

INDEPENDENT.

Omaha, Neb., March 27, 1898.

MISSOURI, EH?

Maybe you are one of those fellows who came from Missouri. We've got to "show you." Well, there's nothing we like better. Turn to page nine of our 1898 Spring Catalogue and you will find a sample of fine Worsted Serge which we make into Men's Suits in all chest measurements from 34 to 44. If you go into any clothing store, any tailor shop, any woollen house, any dry goods or dress goods establishment where they sell cloth by the yard and if you can buy a yard of this same cloth for less than 1.50, we will agree to pay you 10 cents a yard profit on every yard you can purchase for us and we will agree to take not less than ten thousand yards. We mean that, we can use that quantity in our business. Now, it takes three and a half yards to make one suit. Figure that out. Add the cost of the linings, the cost of the trimmings, the cost of making, the cost of handling and whatever you think is a reasonable profit on top of all these and you'd be a long time in Missouri, we reckon, before you could produce it for less than a ten dollar bill. The Nebraska price is 5.75. Send us enough to cover express charges two ways and we'll send the suit to your house for examination. You're from Missouri, you know. We want to show you.

Nebraska Clothing Co

to a scouring box with sand and wear them a little. They are not counterfeits or frauds because they are genuine, and in every way just as good as those minted by the government.

Dogs, like tobacco, are generally only nuisances. But tobacco is good for killing sheep ticks, so dogs are sometimes very serviceable on a farm. They can be trained to do many things. We have owned several good dogs, but one in particular was more help in driving sheep and cattle than two men. He would bring up the cows and sheep from the pasture without running or biting them. Whenever a strange creature was put into the pasture without his knowledge some one would have to go with him and explain. He was trained never to come into the house. His home was in the barn. He would come to the door three times a day for his meals. One morning a coat sleeve laid upon the barn floor. Turk smelled it and looked for approval and seemed greatly pleased to think he had done the right thing. Our melons, bees and barns were perfectly safe without lock or guard. The art of stealing chickens had not been discovered then. He would go with the children to school and go after them at night. They could scuffle and play as long as they laughed, but let one commence to cry, and he would arbitrate the cause at once. He was never known to bite a child. He was sick one day and we suspected poison and gave him all the new milk and cream we could get down him. He got well, but never after that would be at a thing from the hand of a stranger.

The opera "Pinafore" rendered in the Chapel of Lincoln Normal last week, was most excellently rendered and is but an example of the perfect and systematic work being done by that institution, in all its departments.

HOMECOMING OF SIGSBEE.

The Captain's Washington Neighbors Decorate Their Homes in His Honor.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Captain Sigsbee of the wrecked steamer Maine arrived in Washington this morning from Havana at 7:41 o'clock. He was accompanied by Paymaster Ray, Chief Engineer Howell, Naval Cadet Holden and Dr. Heneberger. The captain was driven to his home, 1632 Riggs place. The neighbors on both sides of the square on which he lives had profusely decorated their residences with flags and bunting and many of his friends and fellow officers had sent large bouquets of American Beauty roses and flower designs of ships and anchors as an expression of their friendship and esteem.

At half past 10 o'clock the captain went to the Navy department to report his arrival. In the course of a conversation he said that he had not yet received any assignment to duty, nor does he know what command will be given him. As to the cause of the wreck Captain Sigsbee said that he could add nothing to his testimony before the court of inquiry, which had already been published.

The Normal work for teachers is not excelled anywhere in the West, the instructors being specialists in the different branches taught by them. The attendance is increasing and there is a great future immediately before the Lincoln Normal.

THE MARKETS.

Kansas City Grain and Live Stock.
 Hard Wheat—No. 1 89¢ No. 2 87¢ No. 3 85¢ No. 4 83¢ No. 5 81¢ No. 6 79¢ No. 7 77¢ No. 8 75¢ No. 9 73¢ No. 10 71¢ No. 11 69¢ No. 12 67¢
 Soft Wheat—No. 1 92¢ No. 2 90¢ No. 3 88¢ No. 4 86¢ No. 5 84¢ No. 6 82¢ No. 7 80¢ No. 8 78¢ No. 9 76¢ No. 10 74¢ No. 11 72¢ No. 12 70¢
 Spring Wheat—No. 1 95¢ No. 2 93¢ No. 3 91¢ No. 4 89¢ No. 5 87¢ No. 6 85¢ No. 7 83¢ No. 8 81¢ No. 9 79¢ No. 10 77¢ No. 11 75¢ No. 12 73¢
 Hogs—Receipts 14,920. Shipped 1,100. The market was weak to lower. Prices ranged from \$3.91 to \$3.70.

You will find the date at which your subscription expired marked on this week's issue of your paper. Take notice of it and if you are arrears you should make a payment at once.

MONEY FOR THE WAR.

HOW THE CENT PER CENT VULTURES MAY BE HEADED OFF.

Shylocks' Game to Make the United States Pay Their Losses on Spanish Bonds. The Money That Has Fought Our Battles Before Can Fight Them Again.

(Special Correspondence.)
 Wars are harvest seasons to the holders of money. In the present strained relations between the United States and Spain the money powers are not agreed as to whether an actual conflict would be to their advantage or not. The holders of Spanish securities in case of war would undoubtedly become heavy losers. If, however, a protracted war should ensue, and the money power were strong enough to influence congress to issue gold bonds, their losses on Spanish securities would be insignificant compared to their gain from a gold bond issue. The issue of gold bonds would serve the creditor class in many ways; it would further their interests in securing a corner on gold, make a safe investment for their idle money and tend very strongly to fasten permanently upon the country the gold standard.

The issue of any kind of bonds would not increase the supply of money. It would add an unjust burden in the way of taxes, to the extent of the interest on the bonds, and the government would receive only national bank bills, the present greenbacks, silver certificates and treasury notes, none of which is legal tender, all issued at the dictation of the money loaning shylocks. It is all discredited, dishonest, partially demonetized Tory money. The people of this country are entitled to the best money and should not be compelled to use the present dishonest issues—in fact, should rebel against having to do so.

Russell Sage and other financiers have volunteered the statement that if the government desires to borrow money that it can have all it requires at 4 per cent, and Chairman Dingley of the ways and means committee gives out the statement that if war preparations continue war taxes must be levied and a government loan provided for. Apparently it has never occurred to any of these gentlemen that the government has no occasion whatever to borrow money. The constitution of the United States gives the government the power to "coin money and regulate the value thereof," and the supreme court of the United States has affirmed the right of congress to coin and issue full legal tender paper money either in war or peace. Suppose that instead of authorizing the issue of \$50,000,000 for war expenses congress had authorized the secretary of the treasury to issue \$1,000,000,000 in full legal tender money and immediately appropriated \$100,000,000 and placed it at the disposal of the president for strengthening our coast defenses and navy. That would have been notice to the money power that the people of this country had asserted their manhood and that their representatives in congress would not be permitted to fasten additional rivets in the chains of debt slavery which the financiers of the world are seeking to forge around the limbs of toil. It would have given notice to the world that no bonds could be issued by this government, and the masters of Spain who hold its bonds would immediately have notified the Madrid government that Spain must accept any terms which the American nation might see fit to impose.

The president could have made a demand for money indemnity, the evacuation of Cuba by the Spaniards and declared freedom to the patriots. This demand would have been complied with without a word and not a gun would have been fired, but the president and many of his followers in congress have listened to the honeyed words of the new slave drivers, who are seeking to fasten upon the brave Cubans a large bonded debt so that should Spain be forced to relinquish Cuba that impoverished island may find itself in the toils of taskmasters scarcely less brutal than the bloodthirsty Spaniards.

The issue of full legal tender money by the government for the purposes of carrying on war would be a blessing that in some respects would mitigate the calamities of war. Its circulation among the people would give prosperity, prices would rise, new enterprises spring up and the holders of the present dishonest issues, seeing the advance in price, would unlock their strong boxes.

If at the close of the war it should be found that the increased volume of money had unduly inflated prices and congress in its wisdom should deem proper to retire a portion of the money in circulation, it could retire the dishonest, discredited, partially demonetized, Tory money now in circulation, leaving the people the full legal tender, honest, patriotic American money. This would teach the people an invaluable lesson. They would wonder why an intelligent people ever should have consented to issue bonds and pay interest for the privilege of using the debts of the bankers, called "national bank bills." It would also teach them that the government had the power to create all money of the same value when the same legal tender functions were given to it. It would remove every possible argument that could be urged against operating the mints to silver. It would add to the product of the United States in silver alone perhaps \$50,000,000 a year, and by giving bullion its coined value it would restore the par of exchange with all countries, remove the bounty enjoyed by silver standard nations on their exports to gold basis countries. It would enhance the value of all real property, raise prices of the raw material and the manufactured product, add millions each year to the wealth of the nation, and put this fair land at the head of the nations of the earth.

A. C. Fisk.
 New York.

Good For the Colored People.

The idea of establishing postal savings banks in connection with the post-offices throughout the country would, in my mind, prove very beneficial to the colored people, especially in the south. Such an arrangement would aid the colored people from every standpoint, not only financially, but in the formation of character. The colored people in the country districts of the south have very little opportunity for saving money. In many cases they are far removed from any bank, and in cases where they are near the banks the banks do not always pay interest on deposits; besides, in almost every instance in the south, especially in the large cities, colored people have lost money that has been put into private savings banks, and this has led them to distrust banking institutions. It was very unfortunate that the Freedmen's Savings bank failed. When it went under, the colored people had a good many millions of dollars deposited in it, which represented their first earnings after their freedom, and many have learned to distrust banks ever since. But if they knew the government was behind the institution they would, I think, have implicit faith in it. I believe that the establishment of postal savings banks would within a few years result in a great change in the moral and economic condition of the colored people throughout the south.—Booker T. Washington.

New Plan of Autonomy.

New York, March 28.—Spain, although apparently default, has asked for further delay before the United States does anything more about Cuba, says the Washington correspondent of The Herald. This request was made through Senor Polo y Bernabe, the Spanish minister. He promised in Spain's behalf that she would lay before the state department at an early day a plan for a more liberal government of Cuba. This matter, the minister declared, would be so fair and liberal that it would be satisfactory to the United States and the Cuban insurgents and would bring about peace in the island. Spain's proposal is generally believed in Washington to have come too late.

The Vultures.

Never stoops the soaring vulture
 On his quarry in the desert.
 On the sick or wounded lion,
 But another vulture, watching
 From his high, aerial lookout,
 Sees the downward plunge and follows.
 And the third pursues the second,
 Coming from the invisible ether,
 First a vulture, and then a vulture,
 Till the air is dark with vultures.

So sang the sweet poet Longfellow in his immortal "Song of Hiawatha." We can't keep the picture out of our mind as we read in the daily papers that "Secretary Gage is ready to issue \$250,000,000 gold bonds;" "that Hanna was in Wall street visiting moneyed men; it is thought in regard to an issue of bonds;" "that New York bankers have offered to loan the government \$100,000,000 in case of war with Spain," etc.

No sooner is a nation in trouble than the money loaning vultures pounce upon it. "It is first a speck and then a vulture, till the air is dark with vultures." Poor Uncle Sam, how he will be plucked and plundered if there should happen to be a tussle with Spain!—S. F. Norton.

Railroads Under State Law.

Judge Donovan in the circuit court at Detroit has ordered the issuance of a mandamus against the Michigan Central railroad in the suit brought by Governor Pingree to compel the railroad company to sell him a 1,000 mileage book, good not only for himself, but for any member of his family, for \$20.

Judge Donovan quoted several decisions of the United States supreme court under which the right to regulate fares and charges was reserved to the state. He holds that the Michigan Central is still under police power, reserved to the state, and that the "company cannot fix rates by bylaws repugnant to the laws of the state. It is clearly settled law that the company's whole system is under state law and state control. It cannot escape state statutes by its bylaws which conflict with the constitutional requirements."

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels; never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c.

Texas at Navy Yard.
 NEW YORK, March 28.—The battleship Texas which arrived at Tompkinsville Saturday night weighed anchor Sunday and proceeded to the navy yard. "No orders relating to the St. Paul have been received by us from the governmental authorities," said James A. Wright, of the International Navigation company. "The ship will sail on her regular trip without fail. We are doing nothing out of the ordinary in unloading her cargo."

Gresham Ordered to Sail.
 MILWAUKEE, March 28.—Captain A. B. Davis, commander of the revenue cutter Gresham, received a dispatch from Washington ordering him to ship a complement of 50 men and proceed to Cleveland as soon as possible. Captain Davis was also asked in the dispatch if he thought it possible the Gresham could run the St. Lawrence rapids, thus avoiding the locks, to pass which would entail shortening her. The captain is investigating the subject.

Bellew Will Plead Guilty.
 FAIRFIELD, Cal., March 28.—Frank Bellew has announced his intention of pleading guilty to the murder of his brother and sister. He has signed a statement in writing that he committed the crime, declaring that he does not know what motive prompted it, and adding that he will provide for his children and throw himself on the mercy of the court.

Stock Market Nervous.
 NEW YORK, March 28.—The market opened with a very vigorous upward movement, led by the national stocks and the grangers. As soon as the opening demand for the shorts was satisfied, values were allowed to sag again and some of the specialties suffered severe losses.

Spanish Press Comment.
 MADRID, March 28.—The Imparcial and the Liberal today agree in saying that the mediation of European powers will be difficult in view of the crisis in the far east, adding: "Any way Spain is able herself to resent insults and repudiate unjust accusations."

Spring Medicine

These two words emphasize a necessity and indicate a remedy.

SPRING—the season when the blood is most impure as a result of the winter's closer confinement, higher living, slower action of the kidneys and liver; when humors of all kinds, boils, pimples and eruptions are most liable to appear; when the weak, languid condition of the whole bodily structure demands and welcomes help.

MEDICINE—that to which the millions turn at this season—Hood's Sarsaparilla. The original and only preparation especially adapted to the present needs of the human family; that which makes the blood pure and clean, as shown by its thousands of wonderful cures of dreadful blood diseases; creates an appetite and cures dyspepsia, as shown by its "magic touch" in all stomach troubles; steadies and strengthens the nerves, as proved by people formerly nervous, now calm and self-possessed, thanks to

Only those who have been relieved of great suffering can fully appreciate the gratitude with which the testimonials overflow written in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla.



"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: 'Gentlemen:—I have been troubled with my liver and kidneys, also palpitation of the heart for nearly ten years, and I have been under the doctor's care most

of the time. I was so that I could not lie on my left side but a few moments at a time. My appetite was very poor, and I could not sleep

but a few hours at night. Last January I was taken with the grip, and I was confined to the house for ten weeks. I was very low, and was attended by the best physicians we could get. I could not eat anything, and could not lie in bed, and it seemed as though nothing would help me. The first of March my husband procured a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I began taking it. In less than a week I was able to lie in bed, and have a good night's sleep. I continued taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and now I can sleep on my left side, which I had not been able to do for years. My appetite is good, and I have gained strength and flesh. I have taken four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. NICHOLAS MAAS, Independence, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
 The Medicine For You
 Because of what it has done for others; because you ought this spring to take that which will do you the most good.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine, because it cures when all others fail. Be sure to get Hood's.

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of making to clear our factory, sent on approval second-hand bicycles, \$5 up. BICYCLE FREE to advertiser on. Easy work, no job. Write for our great offer. CLOVER CYCLE CO., Factory, 1226 Franklin St., Milwaukee, 99-71 Fourth St., CHICAGO.

THE IMPROVED VICTOR Incubator
 Batches Chicks by Steam. Absolutely self-regulating. The simplest, most reliable and cheapest device known to the market. CLEVELAND FREE, 678 E. EXETER, CHICAGO, ILL.

FRANK IAMS IMPORTER AND BREEDER OF



Black Percherons, Clydes, Shires, Coachers and Trotters

IAMS "Horse Shows" at the largest U. S. State Fair of '98, 97-100th Street, Chicago, Ill., and at the State Fair, Ind. and Neb. State Fairs, throughout the country.
 IAMS Head of draft horses, who set prize for five years in succession at the Neb. State Fair.
 IAMS Importer and breeder of heavy horses, who set prize for best horse at his horse show. No other man has been able to produce superior stallions in horses. No first class horses need to be peddled to be sold.

Breed Big Draft And Flash Coach Horses They Beat Klondike Mines.

It takes 3 years to raise a 3-year-old horse and there is time to raise a good one. In breeding and raising Big draft horses, the men that breed good draft and coach horses will have a Klondike Mine in 1898.
 IAMS' stock is made of solid bone, with strong muscles, and is a better horse than any other horse of the same breed. IAMS' stock is made of solid bone, with strong muscles, and is a better horse than any other horse of the same breed. IAMS' stock is made of solid bone, with strong muscles, and is a better horse than any other horse of the same breed.
 FRANK IAMS, St. Paul, Neb.
 St. Paul, Neb., is on the D. & M. and N. Y. Rys.

RELIABLE SEEDS For Garden And Field

Best adapted for the western climate. Prices Reasonable. Headquarters for Alfalfa, Clover, Timothy and Blue Grass Seeds, Seed Wheat, Seed Oats, and all other Seed Grains; Seed Corn, Cane, Kaffir Corn and other Foreign Plant Seeds; Vegetable and Flower Seeds our specialties. A full line of Poultry Supplies and Remedies. Catalogue mailed free on application. Write for special prices.
 THE NEBRASKA SEED CO.—1309 FARNAM STREET, OMAHA.

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 Price \$11. Alliance Carriage Co. 292 E. Court St. Cincinnati, O. Price \$60.

PLANT PEACHES!

Buy Your Trees of Us and You Will Get
HARDY VARIETIES that have been tried and proved suitable for this climate, and are guaranteed true to name. While fruit buds are badly damaged in many places, we have now (March 20) a fine prospect for a large crop of peaches this year.
 WRITE FOR PRICES on Apple, Cherry, Peach, Pear, Plum, and Shade Trees, and all small fruit and shrubs. Also circular describing the new RUSSELL PEACH. We will have a sale yard at Cor. 14 and O Sts., Lincoln, Neb.
 J. M. RUSSELL & CO., WYMORE, NEBRASKA.

135 Acres Fruit, Forest, Ornamental TREES

We have had 12 years experience in growing fruit for the market. We have tested the old and new varieties and know the best sorts to plant. Write at once for our free catalogue; it illustrates Titus plan for a farmer's fruit garden—just what you need. Our trees grow because they are dug fresh, just as we ship them, with a big 27-inch digger. You get all the roots. Remember the place. If you want a large order, send list of wants for our special prices.—THE TITUS NURSERY, Nemaha, Neb.