,012.27. This includes all fixed salaries of president, treasurer, board of managers and secretary; all pay rolls, except police and gate keepers; all superintendents, judges, experts, speed starter, special police, clerks, committees per cent paid booth manager, transportation, botanist, entomologist, actual expenses of delegates to other state and national associations, annual membership fees in national and international associations and all in the employ of the board.

Printing and advertising, $4,631.72. This includes printing premium list, large and small hangers, flyers, dodgers, letter heads, postage prepaid and printed envelopes and wrappers for all officers for the whole year; official badges, tickets, diplomas, writing diplomas, entry books, blanks for all purposes, tags, stickers, stationery supplies, pay and expenses of men on the road advertising and posting show bills in and out of the state; railroad and postal guides and directory, printed cards, live stock score cards, wrapping paper, twine, shells, etc.

Hotel bills, $752.30. This includes all hotel bills for the year for the members of the state board, at annual and semi-annual meetings, board of managers through the year, presidents and delegates to the annual meeting and guests from other state associations visiting.

Express, freights and telegraph...	$36 02
Postage	237 75
Insurance	70 00
Livery	119 75
Meal tickets	49 8
Forage	423 95
Attractions	1,200.00
Paid Mrs. J. T. Allan for books	100.00
Fines collected for other tracks	149 62
Errors corrected and fines remitted	38.00

All Over the State.

The state fair will remain at Lincoln five years more, the total valuation of Lincoln's bid being $165,000. The decision was reached on the second ballot. Following are the two ballots:

FIRST BALLOT.

Lincoln	39
Omaha	8
Hastings	17
Grand Island	11
Columbus	7
Long Pine	3
Kearney	5
Total	9

SECOND BALLOT.

Lincoln	56
Hastings	15
Grand Island	6
Omaha	10
Columbus	2
Total	89

A bank is wanted at Rogers.

Five convicts in the Lincoln penitentiary were pardoned last year.

The gold excitement at Norden still continues and a shaft is being sunk as rapidly as possible.

A mad dog bit two children and a number of animals at Octavia last week and was finally killed.

HON. J. B. Farnsworth has been appointed county judge of Keya Paha county, vice-Judge Garber resigned.

T. R. Evans, a prominent real estate dealer of Norden, is missing and his creditors are becoming anxious.

The lecture course which was to have been given by the Beatrice Young Men's Christian association has been abandoned.

The Grand Army of the Republic post at Nebraska City is making an effort to secure the next annual state encampment for that city.

A proposition will be submitted to the voters of Loup City April 5, to vote $15 000 bonds to aid in the construction of a ten mile water power canal.

Between 15 000 and 20,000 bushels of corn is dumped on the ground near one of the Ulysses elevators and is being loaded into cars for shipment as fast as possible.

The mysterious disappearance of stamps from the Filley postoffice has been accounted for by the finding of a mouse's nest, in a rubber boot, lined with the missing stamps.

A petition is being circulated at Norfolk requesting the Elkhorn road to place a regular passenger train on the Creighton branch to take the place of the mixed train now in the service.

The house of Andrew Anderson, seven miles northwest of Oakland, was destroyed by fire Saturday morning, the family barely escaping with their lives. Mrs. Anderson, who ran to a neighbor's for help had both feet frozen.

Pensions issued to Nebraskans: Original invalid—Hugh Ray, David City; William Schmidt, Norfolk; David Godfrey, Kenesaw. Increase—Henry Hilficker, Kearney; George W. Babcock, Juniata; George W. Golby, Barada; Ephriam Sleder, Osceola. Reissue and increase—Joseph McPherson, Trenton.

Senator Paddock's bill creating two additional land districts in Nebraska, known as the Broken Bow division, has passed the senate and will go the house committee on public lands. The Nebraska delegation is receiving a large number of applications for appointments to the positions to be created by this bill, but they can not of course give them consideration in advance of the adoption of the measure, as they do not know what will be done with it.

Wahoo special: Monday morning about 4 o'clock fire was discovered in the building of T. O. Angel, situated on the corner of Fifth street and Broadway, and occupied by P. T. Lain as a general store. The fire consumed the building and the stock, entailing a loss on the building of $2,000, with $1,600 insurance, and the loss on the stock is $12,000, with $10,000 insurance.

When the county clerk of Banner county buys a supply of postage stamps or pays the freight on a package of marriage licenses he goes down into his own pocket and forks over the cash, there being no money in the treasury to draw on. That is one reason why the people want to bond the county.

Bill Connvers and Joe Mathers, living near Hartwell, have each been twice married, says the Kenesaw Tribune. The second wife of either is the daughter of the other by his first wife. Each is the other's son-in-law and father-in-law. They each have children by their second wives. Each is the grandfather and brother-in-law of the other's children. Their children are related in the double degrees uncles and aunts and nephews and nieces, and their wives are step-mother and step-child to each other.

No Change.

DES MOINES, IA., Jan. 21.—This morning a few changes were made in pairs. It had been expected that Evans would be present and break the deadlock, but he remained paired with Young. The first roll call, the sixty-second so far resulted in a tie. Leprom, democrat, received 41; Willcox, republican, 41. Two more ballots resulted the same way. Seven more ballots resulted in a tie and after the taking of the seventy-first ballot, the house on motion of Holbrook adjourned till tomorrow at 10 a. m. The republicans met in caucus immediately after adjournment.

Allison Nominated.

DES MOINES, Jan. 17.—The joint caucus of the republican members of the house and senate met tonight. Every member was present except three who are sick and they sent proxies William B. Allison was nominated to succeed himself in the United States senate upon the first ballot. He received the vote of every member present, seventy-eight in all. This insures his reelection by a majority of three. When a committee brought Senator Allison into the room, after his nomination, he was received with ringing cheers and applause. He made a brief speech promising to devote his abilities to protecting and caring for the great industry of the northwest, agriculture. He cited the revenue, currency and transportation questions as especially important.

Death of A. T. Soule.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Asa T. Soule died here this evening, aged sixty-five years. He was the president of the Hop Bitters company and was the man who made that patent medicine famous by extensive advertising. The deceased had very large interests in western Kansas. He was the founder of Soule college at Dodge City and the president and owner of the First National bank there. He also owned more than half of the town of Ingalls, which became the county seat of Gray county after a violent struggle with the residents of Cimarron. Mr. Soule was probably worth $2,000,000.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Hale, from the census committee, reported back adversely the bill to require the superintendent of the census to ascertain what per centage of the people own their farms, the number of farms under mortgage and the amount thereof.

Among the bills reported and placed on the calendar was one to increase the appropriation for the public building and site at Milwaukee to a cost of $2,000,000. Establishing a customs collecting district to consist of the states of North and South Dakota. For the removal of the Indian prisoners in the east (Geronimo's band) to Ft. Sill, Indian Territory.

The senate then took up the bill introduced by Butler to provide for the immigration of persons of color from the southern states, and Butler addressed the senate.

The bill went over without action.

Teller presented the credentials of Saunders and Power as senators-elect from the state of Montana. They were referred to the committee on privileges and elections

The senate bill to amend article 15 of the rules and articles of war (in relation to deserters was taked from the calendar and passed

After the executive session the senate adjourned till Monday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—In the senate today among the petitions presented and referred were the following:

One from the American Federation of Labor in favor of the Blair educational bill.

In favor of the service pension law to all surviving soldiers of the late war.

For the repeal of the limitation on arrears of pensions.

For the free coinage of silver.

For a law to prohibit speculation in grain and other farm products.

Among the bills reported from committees and placed on the calendar were the following:

To provide for the admission of the state of Wyoming into the union.

To provide a temporary government for Oklahoma territory.

Spooner offered a resolution which was adopted, instructing the secretary of the interior to inform the senate whether it is true that the Indians within the jurisdiction of La Pointe agency in Wisconsin are in a state of destitution and suffering, and if so to suggest aid in the furnishing of adequate relief.

On motion of Spooner the bill increasing to $2,000,000 the amount of the cost of the public building in Milwaukee and appropriating $500,000 was passed.

On motion of Washburn the bill to constitute Minneapolis a sub-port of entry and delivery in the collection district of Minnesota was passed.

Pasco then proceeded to address the senate on the paragraph in the president's message relating to the control of elections.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—In the senate today Blair presented a memorial of the board of missions of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion church of America in favor of the Blair national bill and asked to have it printed in the record.

Harris objected.

Blair also presented numerous other memorials of the same character, all of which were laid on the table.

On motion of Frye the bill passed some days ago authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river at a point between the counties of Douglas and Sarpy in Nebraska, and the county of Pottawattamie in Iowa was recalled in the house and a motion entered to reconsider the vote by which it was passed. He explained that by mistake an amendment had been omitted forbidding the location of the bridge within one-third of a mile of any existing structure.

A bill adversely reported on January 16 from the census committee to ascertain what per centage of the people own their farms, the number of farms under mortgage and the amount thereof was taken from the calendar in order to give Berry of Wyoming, who introduced the bill, an opportunity to state the grounds of his opposition to the report, and why the bill should be passed.

Platt, referring to a statement made by Berry as to eastern manufacturers loaning money to western and southern farmers at large rates of interest, took occasion to say that the idea that eastern manufacturers had accumulated large profits and were loaning money to the farmers was an entire mistake.

Berry varied somewhat his original statement, and said the trust companies and corporations in New York and New England had representatives in all the southern and western states trying to loan money to farmers on farm mortgages.

Hale, chairman of the census committee, stated there was no hostility on the part of the committee to the proposed inquiry, but in every suggestion to enlarge the scope of the census the committee was confronted with the danger of putting in such new work as would delay the census, and instead of the census being made a clear, distinct and swiftly taken one, it would run over years and years, and the committee was desirous to prevent that. Have stated that a great and valuable body of substantial information on the question was now being obtained by the superintendent of the census.

Reagan argued in favor of the bill.

Vest spoke of the abnormal depression of the agricultural interests of the country, as evidenced by the fact that corn is bringing now to its producers in Missouri and Kansas only from 13 to 14 cents per bushel, and wheat from 49 to 50 cents, while coal costs them 29 cents per bushel. The farming community had the conviction that legislation was largely responsible for the existing depression.

Spooner argued that mortgages were not always a signal of distress; that they often indicated energy and vigor, and an ambitious desire to obtain more property.

Finally without further discussion the bill went over without action until to-morrow.

The senate then passed the following:

The senate bill to create the offices of surveyor general for the states of South Dakota and North Dakota. The senate joint resolution granting authority for the removal of the Apache Indian prisoners and their families from Alabama to Ft. Hill to Indian Territory.

After the executive session the senate adjourned.

The House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—In the house today Dorsey of Nebraska introduced the Knox bill providing for a permanent national bank circulation. Referred.

McKinley of Ohio, from the committee on rules, reported a resolution for the appointment of a committee on the world's fair, to consist of thirteen members.

Cannon of Illinois, as a minority of the committee reported a substitute, referring the matter to the committee on foreign affairs.

After considerable wrangling the subject was laid over until to-morrow. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Jan 17 — In the house Grosvenor of Ohio introduced a bill granting pensions to ex-soldiers and sailors incapacitated for the performance of manual labor.

Mills of Texas introduced a bill to extend the trade and commerce of the United States and to provide for a full reciprocity between the United States and Mexico.

McKinley called up his resolution regarding the world's fair committee:

Resolved, That a select committee of nine members be appointed to be on the world's fair committee, to which shall be referred all matters relating to the proposed celebration of the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America, or the world's fair of 1892.

The resolution was adopted—yeas 141, nays 136.

The House then went into committee on the whole to provide for town site entries in Oklahoma.

The first section of the bill to authorize the secretary of the interior to appoint three commissioners for each portion of the public lands settled upon and occupied as a town site, no more than two of whom shall be members of the same political organization, whose duty it shall be whenever called on by any of the occupants of such town sites, and money for entrance to such town site furnished, to enter at the proper land office at the minimum price the land so settled and occupied, not exceeding one-half section for each town itte, in trust for the several uses and benefits of the occupants thereof, according to their respective interest.

Baker modified the amendment so as to provide for the appointment of not more than five boards to consist of three commissioners each, and as modified it was agreed to

The second section of the bill authorizes the commissioners to do "whatever may be necessary to execute in good faith and justice the provisions of this act." Section 3 authorizes the secretary of the interior to prescribe rules and regulation to govern the commissioners and make it the duty of the commissioners to determine all controversies arising between claimants.

Tarsney offered an amendment providing that when it shall be shown by satisfactory evidence that the claimant was at noon on the 22nd of April, 1889, a United States marshal, deputy marshal or United States officer or agent, or was prior to that date in Oklahama representing himself as such an officer, or it is shown that the claimant entered the territory in violation of the president's proclamation, such claimant shall not have the right to prove up or purchase any town sight or lot

Pending action the committee rose and the house adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow, thus enabling the members to attend the funeral of Walker Blaine.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—In the house the following bills and resolations were introduced and referred:

By Butterworth—Calling for information concerning the international conference to be held in Berlin; also defining options and futures and imposing a special tax on dealers therein.

By Cowles of North Carolina—Instructing the ways and means committee to report a bill repealing the labor tax.

Stewart of Texas—To promote reciprocity between the United States and Mexico.

Conger of Iowa—Authorizing the issue of treasury notes on deposits of silver bullion. (Secretary Windom's bill.)

Springer—A resolution providing that on Thursday the 23d inst. the clerk shall call the roll of members. Each shall indicate his choice for the location of the world's fair. If no place has received a majority of all the votes cast, the roll call shall be repeated until one place receives a majority of the votes cast. The majority of the votes having been received the special committee shall report a bill locating the fair at the place selected, which bill shall be privileged and shall be considered from day to day until disposed of. Referred to the special committee.

Kelly of Kansas, by request—Appropriating $160,000 for the erection of a monument to the negro soldiers and sailors of the late war.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the Oklahama town site bill. Action was taken upon several sections and others were passed over temporarily.

The committee rose and Dunnell, from the committee on eleventh census, reported back the senate bill increasing the minimum compensation of supervisors of the census from $500 to $1,000. Passed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—A heated debate of three hours duration on a motion of Mr Bland to amend the journal of the previous day resulted in the defeat of the same.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Funston of Kansas, for the creation of an agricultural commission to investigate the cause of the present depressed condition of the agricultural interest.

Dorsey of Nebraska, authorizing the secretary of the treasury to reduce the reserve fund. The following is the text of the measure: That the secretary of the treasury be hereby authorized to reduce the reserve fund now held in the treasury for the redemption of United States notes to the sum of $25,000,000, and that he be hereby authorized and directed to apply the remainder—some $75,000,000—to the payment of the public debt.

The house then resumed in committee of the whole the consideration of the Oklahoma town site bill, but no progress was made and the committee rose and the house adjourned.

The World's Fair Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The speaker of the house appointed the world's fair committee as follows: Messrs. Chandler of Massachusetts, Hill of Illinois, Bowden of Virginia, Belden of New York, Frank of Missouri, Springer of Illinois, Hatch of Missouri, Wilson of West Virginia, and Flower of New York. In the location of the fair the committee stands as follows: For St. Louis, Hatch and Frank; for New York, Belden and Flower; for Washington, Bowden and Wilson. Chairman Chandler is satisfactory to all contending parties as are committed to interests to any particular city.

Labor Trouble Settled.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 20.—Three thousand shoemakers, who have been locked out for a week, returned to work today, and the labor difficulties have been settled to the satisfaction of both the employers and the employes. The manufacturers have plenty of work and find it difficult to secure enough help to turn off the goods fast enough to fill the orders.

Thrilling Story of a Wreck.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—Capt. Goodwin, of the bark T. L. Sweet, which was wrecked on the Caroline Islands last April, tells a thrilling story of adventures with his crew for seven months among savages, navigating 1,000 miles by boats and canoes until they reached Panopo, where the ship Morning Star took them to Honolulu, and thence they came to San Francisco. The savages were not hostile. They found a man named Charles Irons, English by birth, who was left on Pozzat Island four years ago by a trading vessel. He is now living in a savage state, having seven wives and being "prime minister" of the island. It was through the good offices of Irons that Capt. Goodwin and crew were saved. They were long given up for lost, and measures had been taken to settle his estate by his heirs.

Snow Everywhere.---Loss of Live Stock.

OGDEN, Utah, Jan. 19.—The snow blockade on all the roads in this part of the country continues. No train on the Central Pacific since Thursday and none on the Short Line for six days. Twenty-seven relief engines sent out from stations on the Central Pacific yesterday and today are stuck in drifts, as are also several of the patent snow plows. The Central Pacific has ordered a screw snow plow from the east and even it is side-tracked at Sherman. Word comes tonight that there is no assurance of getting this plow through before June. A special from Reno says the storm ended there last night, and that half the cattle and sheep in the state will perish. Sparks & Tinnins, in southern Idaho, have lost 3,000 head of cattle. Reports from the Quinn river section of Idaho say all stock will die. A train that left here for San Francisco Friday went out to Reno and returned to this city tonight. Trainmen report the snow in the cañons in Nevada from thirty to sixty feet deep. Stockmen in that country say four-fifts of the live-stock will perish. No such storm has been known since the first white man penetrated these mountains. George Grayson, a wealthy stockman of Nevada, is feeding twenty tons of hay a day and says he will lose a thousand of his fed cattle and all on the outside. Four hundred west-bound passengers are side-tracked at Baker City, on the Oregon Short Line, waiting the opening of the blockade. They have now been accumulating for six days. It is thought the blockade will be raised there tomorrow or Tuesday. Passenger are getting anxious and accommodations are poor. Several snow plows are at work from both ends of the blockades.

It is reported that a terrible snow slide occurred at Red Jacket Saturday, destroying buildings and the tramways at the mines. No lives were lost.

As a sample of the experience of the railroads with the storm it might be stated that at Truckee, Cala., hundreds of snow shovels are working night and day on the drifts. Five engines undertook to work there way to Keno, out were only able to go one mile, when they stopped for ten hours in a drift. Five engines were sent out to help them out, but they were doomed to the same fate. After shoveling snow for several hours they were able to back up to Truckee. West of Truckee it is even worse. Passengers are held in Blue canon. A snow plow pushed by five engines has been thirty six hours going to Tunnel 13, about six miles from Truckee. Provisions stuck in the drifts and cut off are being carried to them on snow shoes after being taken by snow plows west from Truckee as far as possible. Twelve engines and a snow plow were only able to go two miles and then stuck fast in the drifts, which seemed to roll back upon them, although the rotary plows throw the snow fifty feet. Eastern people on their way to California are now at Truckee enjoying the California climate with a vengeance. A list of snow shovelers who were being paid $2 a day and board, struck yesterday for $3 50 and lost their job and are now trying in vain to get their old jobs back.

S. Jacobs, a line repairer sent west from Truckee Saturday, has not been heard from, and it is feared he has perished in the storm. Snow sheds are breaking down, rendering it dangerous to use the snow plows, so that shovels do the work. Eleven hundred men reinforced the gang in Blue canon yetterday. On all the lines blockaded the passengers are being cared for at the expense of the railroad company.

Murdered by Mexicans.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 19.—A private letter from Fort Davis states that while three prospectors and their families were encamped near that place they were attacked by Mexicans and two of the men killed. The other man, with the women and children, managed to escape. The murderers plundered the camp, took the horses and escaped.

The Bricklayers and Masons.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 21.—Work in the convention of the Bricklayers and Masons' International union moves slowly and the session promises to be a long one. Yesterday a committee chosen to consider the proposition to establish a beneficiary order, reported adversely. The report will be discussed today. The committee on constitutional law will also report today. Yesterday the committee on review and appeals presented a report upholding the executive board in its action against Maryland union No. 1, which was appealed. The report was endorsed by the convention.

Another Wreck on the U. P.

OGDEN, Utah, Jan. 17.—Train No. 1, the west bound passenger, was ditched yesterday at 9:30 at Hampton, a small station on the Union Pacific fifty-five miles east of Evanston. The cause of the accident was a broken lever on the switch target. The train was drawn by two engines, hauling five cars. The first engine went over all right, but the tender on the trail engine left the track. The sleeper also left the track, but was not ditched. A special was immediately sent out from Ogden to the wreck with a number of railroad men and physicians.

The relief train returned to Ogden just before midnight with the injured. Their bruises were very painful and in one or two instances may result fatally. The injured parties are all in a Pullman car.

Oklahoma's Republican Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 19.—The Oklahoma republican convention, after a two days' session, adjourned late last night. A territorial executive committee was elected to look after the interests of the party and resolutions were adopted endorsing the republican national platform and the Harrison administration, urging the necessity of an early territorial government and extending a hearty and cordial welcome to all honest and industrious colored men as emigrants to Oklahoma and pledging to them the enactment of laws guaranteeing to colored citizens the same rights and privileges as those enjoyed by whites.

Randall Becomes a Church Member.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Rev. Dr. Chester, pastor of the metropolitan Presbyterian church, Capitol hill, announced to his congregation yesterday that Samuel J. Randall and Mrs. Randall had been admitted to the membership of the church. It was indicated to Dr. Chester that Mr. Randall desired to join his church and on Tuesday he went to the house to admit him to membership. Mr. Randall had not yet been baptized, and Dr. Chester performed the rites of baptism and he was admitted to the fold. Mrs. Randall has been a member of the Presbyterian church and was admitted to Dr. Chester's church by letter. This action on the part of Mr. Randall his family say does not indicate that he sees the approach of death. On the contrary, he is more cheerful and hopeful than he has been for many months. He is not as impatient to get to work as he was, but he is perfectly confident of recovery and expects to take his seat in the house before the work of the session is over. Whatever anxiety others may feel for him, he does not join in it.

The Horticulturists.

The session of the State Horticultural society was called to order Thursday by President Taylor.

Flattering reports were given by each of the district directors.

The president introduced the following resolution, which was adopted:

In view of the serious ravages of insect enemies, we respectfully urge upon the regents of the university in their experimental station work to make entomology more prominent, with special attention to such insects as are injurious to horticulture.

Then followed the election of district directors which resulted as follows: Southeast, J. M. Russel, Wymore; northeast, R. N. Day, Tekamah; central, John A. Hogg, Shelton; southwest, George W. Hagan, Red Cloud; northwest, W. F. Jenkins, Arcadia; western, E. Schroeder, Logan.

A short talk on the management of evergreens was made by W. R. Harris of Tecumseh. "Forest Trees for the Plains" was discussed by J. A. Gage of Fairbury. Mr. Gage was of the opinion that the cottonwood had about outlived its usefulness and that in its stead catalpa, black locust and ash should be planted. He thought that Scotch Pine and red cedar should be used for wind breaks.

A circular letter having been widely circulated attacking the timber culture law and representing that, owing to extreme aridity of the climate of Dakota and other western states it was impossible to comply with the timber claim law, therefore, all owners of timber claims should be allowed to commute on payment of $1.25 der acre. Mr. Stephens of Crete prepared a reply and the Nebraska State Board of Horticulture passed the annexed resolution and directed its legislative committee to forward copies to the Nebraska members of congress:

Whereas, We have heard there was a disposition among certain of our western congressmen to encourage the repeal of the "timber culture" law, on the ground that such law is impracticable, and that the difficulties of successfully planting timber are too great, we would respectfully urge upon them that in the experience of practical foresters of the west, the difficulties of raising timber in any portion of the public domain, east of the Rocky mountains, are not insuperable, when met by painstaking and thorough work and judicious selection of varieties. We urge that the timber claim claim law be allowed to remain in force, needing only such judicious amendments as shall make its requirements and conditions more in accord with the original intent of the act.

The announcement of the sudden death of Mr. Samuel Bernard caused the cessation of all business and the society adjourned, it being agreed that the society should meet at Crete for its summer meeting.

Negroes Emigrating.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 17.—Letters received by M. L. Eagleson, business manager of the Oklahoma immigration society in Kansas, from points in North Carolina, say that large numbers of the negroes of that state are going through in wagons this winter to the new territory. Eagleson says there are now about 22,000 negroes in Oklahoma and by spring there will be at least 50,000.

Merchant and Foremen Tailors.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—At the annual convention of the Merchant Tailors' National association President Turner depreciated the practice of English agents soliciting trade in this country by promising goods at 50 per cent below the trade price. He also advocated the adoption of a style of garment based upon tastes thoroughly American and breaking away from English styles and ideas. The executive committee recommended the establishment of a bureau of information which should publish a rating book to be a complete directory of all dead beats in each city.

The Custom Foremen Tailors' association had a stormy session today and expelled ex-President George W. Fisher of Houston, Tex. It is alleged that Fisher endeavored to injure the association by trying to induce delegates to refuse to take part in this convention.

A Bad Collision.

OMAHA, Jan. 21.—A collision of suburban trains on the Belt line division of the Missouri Pacific occurred about 8 this morning within the city limits, killing Tom Boyle, a local politician and J. Schwarick, deputy county treasurer, was injured internally. J. A. Harvey and a man named Van Deventer are badly hurt, probably fatally. S. Frahn and Frank Church had their legs broken. Two brothers named Muzteaff, railroad shop boys, are very seriously injured, one receiving a fracture of the skull. Several other passengers were more or less bruised. Conductor Wm. Shield had an arm broken and was badly crushed.

THE MARKETS.

LINCOLN, NEB.	
CATTLE—Butchers' steers	$2 00 a 3 00
Cows	1 50 a 1 75
HOGS—Fat	3 00 a 3 25
Stockers	3 00 a 3 25
SHEEP	3 00 a 3 05
WHEAT—No. 2 spring	60 a 65
OATS—No. 2	12 a 16
RYE—No. 2	25 a 27
CORN—No. 2, new	17 a 18
FLAXSEED	1 00 a 1 02
POTATOES	18 a 20
APPLES—Per bbl	1 75 a 2 15
HAY—Prairie, bulk	3 50 a 4 50

OMAHA, NEB.	
CATTLE	$3 20 a 4 40
Cows	1 50 a 2 00
HOGS—Fat to heavy	3 50 a 3 75
Mixed	3 25 a 3 50

CHICAGO, ILL.	
CATTLE—Prime steers	$3 30 a 4 80
Stockers and feeders	1 90 a 3 15
HOGS—Packing	1 50 a 3 75
SHEEP—Natives	3 60 a 5 80
WHEAT	79¾
CORN	31⅜

KANSAS CITY, MO.	
CATTLE—Corn fed	$2 30 a 3 00
Feeders	1 60 a 2 30
HOGS—Good to choice	65 a 3 75
Mixed	3 55 a 3 60