

HOW SCHLEY WAS SWINDLED

An Act More Infamous Than Any Connected with the Dreyfus Trial—That is How Sampson Got the Prize Money

The Washington Post, in an article addressed to Senator Nelson, refers to the adjudication of the court of claims of the prize money—or, more accurately speaking, the bounty money—for the Santiago victory. The lion's share went to Admiral Sampson, but the decision of the court was based upon evidence furnished by Secretary Long and the navy department.

Blood Poison

Blood diseases affect every organ of the body. If you have skin eruptions, sores or any other symptom that show your blood to be bad, you should consult a specialist. Write for self-examination blank. D. L. Ramsdell, M. D., 1136 O st., Lincoln, Neb.

Promoting Special Favors

Editor Independent: Please find enclosed \$1.00 for one year's subscription to The Independent. I will say that I wish my means would allow me to donate to such papers as The Independent a far greater amount. I don't think any one could do a greater benefit to charity and to his country than to extend true principles for honest government in which the writer believes.

Let one take notice of what is being done in his own community. The same policy is carried out through the whole country of keeping together the rank and file of the republican party by fees and favors, misleading statements, to say nothing about the influence of the almighty dollar. It only goes to show that a mighty effort is being made to keep in power and to hold on. It may be they can deceive the people a few times, but I don't think they can mislead them all the while even by the help of the money power.

Special Farm Loans

I will make ten-year loans on choice farms in Lancaster county at 5 per cent annual interest without commission until March 1, 1902. Liberal options of repayment before date. W. M. Leonard, 13th and O sts., Lincoln.

The Whole Country Amazed

The New York World is "saying things" about the Bartley pardon and heads a leading article with "Gross Abuse of the Pardon Power," from which the following: "Governor Savage of Nebraska is reported in a recent World dispatch to have unconditionally pardoned Joseph S. Bartley, the ex-state treasurer who embezzled \$500,000 of the state's funds. He was serving a twenty years' sentence, and the governor's pardon of him last summer so outraged public opinion that the Nebraska republican state convention demanded in its platform that he be sent back to the penitentiary. To open the prison doors to such a convict is an abuse of political power for the protection of crime that ought to drive Governor Savage out of public life."

The Peruna Almanac

The druggists have already been supplied with Peruna almanacs. There is sure to be a great demand for these almanacs on account of the articles on astrology which they contain. The subject of astrology is a very attractive one to most people. The articles on astrology in the Peruna almanac have been furnished by a very competent astrologer, and the mental characteristics of each sign is given, constituting almost a complete horoscope. A list of lucky and unlucky days for each month are given. There will be a great rush for these books. Ask your druggist for one early before they are all gone.

Read With Pleasure

Editor Independent: I read with

\$1.00 for one year's subscription.

Continue to boldly and fearlessly battle for the triumph of democracy against plutocracy. I am a reader and an admirer of the Commoner of your city and in connection with the compliments of the season I wish the editors of The Independent and Commoner as happy and prosperous year and ask ten thousand new subscribers in Ohio.

A. J. BELL, Millersburg, O.

Texas Oil Situation

New Orleans, Jan. 12.—Chas. C. Ernst, assistant professor of physics in the Minor Institute of technology, of Stuttgart, Germany, is here for the purpose of investigating the oil strata of the United States. In an interview Mr. Ernst said: "It has now been established beyond a doubt that the Texas field is destined to become very important in Europe as well as in this country. From our point of view a small company that has but one gusher with a daily output of 50,000 barrels is in as good a position as the biggest company in the field, for the reason that the largest company operating in fuel oil today is not marketing any more oil than such small company could furnish."

The Iowa-Nebraska-Beaumont Oil Company of Des Moines is an ideal one with its \$85,000 capital stock and a gusher guaranteed before subscribers go to bed to start with their money. Just a few thousand more of its shares can be had at 10 cents a share.

WHAT BECOMES OF IT

The Shipment of Half a Billion More Wealth out of This Country Annually Than Comes In a Puzzle

The Independent has received numerous letters asking what becomes of that \$500,000,000 that goes out of this country every year and for which nothing seems to be returned. Many weary hours have been spent investigating the subject, but all the reasons given, such as money spent in Europe by the globe-trotters, ocean freight, returned securities, money sent to relatives in the old world—all taken together do not account for it. It is certain that \$500,000,000 in gold and goods would not be sent to Europe every year and given away. What, then, becomes of it? That is the question that has failed of a satisfactory answer.

The Independent some weeks ago came to the conclusion that the statistics had been "cooked" for political effect. The Washington authorities have been found guilty of such things heretofore. The stuffing of the census of Maryland and the most scandalous work done here in Lincoln and Omaha in that line shows that the Washington authorities have no scruples in presenting them from doing such things when it will work for the benefit of the party in power. The Independent no longer hesitates to say that these export figures have been "cooked" for political effect. Even the Springfield Republican seems to entertain ideas of the same sort, for it says:

They are nominally sending abroad half a billion more of merchandise values a year than we are getting in return, and yet no gold comes in settlement. Instead we are sending gold abroad. No large cash balances are left to our account in Europe; rather it is shown by gold exports and the great strength of the exchange market at New York that Europe has only a balance here which represent borrowings to float the big combination schemes of early last year. The net international movement of American securities this way, while undoubtedly considerable, is at least not large enough to impress the American market or to open to easy detection.

There is good reason for believing that the actual balance in our favor, despite the tremendous figures reported, is comparatively small. It is not such as to justify the jubilant popular deductions which are being drawn therefrom. There is too much of this. The actual situation calls for soberer calculations than have lately been prevalent.

Strong Closing Argument

Prominent Des Moines men recently organized the Iowa-Nebraska-Beaumont Oil Co. They permitted subscribers to deposit in their own banks until a gusher is ready to deliver. In looking over the lists, it appears that the majority of all the stock was subscribed at home, the next largest amounts coming from Beaumont, in open competition with every offering, and the next from St. Louis where perhaps more than in any other northern city the people have been closely in touch with the Texas oil situation.

This is certainly the strongest possible proof that the company offers the best proposition in America. Only a few thousand more to be sold when the subscription books will be closed. Write quick for details to the company at Des Moines, or to Willard Kimball, agent at Lincoln, Neb.

THE UNION PACIFIC

The Failure to Publish Its Annual Report Causing Some Anxiety on Wall Street

Governor Savage and the famous Proust, now acting as attorney general of the state of Nebraska, could not see that this state was at all interested in the Northern Pacific merger. But the leading financial papers in New York see it plain enough. The following, taken from a recent financial letter of the New York Sun, will be of paramount interest in the west:

"Still hanging over the market, too, is the matter of the Northern Securities company. No one is taking any pains to deny now that there is a big legal knot there that must be untied, while questions which investors are asking about the new company from a strictly business point of view alone are very vaguely answered. A good deal of public interest is manifested in the delay in issuing the annual report of the Union Pacific Railroad company, and the understanding is now quietly allowed to prevail that it is deemed inexpedient for legal rea-

A BENEVOLENT ENTERPRISE

Is the British Medical Institute at Cor. 11th and N Sts., Sheldon Block. It Gives Three Months' Services Free To All Invalids Who Call Before February 4.

A staff of eminent physicians and surgeons from the British Medical Institute have, at the urgent solicitation of a large number of patients under their care in this country, established a permanent branch of the Institute in this city, in the Sheldon block, cor. of 11th and N Sts. These eminent gentlemen have endeavored to give their services entirely free for three months (medicines excepted) to all invalids who call on them for treatment between now and February 4. These services consist not only of consultation, examination and advice, but also of all minor surgical operations.

A NEW UNITED STATES

It is on the Other Side of the World and is Nearly Twice as Large as all Europe

Most people do not fully realize that a great nation has been born at the beginning of this twentieth century, an absolutely free nation. It is the United States of Australia. When our government was formed it leaped forward from the old ideas and planted its banner of the republic in advance of every other nation on earth. For a few years it continued to advance and then a halt was made. There it has stood until many nations of Europe have passed it in the reforms that they have made. The European nations have made the railroads and telegraphs the property of the whole people. The telephones belong to them and not to private corporations. In the better government of large cities they are much in advance of us. In other things they have outrun us. We have stood still while they have advanced.

Now this new nation comes into existence and in its government is as far advanced beyond the United States as the United States was when it adopted the constitution and proclaimed the Declaration of Independence.

In Australia, as nowhere else, the new idea of political economy has prevailed of using the money and resources of the state as co-operative capital for the benefit of the people, in contrast to the old Manchesterian theory which most of the world still sticks to, that the state should act only as a policeman. The Queensland government went into the business of helping the people in commercial enterprises. It has gone into partnership with the sugar planters, and proposes to erect a state sugar refinery. This is an illustration of the way the Australian people use the government's money, which is really their own money, for the partnership of the state and the people. Queensland is also buying back the large landed estates for the purpose of dividing them up among small holders.

New South Wales has formed a commission for dealing with the unemployed. They are preparing an elaborate scheme, even more elaborate than that of New Zealand, for public works for the unemployed. It will sift the men into two classes, the willing and the incapable. It will put the incapable ones under the necessary discipline and confinement to prevent them from becoming a detriment to the community. It will push the workers through a system of instruction and drill until finally it deposits them as self-supporting settlers on land of their own. In New South Wales also all the tramways or street railways are owned by the colony.

In Victoria, which is a protective colony, they have gone extensively into offering bonuses to farmers and also to miners for the discovery of new mines, paying part of the expenses of prospecting and helping in refining the ores.

In Victoria there is a strong movement for the public ownership of all public utilities. The labor party is well organized. South Australia has a compulsory arbitration law, adopted before that of New Zealand, but not practical like New Zealand's. It also has a system for assisting farmers, advancing money on the value of their products. It has gone so far as to establish a store in London for handling the wines, olive oil or other products of the South Australian farmers. The farmer can take his live sheep destined for the London market to the railway station, and have them forwarded to the stockyards at the terminal, which are also his stockyards, for the colony owns them. There the government slaughters the sheep, accounting for all the by-products and putting them in the best condition for shipment, having them properly graded and packed, and put aboard ship, receiving them in their own stores in London—the farmers' stores—sell them and remit to the farmer. All the South Australian farmer has to do is to wait till he receives through the postoffice a government check for the proceeds of the sale. He does not even have to wait, for he can obtain an advance payment from the government based on the approximate value of his products.

The new Australian federation, which came into existence this year, included all the provinces of the continent of Australia, which had previously existed as separate and detached colonies. It also took in the colony of Tasmania, a large island, and the southern coast of New Guinea. It did not include, however, New Zealand. There is no immediate prospect of a union between New Zealand and Australia. The two peoples are wholly different, and so are their commercial interests. They are separated by a distance practically as great as Newfoundland and Ireland. The new nation of Australia is already great, and destined to be a factor in civilization, as it is composed of the most democratic communities of the world.

To make cows pay, use Sharples Cream Separators. Book "Sharples

UNDER THE FLAG

Within the United States Slavery Exists Once More—Taxation Without Representation

Editor Independent: I received the sample copies of The Independent. It is an excellent paper and always talks right to the point. It contains the news, whereas the subsidized sheets do not and something else is substituted. It is a true saying that a half told truth is two lies. What is to become of our liberty, our country and our honor as a nation when the noblest of men, such as Schley, Dewey and Miles, are attacked by newspaper editors and by power and authority? Imperialism actually in practice, slavery under the flag and within the jurisdiction of the United States and newspapers suppressed. Tariffs and taxation without representation. Trusts by the hundred, watering stocks by the million. Such swindling used to be against the law. In those times it was unlawful to swindle in any way, but it is now chartered and winked at. A sultan ruling supreme in the Sulu Islands under the banded banner! A war of conquest and bills being framed to give bankers the complete control of the currency, which they already have more than the lion's share of special privileges and various other things too numerous to mention.

The Filipino, of whom it is said that he is incapable of governing himself (poor fellow, the Lord ought to have had pity on him before he created him), is said to be uncivilized. They are not above the stripe. It would be very strange if even a civilized man did not object to a few things over there. I intend to subscribe for your excellent paper. DEXTER TUTTLE, Dixie, Wash.

THE OLD MEN AND WOMEN DO BLESS HIM

Thousands of people come or send every year to Dr. Bye for his Balm Oil to cure them of cancer or other malignant diseases. Out of this number a large number already have whose ages range from seventy to one hundred years on account of distance and infirmities of age, they send for home treatment. A free book is sent telling what they say of the treatment. Address Dr. W. O. Bye, drawer 1111, Kansas City, Mo. (If not afflicted, cut this out and send to some suffering one.)

The Best in the State

Editor Independent: Enclosed find money order for \$2.35, in payment of my back subscription for one year and also \$1.35 for subscription to The Independent and Commoner for one year. I could not get along without The Independent. It is the best paper in the state. EDGAR C. GRAHAM, Kingston, Neb.

Trouble Ahead

The readers of The Independent know very well what its opinion has been all the time about the tremendous inflation of credit and paper money which is being put out here. My opinion by any means. The best economists both in this country and Europe have the same opinion. The Springfield Republican says: "That the situation here is greatly and dangerously inflated must be admitted by anybody who looks below the surface, and where this is true no amount of change in the bank note system can avail to prevent an ultimate setback. We have already had a currency expansion of almost unprecedented extent in the past five years, and any effective measures looking toward a further large expansion in addition to new gold supplies can at the best only result in a further inflation of speculative values and a final crash of proportionately increased severity."

The London Times, in discussing the same question, says: "The United States, however, is not exempt from the laws of nature, as many Americans and some foreigners seem to imagine. There have been several pieces of evidence in the course of the year just ended indicating that the economic situation of the United States is not altogether so good

observers have been coming to the conclusion that America has gone, for the time being, quite as far in the direction of employing her resources of credit as is safe, and possibly a little further."

REPUBLICAN ASSISTANTS

Indiana Reorganization—Hon. Frank B. Burke Declares That the State Committee is a Republican Annex

The great dailies have been very shy about reporting what occurred at the recent meeting of the democratic state committee of Indiana. From all that can be gathered in the various papers it appears that there was a red hot time. The gold bugs attempted to get control, but finally there was some sort of compromise entered into and a banker was chosen as state leader. The leaders who have had control of the party, there, for some time, are simply the democratic end of a political trust and until the democratic voters get up interest enough to go to the primaries and kick the whole crowd out they will see to it that the republicans carry the state every time without much trouble being taken by the republicans themselves to accomplish Mr. Burke's mission. "In Indiana a democratic-republican trust exists. Its members are the beneficiaries of special privileges and friendly legislation. Its influence is not limited by the boundaries of the state. The end of its power has not been reached. Its voice speaks in every congressional district and its adherents attend all county conventions. During recent sessions of the general assembly it has disorganized democratic opposition and brought to the support of class legislation democratic organization, because they can command money. The trust magnates have the money. Its influence in past years has made the democratic committee an object of great power and respect, and under a friendly republican administration it has found official station for those who served its purpose. It is the duty of the democracy to smash this hydra-headed creature. Under a system of legislation centralizing political power the chairman of the state committee has become a position of great power and control in both political organizations. The manner of selecting the chairman of state committees is conducive to the interests of the trusts, while the rank and file of the democracy is pursuing its daily avocation.

"Its district representatives come to Indianapolis to select a chairman. They are surrounded by the fat, well-served members of the democratic end of the political trust, who furnish them with the names of very desirable persons for chairmen. When a name is suggested favorable to the people, one whom the trust cannot control, it is immediately brushed aside. First, because he has no acquaintance throughout the state; second, because he cannot get money; a chairman is selected. The committee disappears. 'Tis the last heard of until another chairman is to be elected. The people, with aid of the trust, elect a committee. The committee, with advice and consent of the trust, elect a chairman. The trust does the rest. Oftentimes it is found that after the meeting of the state convention and adoption of state platform the chairman does not fit the platform. Let us change this. Let us begin the destruction of the trust by bringing the selection of a chairman as near to the people as possible. "It is the paramount duty of the democracy to provide that the chairman of its state committee shall be selected by its state convention. When this shall have been done the beginning of the end of the political trust will be in sight."

A Republican Scheme

Editor Independent: The pardoning of Bartley was a concocted scheme. When the republican convention met at Lincoln last July the managers saw that to leave Bartley out would deprive the party of many votes and that the only way to fool the people would be to put Bartley back in the state prison until after the election and then he could be given a full pardon. They thought that that would deceive the honest republican voter, and it did. The plan was worked up at that convention and the men who planned the scheme were the men, no doubt, who shared his stealings of \$700,000. I made this statement to some of the republicans in Aurora the day that the convention put Bartley back and told them that within three months Bartley would be free from prison. One republican replied: "Do you think that republicans are such a-d fools as that?" I said: "Yes, they are."

I see one Manderson's name on the petition and Hayden Bros. Mr. Bartley, will Hayden Bros. make you cashier of their firm? The republicans have redeemed Nebraska with criminals. Bartley, thou art a jewel. W. M. LAKIN, Aurora, Neb.

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by mothers for their children while teething. Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and druggists in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price, 25 cents a bottle. Be

SHAW'S IDEA

What May Be Expected From Him at the Head of the Treasury—Elasticity

Washington, D. C., Jan. 8, 1902.—The succession of Leslie M. Shaw to the secretaryship of the treasury will give considerable significance to the currency views heretofore expressed by him. Secretary Gage's recommendation, and in fact, the seemingly well established plan of reformers, is to provide for an asset currency. Mr. Shaw some months ago delivered an address to an association of bankers in northwestern Nebraska and his address at that time showed that he interpreted public sentiment as being opposed to an asset banking scheme as a means whereby to create an elastic currency. Whether Mr. Shaw's views are now more nearly in harmony with the bank program is, of course, unknown, but very probable. In the address referred to Mr. Shaw said: "I believe that a graduated tax on currency based on government bonds would result in elasticity. That I may make myself clear, permit an illustration, but do not understand it as advocating or so much as intimating the correctness of the scale of taxation I suggest. I make it only to bring out an idea. Suppose banks were permitted to issue a volume of circulation equivalent to one-fourth of their capital stock, at a tax of, say, one-fourth per cent. Then permit an increase to one-half of its capital stock at one-half per cent. Then increase again to three-fourths at a relatively increased rate, and then to increase again to equal its capital stock at 1 per cent tax. I believe this would induce the banks to carry a larger volume of government bonds. They are good assets, especially for banks with large deposits. Then, instead of selling these bonds to increase circulation, they would be kept on deposit in Washington, and on call an increase in circulation would be issued, to be retired when not needed. When a western bank now needs more circulation, more cash, it rediscounts its commercial paper and is compelled to make it at a given date and pay a much higher rate. Let the banks be permitted to increase their circulation when needed, to be retired as soon as the demand for it ceases, and keep ever present the inducement to retire it when not needed, and elasticity is secured."

The evils of Shaw's plan are too plain to be misunderstood. It is to control which are the trust magnates and expand the currency at will and the insufficiency of security to depositors. If, as Mr. Bryan says, there is no bad scheme in finance Mr. Shaw has not endorsed it because the same has failed to come under his notice. H. W. RISLEY, Independent Homemakers.

INDEPENDENT HOMEMAKERS

Settlement Eight Miles From Idaho Falls Idaho—Irrigated Lands

As announced in these columns some time ago the Independent Home Makers Co. secured a most desirable tract of irrigated land across the Snake river from Idaho Falls in the Snake river valley. This is doubtless the largest and best irrigated tract in the United States. Irrigation farming in Idaho has been more successful than in any other part of the country. There is a large immigration to all parts of that state and already the lands of the Home Makers' settlement and vicinity are showing considerable advance in value. Deeds are being issued to all those members who have made the initial payment and already several have moved to the new location and find it entirely satisfactory. Many others intend to go during the remainder of the winter and early spring. The winter so far has been open and pleasant. As is always the case in such settlements there are several members who find it impossible to make the final payment for their allotment. The tracts are therefore for sale. Parties looking for a new location should write at once for detailed description of the tracts referred to, prices, etc. Address The Independent Home Makers Co., Lincoln, Neb.

YOUNG MAN IN POLITICS

The Democrats and Populists Should Get Together—The Jeffersonian-Hamilton Contest Being Re-nacted

Editor Independent: Will you accept a word of commendation from a sixteen-year-old reader of your paper? My grandfather is a subscriber to your paper and I thus have an opportunity to read each issue. He (my grandfather) is not a populist, but voted for Bryan in 1896 and 1900, and says that he will vote for him again if need be. He also says that most of the principles advocated by your paper and party are rigid Jeffersonian policies. While I am, it is true, young, I have had from infancy surroundings of a political character and have been taught to take an interest in public affairs. The spirit of politics is therefore well founded in me and in anything pertaining to this subject I always write delight. We take a good many papers, among which are the following democratic papers: The Commoner, the World, St. Paul Globe, People's Press and Indianapolis Sentinel, and I think that the editorials of The Independent will bear comparison with any of them. I always read the editorial pages, even of the daily papers, because I believe the same benefits may be derived from the reading of a good editorial that may be attained from hearing a good lecture. The eloquence of the press is more influential than all the oratory of a Demosthenes. I think that the gentleman who wrote to you and stated that he would not send on a paper like The Independent indicated the extent of his brain matter especially when he stated that, in preference to The Independent he subscribed to the Appeal to Reason. He stated that he would not take a paper which allied itself with either of the old parties—wonder what he calls the Globe-Democrat? I would not be afraid to bet that if a man does not know the difference between an editorial and a

print the news and, though it should lose the support of the corporations by its fearlessness, it is the paper which will interest the masses (if republican "prosperity" leaves them enough money to pay for a subscription) and be one of the most potent forces in leading the fusion forces to victory in 1902 and 1904 for things are going to be done in the next year. In our state (Minnesota) we're going to put "Honest John" Lind back in the governor's chair and we'll send at least four democratic representatives to congress. The republican gerrymander of this state will act as a boomerang to its originators. "The democrats and populists should 'get together' and not wait until the last moment before perfecting their plans if they wish to win in the next election. One-half the people dare not say their souls are their own, and in truth they are not; they have sold themselves body and soul to the 'little tin god'—Greed. It is ruling the country. 'Liberty and republicanism,' our forefathers shouted, and the motto was a grand one. Now, through the efforts of the g. o. p., the very sound of the word 'republican' has become obnoxious to honest people. Since the beginning of the union the democratic party has ever been and, by the blessings of Providence shall remain, the champion of the people's cause—of right versus might, justice versus oppression, liberty versus imperialism. Forty years of unparalleled crime and plunder is the record for which republicans must answer. Which can face the people with the clearer conscience we ask? Defeated, yet still unshaken, by the principles which it advocates, The democratic party faces the world on the issues upheld by it. The Jefferson-Hamilton contest is being re-enacted. Plutocracy is striving to enslave the masses. The time has come to strike and it's now or never. Can you long doubt the result? FLOYD BELL, Owatonna, Minn.

They Work While You Sleep.

While your mind and body rest Cascares Candy Cathartic repair your digestion, your liver, your bowels, put them in perfect order. Genuine tablets stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. All druggists, 10c.

The Best For Him

Editor Independent: Find enclosed \$7.00, which pays up to May, 1902. Many thanks for your kindness in my behalf. The Independent is the best and only paper for me. I hope that you will continue to fight for the rights of the people. H. S. KELLER, Mountain Grove, Mo.

Passes It Along

Editor Independent: It is with pleasure that I get your paper each week as it is the best paper I have of a political nature. The last Independent was a good one. I send them all to my brother in New York as soon as I read them and mark them all over. W. A. FLOYD, Smithfield, Neb.

What Beat Bryan

I received your sample copies for which you can thank Mr. Bryan. I love The Independent well. I am a strong party man, but anything for reform. I think the head-line of Mr. Bryan's ticket is what beat him. The man's principles are all right. "Party" beats many a good man. Its combinations with capital is beating the American people. I sent my subscription Jan. 1 and promise you have received it by this time. J. B. BENNETT, Salem, Ore.

It Tells It All

Editor Independent: I have received your sample copies and have been much interested in the information that they contained. I realize that it is all true, as seen by reading it that you are fearless and determined to describe the whole of the rottenness. I have but little money, but I send you 50 cents for the present. DANIEL KIMBALL, Sioux Falls, S. D.

Best Low Priced Hotel in the City.

RATES, \$1.00 per day and up. Hotel Walton, 1516 O St., LINCOLN, NEB.

PILES

permanently cured. We can actually promise you an absolute cure—no matter what your condition—for External, Internal, Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles, Chronic or Recent, without undergoing any surgical operation or interruption of business. Thousands cured. Send for prospectus of ever getting relief. WHY WOULD YOU SUFFER? It costs nothing to try our treatment. Sample and particulars mailed free. How Dr. J. C. Smith, Ill., writes: "I am convinced that you know your business and can cure where all others fail. I have despaired of Piles for three years with no beneficial results, and your treatment has cured me in a few days. I am County Judge of Edgar County, Illinois, and will give you a testimonial for your remedy. Yours truly, S. L. BRADLEY." Mr. EDWARD SOARES, Castleton, Ill., suffered from Piles for three years with no beneficial results. He was completely cured by our treatment for a few weeks. I am completely cured. I believe you can cure anyone, for a man could not get in a much worse condition than I was in—five and I am daily grateful to you. Yours respectfully, M. McCort. Thousands of file sufferers who had given up in despair of ever being cured have written letters full of gratitude after using our pills for a short time. You can have a sample mailed FREE by writing us full particulars of your case.