

NO PENSIONS FOR CLERKS.

Salaries for Retired Treasury Employees Wiped Out.

PROTESTS FROM CONGRESS.

Assistant Secretary Vanderlip's Plan Balked in the Legislative Appropriation Bill—A Mutual Insurance Their Only Hope.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The so-called "roll of honor" of the Treasury department, inaugurated some time ago by Assistant Secretary Vanderlip, which practically retired on pensions supernannated clerks, is wiped out by a section of the legislative appropriation bill which prohibits expenditures for the compensation of any persons permanently incapacitated by age or otherwise, and declares that "the establishment of a civil pension roll or an honorable service roll or an exemption of any of the officers, clerks and persons in the public service from the existing laws respecting employment in such service is hereby prohibited."

There are said to be twenty-two clerks in the Treasury department who are on this roll of supernannated employees and the committee, having procured a list of the names of such and the divisions where employed, have omitted from the bill a clerk or clerkships in all such divisions. It has also prohibited the use of time recording clocks in the department, a feature which has been introduced by Assistant Secretary Vanderlip in the treasury in order to prevent absence and loss of time on the part of the clerks.

The action of the committee in practically providing for the dismissal of a number of supernannated employees is due chiefly to repeated protests on the part of senators and representatives against the retention in office of clerks no longer able to perform their duties, but whose long and faithful service in the absence of a civil pension system has operated to prevent their displacement by younger and more capable men. In consequence, the work which, if physically competent, they would be called upon to perform is thrown upon other clerks, many of whom draw less salaries than those who practically do no work at all. As a result those employees upon whom the added clerical labor falls have been protesting and insisting that the government is entitled to full service for the salary which it pays.

In all the departments there are aged employees retained on the rolls who endeavor to the best of their ability to continue in the performance of duties for which they are unfitted by reason of advanced age and physical infirmity. Were a civil pension law in force several hundred would be placed upon a retired list, but in the absence of such a law they are retained on the rolls out of pure charity. Assistant Secretary Vanderlip, however, sometime ago relieved a number of clerks in the treasury department from the performance of routine clerical duty, making what was practically a roll of supernannated employees. It was against this roll that the section in the pending legislative, executive and judiciary appropriation bill was aimed.

Representative Tawney of Minnesota has a bill pending providing for supernannated and disabled clerks, to be drawn from a fund made up of enforced contributions from the clerks of the departments. This measure is drafted on the lines of laws in operation in Germany, by which insurance is provided for the employees of corporations through the aggregation of small amounts deducted from the weekly wages of such employees.

FINED FOR ITS HEADLINE.

The Words "Guilt is Evident," May Cost a Boston Newspaper \$500.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—The Boston Herald company was fined \$500 by Judge Bond in the superior court today for publishing in a headline, in connection with an account of the trial of the city teaming fraud cases on Friday, the words "Guilt is Evident." The publication of the headline was considered prejudicial to the case and resulted in the dismissal of the jury and an order for a new trial.

GAVE IN TO ANTI-DREYFUSITES

The Cabinet Submits a Bill for a Trial Before the Joint Courts of Cassation.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—The chamber of deputies, by a vote of 345 to 189, adopted the government's proposal today to submit to the proper committee of the chamber the bill providing that cases of trial revision shall be brought before the united sections of the court of cassation.

Oppose a District Judge's Appointment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Senate committee on judiciary made an adverse report today on the nomination of Hamilton G. Ewart to be United States district judge for the Western district of North Carolina. Judge Ewart was appointed during the recess and now holds the position. An effort will be made in the Senate to have Ewart confirmed, notwithstanding the adverse report.

They Wear Orleans Buttons.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Brusse's correspondent of the London Daily News says: The Duke of Orleans holds daily receptions for the Orleansists in Brussels. A local factory has received an order for thousands of buttons adorned with his portrait and bearing the inscription: "The King has Returned. Long Live the King." Many royalists are already wearing these buttons.

NOT ALL OF ONE MIND.

The Kansas Administration Divided on the Special Session Validity.

TOPKA, Jan. 31.—While Auditor Cole and Treasurer Grimes in the west wing of the capitol are holding up the laws of the special session, Clark, the secretary of state, in the north wing, is recognizing them to be good, but in acts carrying appropriations the west end officers have the last to say, and there such bills will be lodged until the supreme court decides on the Harvey case. To illustrate, the special session transferred \$960 from the state house fund to the furniture and fixtures fund. Secretary Clark drew against it Saturday and sent it over to the auditor for a voucher upon the treasurer, but it got no farther, the auditor held it up.

In ordinary bills, however, the secretary has his own way, and he accepts all to be good until the court shall decide otherwise. He says they come to him in the regular way, properly signed by the speaker, the president of the senate and the governor, and since he is not vested with judicial authority he is bound to recognize them. Daily he holds the state printer's fees down to the new law passed by the special session and all charters granted are under the new law. In issuing charters under the new law the secretary even has the approval of Attorney General Godard, who, although he gave the opinion turning down the special session, sits on the charter board with Secretary Clark and Bank Commissioner Breidenthal, as provided by that law.

In the executive department no official act has been passed that might interpret the governor's position on the question, but it is understood that he does not agree with Attorney General Godard's opinion. A straw indicating this is his attitude on the proposal to appoint a new board of railroad commissioners. The governor is getting ready to appoint a court of visitation under the new law in the face of Godard's opinion that the special session was unconstitutional and, therefore, is willing to permit the Populist commissioners to serve out the fragment of a term which the repealing act has left.

Webb McNeil, state superintendent of insurance, received a check for \$6,259 from the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company this morning. The money is to pay the 2 per cent tax placed on gross premiums by the last legislature. Since Attorney General Godard issued his opinion that the extra session was unconstitutional, the insurance department has received over \$8,050 as payment under this law. Should it all be paid the state will get \$60,000, more than enough to pay the expenses of the extra session. None of the insurance companies has so far shown any inclination to take advantage of Godard's decision.

MASON WANTS SECRETS.

Secretary Alger Requested to Give Senators Manly Health Figures.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—In the Senate today Mr. Mason called up his resolution offered Saturday afternoon, and presented a resolution in an amended form as follows: "That the secretary of war be directed to furnish for the information of the Senate a statement as to the percentage of our soldiers who are sick and have been sick and the number of deaths in our army by reason of the sickness caused by the climate in said islands, and to set forth when, according to the generally accepted terms, the sickly season begins in the said islands."

Mr. Hawley did not see the usefulness of the resolution. It could only furnish food for the sensational press. While he would make no objection to it he had no respect for it. The resolution was adopted.

ANTI-TRUST LEGISLATION.

Sweeping Bill to Make Invalid Contracts to Which a Trust is a Party.

TOPKA, Kan., Jan. 31.—A bill intended to be a tall-twister for all kinds of trusts will be introduced in the Legislature this week. It is far more sweeping than the present Farrelly trust law, which provides for the criminal prosecution of the agents of trusts. The proposed law makes invalid contracts to which a trust or its agent is a party and prevents the collection of a debt by a trust in the courts.

Weather Reports by Telephone.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Jan. 31.—The government weather bureau at Columbia is making arrangements by which the daily weather forecast may be sent from this place each morning to neighboring towns by telephone. Wires have been secured to Centralia and Hinton, Mo., and connection will soon be made with Jefferson City. These towns will send the forecasts by telephone to other towns and cities.

Publishers Want No Duty on Paper.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Publishers' association met here today and adopted resolutions urging Congress to provide for free paper and free pulp from Canada in any treaty made by the high joint commission. A large part of the daily press was represented.

Captain E. A. Lambert Dead.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 31.—A man who passed and assisted in the building of many of the Federal gunboats used in the war between the states, and who built the first steam ferry boat that ever crossed the Missouri river, died in Kansas City this morning. He was Captain Lewis A. Lambert, president of the Bank of Grand Avenue. Captain Lambert had been a resident of Missouri the forty-two years and had lived in Kansas City fifteen years.

MYRON W. REED IS DEAD.

Politics as Well as Preaching Was the Denver Pastor's Work.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION FATAL.

Mr. Reed Declined the Nomination That Sent Life Pence to Congress—General Thomas' Chief of Scouts—His Career in Denver.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 31.—The Rev. Myron W. Reed, pastor of the Broadway temple, and formerly pastor of the Olivet Congregational church, Milwaukee, the First Presbyterian church of Indianapolis, and other churches in the East and South, died at St. Joseph's hospital, here, yesterday morning, after a protracted illness. Mr. Reed was 63 years old. He was stricken by nervous prostration which developed insomnia. His sleeplessness was helped only by hypnotism. This quieted his nervousness. He had a relapse two days ago.

Mr. Reed was always well known in the politics of this state. In 1886 he was nominated for Congress by the Democrats, and though the normal Republican majority was from 6,000 to 10,000, he was defeated by only 800. In 1892 Mr. Reed became a Populist and was again tendered a nomination for Congress. He declined it and Life Pence, to whom the nomination was then given, was elected by a large majority. Mr. Reed was one term department commander of the G. A. R. for Colorado.

Mr. Reed was educated, he used to say, in the district school, in the St. Lawrence academy at Potsdam, N. Y., and in the army. On the breaking out of the war he enlisted in the Eighteenth Michigan infantry and was appointed chaplain of the regiment. Two months later he resigned that place to accept the captaincy of one of the companies. When mustered out he was serving as General Thomas' chief of scouts. At the close of the war Mr. Reed studied in a Chicago school of theology. His first pastorate was in a small town in Michigan, but he soon afterward accepted the pulpit of a non-sectarian church in New Orleans, where he remained nearly four years. Here he met Miss Louise Lyon, who had gone south to teach the negroes. They were married at Clifton, Ill., in 1870. In 1873 he became pastor of the Olivet Congregational church, Milwaukee, remaining there four years. This was followed by seven years as pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Indianapolis of which ex-President Harrison was a member.

Mr. Reed always wore a wide-brimmed black slouch hat, a black tie and a long, loose dark colored coat. A Masonic charm dangled from his watch chain, and upon his coat was always a veteran's button. He walked with a swinging military stride and had a pleasant word or nod for everyone he met. It used to be said that he knew every man, woman and child in Colorado and Indiana.

Mr. Reed leaves a widow, two sons and a daughter. The older son, Paul, is a civil engineer in Antwerp, Belgium. The younger, Ralph, is an attorney in this city. The daughter, Mrs. Leslie O. Carter, lives here.

ROBERTS AND EDMUNDS LAW.

Missionary Societies Claim the Polygamist Is Legally Barred From Congress.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Nine great missionary organizations, representing the Baptist, Congregational, Episcopal, Methodist, Presbyterian and Reformed church of this country, have united in a protest against the seating of B. H. Roberts as Representative in Congress from Utah. They declare that if his election should be held to be legally valid he should be expelled. The memorial recites that Roberts is "an avowed polygamist, having at least three wives, and that he served a term of imprisonment in the penitentiary in 1859 for living in polygamy. It also shows that by the Edmunds-Tucker law of 1857 polygamists are made ineligible to hold office under the United States."

It declares Roberts "has confessedly lived with plural wives and has begotten polygamous children since November 1, 1893, and therefore has not complied with the amnesty proclamations of Presidents Harrison and Cleveland."

J. V. QUARLES TO BE SENATOR.

Wisconsin Republicans Said to Have Agreed on Mitchell's Successor.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 31.—Joseph V. Quarles will be the next United States senator from Wisconsin, succeeding John L. Mitchell, whose term will expire March 4. The nomination probably will be made by acclamation to-night at Madison soon after the Republican caucus reconvenes. This development is the result of a conference of party leaders which has been held in Milwaukee.

Allice Atherton Ill in Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Allice Atherton, the actress, is seriously ill at the Clarendon hotel, in Brooklyn, with congestion of the lungs.

Hood's Pills

Are prepared from Nature's mild laxatives, and while gentle are reliable and efficient. They

Rouse the Liver

Cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, and Constipation. Sold everywhere, 25c. per box. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

FREE

The Sana-Cera treatment for the cure of Catarrh, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Deafness and all diseases of the Head, Throat and Lungs.

MISS LILLIE FRUSH, Elwood, Ind., writes—Three years ago I was a mere child and thought to be a hopeless victim of Catarrh of the Throat. My entire system was saturated and I was placed in the hands of Dr. M. Berry who gave me his Sana-Cera treatment. Shortly thereafter I was cured. I am now in perfect health and a stout hearty woman, as you will see by my photograph.

Three Months Home Treatment Free!

To introduce the Sana-Cera Cure in every community and prove that it cures when all others have failed, I will for a limited time send medicines for a 3 months treatment free. Send a description of your trouble, name and P. O. address at once; or write for Question Blank and prompt attention will be given you free. Address: Dr. M. Berry, Fruit, National Dispensary, Dept. T 82, 125 W. 12th St., Cincinnati, O.

Quarrel Ends in Murder.

ARDMORE, I. T., Jan. 31.—Last night John Edwards shot and killed Dick McSwain. The men had a trivial quarrel. McSwain drew a knife. No arrests have been made. Both parties are prominent.

Persons thinking of buying a sewing machine should look at our ad, which appears in the columns of this paper. We can furnish you with plenty of references.

HAVANA MAY BE BONDED.

Many Improvements Are Needed in the Cuban Capital.

HAVANA, Jan. 31.—Major General Ludlow has on his table several projects for underground sewerage, street paving, an up-to-date school system and improvements of lesser importance. He has had pressed on his attention a series of suggestions on how to create an ideal city. The only obstacle is money. A million is nothing. Something between \$10,000,000 and \$20,000,000 is wanted, and General Ludlow is turning over in his mind the best way of asking Washington, through Major General Brooke, for leave to bond the city, so that the next generation, as well as this one, may have an opportunity to pay for the renaissance.

Army Corral at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 31.—Lieutenant Colonel J. Bellinger, depot quartermaster, has received instructions to prepare an army corral here. All the surplus animals and vehicles from the various camps in the South are to be sent to Savannah as rapidly as possible. Great stockades and stables will be built, workshops erected and arrangements made for putting the army equipment sent here in first-class order before it is formally distributed to Cuba and Porto Rico. Work will be started on the corral in a few days.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE

Independent Sewing Machine Indorsed By All Who Use It.

For some time the INDEPENDENT has been offering to its readers a sewing machine and a year's subscription to the paper for \$19.50. The machine is warranted first-class in every particular. All who have purchased these machines are pleased with them.

A lady in this city desiring to purchase a machine called at the INDEPENDENT office and asked for the names and addresses of parties who had purchased machines. She stated that she wished to write to them and learn if the machine was "exactly as advertised." She was given the names and addresses of thirty persons from which she selected seven, to whom she wrote a letter similar to the following:

LINCOLN, NEB., March 1, 1899.

Dear Sir—I hear that you have received one of the "Independent" sewing machines, advertised in the NEBRASKA INDEPENDENT. As I am thinking of purchasing one of these machines I write to you for information concerning it. How does it compare with the Singer, White, Wheeler and such machines; is the wood-work nicely finished; is it supplied with full set of attachments; is it high arm and drop head; is it easy running and of simple mechanism; is the machine all that is claimed for it in the advertisement, and is there any additional expense to the receipt of it not outlined in the advertisement of the machine? Will you be kind enough to answer these questions and give me your opinion of the machine? As early reply will greatly oblige.

THE REPLIES.

The replies which she received to the seven letters were as follows:

VESTA, NEB., March 2, 1899.

In reply will say that the machine referred to, is all that the advertisement guarantees. Finely finished, and in all respects complete. You are safe in buying it.

DAVEY, NEB., March 3, 1899.

ETTA SAFFER, Lincoln, Neb.

In answer to your letter we received last evening concerning the "Independent" sewing machine, I can say I like the machine very much. It does good work. I have had my machine three weeks and like it better all the time. One of our neighbors had a Singer and last fall got an "Independent." She says they work a great deal the same. My mother also has a \$65 Singer and we have compared the attachments and find mine equal to hers and also a full set. The woodwork is nicely finished. It is high-arm and easy running. I think it is all that is claimed for it in the advertisement. There is no additional expense to the receipt of it. I hope you will be as well pleased with the machine as I am. Your's truly, MRS. A. L. SCOTT.

OAK, NEB., MARCH 5, 1899.

MISS ETTA SAFFER, Lincoln, Neb.

In regard to your letter of March 1st, I would say that the machine is just as described in the INDEPENDENT. We are perfectly satisfied. It has full set of attachments, and is high arm. It is noiseless, light running and a perfect machine. The woodwork is highly polished. It will compare with any other machine I know of. The machine is all the advertisement claims, and more. There is no additional expense to the receipt of the machine. Yours respectfully, O. M. JONES.

DAVEY NEB., March 4, 1899.

Miss ETTA SAFFER, Lincoln, Neb.

Dear Madam: Your letter received, and in regard to the "Independent" sewing machine will say it is something like the New Home machine. It is a very good easy running machine, does splendid work and has a full set of attachments—everything that is needed in that line. The wood-work is nicely finished. I believe it is as good as any high priced machine. It is high arms but no drop head; and there isn't any more expense to it only what is mentioned in the advertisement, so it is not expensive, and is a very good machine. We have had ours eight or nine months and are greatly pleased with it. I have done a great deal of sewing on it. I have had two machines before this one, both expensive ones, but neither of them run as easy as this one, nor they didn't look any better to look at, as this one looks very nice. I don't think there is any fault whatever to be found with this machine. I am sure you will be well satisfied with it if you get one. It is as good as any machine you can get. Well, I think I have answered all your questions, and said all I need to.

Sincerely yours, MRS. ALFRED PETERSON.

LEBANON, NEB., March 3, 1899.

Miss ETTA SAFFER, Lincoln, Neb.

Dear Madam—I will say in regard to the machine that we have, that it is complete in every respect; it is all that is claimed to be; it is nicely finished; the wood-work is oak. I do not think it necessary to answer all the questions you have asked, for we think it a grand machine for the money—\$19.50—freight paid. No extra charges in any way. I think if you purchase one of these machines you will surely be pleased with it. Respectfully yours, MRS. C. A. ADAMS.

GILTNER, NEB., March 5, 1899.

Miss ETTA SAFFER, Lincoln, Neb.

Dear Madam—Your letter of March 1 received, and in reply will say, that we have had the machine only a few weeks. Did very little sewing with it. But I find it a very light running and neat appearing machine. The only machine I own I used it with was the Singer, "latest improved." The wood-work is as nicely finished as that of the Singer, the same kind of wood. I have the light color. Its mechanism, in general, is as simple, and in some respects more so than that of the Singer. Perhaps the only possible advantage is that the Singer has the drop head and the "Independent" has not. "Independent" has a high arm the same as the Singer, and a full set of attachments, except stitching and Kensington embroidery attachment, which is the extra. There is no additional expense on receipt of the machine. They send a certificate of warranty good for ten years.

Yes, I think it is all that they claim it to be. And I am of the opinion that the "Independent," with proper care, which all machines should have, will last as long and do as good work as the machine which I just compared it with, which would cost me \$50 cash in Aurora, Neb. Yours respectfully, D. E. BURKEY.

PAWNER, CITY, NEB., March 5, 1899.

Miss ETTA SAFFER, Lincoln, Neb.

Dear Madam—In reply to your inquiry of the 1st inst., regarding the "Independent" sewing machine, I will say: It compares very favorably with the Singer which we have always considered the "best." The wood-work is nicely finished. It is supplied with a full set of attachments; is high arm; drop head; simple in construction; easy to run, and in all the advertisement in the INDEPENDENT claims for it. There is no additional expense to the receipt of it, except what is indicated in the advertisement. Very respectfully, JOHN M. OSBORN.

If you need a Sewing Machine you will find "The Independent Machine" with factory in every particular. It's a bargain. See advertisement page 777.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT DOCTORS

SEARLES & SEARLES

Main Office 1055 O St. Lincoln, Neb.

SPECIALISTS IN Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases.

WEAK MEN Sexually All private diseases and disorders of men. Treatment by mail; consultation free. Sufferers cured for life.

Electricity With Medicine.

Enables us to guarantee to cure all cases curable—of the nose, throat, chest, stomach, liver, blood, skin and kidney diseases, Loss of Manhood, Night Emisions, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Piles, Fistula and Rectal Ulcers, Diabetes and Bright's Disease, \$100.00 for a case of CATARRH, HEMORRHOIDS, DYSPYPSIA or SPYRITIC weakness.

Stricture & Gleet Cured at Home by new method without pain or cutting. Consultation FREE. Treatment by mail. Call, or address with stamp Main Office.

Dr. Searles & Searles, 1055 O ST. LINCOLN NEBRASKA

Chattel Mortgage Sale.

Be it known that by virtue of a chattel mortgage bearing date of July 20th, A. D. 1898, and duly filed in the office of the county clerk of Lancaster county, Nebraska, on the 30 day of August, 1898, executed by C. W. Tiernan to Nichols & Shepard Company, a corporation, to secure the payment of \$266.00 and upon which there is now due the sum of \$428.00, default having been made in the payment thereof and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof, therefore I have taken and shall sell the following property therein described, to wit: One Nichols & Shepard Company Grain Separator with 24 inch cylinder, Complete Shop No. 833, also one Washington Grain Weigher, complete, at public auction, at the warehouse of the Lincoln Transfer Company at 8th and Q streets in the city of Lincoln, Lancaster county on the 4th day of February, 1899, at 9 o'clock p. m. of said day.

NICHOLS & SHEPARD CO. By E. E. Glinescock, agent for the purpose of this sale. Dated January 6, 1899.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS TO EUROPE SOLD—STEAMSHIP TICKETS FROM EUROPE SOLD.

If you are going to the old country or intend to bring friends from there to this country, please call on me for figures, information, etc. A. S. FIELDING, C. T. A. Northwestern Line.

The Way to go to California.

is in a tourist sleeping car—personally conducted—via the Burlington route. You don't change cars. You make fast time. You see the finest scenery on the globe.

Your car is not so extensively finished nor so fine to look at as a palace sleeper but it is just as clean, just as comfortable, just as good to ride in. And nearly \$20 cheaper.

The Burlington excursions leave Lincoln every Thursday at 6:10 p. m. reaching San Francisco Sunday and Los Angeles Monday. Porter with each car. Excursion manager with each party. For folder giving full information call at B. & M. depot or city ticket office corner 10th and O street.

G. W. BONNELL, C. P. T. A.

The Lincoln Tannery, 313 O Street receives all kinds of Hides and Furs to tan into Leather, Robes, and Bags. Robes lined. Hides Tanned on skins. Highest price paid for Hides. HENRY HOLM.

NOTICE OF SALE UNDER CHATTEL MORTGAGE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a chattel mortgage, dated on the 14th day of September, 1898, and duly filed in the office of the county clerk of Lancaster county, Nebraska, and executed by C. W. Tiernan of the town of Lancaster and state of Nebraska, to A. W. Stevens Co. to secure the payment of the sum of \$715. Default having been made in the payment of said sum and no suit or other proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof, therefore I will sell the property therein described: One Stevens 12-horse traction rebuild engine No. 1665, one second-hand Gault pump and hose, at public auction at the warehouse of Frank P. Lawrence in Lincoln, Lancaster county, Nebraska, on the 3d day of February, 1899, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day. A. W. STEVENS & CO.

When you Have a Hurry up Trip

USE THE

It is the cheapest because you save time, and time is money. Solid trains, Lincoln to Denver, Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City. G. W. BONNELL, C. P. T. A.

IF YOU ARE GOING TO THE PACIFIC COAST

Don't complete arrangements until you have secured information regarding the personally conducted excursions to San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland via the Union Pacific. These excursions leave Chicago, Minneapolis and St. Paul every Thursday, and Omaha every Friday in constantly improved Pullman Tourist Sleepers, illuminated by Patent lights, heated by steam. Baggage checked through from starting point to destination. Prompt and satisfactory service. Many hours quicker time than any other line.

For full particulars call on or address E. B. STANSON, Gen. Agent.