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## SPECIALIST

In the treatment of all forms of DYS- EASIES AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE GENITALS, 25 years' experience, 15 years in Omaha.

**VARIICOCELE AND HYDROCELE.** A PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED IN LESS THAN 10 DAYS without cutting or use of time. The QUICKEST AND MOST NATURAL CURE that has yet been discovered. CHARGES LOW.

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No "BREAKING OUT" on the skin or face or any external appearance of the disease whatever. A treatment that is more successful and far more satisfactory than the "Hot" treatment and at less than HALF THE COST. A cure that is guaranteed to last.

**WEAKNESS** of young and middle-aged men. LOSS OF MAN- HOOD, Night Losses, Nervous Debility, Loss of Brain and Nerve Power, Forgetfulness, Headaches, Stricture, Gonorrhea, Gleet.

OVER 30,000 CASES CURED.

**RECTAL DISEASES** Dr. McGrew's treat- ment cures the most difficult cases of Piles, Hemorrhoids, Prolapse, and all chronic diseases of the rectum. Immediate relief and a permanent cure is made without cutting or pain. The cure is quick and complete.

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Consultation free. Treatment by mail. Medicines sent everywhere from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. ready for use. Office hours: 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. P. O. Box 76. Office over 2536 14th St., between Farnam and Douglas Sts., OMAHA, NEB.

**SO MUCH AND NO MORE**

Tariffs Cannot Force the People to Pay More Than They Can Earn—Wool.

An Example

A careful inquiry into the present condition of the wool industry reveals a marked decline in consumption in the American market, and this, too, in a period of exceptional prosperity, when people might be expected to pay tariff. "Rather than buy textile fabrics made of wool, the people do without or find a cheaper substitute," says the New York Journal of Finance.

"The consequence is that this industry has not during the last two or three years had what otherwise be its fair share in the general prosperity that has visited this country, and it cannot succeed in times such as those we have been recently having, until promise is there for it when, as almost always happens, an era of great business activity is followed by one of more or less intense business stagnation."

The table of imports of wool and woolen goods into the United States for the eleven months of the past fiscal year ending May 31, 1901—and that the returns for the full fiscal year will indicate substantially the same results—shows that the importations of wool and woolen fabrics were smaller during the last than the previous fiscal year. Leaving out carpet wools, we imported of clothing and combining wool 23,000,000 pounds in the eleven months referred to, this having a value of a little over \$5,000,000, as against imports of 27,000,000 pounds, having a value of approximately \$10,000,000, in the eleven corresponding months of the previous year. Our imports of wool in its manufactured shape, including carpets, rugs and even yarns and hosiery, had a value in the eleven months referred to of \$13,574,000, or about \$1,250,000 less than the value of similar imports in the first eleven months of the previous fiscal year.

It is now four years since the Dingley tariff took effect. It seems impossible, therefore, that much of the wool imported under the Wilson tariff is yet on hand. The conclusion is legitimate that the wool industry—in its producing and in its manufacturing forms—has discovered the difference between legislation and every-day purchases. The people have control of the purchases, and so long as they deem woolen goods too high their preference will be given to the substitutes, tariff or no tariff.

## THEY OWN THE COURTS

No Use to Pass Maximum Freight Laws—The Courts Always Pronounce Them Unconstitutional

A dispatch from Sioux Falls, S. D., says that Judge Carland of the United States court yesterday afternoon filed his decision in the celebrated South Dakota railroad case. His decision is in substance as follows:

The schedule of maximum rates of charges for the transportation of freight and passengers adopted, fixed and established by the board of railroad commissioners of South Dakota is held to be in violation of the constitution of the United States, in this, to-wit: That the schedule, if enforced, would operate to take the property of the railroad without just compensation, without due process of law, and would deprive it of the equal protection of the laws.

It is held that the schedule adopted by the railroad commissioners would not afford the railroad companies reasonable compensation for the service performed. The railroad commissioners and their successors, agents, etc., are perpetually enjoined and restrained from putting into effect or attempting or claiming to put into effect the schedule of freight and passenger rates adopted by the board. It is ordered that the railroad company recover of the commissioners its costs, to be taxed, together with its disbursements necessarily incurred.

The case has been in the courts since 1897 and was once decided in

favor of the commissioners. On appeal to the United States supreme court, however, the case was remanded to the lower court with instructions to appoint a master in chancery to ascertain the railroad companies' earnings, in order to arrive at the equitable rates in the case. This investigation has been going on for some time and a report of the special master was filed last June. It is upon this report that the present decision is based.

According to Dun's Review, gross earnings of all railroads in the United States reported for July are \$24,198,515, a gain of 10.4 per cent over last year, and 23.3 per cent over 1899. It is still heaviest on Southwestern roads, though Pacific and Central Western report a considerable gain; also railroads.

The railroads are jubilant over the decision. It points out a way by which they can save thousands of dollars in political expenses. They will no longer have to look after the election of members of legislatures or bother with boards of transportation. Let the legislators pass the maximum laws and boards of transportation issue their orders. Get a master in chancery appointed. It will be very easy to take care of him. On with the dance. Vote 'er straight.

**WANTED**—Trustworthy men and women to travel and advertise for old established house of solid financial standing. Salary \$750 a year and expenses, all payable in cash. No canvassing required. Give references and enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Address Manager, 355 Caxton bldg., Chicago.

## THE NAVY DEPARTMENT

When the People at Last Get the Facts It Will Be Shown to Be About as Corrupt as the Old Credit Mobiliar

The independent some time ago gave a list of ships that were bought at the outbreak of the war, the prices that were paid and what they were sold for after the war. Navy department pots made some millions of dollars by that performance which must all be taxed out of the people and given to the thieves in the department and outside of it. The other day the department wanted a receiving ship to take the place of the old Vermont, which is said by some people to be infested with microbes. On looking over its list of available vessels it could find nothing more appropriate than the \$3,000,000 racing cruiser Columbia, which is packed with expensive machinery, crammed in with accommodations, and altogether as unfitted for the purposes of a receiving ship as anything that could be found with a search warrant.

On the same day on which the Columbia was towed around to be tied up to a dock and used for a floating barracks the government sold two army transports at auction. One of them, the McPherson, had cost \$200,000. She was sold for \$18,700, which is not enough to pay the cost of hauling her off the Cuban reef on which she was hanging up a few months ago. The McPherson would be infinitely better fitted in every respect for a receiving ship than the Columbia. She was formerly a transatlantic liner, in which service she used to carry hundreds of passengers, and her capacity in that direction has been increased by her alteration into a troop ship. If she could carry a regiment of soldiers to Cuba she could accommodate a satisfactory number of sailors at a dock. Yet she is sold for one-eleventh of her cost, while the government uses a \$3,000,000 cruiser for a sailor boarding house.

It would be just like our national financing if somebody at Washington should suddenly discover these things and the government should thereupon buy back the McPherson for \$200,000 from the Pennsylvania railroad, to whose agent it has just been sold for \$18,700.

There are some things in this world that a man should see and a woman should not, and the book issued by the Von Mohl Co., Cincinnati, O., is one of those things. It is not intended for small boys, but if any of our wider readers will send for a copy, they will receive it by return mail absolutely free of cost. Address The Von Mohl Co., 579 B, Cincinnati, O.

## CHRISTIAN HEROISM

Some Comments by an Editor—Why do Some Persons Get Small Pox and Others Escape

The following article appeared in the editorial columns of the Buffalo Times:

"A New York city newspaper of yesterday contained a story of heroism that affords food for thought to persons devoted to religion, members of the medical profession, or psychologists or Christian scientists, and which for courage and devotion to duty must command admiration from all who read it.

"The case was that of an accomplished young woman, Miss Anna Magner of Yonkers. She had been urged by her family to be vaccinated against smallpox, there being a number of cases of that nature in the city. With the decision of a fatalist she replied: 'No, I do not believe in vaccination. If I'm destined to be stricken with smallpox I do not believe vaccination, or anything else can save me.'

"But ten days ago she was stricken with disease and the case was diagnosed as smallpox. She was removed to a hospital for contagious diseases and was there nursed, night and day, by her father, who is an immune. The girl grew worse and was finally informed by her physician that her chances for recovery were slight.

"The stricken girl took the dread news quietly and simply requested that a minister be sent for. Very Rev. Dean Albert Ailings, rector of St. Joseph's church, in Yonkers, was summoned. The priest, with the readiness born of settled principles or duty, at once started for the pest house, which it should be remembered contained several persons in the various stages of smallpox.

"Father Ailings declined to accept the protection of a rubber suit such as the doctors and attendants wore, but

went directly to the cot where the dying woman lay. He knelt by her side and with his ear close to the mouth of the poor, disease-infected girl, received her confession. Then he administered the Host to her and with bare fingers anointed her forehead with the holy oil—the sacrament of extreme unction.

"After pronouncing absolution for the dying woman in a voice calm and steady he left the hospital and proceeded to the lawn, where he removed cassock and stole, laid his breviary on the pile and lit the match which reduced them all to ashes. This was not for himself but for his parishioners.

"This man, Very Rev. Dean Ailings, since his first connection with his present parish, 33 years ago, has regularly attended Catholic patients in the contagious disease hospital. He never had the disease and evidently is not afraid of it.

"What is the protection which surrounds this conscientious man? Is it the interposition of Divine Providence? Is it, as psychologists and Christian scientists may claim, because he is absolutely not afraid of disease—or what?"

There is generally very clear and logical writing found in the editorial columns of the Buffalo Times, but the closing paragraph of this article is decidedly muddy. The writer says that the girl's father was an "immune." Why not say the same thing of the priest? If there were not persons by nature immune from smallpox the world would long ago have been depopulated. Before we have discovered there were many persons surrounded by smallpox patients who escaped. In a family, two or three children will contract diphtheria and one will escape. That child was immune to diphtheria. So it is with many other diseases. There are persons who are immune, that is, who will not contract certain diseases. Whole books have been written on this subject. As there is no telling who is and who is not immune until thorough exposure has been made to the contagion, the only safe way is to make yourself immune by vaccination.

## \$100—REWARD—\$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying all the bacteria which cause the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

## The Better Way

Rev. Edward F. Trefz of the Kountze Memorial church, Omaha, in his sermon last Sunday morning:

"Man is gold mad because he is power mad. He is not after gold for the gold itself, but for the power that it gives him among his fellow men. And how many who achieve this power know how to use it? True, we have secured, through the assistance of men who have succeeded in the mad rush for gold, our homes for orphans, the aged, the disabled, our hospitals and asylums and many other institutions for the care of unfortunate human beings. There are charitable institutions where the poor and the weak and the disabled find a home, but they are not the result of the gold itself, but of the power that it gives. The next day an account of it is printed in the newspapers to let the people know what distinguished honors these rich men have conferred upon God.

If you desire to know something of the discovery, history, people, climate, productions, resources and possibilities of the vast island possessions that have come under the protection of the American flag since the Spanish-American war, you should read "Our Islands and Their People." The Independent desires a reliable agent in every county in Nebraska. Write us for full particulars.

## Perjury Everywhere

Is tax-dodging, even at the cost of perjury, a national habit? The swearing-off process is a familiar yearly spectacle in New York, but out in the highly virtuous state of Ohio the practice seems to be quite as flagrant.

The Columbus Press-Post prints what it calls "Some Frozen Facts Concerning Perjury." In Ohio a sworn return of personal property is required of taxpayers, but in 1893 a commission appointed by Governor McKinley reported that while there was actually on deposit in the banks of Cleveland about \$63,000,000, there was returned for taxation only \$1,800,592. Toledo, with \$3,120,121 on deposit, had returns for only \$253,097. Columbus, with \$4,357,352, did better, returning a little over \$1,000,000.

The Press-Post has examined the personal returns on file in the auditor's office, with the result:

"A great manufacturer who lives in one of the largest houses in the city and on one of the most fashionable streets thinks that all that he has in the way of horses, carriages, jewelry, household furniture, books, pictures, etc. is worth no more than \$400.

"A leading broker reported to be worth a quarter of a million, thinks his possessions ought not to be taxed to a greater extent than \$667.23.

"A leading banker who lives generously in a large house which is filled with valuable and valuable things, and whose family diamonds are noted, finds that he is worth in all about \$400.

And so on through quite a list—

## Hardy Furniture Company.

KARPEN GUARANTEED Couches.

Have you seen them? If not, you have missed half your life.

Have you bought one? If not, have a care that you do not miss the other and more comfortable half of your life.

All steel constructed, made without rivets, springs guaranteed for THREE YEARS.

This fancy framed couch, upholstered in tapestry or velour, guaranteed springwork, only

\$11.50.

This couch, upholstered in oriental tapestry or velour, with guaranteed springwork, a beauty for the money, only

\$13.50.

This beautiful fancy tufted, solid oak framed couch, upholstered in best grade velour or tapestry and guaranteed for three years, at

\$19.50.

Freight paid one hundred miles. Send for complete catalogue of furniture, carpets and stoves.

Hardy's 1124 O St., Lincoln, Nebraska

upon which the newspaper says: "It is evident that our high tax-rate of nearly 3 per cent is the result of the grossest fraud and perjury committed by those who ought, on account of their success or fortunate condition in life, to be perfectly willing to bear at least their full share of the burdens of maintaining the government."

Most of these rich men who swear that they are only worth \$400 are members of the church. Did the authorities of any church ever call one of them to account for their open and notorious perjuries. Not at all. It is more than likely that they are the ones chosen to pass the bread and wine at the communion services. The next day an account of it is printed in the newspapers to let the people know what distinguished honors these rich men have conferred upon God.

**CHESS** (Address all communications intended for this department to the Chess Editor Independent, 108 South 24th street, Lincoln, Nebraska.)

August 15, 1901.

PROBLEM NO. 62.

From Brooklyn Eagle. White mates in three moves.

Composed by George N. Cheney, Syracuse, N. Y.

**MASSACHUSETTS-IOWA.** Coyle, Iowa, vs. Cook, Mass.

1. P-K 4, P-K 4.

2. K-Kt 3, Q-Kt 3.

3. B-Kt 5, Kt-B 3.

4. Castles, Kt-P.

5. P-Q 4, B-K 2.

6. Q-K 2, Kt-Q 3.

7. BxKt, Kt PxP.

8. PxP, Kt-Kt 2.

9. Kt-B 3, Castles.

10. Kt-Q 4, B-B 4.

11. B-K 3, Q-K 3.

12. Kt-K 3, B-Kt 3.

13. Q-R 4, P-Q 3.

14. P-B 4, PxP.

15. BxB, B PxP.

16. Kt-Q 4, B-Q 2.

17. PxP, Kt-B 4.

18. Q-B 3, Kt-K 3.

19. Kt-K 4, Kt-Kt.

20. Kt-B 6 ch, K-B.

Resigns.

—Boston Post.

**TRAVELING CHESS GAME.** A traveling chess game reached me the other day. At top of sheet were the words: "Please send to Dr. F. R. Porter, Orillia, Ontario, copy of your move and pass the game along to one of your friends." Mr. Stanford N. Collier, Vicksburg, Miss., made black's 14th move on July 15, and it reached me just two weeks later. Here is the score:

1. P-Q 4, P-Q 4.
2. P-B 4, P-K 3.
3. Kt-Q 3, Kt-K 3.
4. B-Kt 5, B-K 2.
5. P-K 3, Castles.
6. Kt-K 3, P-Q 4.
7. B-Q 3, Kt-Q 3.
8. Castles, P-Q Kt 3.
9. P-Q 3, PxP.
10. BxQ, B PxQ.
11. Kt-P, Q Kt-K 4.
12. K-B 2, P-K 3.
13. B-K 4, Kt-K 3.
14. B-Kt 3, Q-B Kt 2.
15. Kt-K 3, (to be continued.)

Here are the players:

1. Alva Ketchum, Madison, Wis.
2. Rev. Th. Egger, Madison, Wis.
3. E. C. Hall, Milwaukee, Wis.
4. L. A. Aarons, Milwaukee, Wis.
5. C. B. Bird, Wausau, Wis.
6. Dr. J. B. Trowbridge, Hayward, Wis.
7. E. C. Arnold, Larimore, N. D.
8. E. Lewis, Grand Forks, N. D.
9. W. A. Dillon, Bismarck, N. D.
10. Geo. E. Mariner, Hayward, Wis.
11. E. R. Sherburne, Hayward, Wis.
12. F. Arthur Hill, St. Paul, Minn.
13. Geo. E. Hart, Sheboygan, Wis.
14. J. Devereaux, Shell Lake, Wis.
15. F. Peterson, Shell Lake, Wis.
16. F. R. Porter, Orillia, Ont.
17. J. Tunstall, Jamestown, N. D.
18. J. H. Benows, Toledo, O.
19. Jno A. Ford, Dallas, Tex.
20. Martin D. McGrath, Brookhaven, Miss.
21. J. C. Devereux, Brookhaven, Miss.
22. A. Oliver, D. D. Jackson, Miss.
23. H. G. Hiltzheim, Jackson, Miss.
24. Thos. Helm, Jackson, Miss.
25. B-K 4 N. J. Smith, Jackson, Miss.
26. Capt. Frank Johnston, Jackson, Miss.
27. Col. R. V. Boothe, Vicksburg, Miss.
28. Stanford N. Collier, Vicksburg, Miss.
29. C. Q. De France, Lincoln, Neb.

The game was sent to Nelson Hall, Danneberg, with request that he play and pass it on. This calls to mind a scheme I have had under consideration for some time. Have a list of players, one in a town, or no town, in the same town to play consecutively, of say about sixty to one hundred. Have it understood that the recipient is to play in his turn and mail it to the person whose name appears directly under his. Have a Ruy Lopez started, say to 3. B-Kt 5, and as many games to start simultaneously as there are players in the printed list. Each player in the beginning would be supplied with a traveling game sheet and be instructed to make black's 3rd move and mail to the proper person on a given date; after that the games could progress as rapidly as possible. Under such a plan the Ruy Lopez, or any other opening, could be tested by sixty to one hundred correspondence tandem games all going at the same time. It would not be necessary to have any reports made except when one of the players resigned or mate was effected. Under this plan, too, each player would be given the opportunity to choose his favorite defense to the Ruy Lopez in one game, and all the games would be following each other 'round the circle. Do I hear of any volunteers?

**APOLOGY.**

The Chess Editor begs the indulgence of his readers for a week or two yet. He has been away and there are stacks and stacks of letters on his desk awaiting answer. Would Brer Walcott lend his kitty for a short season?

**Autumn**

The autumn leaves fall sear and brown. They give us ample warning. Of chilling winds and snowy down. The landscape soon adorning. Proud Nature smiled but yesterday. Today she sits in mourning. As hill and vale and sweeping gale Put on a face most frowning.

The azure sky in darker hue, And often so appalling. Is but a sign that other climes. To Nature's claims are falling. Far sweeter than the warbler's song. The bells we hear a-tinkling. And merry hearts as light as air. Of pleasure now are thinking.

But he who learns from nature's God, The truths in nature written. Has learned that 'tis the will of God, That God in love has smitten. That animate, inanimate, Succumbs to laws from heaven. And the autumn time is but a page Of the blessings He has given.

Adams, Neb.

**COME SOUTH.**

On the line of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway where there is plenty of water, fuel, good lands capable of growing over fifty different crops and never a failure. Climate surprisingly healthy and agreeable. Lands are now very low in price, but rising rapidly. Come this fall. For particulars address, J. B. KILLEBREW, Industrial & Immigration Agent, Ernest G. Woodward, Travelling Passenger Agent, Merchants Exchange, St. Louis, Mo.

**NORTH-WESTERN LINE.**

August 11-31.

One fare plus \$2 to following points:

Hot Springs, Deadwood, Man- katato, Kasota, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth.

Final limit, Oct. 31st.

City office, 117 So. 10th st.

Depot, cor. 9th and 5 sts.

## DON'T TOBACCO SPIT and SMOKE Your Lifeaway!

You can be cured of any form of tobacco using easily be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor by taking **NO-TO-BAC**, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over **\$20,000** cured. All druggists. Care guaranteed. Booklet and advice FREE. Address **STERLING REMEDY CO.**, Chicago or New York.

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Special Rates now on sale to Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

Summer Tourist Rates on sale daily to all summer resorts at reduced rates.

The WABASH with its own rails from Kansas City, St. Louis or Chicago offers the shortest and only line to Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Stopover at Buffalo and Niagara Falls allowed on all tickets. For rates, folders, and all information, call on your nearest Ticket Agent or address Jos. Teahon, T. P. A., Omaha, Neb., or C. S. Crane, G. P. & T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

**GREATLY REDUCED RATES**

via

**WABASH RAILROAD.**

\$13—Buffalo and Return—\$13

\$31—N. Y. and Return—\$31

The Wabash from Chicago will sell tickets at the above rates daily. Aside from the rates the WABASH runs through trains over its own rails from Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago and offer many special rates during the summer months, allowing stopovers at Niagara Falls and Buffalo. Ask your nearest Ticket Agent or address Harry E. Moores, Gen'l Agt., Passenger Dept., Omaha, Neb., or C. S. Crane, G. P. & T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

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