

True Clothing Economy

Is the buying of good clothes. It pays in the better service you get and in the satisfaction of wearing them. Some people never learn this and they do not trade here. We commenced building this business from the bottom up, according to our best notions and ideas. We supplied your wants well and the business grew. It has now become the biggest store in the west. You have made it so, because our goods are attractive, really and truly low-priced, and just what you want. There is nothing mysterious about it.

Men's Fall Suits \$9 FOR MEN'S ALL WOOL cassimere plaid, sack suits—double breasted, vest lined throughout with the best Italian serge lining, elegantly made, perfect fitting, extra wide facings and our name sewed on the collar which is a guarantee that its the best all wool suit in the state for the money.

Men's Fall Suits \$10.50 FOR MEN'S ALL WOOL fancy worsteds, double breasted sack suits, elegantly trimmed—cut in the latest fall style, splendidly made, perfect fitting, the kind of suit that your merchant tailor will charge you \$25 for—They are gems of art and you'll save enough on this suit to buy you a fall overcoat.

Nebraska Clothing Co

FARNAM & 15TH

place of business and the money is kept in circulation. In the second place he performs no service at all. All his gains are clean stealings.

The efforts of the money power, who by capturing all the avenues of information, expect "to fool all the people all the time," will not succeed if there is any courage left in the American people. There is no doubt that there are more men in the United States who have the kind of courage that will walk up to the canon's mouth, than in any other nation on earth. The question is, have they the courage to fight this unseen foe that works in the stealth and the darkness of night?

The height of modern republican statesmanship seems to be to treat the people as a lot of ignoramuses and then lie to them, thinking that they will not know enough not to believe their lies. The idiocy of the average mullet head gives them some excuse for such a course. Many are to be found among those who pride themselves upon the fact that they are "business men." How often we have seen such chaps say: "I don't pretend to know anything about the financial question and I think that those things should be left to the bankers and financiers." A mullet head will brag of his ignorance. We have all seen them do it. But these republican statesmen make a mistake when they rely upon the supposition that a majority of the American citizens are wholly ignorant and proud of it. When a mullet head is not bragging about his ignorance he assumes the other extreme, claims that he knows it all, and every one who disagrees with him is a lunatic. One of these sort, down in Missouri said to his neighbor: "Why, how can a sensible man like you be in favor of this free silver craze? Don't you know that if we had a free silver law every man could get him a set of dies and make all the silver money he wanted?"

The news suppressors and argument avoiders have won their victories mainly by catch phrases and the denunciation of every sound economic proposition. This and the calling of their opponents bad names is their whole stock in trade.

McKinley and his cabinet are having a most enjoyable time while out on their electioneering tour. They stop at every town and McKinley tells what nice fellows the members of the cabinet are and the members of the cabinet tell what a nice fellow McKinley is. Then the people shout and McKinley and his cabinet all conclude that they are in it.

HARDY'S COLUMN

Some go up and some go down—If Nebraska goes—Corner stones—March is scared—Wages or honor—How contradictory—Right or wrong—Plain living.

"Why is it," said a farmer last week, "that everything we want to buy has gone up while everything we have to sell has gone down?" McKinleyism and trusts do it all and if you like it vote for M. B. Reese for judge this fall, he stands with McKinley and the trusts.

"If Nebraska goes republican, this fall," says Governor Cleveland, one of the leaders of the present day, "it will necessitate a new democratic leader next fall." So if Ohio goes democratic it will necessitate a new republican leader.

It beats all how many corner stones President McKinley has to lay down and how many old fences he has to lay up. Lincoln spent no time with his fences during his first term but attended to his official duties. Johnson was so anxious to be president a second time that he swung around the circle just as McKinley is doing, only there is no

would seek a market.

Art. IV. I believe the public cannot manage monopolies at home, but can manage subject races on the other side of the globe.

Art. V. I believe in home rule for Ireland, but in alien rule for the Spanish islands.

Art. VI. I believe in a Monroe Doctrine which forbids Europe to interfere with self-government in America, but permits America to interfere with self-government in Asia.

Art. VII. I believe the Spanish islanders are unfit to govern themselves, but will be fit to help govern us.

Art. VIII. I believe the blacks have a right to govern themselves, but that whites and blacks have a right to govern yellows.

Art. IX. I believe that taxation without representation is tyranny when applied to us, but philanthropy when applied to us.

Art. X. I believe that governments get their just powers from the consent of the governed in America, but from the conscious superiority of the governors in Asia.

Art. XI. I believe that militarism and foreign broils are the refuge of despotism in Europe and of republicanism in America.

Art. XII. I believe that American policies have made a little America and that European policies will make a greater America.—Outlook for Feb.

Hammond's 'Marier' Escaped.

There is an organization in Nebraska known as the "Nebraska Republican Newspaper Federation." The president of this organization is Ross L. Hammond, editor of the Fremont Tribune; the secretary is W. E. Dayton, editor of the York Republican.

Following is a circular recently issued: **FEDERATION REPUBLICAN NEWS-PAPERS.**

Dear Sir: With the hope of inducing united effort this circular is addressed to the members of the Nebraska Republican Newspaper Federation.

In general it may be stated that an obviously beneficial policy to pursue is one that will tend, first to create dissatisfaction in the ranks of the fusionists and divide their forces; and second, to strengthen and consolidate the republican party in the state. To achieve the first object each member must be left free to exercise his own judgment as the situation differs in some respects in various counties of the state. We desire only to urge that the value of this policy be kept continually in the mind and that the members exercise their influence accordingly.

Let the members bear in mind to put special stress upon the election of county judges and clerks, since these two officers have charge of the appointment of election boards, and canvassing the election returns, both of which will be of vast significance during the presidential election of next year.

It is the custom of some members of the Federation to make combinations with fusion papers for cubbing purposes. All in all, it is obviously a disadvantage to the party for republican papers to engage in the circulation of fusion literature among the people and should, we believe, be discouraged, for it must directly tend to the injury of republican editors who do it.

The chairman of the republican state central committee incurses this plan for the work of the republican papers and pledges his own and the committee's hearty co-operation. Assuring you that there have been many evidences of appreciation of the power and usefulness of the Federation and commending you to be vigilant and diligent, we remain, fraternally, **ROSS L. HAMMOND, President.**

W. E. DAYTON, Secretary. For low down campaigning the above circular takes the case. Stir up strife among neighbors to accomplish party ends. The venerable old devil himself must be a bad adviser in chief of the Republican Newspaper Federation. The scheme is already working—in strong populist counties the republicans tell the democrats they are being swallowed by the pop, and in democratic counties they bear the same lying tale to the populists. When republican politicians approach you with such statements just tell them to mind their own business and go to their father, the devil, and a vigorous kick added would help them on their way. Notice carefully the advice to give particular attention to the election of county judges and clerks, because these two officers appoint election boards and canvass election returns. Now the only advantage to the republicans to have these officers to do crooked work on election day and the design undoubtedly is to attempt the stealing of an election that they know it is impossible for them to honestly win. Watch the rascals and see that they get no more judges and clerks than they are fairly entitled to. But the meanest thing is this exceedingly mean circular is to keep republicans from investigating both sides of the question. They are afraid to have the people read the populist newspapers. They want to run a campaign of prejudice and ignorance. They are doing even worse than that—they attempt to drown the voices of our speakers by loud and unusual noises and by blowing discordant trumpets in or near our audiences—this they did at both Seward and Ashland, and they will probably do it elsewhere. It has been the custom of the fusion press to club with any republican paper in the nation. Most of our people love to read that kind of papers in order to witness the strange antics of the literary jackasses that edit them. Most any pop in Nebraska can answer any argument contained in the ablest republican newspaper, and our journals have no fear of republican competitors. The Bee and State Journal have received thousands of subscribers by clubbing with populist newspapers and their revenues will be badly cut if the populists will apply the advice of this cowardly federation. It speaks badly for a party when it is afraid of the fullest investigation. The committee has little regard for their able newspapers when they are not willing that the Fremont Tribune and York Republican shall come into competition with the Sand Hill Socialist and the Bunting Banner. The above is the most foolish and cowardly circular that ever issued from a political headquarters. O Lord, how the old ship is leaking now.

To Cure a Cold in one Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

BAD LUCK FOR BOERS

Persistent Reports of Their Costly Defeat by Baden Powell at Mafeking.

REPULSED WITH VERY HEAVY LOSS.

Two Fights with Armored Trains in Which They Also Lose.

Report That the Boers Have Risen Against the Free State—Details of Train Fights Near Kimberley and North of Mafeking—Move in the British Parliament Against Irish Disloyalty—Soldier Knocks Down a Boer Ruler.

Colesberg, Oct. 17, 9 a. m.—It is persistently reported from widely different sources that a large force of Boers resolutely attacked Mafeking on Friday and after several hours' fighting, were repulsed with heavy loss.

London, Oct. 18.—The following dispatch from Cape Town has not yet been confirmed: "Three hundred Boers and eighteen British have been killed in a battle at Mafeking. Colonel Baden-Powell made a sortie from Mafeking in force and attacked the Boers, who were investing the town. After fierce fighting the British carried the day."

London, Oct. 18.—The Morning Post's Ladysmith correspondent telegraphs that the Boers have risen against the Free State.

London, Oct. 18.—A special from Kimberley yesterday says: "An armored train, while reconnoitering near Spytfontein, engaged the Boers, killing five and wounding seven. The armored train approached unmolested until within range, when the Boers opened fire. The Maxims were instantly set to work and did great execution among the burghers. The latter also used artillery, but ineffectively. The armored train returned to Kimberley unharmed."

Boers Not Good Artillerymen. The crew of the armored train say the Boers fired thirteen shells, but their aim was wretched and not a single shot struck the train, which then made bold to approach nearer and opened fire with the Maxims. The burghers replied with heavy rifles, again shooting wildly. Only three or four bullets struck the train. Subsequently the crew learned that five Boers and two Boer horses were killed, while several Boers and horses were wounded. Not a member of the British force was so much as touched.

Heavy Fighting Near Mafeking. London, Oct. 18.—A special dispatch from Pretoria, dated Oct. 14, by way of Delagoa bay, says: "A cyclist dispatch was received from Ottoshoep, near Malmann, at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, asserting that heavy fighting had been in progress all day long north of Mafeking. The British troops on board an armored train acted as a covering force to military engineers engaged in repairing the track. A Maxim on the train kept up a continuous fire."

Train Once Forced to Retreat. "Conspicuous bravery was displayed on both sides, but it soon became apparent that the rifles of the burghers were ineffective against an armored train. The latter, however, was once forced to retreat before a particularly strong assault, but soon returned, accompanied by a British mounted contingent and the fighting was renewed fiercely. Fighting still continues, a dozen Boers were killed or wounded, but the British casualties cannot be ascertained."

Fight Expected Near Ladysmith. "Heavy firing can be heard south of Mafeking, where General Cronje's command is operating. A corps of experienced continental engineers, former officers, has left Pretoria for the southwestern borders, escorted by a command of picked Boer shots. It is probably intended for large dynamite operations. A big engagement is expected shortly in the vicinity of Ladysmith. The forces of Commandant Piet Vries are encamped on a mountain overlooking Dundee, from which point they will be able to observe the movements of the British troops."

BRITISH PARLIAMENT OPENS.

Movement Started Against Some Irish Members for Treason.

London, Oct. 18.—One of the first things developed at the extraordinary session of parliament was a movement against Irish members who have been expressing very downright opinions against the country in the Transvaal case as well as hopes that the national forces may be defeated, etc. On the other hand Labouchere will move an amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne in favor of arbitration in the Transvaal imbroglio even at this late day. John E. Redmond, Parnellite member for Waterford, will move an amendment protesting against the war. Henry Seaton-Karr, a Conservative member, gave notice of a question for tomorrow, concerning the alleged disloyal utterances of a certain Irish Nationalist member of the house which, he will contend, are in violation of his oath of allegiance.

He will take especial exception to an expression by Patrick O'Brien, Parnellite, of a hope that the Irishmen in the British regiments, instead of firing on the Boers would fire on Englishmen. He will also refer to similar declarations made by Michael Davitt and William Redmond.

The opening ceremony occupied a quarter of an hour. Scarcely a score of peers were present when the lord high chancellor, Baron Halsbury, took his seat upon the woolsack. The black rod was directed to desire the immediate attendance of the commons, and after a brief interval the speaker and other officials of the house of commons, followed by the members, appeared at the bar. The galleries of both houses were crowded with ladies.

United States Ambassador Choate and Mrs. Choate, with the members of the embassy, were in the diplomatic gallery of the house of lords. Chamberlain Tower, United States minister to Russia was also present.

United States Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, and Robert T. McCormack, of Chicago, witnessed the proceedings in the house of commons.

FLUKE BY AN ACCIDENT.

Second Cup Race Ends Five Miles from Start—Shamrock Disabled.

New York, Oct. 18.—The climax of the cup challenger Shamrock carried away twenty-five minutes after the big single-sticker had crossed the starting line yesterday and her enormous club topsail, with its 3,000 feet of canvas, came rattling down on the deck, leaving her a hopeless cripple. No amount of puke or courage could face such a catastrophe, and Captain Hogarth immediately abandoned the race, towing back to the anchorage after he had cleared away the wreckage. The Columbia continued over the course alone, placing to her credit the second of the races for the America's cup. Had the accident not occurred, however, it is believed that the Yankee boat would have repeated the beating she gave the challenger Monday. During the twenty-five minutes the yacht sailed she had gone through the Shamrock's lead and established a lead of more than 300 yards on the weather bow.

When the Puritan fouled the Genesta on the inside course in 1887, carrying away the challenger's bowsprit and topmast, although the race was at his mercy under the rules Lord Richard Sutton magnanimously refused to claim it. To avoid just such a contingency, in which the beneficiary of an accident is always reluctant to claim his rights, a special clause was added to the regular rules this year leaving absolutely no option in the matter.

The cause of the accident was that the wire backstay of the topmast gave way, and this support removed her Oregon pine topmast snapped off like a match just above the lower mainmast. She will be repaired and the next race will take place Thursday.

COMBINATION IN PAPER.

One Hundred Mills Interested—Prices Not to Be Advanced.

New York, Oct. 18.—Plans have been quietly maturing for some weeks past looking to the consolidation of all the paper manufacturers of the country grouped in those now independent mills which manufacture wood pulp, board, paper pulp board and strawboard. All told, some 100 or more mills are interested in the projected consolidation scheme, and the amount of capital involved is about \$50,000,000.

From C. C. Woolworth, of the Fort Orange Paper company, Castleton, The Times learned some of the details of the scheme and of the progress made. "The matter is now in the hands of a committee," said Woolworth. "All the strawboard, wood pulp board and paper pulp board men of the country will be asked to enter the consolidation, whose object will be not the advancement of prices, but rather by better working relations, the removing of excessive competition and the centralization of direction in one head office to bring about much better results at a minimum of cost."

WILL PAY FOR THEIR RETURN.

Reward for Prisoners Recently Escaped from Fond du Lac.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Oct. 18.—A reward of \$200 has been offered by the county authorities for the arrest of the trio, Winston, Morton and Adams, who escaped from the county jail Sunday night by sawing their way out through the iron doors of their cells and the corridor. Descriptions have been sent out and photographs will be flooded over the country as soon as possible.

The officers are of the opinion that the crooks were assisted by outsiders, supposed to be persons interested in the stand in November and tell the stories of their connection with the Fairwater robbery, as others would be implicated. Detective Fero is out on bail now awaiting trial for planning the Fairwater robbery, and a reward is hanging over the head of his brother Frank for the same offense. The officers will put forth every effort to capture the criminals.

Electric Railway Project.

Beloit, Wis., Oct. 18.—Application for a right-of-way through State and Pleasant streets was made at the meeting of the common council Monday night by Messrs. Elstein and Clauson, representing the proposed interurban electric railway to be known as the Beloit Northern, Southern, Eastern and Western Traction company. The agents say the road will be built as soon as possible if Beloit will co-operate in the right-of-way.

Prince Inspects a Crack Regiment.

London, Oct. 18.—The Prince of Wales, accompanied by the Grand Duke Michael of Russia, made a special inspection yesterday of the Scots guards, prior to their departure for South Africa Saturday. He cordially congratulated the commanding officer, Colonel Arthur Paget, on having so fine a battalion and briefly addressed the men.

Post-Season Base Ball.

Philadelphia, Oct. 18.—The champions of the National Base Ball League and the Phillies yesterday played the first of a series of five exhibition games on the local grounds, the Quakers winning. The home team played a faultless fielding game and made its hits when needed. The score was—Brooklyn 4, Philadelphia 7.

Held Up and Robbed of \$85.

Calumet, Mich., Oct. 18.—Otto Lindquist, master mechanic of the Tamarack Junior mine, was held up on his way home, beaten to a state of unconsciousness and robbed of \$85.

Big Crowd at a Street Fair.

Muscatine, Ia., Oct. 18.—The street fair opened Monday for a week's carnival. The merchants have booths and decorations in plenty and a large crowd is here.

Man's Body Ground to Pieces.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Oct. 18.—The body of Jesse Shisler, Pennsylvania railroad detective, was found ground to pieces in the east yards here.

FREIGHT RATES ON THE RAIL.

Statements of Michigan Companies in Reply to Commissioners.

Lansing, Mich., Oct. 18.—A score of general freight agents representing railroad companies doing business in Michigan have answered Railroad Commissioner Osborn's query as to whether there has been any advance in rates since the advent of better times. All the replies are of the same tenor, mention being made of the advance in the grain rate from Chicago to New York, which is now 5 cents below the normal rate of 25 cents, but which will again be advanced 2 cents Nov. 1.

In no other case has there been any advance, notwithstanding the general increase in value of the freight handled, as well as of supplies used by the companies. A number of the correspondents did not hesitate to claim that the companies were clearly entitled to higher rates, nor to express the opinion that steps will be taken to get them.

Three Conventions at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Oct. 18.—Three county conventions were held yesterday. The Republican convention nominated a full ticket and adjourned before noon. The Democratic and the Citizens' conventions both appointed committees on conference with a view to co-operation in the nomination of a fusion ticket and both conventions adjourned while waiting for reports from the conference.

Big Meeting of Maccabees.

Marquette, Mich., Oct. 18.—Great Commander Boynton, founder of the Maccabees, who is touring the points, was here last night and addressed an open meeting in the opera house. As this is the only place in the county where he spoke large delegations were down from Ishpeming, Negaunee and as far up the road as Republic.

Some Poison in the Beer.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 18.—H. B. Grisham and wife, living at 1001 Michigan street, drank a quantity of beer late Sunday evening and about midnight they became very sick and called in two physicians, who saw they had been poisoned. They are still in a critical condition and it is feared that the husband will die.

Gen. McClelland Is Better.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 18.—The condition of General John A. McClelland was slightly improved yesterday. His son, Colonel Edward McClelland, of the Forty-fourth United States Infantry, is expected to arrive from Fort Leavenworth, Kas.

Ex-Senator Sawyer Recovers.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 18.—Ex-Senator Sawyer has completely recovered from the operation which he underwent several weeks ago. Yesterday morning, accompanied by members of his family, he left Mercy hospital, where he has been confined since the operation, for his home in Oakbrook.

Value of a Michigan County.

Saukville, Mich., Oct. 18.—The assessed valuation of Saukville county as per the rolls of the supervisors now in session here is \$7,424,923.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Grain and Produce.

Following were the quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade today:

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October	8.84	8.84	8.84	8.84
December	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.74
May	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.74

Corn.

October	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October	3.24	3.24	3.24	3.24
December	3.24	3.24	3.24	3.24
May	3.24	3.24	3.24	3.24

Oats.

October	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October	2.24	2.24	2.24	2.24
December	2.24	2.24	2.24	2.24
May	2.24	2.24	2.24	2.24

Pork.

October	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50
December	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50
January	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50

Lard.

October	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20
December	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20
January	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20

Short ribs.

October	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October	4.80	4.80	4.77	4.77
December	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75
January	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75

Produce.

Butter—Extra creamery, 23c per lb. extra dairy, 18c; packing stock, 15c. Eggs—Fresh stock, 16c; 15c; per doz. Live poultry—Turkeys, 20c; ducks, 10c; geese, 10c; chickens, 10c; Potatoes—Burbank, 30c; Redskin, 25c; Hebron, 25c; Sweet potatoes—Jersey, 25c; 25c; 25c; Cranberries—Cape Cod, 25c; 25c; 25c.

Chicago Live Stock.

Hogs—Estimated receipts for the day, 23,000. Sales ranged at \$1.40-\$1.45 for pigs, \$4.15-\$4.45 for light, \$3.50-\$4.00 for rough packing, \$4.15-\$4.45 for mixed, \$4.15-\$4.45 for heavy packing and shipping lots.

Cattle—Estimated receipts for the day, 4,500. Quotations ranged at \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra steers, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra cows, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra heifers, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra calves, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra yearlings, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra stags, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra bucks, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra wethers, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra lambs, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra kids, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra goats, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra sheep, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra swine, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra poultry, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra game, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra fish, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra shellfish, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra fruits, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra vegetables, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra flowers, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra plants, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra seeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra grains, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra legumes, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra oilseeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra nuts, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra berries, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra fruits, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra vegetables, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra flowers, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra plants, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra seeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra legumes, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra oilseeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra nuts, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra berries, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra fruits, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra vegetables, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra flowers, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra plants, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra seeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra legumes, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra oilseeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra nuts, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra berries, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra fruits, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra vegetables, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra flowers, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra plants, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra seeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra legumes, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra oilseeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra nuts, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra berries, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra fruits, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra vegetables, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra flowers, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra plants, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra seeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra legumes, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra oilseeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra nuts, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra berries, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra fruits, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra vegetables, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra flowers, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra plants, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra seeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra legumes, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra oilseeds, \$1.50-\$1.60 for choice to extra nuts, \$1.