

STATE'S RECEPTION TO FIRST NEBRASKA. At Lincoln, September 13, 14, 15.



This will be the greatest military demonstration ever seen in the west. The Grand Parade on Thursday the 14th of September will show 3000 young soldiers in line with the G. A. R. acting as a guard of honor. The battle of Manila on three nights. This is the greatest scenic fire display ever invented.

Members of the First Regiment get free transportation to Lincoln and return and free entertainment. They are expected to come to Lincoln Wednesday. Each member should be informed and should bring with him his blanket roll. The usual special rates to the public.



C. O. WHEDON, Chairman,
J. W. JOHNSON, Sec'y Ex. Com.

REDEEMING MONEY

Mr. E. G. Spaulding, a banker in Buffalo, N. Y., in time of the war, chairman of the subcommittee on ways and means in 1861, 1862 and 1863, and known in financial history as "The Father of the Greenback," discussed commodity redemption of money as follows:

"Every time a hundred dollar bill passes from one person to another, it is a practical redemption of it by the person who takes it. Every time a merchant at Chicago pays to a farmer five hundred dollars in national currency for a carload of wheat, the farmer by the operation redeems such national currency for a carload of wheat, the farmer by the operation redeems such national currency, not in greenbacks nor in gold, but in a commodity better than either, namely, wheat, a staple article useful to all. So every merchant in New York that sells a bale of cotton goods and receives his pay for it in currency, redeems such currency, not in the way that banks redeem it, but in cotton goods, which is far better, because it performs the true functions of money by facilitating the legitimate sale of commodities. So every time that a merchant or manufacturer pays his internal revenue tax to the United States collector in national currency, the government redeems such currency by receiving and discharging such tax. So every mechanic or laborer that receives national currency for his service redeems such currency by the labor performed. So it will be seen that just as long as the national currency is practically redeemed every day in its passage from hand to hand in the payment of commodities and services, and in the ramified operations of trade and business both with the government and the people whose operations it greatly facilitates, there is not the slightest necessity for resorting to the expensive and risky operation of assorting and sending it home for redemption—"Spaulding's History," Appendix, p. 10.

No man ever yet explained what utility resulted from exchanging one kind of dollars for another kind of dollars. Swapping dollars is not redemption at all. It is redeemed as it passes from hand to hand and is the only redemption that is possible. When money will not pass from hand to hand in everyday business then, and not till then, does it become "irredeemable money."

IT'S ALL RIGHT.

The Journal was pleased to note the selection of J. H. Edmisten as chairman of the populist state central committee. Mr. Edmisten has no superior as an organizer in the state, and none who are better posted, politically. Under his efficient management of the campaign, the very best results will be brought out, and we look to see the far-ion majority in Nebraska next November larger than ever before in its history.—Sauders Co. Journal.

PREACHED TO THE PEOPLE

EDITOR INDEPENDENT.—I think a good many readers of the Independent will be interested in the work now being done by Mr. George E. Bigelow, of this city. With your permission I will tell them of it just as it was told me, with no thought of publication of the same.

Mr. Bigelow has been absent nearly four months holding meetings in Iowa and Illinois chiefly. He hires no hall, doesn't even mount a box or a wagon, but simply takes his station at some frequented street corner, reads a scripture text and proceeds to expound Christian principles as applied to modern life and present day conditions. He makes the application of Christian principles, not only to the moral and spiritual life, but to the social and political as well. Upon the latter topics he boldly declares that there is only one political question now before this country, the right of men to have what their labor creates. He does not call party names nor deal in partisan abuse, but goes straight ahead to state the truth as he sees it, and applies it to the wrongs which any one sees in life about him today.

To whom does he speak? To all who will stop and listen, most of them of the middle and laboring classes. Generally his crowds number from 100 to 200, sometimes 300 or 400. The towns from 5,000 to 10,000 give him the best audiences. In the greater cities the countless other street diversions distract the public mind from attention to one lone man, speaking without band or parade on serious subjects. In the small towns where the people are shy and the class which do most of the listening and thinking on these subjects are not numerous enough upon the streets to make a crowd. But in the medium sized cities he has never failed to secure his crowd and hold most of it to the end. Generally the crowd is in sympathy with his message, its utterances disclosing the great unrest that stirs the hearts of loyal earnest men and women everywhere at the injustice and unchristianity of the present social and "business" systems. Only once in all his meetings has he had disrespectful interruption from anyone. In front of the Kirkwood hotel in Des Moines he spoke to a crowd of 300 the most of whom were traveling men who applauded his sentiments and contributed to his collection.

Speaking of the collection suggests that it is by them that Mr. Bigelow pays his way and supports his family in Lincoln. They are not large collections either, nickels and pennies often than dimes and from \$2 to \$3 a night the general average. But they express the good will of the listeners and encourage the speaker to continue his work. At first he had a singer with a guitar but the singer fell sick and after some misgivings Mr. Bigelow resolved to go ahead relying on the plain power of the truth plainly presented to win his hearers. So far it has not failed. In 115 days he has held 113 meetings and not one of them a

failure. The only way he can account for it is the tremendous undercurrent of thought among the people on the topics presented.

After a brief visit with his family in Lincoln Mr. Bigelow has returned to his work. I confess there is something in it intensely interesting to me—more than that—something intensely encouraging. The picture of one man of slender means going out upon the streets without music or missionary society back of him and speaking more than 100 nights in succession to audiences of 200 and upward upon the vital questions affecting the social and moral progress of the people, holding his crowds and making his own way from their contributions—is one full of hope and inspiration. It means that the people are hungry for the truth and willing to honor the heroism that brings it to them.

Some of the conditions that make listeners were told me by Mr. Bigelow, of which I can only give one. It relates to the condition of labor—even under "prosperity." It was at Lyons, Iowa, the centre of a great lumber and lumber manufacturing interest that he was waited upon at the close of his meeting by a man who said he wanted to corroborate his statements regarding the condition of labor. "I will tell you what I am getting myself. I am a painter. I was out of work a large part of the time after the panic of 1893. At present I have work. I have a 'job.' I am engaged in priming doors for one of our sash and door factories. I prime them for three cents a door and can do from twenty-five to thirty a day. That is the kind of prosperity I am enjoying and there are many others."

Lincoln, Sept. 4. A. E. SHELTON.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnear & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Mrs. W. A. Kreitz of Lexington, Nebraska, is visiting with the family of A. K. Gift at 1829 P street.

Money for You.

Work at home evenings. Pleasant and profitable. Send 10c for samples and particulars. Merchants' Supply Co., American Tract Society Building New York.

J. STERLING MORTON

His Brilliant Plan for Getting Rich—Declares That There's Millions in It.

Rabbits commence breeding at six months and average eight young every three months. It is proposed that we commence with twenty pairs, ten males and ten females, which exclusive of land will call for an investment of four dollars, resulting in the following product:

| | |
|------------------------|-------------|
| 3 months..... | 80 |
| 6 months..... | 160 |
| 9 months..... | 880 |
| 1 year..... | 4,160 |
| 1 year, 3 months..... | 17,280 |
| 1 year, 6 months..... | 69,760 |
| 1 year, 9 months..... | 279,680 |
| 2 years..... | 1,118,720 |
| 2 years, 3 months..... | 4,475,520 |
| 2 years, 6 months..... | 17,902,720 |
| 2 years, 9 months..... | 71,611,520 |
| 3 years..... | 306,446,720 |

This product can be sold in the market certainly at 5 cents each, giving a gross income in three years of \$15,322,366.00, to be deducted from which are the following expenses:

| | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Rent of land, per annum, | \$4,000..... | \$12,000.00 |
| Superintendence, per annum, | \$2,000..... | 6,000.00 |
| Feed (estimated) per annum, | \$2,000..... | 6,000.00 |

To be deducted from gross income, leaving a net profit on a four dollar investment of over fifteen million, two hundred and ninety-eight thousand, three hundred and thirty-six (\$15,298,336.00) in three years.—The Conservative, August 24.

TO THE FIRST NEBRASKA

With the smiling brows of a thousand hills,
With the tendrils of her heart's hair
With a quickened pulse in her thousand ribs,
Nebraska welcomes back her own.

With fond pride shining through her tears,
With arms outstretched as they homeward come,
Her sighs and murmurs turn to cheers,
She bids her warriors welcome home.

No more shall the bugle's stirring tone
Call forth her sons to war's alarms
She calls for her bravest, his need of her own,
Has need of strong hearts and stalwart arms.

Her bayonets—glittering blades of corn,
Her swords—in plowshares find relief,
Her free air calls her dearest born
Home to the victuaries of peace.

No more with aching hearts she binds
Her exiles in an orient as
Not war—but honest hearts and minds
Can give our dark-skinned brothers peace.

And to the world one sign she gives—
Blow it, ye winds, to all the seas
While in her heart fair Freedom lives,
Her foes are—Freedom's enemies.

Brave sons, your mother smiles today—
And though from far-off islands come
The mournful "Aps," her tears shall stay—
"Welcome home," but "welcome home."

—Edna D. Bullock, Des Moines, Iowa.

OVER PRODUCTION.

The overproduction theory is being laughed at even by the most ignorant people in Texas. Why? Because they see too many proofs of its fallacy. While the sugar and molasses combinations run many millions of gallons of molasses in the streams to prevent a low price, the people are putting up old fashioned sorghum mills to get molasses for which they have no money to pay. In spite of four cent cotton and so called overproduction of cloth, there are more people wearing patches on their clothes in Texas today than ever before, and the commonest kind of calico has advanced in price. The farmer is being forced back to first principles and becoming once more a raiser of his own living, an eater of his own meat, as well as being his own blacksmith, carpenter, doctor and preacher.—Southern Mercury.

KNOWS HE IS HONEST.

Silas A. Holcomb, the man whom the republican politicians of the state view with fear and trembling has been nominated for judge of the supreme court. The false and ridiculously absurd fight the republican made on Holcomb won him many warm friends and really did more than any other factor in getting him the nomination. The people know him to be a honest man and know that he made the best governor the state ever had up to that time.—Quill.

FERRETS

English and Fitch Ferrets will clear your barn and grainaries of rats. For sale cheap in any number. Will drive rats, ground squirrels and gophers. Will furnish a good day's sport hunting rabbits. Write me for prices. Send in your orders at once, for prices go up each month.

THOS. S. DAVIDSON,
1433 Rose St., Lincoln, Neb.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT

80 acres, well improved, 4 miles from railroad near school, 3 acres bearing orchard in Seward county Nebraska. Terms \$30.00 an acre. \$1000 cash balance on terms to suit purchaser. \$150 cash rent. Address 538, Nebraska Independent, Lincoln, Nebraska.

\$5 A MONTH.

DR. McCREW, SPECIALIST, Treats all Forms of DISEASES AND DISORDERS OF MEN ONLY. 22 Years Experience. 12 Years in Omaha. Medicine and treatment sent everywhere by Mail or Express, at the small charge of ONLY \$5 A MONTH. HOME TREATMENT that cures and saves you time and money. ELECTRICITY AND MEDICAL treatment combined in all cases where it is advisable. Varicose veins, Stricture, Syphilis, in all its stages, Loss of Vigor and Vitality, caused from abuses or Excesses, Weakness and Disorders of Kidney and Bladder. CURES GUARANTEED in all Curable cases. Charges low. Book Free. Consultation and Examination Free. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sunday 9 to 12. DR. McCREW, P. O. Box 796, Office N. E. Corner of 14th and Farnam Sts., OMAHA, NEB.

ONLY \$5 A MONTH. HOME TREATMENT that cures and saves you time and money. ELECTRICITY AND MEDICAL treatment combined in all cases where it is advisable. Varicose veins, Stricture, Syphilis, in all its stages, Loss of Vigor and Vitality, caused from abuses or Excesses, Weakness and Disorders of Kidney and Bladder. CURES GUARANTEED in all Curable cases. Charges low. Book Free. Consultation and Examination Free. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sunday 9 to 12. DR. McCREW, P. O. Box 796, Office N. E. Corner of 14th and Farnam Sts., OMAHA, NEB.

His Nerves Wore Out

F. J. Lawrence, of 435 Fourth Ave., Detroit, Mich., exchange editor on the *Evening News*, says: "I never really broke down while at this work, but one time I was in such a condition that my physician said I would have nervous prostration. I was in a bad way, my nerves seemed to give out and I could not sleep. I lost flesh and had a complication of ailments which baffled skilful medical treatment."

"One of my associates recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I gave them a trial. The pills gave me strength and helped my shattered nerves so that I could get a full night's rest. Soon after I began taking them regularly, the pain ceased, causing me to feel like a new man."

From the *Evening News*, Detroit, Mich.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes \$2.50.

TYPEWRITING IS PERMANENT.

Question of Durability of Records Made Subject of State Supervision.

The permanency of typewritten records is a subject of no little importance and it is worthy of note that a series of experiments is being conducted in Boston with a view of establishing the relative value of the leading brands of typewriter ribbons. Robert T. Swan, the state commissioner of public records for the state of Massachusetts, is doing some good work in this direction. He finds that of the different colors used for typewriter ribbons, the red, green, blue and purple are not permanent, black being the only one that will stand the tests to which he subjects the writing. The legislature of Massachusetts, which recently adjourned, passed an act permitting typewritten records to be accepted as official when approved by the commissioner of public records, New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey having previously taken similar action. In other words, no such records will be accepted unless the materials used are up to the standard, and the commissioner is expressly authorized by the statute referred to to withdraw his approval at any time when he shall find that the articles used fall below such standard. This is an important matter which should be acted upon in every state, for the illegible is something that ought to be carefully provided against, otherwise it were much better to keep in force the provision that legal records shall be written only with pen and ink. It is possible, we think, to produce typewritten records that are quite as permanent as any produced by writing with a pen, and in view of the greater legibility of the former as well as their economy of production, it is desirable that this should be done. While the states generally have no official corresponding to the commissioner of public records of Massachusetts, it ought to be made somebody's business to supervise the matter of permanency of public records.—Albany Law Journal.

Case of Cruelty.

A little girl whose acquaintance with the zoological wonders of creation was limited was looking at one of the elephants in Lincoln park, Chicago, while on her first visit to that popular resort. Observing that the animal stood motionless near a watering-trough, she said, "Poor thing! Why don't they lift up his trunk and fasten it back so he can drink?"

Genuine Self-Control

While the distinguished artist was showing his paintings to his guests Bob sat at his mother's elbow rather bored, but quite silent, as became a boy of 7 years. At length a spring landscape—brilliantly and wonderfully impressionistic—was placed against the easel. Bob clapped his hand to his mouth. "Oh!" he gasped, "I very nearly said what I thought." "What was that, Bob?" asked the artist. Bob shook his head stoutly. "I think maybe you would like it better if I thought again!" said he.

He Defied Detection.

"That is not papa," said the youngster as the new photograph was being handed around at home. "Why not?" asked his mother. "Because that man in the picture has a nice smile on his face."

Pangs of Remorse.

"I wish I hadn't eaten that apple," said Fatty, ruefully. "Why, was it a bad one?" "Well, I believe it was spoiling for a fight," and his face took on a look of pain.

Home for Thousands.

If you are looking for a new home, you cannot do better than to investigate the advantages to settlers in the new state of Utah. No climate in the world is more even tempered and no country offers greater natural resources. There is much land to be had cheap. Take advantage of the half rate in effect on the first and third Tuesday of each month to go to Utah to look over the field for yourself. See that your tickets read via the Rio Grande Western Ry., which will carry you through the center and most favored part of the state. For copy of "Pointer to Prosperity" write to Geo. W. Heintz, Salt Lake City. t f

The Hog Raisers Mutual Ins. Co., of Lincoln is doing good business. Its plan is fair to the farmer and conservative to the Company. It is now pushing out over the state, and insurance in it is safe and reasonable in cost.

The Great Rock Island Route is placing interchangeable books on sale at all coupon offices west of Missouri river. These books are good on 37 different railroads and will be a great advantage to commercial men and travellers. The net rate is 25c per mile in Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Oklahoma and Indian Territory.



BUGGIES, HARNESS, SEWING MACHINES at wholesale prices. No agents, no middlemen, no money in advance, 10 per cent saved. Sent subject to examination. We discount prices of any other company. We also sell Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Binding Twines, 1000 other things. Send for free catalog. H. A. PETERSON, 1110 N. 1st St., Lincoln, Neb. P. O. Box 100. We are the only Price Factory in the United States selling implements direct to the consumer.

Burlington Route

CUT THIS OUT.
RATES TO OMAHA EXPOSITION.

A 10 day ticket sold any day for \$2.65.
On every Tuesday a 7 day ticket \$1.75.
On Saturday and Sunday mornings, tickets good to return Monday, \$1.65.
These rates are from Lincoln only.
To remember them CUT THIS OUT.

City Ticket Office
Corner 10th and O Sts.
Telephone 235.

Burlington Depot
7th St., Between P & Q.
Telephone 25.

G. W. BONNELL, City Passenger and Ticket Agent