

The view we present this week represents the outlook from the windows of the home of E. F. Stephens, Crete, Neb. The back ground is apple and pear trees. The shrubs are tree honeysuckles, snowballs, roses, with many other varieties that are not outlined and brought out in the picture. The thought is to illustrate that the farm home may have pleasant surroundings with attractive shrubs and trees, and plenty of flowers for the yard and also to cut for the house through the

Some suggestions regarding preparation of the ground for and planting of shrubs and roses may assist in securing the desired result. In preparing to plant roses or shrubs near the average town or farm dwelling, do not hope to succeed if a small hole is dug in either prairie or bluegrass sod, expecting roses or shrubs to compete with grass or weeds, or a hard crusted surface. A good way is to spade up a border in area large enough to contain the number of roses or shrubs desired. Spade this twenty inches deep; make it as fine as possible; add one-fourth of the bulk of very fine old cow-yard manure: often places can be found near town where manure was hauled out years ago and has rotted down to a fine mold. Prepared in this manner the soil will be fertile; it will not easily bake or dry out. After planting be sure to maintain a mulch of fine soil by frequent cultivation. In watering, always water under the surface. Water abundantly each time, maintaining an open, loose surface. If for any reason cultivation is impossible, protect by careful and thorough mulching. At the approach of winter protect the roots with ample mulching, using fine old manure, leaves, or even old hay. It pays to tie up even our hardy roses before winter sets in.

Among the varieties which will be easy to handle will be found, first, such strong growing shrubs as Snowball, Lilac, Tartarian Honeysuckle, Spirea Van Houtti, Syringa or Mock Orange. The honeysuckles are easily grown, and among them such varieties as scarlet trumpet or coral, sweet scented monthly, Halleana, would be found desirable.

Among the roses which may be planted with confidence are such climbers as Baltimore Belle, Queen Prairie. Among the H. P. roses Gen. Jacqueminot, Paul Neyron, John Hopper, Mrs. John Laing. Of the white roses Madam Plantier, Coquette des Alps and Coquette des Blanches are desirable.

One of the hardiest vines for covering door or porch is the Ampelopsis Quinquefolia or Virginia Creeper, and if in addition to those, two or three evergreens are planted in the back ground where their foliage will show in winter, the result will be pleasing. Do not expect to get the best results in a solid bluegrass sod. Let these roses and shrubs preferably be in a border

where grass is kept out and let the lawn be in another direction. ber If you desire any of the above varieties address E. F. STEPHENS, Crete, Nebraska.

SAINTS.

O mints, dear saints, so present, yet so far, I cannot touch you with my hand or trace The aspect of your strength, your faith, you

Between us lie the years, the gulf, the bar; But, as one tracks the starlight to the star And finds no dark nor flame forsaken space To fret the beauty of its burning face So time has framed you with an aureole More circle rounded than your age foreknew No frailty now can quench that fire of soul!

The things ye willed and did not, those ye

The gifts he strove for, in my sight are true Your perfect parts have made perfection whole. -Edward Cancroft Lefroy, From His Life and

AN ISLAND ROMANCE.

An old traveler who, as special correspondent, story writer and theatrical manager, has visited nearly every part of the globe, in the person of J. Charles Davis, is now here for the purpose of paving the way for J. Cheever Goodwin and Woolson Morse's musical comedy, "Lost, Strayed or Stolen." He thus describes one of the odd corners of the

Probably the quaintest and most interesting island that dots the waters of the world is what was known until after the last English victory over the French as the Isle de France. It is Maument, which is English.

Mauritius is the home of romance and a veritable gold mine for the story teller and novel writer. It is the scene of good old Father St. Pierre's "Paul and Virginia," and the visitor to Port Louis, the metropolis and principal scaport, who would attempt to leave the island without driving out and visiting the grave of Paul and Virginia would be "sidered an unromantic, unsympathetic heathen. It is situated in a peacefrom the capital.

This little island is one of the most cosmopolitan places in existence. French, English, German, Spanish, Italian and a few American merchants are engaged in business in the basaars Ninette grew to womanhood without along the water front, while Africans. Malays, Persians, the natives of Madagascar, coolies from the Malabar coast. Moors from the strait of Cibraltar and the natives of upper India elbow each other in the market places, and one hears the language of every land in a

haif dozen blocks. The superstitions of every country and the weird tales growing out of the traditions of all lands have been brought to the island, taken root and grown to be observed by the lower classes of all nations, and consequently | larger and more distinct until the songs the island has become the favorite hunting ground of the story teller in search of genuine novelty, particularly in the weird and mysterious vein. Bosant and Rice obtained the story of "My Little trirl' from Mauritius. It was here that the story of the "Coce de More" had its birth. Here the legend of the enchanted caverus yawning for the reception of shipwrecked sailors, with their two gates, one leading to the celestial empire and the other to hades, is repeated and believed, and those who cross the

island to its northern and most inhabit- | drew hastily, but his dogs, enjoying the ed shore can see two great openings, the bottom of each being below the low water mark and the top being high enough to admit the rigging of a sailing vessel, awaiting for him to shoose which way he will go, but with no guidepost or trademark to assist him in his choice.

Although the government of Mauritius is English the official language is French, and in order to travel without inconvenience one must speak it well, but in order to get at the weird and mysterious it is necessary to have an interpreter who is an East Indian and who appreciates the value of getting at the bottom of a subject after having once entered into it. While returning from a visit to the famous gardens of Curpepe I halted at a little refreshment house, and in conversation with the proprietor discovered that he was not only an old resident, but a man well versed in the folklore of the island and one who would talk if allowed to.

It is needless to say that I allowed him to, and while we were enjoying some really delicious Manilla cheroots under the shade of a great banyan tree, just back of his house, he told me the following story:

Shortly after it became impossible for many members of the old French nobility to live comfortably in la belle ritius, French in everything but govern- France a country nobleman, accompanied only by the young and beautiful daughter, left the mother country behind and arrived at Port Louis with litthe excepting the family jewels, plate and honor. The father and daughter brought with them an old priest who had been Ninette's instructor and almost constant companion since the child's dying mother confided her while but a teddling infant to the good old man's care. With a few house servants the count set up a modest establishment ful valley and reached by a short drive on the northern part of the island, purchased a small plantation and began the cultivation of sugar cane, which is the

principal industry of the country. Under the festering care of her father, the priest and the old family servants having often crossed the boundary lines. of the little plantation on which they lived. Her favorite recreation was reading, and she indulged this education of pastime in a bowerlike neck on the very face of the cliff overhanging the ocean. Here she would spend the delightfully balmy afternoons watching the native craft either going to ma, sailing away into the blue distance until their lateen sails looked like the wings of a flock of sea gulls or coming up out of the blue waters of the Indian ocean and growing of the native sailors could be distinctly ward in her cliff top mock.

She toached the age of 10 when one corning she encountered a young straner in the person of the son of a wealthy anter who lived many miles over the

or side of the mountain and who,

e pursuing his favorite pastime of shooting red winged partridges, had scaled the cliff and, following his dogs, almost stumbled into Ninette's retreat. The young man, after apologising, with-

caresses of the timid but delighted girl, refused to answer his call, and he was obliged to return to induce them to follow him.

From this incident there grew an ac-

quaintance as carefully conducted as the strictest rules of the old French family conduct would prescribe. one morning the count was somewhat surprised to receive a visit from the young man's father and mother, who had driven from the extreme end of the island for the purpose of introducing themselves and requesting permission for their son to pay his addresses to Ninette. The motherless child was introduced to the woman who desired to be her mother at law and her husband. The devotion that could not exist out-Family history and family matters were discussed at length, and the planter and his wife did not depart until the desired consent had been obtained. After this the young couple were betrothed, the engagement duly announced, and at the expiration of nearly a year the date of the marriage set and made public, when one day Ninette, while reading in her favorite nook, was overtaken by one of those fierce storms for which the island is famous, and in attempting to regain the top of the hill slipped and fell down through the tangled underbrush, cut and scarred by jagged rocks, to the sands below. Here she was found by friends, who were alarmed at the storm and her absence and started out to search for her.

She was carried home almost lifeless. and for several days hovered between life and death, until the vigor of youth enabled her to recover sufficiently to understand the terrible accident that had befallen her. Her once beautiful features were so cut and scarred that after one horrified look into a hand mirror the poor girl turned away, sent for of entering a convent as soon as she war well enough to do so.

The almost distracted lover had ridden over from his mountain home day after day to inquire after her condition. His parents had made repeated calls, and kind hearted strangers hitherto excluded from the count's domain by the cold, exclusive disposition of its owner now came and offered sympathy and as sistance daily. As soon as the attending physician decided that Ninette had sufficiently recovered to be able to beat an interview with her lover without serious results the almost frantic young man presented himself, only to be tearfully informed by the old count that his daughter desired him to convey her undying love with every assurance that it would remain unchanged until death, but that as the fearful accident that she had met with had disfigured her as that she was confident she could not survive Henri's expression of horror when he looked upon her poor mutilated features she would beg him to remember her as he naw her last, and that she would ever cherish his memory in the convent retreat that also desired to be conveyed to as soon as her health would permit.

Sadly and silently the young man took his departure, to return two days later, when he came instead of on horseback, as was his wont, in the clumsy

old family carriage, from which he was assisted to alight by a favorite servant, when he said to the astonished count "Take me to your daughter. Tell her that the changes in her features I can never know. She will always be as sweet and beautiful to me as when I saw her last. I shall never see her again, but cannot live without her ciety. Take me to her. She will see no looks of horror, for I am blind."

Henri, after leaving the count's door, had ridden to his own home, taken a last look at the scene that he had loved since boyhood, and then summoned a Hindoo fakir, and after a long consultation submitted to a painful operation that deprived him of his sight forever. side the atmosphere of mystery and superstition that hangs heavily over the little island was rewarded, and the descendants of Henri and Ninette now live in the beautiful little valley back of the capital and tell of the veiled woman who conducted the blind planter over his estate, and who was his guide and companion until both were laid to rest near the scene of their first meeting, where a marble tablet set in the side of the cliff marks the spot and makes it almost sacred to the residents of the island.

I returned to the city, and it was sev eral days before I was able to completely shake off the indescribable impression caused by what the old innkeeper stoutly asserted was a true story of the love of Henri and Ninette. - San Francisco Chronicle.

His Own Idea.

It is said that General Crittenden used to tell with great give a story of the reply once made to him by his son, then Cor. 15th and O Sts., a little boy of 8 or 9 years.

A day or two after the battle of her father and announced her intention | Chickamanga the little fellow went into camp. The general rode during the battle a horse which went by the name of John Jay, a great favorite with his small son. The child showed great delight at seeing his father again, but at last, in the midst of a vigorous hug, he asked suddenly Papa, where is John Jay?"

"Oh," said his father gravely, "your horse behaved very badly during the fight. He insisted, like a coward, on taking me to the rear."

The boy looked at him searchingly for an instant. Then his eyes gleamed, and he held up a remonstrant little finger, pointing it at his parent.

Papa," said he severely, "I know John Jay would never have done that of his own will. It must have been your worth. There seemed to be nothing for me

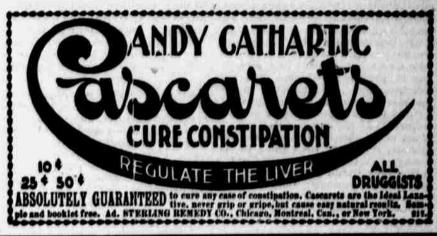
say," the general usually remarked to conclusion, "and consequently I forere to argue the matter."-Youth's

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