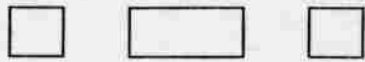


An Anchor to Windward

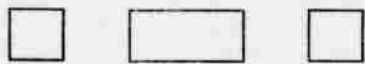
As the mariner casts an anchor to windward to prevent his ship drifting on the rocks, so should the wage earner do. The saving, systematic saving, of a portion of one's salary each week, and depositing it where it will draw interest, is an anchor that will prevent one's bark from drifting on the rocks of adversity when old age or sickness come—as come they will. Saving is as much a habit as profligacy, but it is a far better one. It is never too late to begin the cultivation of the habit of saving. Begin now by depositing with us a portion of your every pay check. We'll put it to work for you. **FOUR PER CENT INTEREST** paid on deposits. Give us an opportunity to explain our method of doing business—a method successful for more than a decade.

AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK
132 NORTH 11TH ST.

FIRST NATIONAL SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS



The complete modern safety deposit vaults that are being installed in the new First National Bank building will be in place with the opening of the building. Especially convenient facilities will be arranged for safety deposit customers. Deposit boxes can be reserved at any time now, the rental of same to commence when the vaults are open to customers.



The First National Bank of Lincoln

FOR GOOD CLEANING AND DYEING CALL THE
LINCOLN CLEANING & DYE WORKS
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320-322 S. 11TH ST.
LINCOLN - NEBR.
W. TRUMAN, PRES. LEO SOUKUP, MGR.

WORK FOR UNIONISTS.

The census of 1910 shows the population of the United States to be 91,972,266. To induce the largest possible number to purchase union label goods is the most important work the unions can do. Even with a small percentage of the population supporting union label goods the union label is a great power for the betterment of the wages and conditions of the workers. How much greater power would it be if this percentage were multiplied! How many people can you influence in this direction? That is the question.

UNIONISTS TRIUMPH.

Break In the Forces Arrayed Against Labor in Los Angeles.

Since May 19, 1910, the unionists of Los Angeles have been struggling for the right to organize, which right has been denied them by well organized employers. On the date mentioned the men of the brewing industry were obliged to leave their places. Shortly afterward the iron trades were drawn into the combat. The issue was the same.

A few days ago the Wieland agency of the Wieland Brewery of San Francisco and the agency of the San Diego Brewing company settled their differences with their former employees.

The agreement reached grants the union shop, an increase of \$1 a week in wages for the workmen and the removal from the breweries of the strike breakers.

This is cheering news. We congratulate heartily the trade unionists immediately concerned as well as those who are still engaged in battle. The omen is good. Victory rests with the wage earners as the result of the completion of this long drawn out contest.

This, however, is but a preliminary triumph, and others are sure to come speedily in its wake. By it the backbone of the opposition to trade unionism in the cruelly stricken and oppressed California city is broken, and it is only necessary now for the unionist forces to charge with an unwavering front all along the line. By so doing they will soon sweep their bitter and malignant foes into the public contempt they so richly merit.

PLAY DAY FOR CHILDREN.

Plan to Make Labor Day Greatest Holiday of the Year.

A plan which may result in making Labor day a national play day was suggested by Francis T. Simmons, president of the Lincoln park board, at the dinner given recently by the Playground Association of Chicago to Joseph Lee, president of the Playground Association of America.

Mr. Simmons suggested that all park boards and commissions and all charitable and other similar organizations should begin preparation at once to make Labor day the biggest holiday of the year. The suggestion was seconded by Jane Addams, who in her address added the further suggestion that a law be passed to convert every vacant lot into a playground until sold for use as a building site.

Mr. Lee, who spoke of the work of the Playground association, said that Chicago led the country in play spots for children.

"Play is growth; it is the way a child becomes a man," he said. "The sports of today are too unreal. In baseball and football and other games we buy some one else's play. What we need to do is to encourage the 'big Injun' spirit of the boy, but encourage it under supervision."

SCHOOL OF UNIONISM.

In the public schools the child receives the rudiments of education. He is taught to read, to spell, to write and to figure and nowadays is given the elements of some accomplishments, but he is quite likely to leave the public schools and to enter upon the field of industrial effort with very distorted individualistic ideas.

It is the mission of the school of unionism to complete his education and to teach him knowledge of real life and its struggles.

But the school of unionism has no age limit. It is open to workers of all ages. Its lessons and its benefits are open to all, and it gives to every member the opportunity through association or mental competition with his fellow members to develop his own intellectual powers to the fullest extent.

It teaches the lesson of unity, which is the ultimate expression of the power of combination, and in proportion as the wagemakers individually and collectively learn, heed and practice the lessons taught in the school of unionism in just that proportion will their present conditions improve and in just that proportion will their opportunities for future advancement be enhanced.

Insurance For Workers.

Pending the establishment of state or federal old age pensions and state provision for the widows and orphans of the workers the Massachusetts plan of permitting savings banks to sell life insurance and annuities practically at cost is a great benefit to those who can afford to take advantage of it—Painter and Decorator.

Articles of Incorporation of the LINCOLN TYPESETTING CO.

Notice is hereby given of the incorporation of the Lincoln Typesetting Company in conformity with the following articles:

I
The name of this company shall be the Lincoln Typesetting Company.

II
The principal place of business of this corporation shall be Lincoln, Neb.

III
The purpose of this corporation shall be to engage in any or all of the various branches of the general printing business; to own, lease or operate any or all kinds of machinery used in the general printing business; and to own, lease or control any real estate necessary to the pursuit of the purposes of this corporation.

IV
The capital stock of this corporation shall be \$10,000 divided into 1,000 shares of a par value of \$10 each. This stock shall be preferred stock and in voting on matters of business, policy or management each share shall entitle its owner to one vote. Any such owner may, by proxy duly filed with the secretary of this corporation, authorize any other stockholder to vote for him. Immediately on the filing of these articles of incorporation, the incorporators shall proceed to the election of a president, vice president and secretary-treasurer who shall hold their respective offices for the term of one year. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this corporation shall be held on the Saturday next preceding the expiration of the terms of the officers of said corporation.

V
The business of this corporation shall begin as soon as 50 per cent of the authorized capital stock shall have been subscribed. The term of the existence of this corporation is fixed at thirty years from the date hereof.

VI
The officers of this corporation shall be those enumerated in section 4 of these articles and their duties shall be those ordinarily entrusted to such officers. This corporation may adopt such by-laws for its management as a majority of the stockholders shall at any time determine at the annual meetings or at any meetings called by the president, notice of which shall have been duly served on all stockholders.

VII
The limit of indebtedness of this corporation shall be two-thirds of its subscribed capital stock. By
GEORGE W. KLINE,
G. A. MOSSHART,
O. H. KLINE
Incorporators.