

SANTA CRUZ IS TAKEN

Fifteen Hundred Men Under Lawton Capture an Important Town.

SIXTY-EIGHT REBELS KILLED.

Otis Reports That They Left Their Dead On the Field—The American Loss is Only Six Wounded—Insular Tactics Were Used—The Fighting Rebels Are to Be Pursued.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The following dispatch was received from General Otis to-day:

MANILA, April 11.—Adjutant General, Washington: Lawton's command captured Santa Cruz, chief city of Laguna de Bay, this morning; casualties, six wounded; insurgents troops driven, leaving sixty-eight dead upon the field and a large number of wounded; considerable number captured.

"Lawton will pursue westward."—Ots.

MANILA, April 11.—Major General Henry W. Lawton has captured Santa Cruz, at the extreme end of Laguna de Bay, or Bay lake. He drove the rebels, who were commanded by a Chinaman named Pao Wah, into the mountains. Six Americans were wounded. The rebels lost sixty-eight men killed and forty wounded.

AN UNCENSORED VIEW.

Not Enough Troops to Hold the Islands—Volunteers Would Come Home.

MANILA, April 7, via Hong Kong, April 11. (Uncensored)—Though hundreds of Filipinos are daily returning to their homes and are desirous of resuming peaceful pursuits, and though the proclamation issued by the United States Philippine commission has given an impetus to this movement, the war is far from ended. One of the foremost American generals said recently: "We will see 100,000 soldiers in the Philippines before the Americans control the islands." A majority of the army are of his opinion.

It is generally considered that great reinforcements are necessary, as the troops here are not sufficient to make the conquest of the island of Luzon and hold the ports occupied. It is thought that it would be cheaper in the long run and have a better effect upon the natives to establish American supremacy effectually and quickly than to temporize with a score of rebellions.

All the stories told by prisoners and friendly natives agree that a majority of the insurgents would be glad to quit, but that there are enough professional revolutionists left to infest the country with bands of hundreds of men and to demoralize business years to come. Some high Americans believe that the government would wisely expend money in buying off Aguinaldo and his clique of influential Filipinos.

Foreigners in Manila think the Americans are too optimistic as to the effects of the proclamation. They say that the weakness of the proclamation lies in the fact that the natives have so long dealt with the Spaniards that they are unable to realize what its words mean and that the purport of its promises is anything more than a snare.

A majority of the United States volunteers are eager to return home. "We did not enlist to fight niggers," is a remark that is constantly heard. They consider that there is small glory in guerilla warfare, the dangers and hardships of which cannot be appreciated at home. The volunteers construe their enlistment "to the close of the war," to apply to the war with Spain, and want to be relieved by regulars.

TWO KANSANS WOUNDED.

The Insurgents Fire on Scouting Party Near Malolos.

MANILA, April 11.—The rebels along the railroad fired at a scouting party near Malolos to-day, wounding two members of the Twentieth Kansas regiment.

The United States gunboat Bennington has gone to Baler, on the east coast, in order to relieve a Spanish garrison of forty-seven men, which had been beleaguered there since May. It is considered significant that the Oceania Española, formerly rabidly in favor of the Filipino government, is now counseling disarmament, advising the Filipinos to accept the inevitable. It has carefully analyzed the proclamation of the United States Philippine commission, pointing out the advantages of the definite policy determined upon.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is not a common every day cough mixture. It is a marvelous remedy for all troublesome and dangerous complications resulting from a cold in the head, throat, chest or lungs. Hold for 25 cents.

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SENATOR TABOR DEAD.

DENVER, April 11.—H. A. W. Tabor, postmaster and ex-United States senator, died at half past 9 o'clock this morning from appendicitis after three days' illness. He was 69 years old.

Mr. Tabor was appointed postmaster two years ago through the influence of Senator Wolcott, although he was a Bryan man. At one time his property was estimated at \$6,000,000. Two years ago the last piece went under the hammer. His appointment was received with enthusiasm here and he was welcomed back when he came to town as postmaster.

Just forty years ago, 1859, Tabor came to Denver, leaving a farm in Kansas and a seat in the Kansas legislature. He had gone to Kansas from his home in Vermont. He stayed in Denver through the winter and early in the spring of 1860, with two friends, drove a yoke of oxen attached to a rickety old wagon out of the city on the way to California Gulch, the present site of Leadville, when he made his first great strike. Mr. Tabor always had a love for office. He was lieutenant governor of Colorado and resigned to become senator. He was a United States senator for thirty-seven days only—from January 27 to March 3, 1893—having been elected by the Colorado legislature to fill out the unexpired term of Senator Henry M. Teller, who resigned to accept an office in President Arthur's cabinet.

His wife and he had trouble, and she secured a divorce. Under the decree of the court he retained \$1,000,000 worth of unincumbered property for her use. At the time she said to some friends that she would take care of the property and increase it in order that when his reverses came, as she expected they would, she might assist him. She died before the reverses came.

Senator Tabor married a second time while in Washington. President Arthur gave away the bride, Miss McCourt, and it was a lavish wedding. Washington people remember Senator Tabor chiefly for his beautiful wife and for a lace work night shirt costing \$300, which, it was rumored, had been made for him.

After his return from Washington he began to invest in real estate. He bought Chicago property and got the worst of the bargain. He invested in mines in New Mexico, Arizona and Old Mexico. They were failures. He borrowed vast sums. He mortgaged his Tabor block and his opera house. The panic of '93 finished the work begun by injudicious investments. He fought foreclosure in the court. The sheriff took possession of all the property he had. His wife gave up her diamonds and the last fragment of property was taken from him. He started out as a prospector and "Lucy" Stratton, the Cripple Creek millionaire, lent him \$30,000 without security. Tabor said his luck had turned. A few days later he was made postmaster.

YOU KNOW that tired feeling is exceedingly disagreeable. What is far better, you may know, by a fair trial, that Hood's Sarsaparilla entirely cures it.

Hood's Pills cures nausea, sick headache, biliousness, indigestion. Price 25 cents.

STEPHEN J. FIELD IS DEAD.

His 35 Years' Service the Longest in the Court's History.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Justice Stephen J. Field, of the United States supreme court, retired, died at his home on Capitol hill, in this city, at 6:30 o'clock yesterday evening, of kidney complication. About his bedside were his wife and her sister, Mrs. J. Condit Smith; Mr. Justice David J. Brewer, his nephew; Mrs. Edgerton, of California; Mr. Anton, his private secretary; Rev. Mr. Edward M. Mott, rector of the Church of the Advent, and the family servants. He had been unconscious since Saturday morning, and death came painlessly.

Justice Field's retirement from the supreme court bench occurred on December 1, 1897, and Attorney General McKenna of California shortly afterwards was nominated to succeed him. The President in his letter of acceptance of the resignation said:

"Upon your retirement both the bench and the country will sustain a great loss, but the high character and great ability of your work will live and long be remembered, not only by your colleagues, but by your grateful fellow countrymen."

The dead justice made the formal announcement of his resignation to his colleagues on the bench in a long letter. In part he said:

"It is a pleasant thing in my memory that my appointment came from President Lincoln, of whose appointees I am the last survivor. Up to that time there had been no representative here of the Pacific coast. A new empire had arisen in the West, whose laws were those of another country—the land titles from Spanish and Mexican grants, both of which were often overlaid by the claims of the first settlers. To bring order out of this confusion, Congress passed an act providing for another seat on this bench, with the intention that it should be filled by some one familiar with the conflicting titles and with the mining laws of the coast and as it happened that I had framed the principal of these laws and was, moreover, chief justice of California, it was the wish of the senators and representatives of that state, as well as those from Oregon, that I should succeed to the new position. At their request Mr. Lincoln sent my name to the Senate and the nomination was unanimously confirmed."

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Washing Clothes Made Easy

By using "Twin Sisters" Washing Preparation. No rubbing of clothes or washing machine needed. Send 4 cents in stamps to pay postage and we will send, FREE, enough for one ordinary washing. TRY IT.

Cameron Co., U. S. Agt., Beaver City, Neb. When writing mention this paper.

Dr. Solf In His Way to Samoa.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 11.—Dr. W. H. Solf of Berlin, Germany, who was recently appointed to the office of president of the municipal council of the Samoan Islands, spent last night in Kansas City, and while here he made several statements which will greatly interest those who have followed the controversy between Germany, England and the United States.

The office of president of the municipal council is an international one and the official is appointed by the governments of England, Germany and the United States. Dr. Solf is a German statesman of some note, having held a number of high positions with the German government. He was recommended for this position and about a month ago the three governments agreed to unite in his appointment.

In speaking of the trouble between Germany, England and the United States, Dr. Solf said:

"I anticipate no serious trouble before the matter is settled. Of course, the German citizens are criticizing the Americans and their actions in the same manner in which the Americans are criticizing the Germans. The German press is open in the criticism of the American government the same as is the American press in the criticism of the German government. However, I do not think this will have much bearing on the question. The statesmen of the three nations will decide the question and a settlement will be reached through diplomacy and not by war between the three countries as some fear."

Do Not Be Fooled

With the idea that any preparation your druggist may put up and try to sell you will purify your blood like Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine has a reputation—it has earned its record. It is prepared under the personal supervision of educated pharmacists who know the nature, quality and medicinal effect of all the ingredients used. Hood's Sarsaparilla absolutely cures all forms of blood diseases when other medicines fail to do any good. It is the World's Great Spring Medicine and the One True Blood Purifier.

THE QUAYS IN COURT.

A Long List of Witnesses in the People's Bank Case.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.—The trial of ex-Senator Quay and his son, Richard R. Quay, on charges of conspiracy in the misuse of funds of the People's bank, began this morning before Judge Biddle in the court of quarter sessions. Only a few, except those directly interested in the case, jurors and newspaper men, were admitted to the courtroom.

Quay, quiet, calm and with impressive features, sat behind his chief attorney, Mr. Shields, and held a brief conversation with him. Then, settling back in his chair, he leaned his elbow on a table by his side and from time to time glanced about the room. His son talked with no one and confined his attentions to observing the attorneys arranging the papers in the case. About twenty minutes was occupied in the calling of the names of the panel of jurors and the witnesses. A buzz of whispered conversation went around the courtroom when ex-Judge James Gordon and ex-District Attorney Graham, both of whom have been active in the prosecution of Senator Quay and are subpoenaed as witnesses, entered.

There was a long list of witnesses for the prosecution, including Thomas W. Barlow, receiver of the broken People's bank; State Treasurer Bacon, ex-State Treasurer Henry K. Royer, who is now director of the Philadelphia mint; James S. McManes, once the leader of the Republican machine in this city, who was president of the People's bank; George A. Huhn, the leading stock broker of the city, through whom Mr. Quay transacted much of his business; David H. Lane, the local Republican leader; Richard E. Loper, who was general manager of the assigned Guarantor's Trust company, through which the People's bank lost upward of \$300,000; William Montgomery, cashier of the Allegheny National bank of Pittsburgh; Allen B. Rorke of Philadelphia, who is building the state capitol; Kent Kemple, an officer of the People's bank; Teller Taylor, of the same bank, all of the experts who have examined the books of the bank, and many others, in all more than fifty.

FOLEY A FREE MAN.

The Charge of the Murder of His Sister Dismissed by the State.

LIBERTY, Mo., April 11.—W. A. Foley, who has been in jail for the last two years, charged with the murder of his mother and sister, in November, 1896, was released to-day, the state dismissing the charge.

Wm. Green Cotnam to Be Sentenced. JEFFERSON CITY, April 11.—Doodie's bill to compel street railways to place ventilators on motor and grip cars passed the House by a unanimous vote.

SIX DEAD IN A RIOT AT PANAMA

White and Black Miners Fight—A Woman Among the Killed.

EIGHT PERSONS WOUNDED.

The Trouble Was Caused by 100 Deputy Sheriffs Trying to Protect Several Families of Negroes Who Were Endeavoring to Leave With Company Property.

PANAMA, Ill., April 11.—In a riot which broke out at 10:30 o'clock this morning on the main streets, in front of the telegraph office, between white and black miners, in which deputy sheriffs took part, five men and one woman were killed. Eight persons were wounded, several so seriously that they will die.

The killed are: Xavier L. Roog, Frenchman, union miner; Frank Coburn, white, son of ex-sheriff Coburn; three unknown negro miners; one negro woman.

The trouble resulting in the riot began last night while 107 deputy sheriffs were called out into Flattham and Penwell mining district to protect several families of negroes who were endeavoring to load household effects preparatory to leaving for Iowa and were being prevented by negro guards armed with rifles furnished by the Pana Coal company, who claimed the goods the negroes were moving was company property. The deputies guarded the negroes while they loaded their goods in wagons, conveyed them to railroad cars and packed them for shipment. The negroes, their wives and children were then marched to Union Miners' hall, where they were fed and cared for by white union miners and given protection by a guard of fifty deputy sheriffs, it being feared that negroes who did not wish them to leave Panama would interfere and attempt forcibly to prevent their departure.

During the fight, while deputies were guarding the negroes in the Penwell district, they were fired upon by unknown persons, supposed to have been negroes and private guards at the Penwell mine, and fully 200 shots were exchanged. Several negroes were arrested, charged with inciting riot, and to-day's rioting began while they were on trial.

GERMANY WILL BE FIRM.

Do Not Like Actions of the American Admiral.

LONDON, April 11.—The Berlin correspondent of the Standard says: "After receiving Mr. White, the United States ambassador, and Sir Frank Lascelles, the British ambassador, last week, and explaining to them Germany's attitude regarding Samoa, Emperor William sent instructions to the German ambassadors in London and Washington to the general effect that Germany considers the new government in Samoa illegal and the action of the British and Americans a clear violation of the Samoan act."

"I must remain undecided for the present whether Admiral Kautz has assailed the honor of the German flag. If this should prove to be the case, we have the fullest confidence in the ability of the government not only to keep the actual solution of the Samoan question in view, but also to secure adequate satisfaction for the moral interests of the German empire."

BERLIN, April 11.—The National Zeitung, discussing the situation at Samoa, declares that all the changes which have occurred there since the middle of March are invalid and that the conditions established by the joint proclamation of the consuls on January 4 are still legally in force.

While admitting the "amicable attitude of the American government," the National Zeitung says: "The report of the behavior of Admiral Kautz toward the German cruiser Falke has given umbrage throughout the empire and it is considered certain that, if the report is confirmed, the United States will readily admit Germany's right to satisfaction and will repair Admiral Kautz's errors. It is hoped, however, that the accounts are exaggerated."

MET DEATH IN A FLOOD.

Four People Drowned in Montana by the Breaking Up of Ice Gorge.

GLENDIVE, Mont., April 11.—The ice broke on the Yellowstone river last night and washed away three spans of the steel bridge. While the ice was temporarily gorged the backwater covered thousands of acres.

At R. W. Snyder's ranch, five persons left the house for higher ground, but they were caught and four of them, Mrs. R. W. Snyder, Misses Nellie Rogan, Rosa Wybrecht and Eugene O'Connor, were drowned.

The fifth member of the party, Joseph Myers, was rescued from a tree after seven hours' exposure.

It is thought that the family of James Sullivan, wife and six children, were swept away by the overflow, as no trace of them can be found.

Mammoth White Artichoke Seed For Sale.

Undoubtedly the most productive and most beautiful ever known. Plant this potato in April and May. Five bushels (enough for 1 acre), 50 cts. Ten bushels (enough for 2 acres), \$1.00. At Kearney or Holdrege, Neb. Address G. A. ARNOLD, Holdrege, Nebraska.

Miraculous Escape. GREEN BAY, Wis., April 11.—Fifty passengers on an east bound train on the Green Bay & Western railroad had a miraculous escape from death and injury two miles east of Royalton. Owing to an unnoticed washout the roadbed collapsed under the weight of the train which was running forty miles an hour. Fireman A. Copping jumped safely but Engineer J. C. Wigman was pinned in by the debris of the engine, which rolled down the embankment. He will recover. The baggage car and coaches were torn off the trucks and thrown forward. Not one passenger was injured but the loss to rolling stock will be heavy.

STABBED.

DENVER, Col., April 11.—Miss Marie Burroughs of the Stuart Robson company, accidentally stabbed Harold Russell of the same company in the face, at the Broadway theater last night. During the act of "Two Rogues and a Romance" Miss Burroughs' part requires that she go through the motion of stabbing Mr. Russell. The scene is in semi-darkness and Mr. Russell bent forward as Miss Burroughs brought the weapon down, and received a deep wound on the left side of his face. His injuries did not prevent his leaving with the company to-day.

All Are Pioneer Kansans.

TOPICKA, Kan., April 11.—The judges of the new court of visitation appointed by Governor Stanley are all old Kansans. Chief Judge W. A. Johnson came to Kansas in 1855 and has resided at Garnett since 1858. This makes him a Kansan for forty-four years. Judge L. C. Crum has been in the state thirty-one years, residing all time at Oswego, while Judge J. C. Postlethwaite came to Kansas just thirty years ago Saturday. The combined residence of the three judges in the state is 107 years.

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The Riggs Pile Cure cures all forms of Piles without one particle of pain. This desirable point is not obtained by the use of injurious opiates, which simply paralyze and deaden the nerves of the parts and make matters worse in the long run, but it is done solely by its remarkable healing and soothing effects, and while it thus gives immediate relief, at the same time the disease is not merely checked but a radical cure is rapidly accomplished.

The point we want to make clear is that all this is done without a particle of pain. This fact is one great reason why the Riggs Pile Cure is so popular. Price 50 cents per box.

RIGGS PHARMACY CO., Lincoln, Neb. Under Funks Opera House, Northwest Cor. 19th and O Sts.

Patronize the NEBRASKA INDEPENDENT.

NOTICE.

James Hunter, Byron, Neb., Wm. A. Wood, J. W. Turner, Edward Peterson, James H. Black, and A. C. Gurnea, co-owners of the Blackhawk, and each of you all have notice that the per cent contribution on your shares in the capital stock of the Blackhawk, as per the report filed in the office of the State Treasurer, is due. The total amount of your shares is \$100.00. The amount of your share is \$10.00. If you have not already paid the same on or before the 1st day of April, 1899, you are hereby notified to pay the same to the State Treasurer, at Lincoln, Neb., on or before the 1st day of May, 1899. If you fail to do so, the same will be considered as having been paid to the State Treasurer, and you will be liable for the same. The amount of your share is \$10.00. If you have not already paid the same on or before the 1st day of April, 1899, you are hereby notified to pay the same to the State Treasurer, at Lincoln, Neb., on or before the 1st day of May, 1899. 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