In searching for your clothing there are five important points to pick out-First, material; to obtain the best to be had. Second, make up; to retain that individuality you find in Nebraska Clothing we pay a little more for making it and obtain a little better work than most stores do. Third, the style; we have a representative that lives in the eastern market, and we do not depend upon pictures or descriptions. He is there on the ground and knows what's the style; consequently you'll find no antique clothing in this store. Fourth, the fit; there's no question as to our ability to fit you; if the first and second and the third points are correct, the fourth must be. The fifth, the price; that's the point that pleases us as well as you. Drop us a postal card if you can't come yourself, and ask for one of our catalogues; they tell the tale truthful and blunt.

Please Mention The Nebraska Independent when answering

Nebraska Clothing

country. The anti imperial league de clares that the whole story is a lie, that no one connected with the league has written any fetters to any Filipino, and that the members of the league are much more concerned about what will happen to the people of the United States under imperialism than the effect it will have upon the Filipinos.

The g. o. p. statistician in figuring up the 10 per cent gain in Kansas that they said the republicans made, put down a majority for his party in Sedgwick coun ty of 50, whereas the fusion average majority was 252. All the mullet heads still believe that the republicans made great gains in Kansas.

Paper is made cheaper today than it ever was in the history of the world and of the world and run two wars, five yet the price has nearly doubled in a thousand miles from home. A small war year. A year ago a car load of paper at a distance costs more than a large one cost \$430. Now it costs \$720, and the near by. These things, in connection with the fact that our president and our price of the Independent remains the same, which is hard on as, and the tender in this country, will make good farmer gets less for his products which republican prosperity by the solid foot. makes it hard for him to pay for the paper. Will some populist tell us what to do about it?

cases have been reversed and sent back broom corn and then make it up and sell other party, a republican made a single to the lower courts for new trials and the brooms. Then there is organized the whole business has to be begun over labor as well as the trusts that kick and again. The Weaver insurance law has also been knocked out, and the office own living rather than to be obliged to established under Judge Bryant has earn ours and theirs too. The art of been abolished. All the business now making brooms is very easily learned. goes back into the hands of Auditor Cornell.

The sad news came Tuesday afternoon that General Lawton had been killed. He was one of the bravest and ablest officers in the Philippines and does not cost five dollars. has been almost constantly on the firing line for nearly two years. The news has produced a sadness everywhere. Gen. Lawton fought all through the civil war, through many Indian campaigns and has at last met death in the Philippines.

The place where this baftle was fought is within 15 miles of Manila. It is in plain First Nebraska captured and held for so long. It was one of 'the outposts of the regiment for some time and Company I had two or three sharp fights there.

It appears from this account, which under the circumstances could not be suppressed, that the rebellion is nowhere fighting right in sight of Manila. What the real condition in the Philippines is no one, with perhaps the exception of Secretary Root, knows. Otis holds one end of the cable and Root the other.

HARDY'S COLUMN

Glad Allen is There-Is England on the Totter-Money Panics-Brooms and Trusts-Trusts and Monopolies.

We are glad to know that ex-senator Allen is going back to the senate. He is needed there. The present session is going to be the most important since the war. If the gold bugs have their way and retire the greenbacks, treasury not let us go to Europe and buy Amerinotes, silver certificates, and demonetize silver for payments of over ten dollars, we will see proporty go down forty per cent, accompanied with a more severe panic than that of 1893. Knocking out 800,000,000 of legal tender money is no eall matter. Our legal tender money ught to be increased \$200,000,000 annully in order to keep up with the increase of trade and maintain a parity between money and property.

Perhaps the present war in South Africa, with its already disastrous defeats, is the turning point in English glory. Wait till she gets a hundred or two hundred thousand more troops in battle ar ray in central southern Africa, then let Ireland, India and Australia revolt and the British empire will begin to crumble.

There has been a point beyond which a nation is not safe in trying to rule the cans purposely allowed the debate to run world. It has been tried, but the safest wild and the succeeding sections were thing for John and Samuel to do is to never reached. This prevented amend establish independent republics rather ments of any sort being offered to the banking provisions of the bill. A numthan dependencies.

Another money panic has already set in. War and the gold standard will make things rattle worse than they did in 1893. Seward said one war at a time vas enough, but we have two now, one of bull its and one of dollars. Let the money sharks run thisgs this winter and McKinley's prosperity will go glimmer ing. If the money could be let alone, we could get along, but wicked men and and devils are never satisfied. McKin ley will probably unload twenty-five milions of gold in New York today, to help the money men. At the same time he would not unload twenty five cents to help the farmers.

It is now p'ain that there is not gold enough in the world to do the business congress are about to cut down our leval

The broom factory of Lincoln has gone into the trust and will now probably be closed up as our paper mill is. Every thing must be made in the east and we During the week the supreme court must ship our broomcorn there and pay has handed down several important de freight on our brooms back. Why not let the prisoners of our penitentiary howl against convict labor. For one we can stand it to see criminals earn their in one day a man can learn to make as good a broom as anybody. He may not make as many in a day but can make them just as good. Brooms have al ready thribled in price and still going up, but it will be hard to maintain a monot oly on brooms, they are so easily made. The machinery for making them

Trusts and monopolies have been outlawed for two or three hundred years, Lord Coke decided they were unlawful for the following reasons: 1st-They tend to raise the price of the commodity for he who has the sole selling of it can can make the price as he pleases; 2d-After a monopoly is thoroughly estab lished the commodity is not as good as it was before, for the monopolist regards sight of the pumping station that the only his own interest and not that of the commonwealth; 3rd—It tends to impov erish the laborer who before supported himself and family. Yet there are those who claim to be right smart, who argue that trusts are calculated to make things cheaper. There are also those who argue that a high protective tariff makes things protected cheaper. They cite as sam ples, the reduction of the price of cloth near an end. The Filipinos are still and iron. The oil trust they quote as having reduced the price of oil from of sense knows they want tariff and mo nopolies in order to cut off competion so they can get a higher price for their goods. Look at the price of window glass. It has thribled in price since McKinley came into office. The trusts and tariff have worked hand in hand to put up prices. There are dozens of glass F. factories today standing idle and just as have been successfully treated for chol anywhere in the word beside, at the same time they pay the highest scale of American wages. They export to Europe millions of dollars worth of goods, hogs was attacked by cholera, says: "We and sell under their noses cheaper than they can make, while we have to pay can glass and bring it home, without to four head." This is certaily an expaying tariff.

Happenings

Adjutant General Barry is receiving many applications for the organization of companies of the Nebraska National Guard. In a short time the guard of the state will be again organized and in the same excellent condition that the general had it at the commencement of hostilities with Spain.

Company F of Madison has been reorganized as a company in the Nebraska National guard with Captain Fred Gegner and Lieutenant Charles A. Vickers.

We sell all kinds of coal but poor coal. HUTCHINS & HYATT. 1040 O st., Lincoln, Neb.

With balm unshipped and compass lost Our ship of state is tempest to sed; The flag—once freedom's flag—now waves O'er helpless Oriental slaves.

The industries are owned by trusts, And labor lives on crumbs and crusts; The rich are honored—not the wise. And struggling genius groups and dies.

In the mad rush for sordid gold The hearts of men are growing cold Wisdom ignored, its now the rule To deify the gilded fool.

The Boers must soon or later feel The grinding of proud England's heel; For God, so the prove b runs, Is on the side of heaviest guns.

Crime stalks abroad through all the land, And vice is seen on every hand; The God of vengeance soundly sleeps, And Justice smiles while Virtue weeps

As Truth, though crushed to earth, will rise, So Right, twin offspring of the skies. Though traited and trampled in the dust, Must—must prevail, for God is just.

—J. W. SUTTON.

NO AMENDMENTS ALLOWED

Outrageous Proceedings of the Republican Majority to Prevent any Modification of the Gold Bill.

Washington, Dec. 16. [Special corresoondence.]-The debate on the currency bill was finished this evening at 5 o'clock. Under the rule this day was to be given up to the reading of the bill under the five minute rule which permits amendments to be offered to the different secsections of the bill as they are reached, and five minute speeches can be made on the section or amendment until it is agreed to. After the first section was read, which provided for the establishment of the gold standard, the republiber on the minority side had amendments to offer, but never had an opportunity, as the sections they de-ired amended were not reached during the time allowed under the rule for debate. The last fifteen minutes were wild and disorderly. The minority charging the republicans with preventing any opporunity to amend the bill eliminating ob ectionable banking provisions, and the epublicans charging the democrats with he failure to offer a free coinage amendment, and this after the republicans had prevented all opportunity of doing so.

Strayed

From 26th and R streets, large red milch cow. dehorned. Notify T. F. A. Williams, room 55, Burr block, Lincoln.

FIRST GOLD STANDARD SPEECH

Republican Leaders Declare in Congress that They have Changed, and are Now for Gold Only.

Washington, Dec. 16-[Special correspondence.]-When the debate on the currency bill began it started in swift and vigorous. Overstreet of Indiana, led on behalf of the republicans. For the first time in the history of the reraise two or three hundred acres of publican party, or in the history of any gold standard speech, declaring in favor of the gold standard pure and simple, He stated that under the bill all forms of paper money should be redeemed in gold, and by interchangability silver dollars should be redeemed in gold.

Doliver of Iowa, followed in support of the bill. He created considerable amusement on the fusion side by saying that neither he nor any republican proposed to be annoyed or flustrated by the opposition quoting from his or republican speeches in favor of silver, for the republicans had changed and he gladly admitted it. In an-wer to a question of Price of Tenne-see, he said that he was done with bimetallism by international agreement, as he had had enough of the silver question. He claimed that free coinage would not help us as the mint capacity is only \$50,000,000 per year, yet the republicans in 1896 feared a flood of sitver. He felt gratified over the alleged ri-e of prices, yet the republicans preached the bessings of low prices in

Going to buy your folks a Coristmas at the B. L. Paine clothing store, four docr west of Miller & paine's, on O St.

Loss by Cholera

It is estimated that the loss in the United States of hogs by death from Many experts have been experimenting fifty to ten cents a gallon. Every man to find a safe and sure cure for this des tructive disease. The value of such a medy is apparent. Recently there have been some excellent results in the the treatment of the disease obtained by farmers in this vicinity. The herds at the state penitentiary, at the state insane a-ylum, Wm. Fo-ter of Saltillo, E. Fassett and John Higgins of Lincoln, soon as one is completed the glass trust buys it up and lets it stand idle. Glass is made in Indiana and Ohio, where they have natural gas, cheaper than they have natural gas, cheaper than highest term-, Mr. George W. Leidigh into the world's commerce. By a careof Nebraska City, who was warden of the penitentiary at the time the herd of p aced our entire held of six y head un der treatment, and the remedy saved fifty three head out of the sixty, when we were having a daily loss of from two cellent showing. Others who have used the remedy report just as good results. It is not expensive and deserves the most general trial by the larmers of this state. For the benefit of its readers the Inde pendent will be pleased to publish the details in any case where this remedy is The cure of hog cholera is a matter of interest to every resident of Nebraska. Farmers interested may write direct to this office or to W. H. Ungles, Lincoln, Neb.

For Old Soldiers

Washington, Dec. 17 .- [Special correswidows uneer the new law shall receive ment.-Washington Post.

\$12 instead of \$8 per month, and that soldiers who are rated for more than one disability shall have the right to have the same grouped or added together in the making up of their disabilities and the granting of pensions on the same. Under the present practice several disabilities count nothing as only the highest rated disability is considered in making up the rate. His bill is generally along the lines recommended by the G. A. R. committee which called on the president recently. He also offered a bill for the erection of a public building at Hastings, appropriating \$125,000 for that

Apportionment of State School Funds

State of Nebraska. Office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

To the Hou. J. F. Cornell state auditor; As appears from the certificate of the Honorable J. B. Meserve state t reasurer, made on the fourth day of December 189, there are now in his hands and subject to apportionment, school moneys which were derived as follows:

State tax \$77.333.72

Interest on U. S. Honds 301.00

Interest on State Bonds 4.520.00

Interest on State Bonds 677.49

Interest on School District Bonds 677.49

Interest on School Lands Sold 68.017.08

Interest on School Lands Sold 1.465.00

Interest on Saline Lands Sold 1.520.00

Interest on State Warrants 12.585.56

Peddler's License 59.40

Total Amount 529.885.59

Total amount \$22,883.59
In compliance with the provisions of Section 3, Subdivision XI., of the School Laws. I have apportioned the same to the several counties as follows:

Whole Number of Children 372,745. Amount the Section of Section 1, 202,883.59. Rate per scholar,

6	apportioned, 8,785747.	\$292,883.59.	Rate	per	scholar
	County.			Ame	ount Du
	Adams	******	***	8	5,527 7 3,248 2 299 3
H	Banner	************	******	99.00	200 9
	Blaine				128 0
	Roone				3,168 9
ľ	Box Butte			****	1.211 6
	Boyd	**********	******		1,548 7
	Brown				964 B
	Burt			****	3.586 1
	Butler			1646	4,582 4
	Cass				6.026 6
	Cedar Chase			****	3,394 4 777 1
	Charry				1,210 8
	Cheyenne		******		1.040 3
	Clay		******		4,767 9
	Colfax				3,507. 5 4,283.9
j	Custer			111	6.071 4
	Dakota				1.781 2
į	Dawes Dawson	***********	*****	2255	1,742 7
j	Dawson	******			3.656 8 575 9
d	Dixon				2,986 6
1	Dodge				6.183 8
ĺ	Douglas				33,253 8
1	Dundy Fillmore				4.457 5
j	Franklin			W	2,665 2
1	Frontier				2,661 3
J	Furnas	*******	*****	1255	3,643 5 8,221 2
Ì	Garfield		****	* 11.*	506 0
l	Gosper		******		1,562 0
i	Grant				1,690 9
ı	Hall				4,796 2
Ì	Hamilton		*****	44.41	4,016 7
9	Hamilton		******		2,803 5
9	Hayes Hitchcock			C#145	751 1 1,393 9
ì	Holt				3,341 0
1	Hooker				43 2
ĺ	Howard				3,214 4 4,423 7
ł	Jeffe son				3 181 4
١	Kearney			42.00	3,030 6
ı	Keith. Keyn Paha Kimball		125532	5555	561 8 840 7
1	Kimball		******	****	194 0
١	Knox		ereces.	CONT.	4.033 2
ı	Lincoln				16,445 0
1	Logan.				3,098 20 238 8
ł	Loup				346 5
1	Loup Madison McPherson.				4,780 4
1	Merick				2,393 3
ł	Nanco				2.193 8
I	Nemaha				4.162 11
I	Otoe		*****	****	3,586 94 5,664 43
I	Pawnee	***********		250	3,216 07
I	Perkins				436 09 3,052 69
۱	Phelps			***	2, 92 (1
I	Platte				5.149 79
I	Polk Red Willow			100	3,187 78 2,724 97
۱	Richardson		*****		5,556 81
ı	Rock				NIA DA

Future of Silver.

Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff

sheridan.

hurston

The future of silver is of interest both to the politician and the producer. It is the question what is to be the fate of present? Many nice things can be found silver mining to which Dr. E. S. Meade addresses himself in a recent publication of the American Academy of Politi-cal and Social Science. That silver should be so low in price and the product still remain at its old height seems a paradox. Dr. Meade calls attention to the fact that there has been a relative. decline, since the production of all other cholera exceeds \$20,000,000 annually, commodities has advanced. He shows, moreover, that in the United States at lea-t the direct production of silver hasuffered greatly from the fall in the price of the product. The indirect production of silver subsidiary to the production of copper and lead, two minerals which have enjoyed ri-ing prices ac counts for a large measure of the pres ent silver production. Dr. Meade fears nor the scarcity of the metal. He is condependent upon its price, that large quantities of unmined silver are hidden in the bowels of the earth, waiting only for a favorable market, to be brought ful survey of mining records he estab lishes these propositions in a manner to carry conviction to the reader.

They Wanted Allen

Senator Allen's fighting qualities and power of endurance are the qualifications especially appreciated at this time. The democrats are a little short of fighting men in the senate, and probably the consideration which weighed heaviest in favor of Mr. Allen's appointment was the desire of the democrats, populists enter into a protracted fight against any in contemplation, but the services of a man with the record of having talked fourteen hours without interruption might be required in a fight against legpondence | Congressman Sutherland islation with reference to the Philippines offered a pension bill a few days ago, it being a copy of one that he offered in the governor of Nebraska, and doubtless the 55th congress. It provides that influenced him in making the appoint-

NEBRASKA PIE EATERS.

hanney DePew Pledges McKinley and the g. o. p. to the Advocacy of Imperialism.

dred and forty employees in the various departments distributed as follows:

Justice.....None Agricultural......18 District

These draw from the United States treasury a total salary of \$166,048.07. Bryan's state being thus provided for, it may be well to take a glance at that of McKinley. Ohio has 837 places in department service, and total salaries paid reaches \$974,875.01. New York is most liberally cared for, having 1374 po-2.883.59 sitions with aggregate salary of \$2.056, 501.00 002 24. Penn-ylvania stands second in the list with 1.255 places, and Virginia a close third with 1.252. Arizona has but I have 6 places, Utah and Nevada 14 each, punties whi e even Alaska tows in with 18. The total number of employes in department service totals 19,446, distributed thus:

State..... Agriculture.... is by no means all the hired men o Uncle Samuel, reaches the snug sum of \$19,628,505,72.

On committees so far appointed the new speaker shows a tending to increase the majority representation and decrease

that of the minority. Chauncy DePew in addressing the Red Men at convention hall Thursday evening made an ultra administration republican speech and in disregard of the proprieties eulogized imperialism not even fighting shy of that term. He said that the tendercy of the century toward concentration of power had infused an imperial life into our country and put us in the front rank of nations That no people in the orient had ever been able to produce enough for their own wants, and their growing needmust be supplied by the stimulating process of western civilization. He spoke to an audience of about six thou sand persons.

All England Weeps.

Editor Independent-A wail is heard in South Africa. Even the princess has taken up that famous cry. "My heart bleedsfor you my brave soldiers," but all the crying and wailing will not bring back the loved ones to their homes.

Royal taffy is cheap. What baye the common soldiers to gain from this unjust war. A few capitalists can make a war when they are backed by foolish statesmen. We have a specimen in our own country, for instance, this Philippine war. Shall the mothers of this great republic raise their sons to go to war for the benefit of the capitalist? That's what its coming to in this coun

try. Republican imperialism and the right to take your sons from the plow or your home without your consent, to serve the army, and 'he clergy and generals say amen. That is why they brought on this war with the Fillpinos, Johnnie Bull and Unele Sam under-Washington, Dec. 18,—Special Correspondence.—The Blue Book just issued shows that Nebraska now has a hunbefore we get through. That is what republicans call statecraft. Oh! Lord pray give us no more of it. Advanced civilization, religion and whisky go hand of advanced civilization. Do you want imperialism, colonization on the English plan? Then pray for McKinley and this congress which is now in session in Washington. FARMER JOHN.

Washington Lickspittles

Washinton, D. C., Dec. 12-[Special Correspondence.]-Currency debate was continued today. Republicans are all coming out squarely for gold standard. Griggs of N. Y., a democrat, also spoke in favor of gold standard. Powers, an old republican member, said the bill was not drastic enough to suit him. If he had his way, when the greenbacks are redeemed in gold he would not a'low them to be re-issued, but wanted them cancelled. Of course he did not de-ire a contraction of the curreacy

This speech was made the day that stocks shrunk \$100,000,000 and the Boston clearing house had to call a special meeting and issue clearing house certificates to save one of the banks from going int a receiver's hands. That bank did not have money enough to do busi-circulation. And this mullet head con-gressman would have nothing but gold.

Report of the Condition

CHARTER NO. 513.

At Hallam in the State of Nebraska, at the close of business Dec. 2d 1899.

Other assets.
Banking house furniture and fixtures.
Other real estate.
Current expenses and taxes paid.
Premium on U. S. and other bonds and securities.
Checas and other cash items.
Due from National, State and Private.
Banks and Bankers.
Cash. Currency. \$ 785.00
Gold. 1,235.00
Odd Silver. 85.90
Pennies. 3.64
Curtency. \$ 3.64
Currency. \$ 3.64
C Total cash on hand..... 2,128,94 LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in Surplus fund.
Undivided profits.
Dividends unpaid.
Individual deposits subject to check \$ 9,817.73
Demand certificates of de-

\$16,851,23

STATE OF NEBRASKA | SS. COUNTY OF LANCASTER | SS. LANCASTER | I. G. H. Ruhaak, ass't cashier of above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and ment is true to the best of my knowledge and

G. H. RURAAK,
APTEST: G. H. RURAAK, Director,
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th
day of December, 1899.
JOHN RIETFORS,
Justice of the Peace.

Uisiting

We invite you to make our store your headquarters during your stay in the Teachers the comforts and conveniences of a modern mercantile establishment, but

assure you that we will be happy to extend to you any courtesy within our power, whether connected with our business

There are parlors and waiting rooms here, entirely at the disposal of visitors, and these are thrown open to you-are yours to do with as you wish. Any information about the city you may require will be gladly given you, and anything we can do to make your visit to our city pleasant and profitable will be a pleasure.

There are floor-walkers here whose duties are to assist you in every way, and to give information regarding the store, the city, the arrival and departure of trains, and in fact anything that will be of service to you.

This store owes its present magnitude to the liberal patronage it has received from the people of this section, and it has been and always will be our aim to show our appreciafor the future neither a flood of silver tion of this fact by making it possible for people to procure vinced that the volume of the product is the best, the most dependable values the markets afford and to save them money in doing so.

Again we invite you.

Herpolsheimer 860, N and 12th Sts., Half Block. Lincoln, Nebraska

Special Sale on Shoes

and silver republicans for his assistance should it become necessary for them to enter into a protracted fight against any

proposed legislation. A filibuster against financial legislation is not new of shoes that will be sold at very low prices.

Rubber Goods and Leggins at all prices.

We have an immense stock of

THE WELLS SHOE STORE 941 O Street, Lincoln, Neb.