

ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCES.

Greeted Mr. Bryan and Senator Allen in Six Places in Omaha.

Mr. Bryan can accomplish more in a day of twenty-four hours than any man in America. He can repeat it every day in the year.

The speeches of Senator Allen and Mr. Bryan were chiefly upon the silver question. The latter discussed dollar wheat in substantially the same words as he has used throughout the campaign.

You will find the date at which your subscription expired marked on this issue of your paper. Take notice of it and if you are in arrears you should make a payment at once.

GAVE UP THE MONEY.

Postal Clerk Houghton Concludes Net to Burn It as He Said.

Walter R. Houghton of Cheyenne, who was arrested Friday evening, charged with stealing a registered package from the United States mails containing \$15,000, turned over \$14,700 of the amount.

Houghton declared he would burn the stolen money if he was prosecuted. Judge John W. Lacy, his attorney, advised him to return the money.

WAR AT FRANKFORT.

Alleged Attempt to Prevent Negroes Voting Ends in Bloodshed.

A bloody battle occurred in the city of Frankfort, Kentucky on election day which resulted in the death of several persons.

The difficulty began by Frank Egbert, republican, organizing a party to head off a party of democrats under the leadership of Ben Marshall, who Egbert asserted, had taken a number of negroes to the country to prevent their voting.

Deputy Sheriff Deakins then organized a posse and attempted to arrest Egbert and his party. The latter appeared on the street brandishing their revolvers.

Howard Gore and Walter Gains, members of Egbert's party, were killed. Mayor Julian organized a large body of special policemen and succeeded in restoring order.

The dead are: Frank Egbert, republican politician. Howard Gore, republican member of Egbert's crowd.

Deputy Sheriff Deakins, dying. John Smith driver of the democratic wagon in which the negroes were hauled to the country.

The wounded: Charles Graham, colored, occupant of returning wagon. Walter Gains, white bystander. There is no confirmation of the rumor that several negroes are dead and concealed about town.

A BOW AT MT. VERNON.

A number of tough characters created a disturbance in Crooked Creek precinct, near Mt. Vernon. When Sheriff Mullins attempted to restore order a general shooting affray took place in which three of the disturbers were killed.

The dead are: Henry Landford. John Lawrence. Charles Payne.

MURDERED IN COLD BLOOD.

WENONA, Kan., Nov. 2.—Joseph New, a well known farmer living thirteen miles southwest of this place, was murdered in cold blood last night about 10 o'clock. The family was awakened by the noise of someone prowling about the house. Then a flame was thrown against the building, whereupon New lighted a lantern and went out to investigate. When about fifteen feet from the house he was fired upon, a charge of buckshot passing through his stomach and liver. Death resulted almost instantly. A coroner's inquest was held, but no arrests have yet been made.

BY RIGHT DIVINE.

When rogues would fill the human mind, With some transparent lie, They always claim it counterfeited And sanctioned from on high.

This lie was shot to death in part. A hundred years ago; But now the tricksters seek to start An equal falsehood, so We hear proclaimed by every fool The right divine of gold to rule.

Ere long, when they grow bold enough To make their purposes clear And throw the mask of pretext off, We may expect to hear The moneyed knaves make this appeal: The right divine of thieves to steal.

I seem to hear another cry, That comes from all around, Beginning low, it rises high. A deep and growing sound, That claims in an uncertain tone The human right to have our own.

This cry is filled with dire distress And angry discontent, With tones of want and wretchedness; While into these are blent Stern under voices that demand The human right to life and land.

From torrid zone to frigid snows, 'Tis heard in every place, It ever louder, deeper grows, Until it thrills the race, And thunders forth from sea to sea, The human right to liberty.

No longer let us hear that fraud Is sanctioned from on high; No longer tell mankind that God Will consecrate a lie; But let this truth forever shine: The human right is the divine.

Lincoln, Neb. J. A. EDGERTON.

ZELAYA A TYRANT.

Merchants Robbed by Means of Fines and Forced Loans.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Nov. 3.—It is understood that the diet of the Greater Republic of Central America, now in session, has refused to agree with the arguments put forward by Secretary Sherman in support of the appointment of Captain William L. Merry of San Francisco as minister of the United States to Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Salvador, while partly recognizing the diet. It is claimed here in certain quarters that this step was taken in order to force the United States government, if possible, to fully recognize the diet, although it is claimed that body may be overturned almost any day by a successful revolution in Nicaragua, Costa Rica or Salvador, or by the withdrawal from it of any one of the presidents governing the state it represents.

It may be here pointed out that the feeling of opposition to the presidents, also termed "dictators," of the states of the Greater Republic of Central America is steadily growing in bitterness, and in this country the people are suffering greatly under the rule of their president, General Zelaya. In fact, matters have reached such a stage that the United States government must either continue to submit as heretofore, on the ground of sympathy for these republics, to the caprices and misrule of each successive dictator, or else recognize the true end of these republics and energetically enforce a line of policy recognizing the people and raising them to the level of actual, and not nominal self-government.

Since the disbanding of the revolutionists of September last, who attempted to achieve political and personal liberty by attacking the forces of President Zelaya, and, failing in this effort were driven to seek refuge in Costa Rica, the masses here have been made to feel the weight of the iron heel, and their resentment has been intensified by the merciless acts of Zelaya and his followers, I. D. Gomez and M. C. Matusa, who, it is claimed have acted like bandits, going so far as to shoot men who were accused of taking part in the revolution of September on the decision of hastily formed courts martial composed of men of a lower intelligence, imprisoning hundreds of respectable citizens without trial on suspicion of having been in sympathy with the revolutionists, exacting large sums of money from natives having valuable property, either as "fines" or "forced loans," and otherwise oppressing the people to such an extent that, during the past two years, it is asserted on good authority more than 10,000 native Nicaraguans have been compelled to abandon their homes and expatriate themselves. Those who have left the country include representatives of some of the oldest, most patriotic and most distinguished families of the country. Finally, it is asserted that nearly all the foreigners in Nicaragua are anxious to collect the money due them and leave this republic for better governed localities.

To make matters worse, nobody seems to know where all the money collected by forced loans goes, and the current belief is that Zelaya and his friends have been sending large sums abroad in order to feather the nests to which they may eventually fly. No national debts have been paid and no internal improvements have been made which will account for the excessive fines and forced loans imposed upon the people.

KENTUCKY.

Success of the Democratic City and State Tickets.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 4.—A conservative estimate places the majority of Charles H. Weaver, Democratic candidate for mayor, over George D. Todd, the present incumbent, at from 1,000 to 1,200. The entire Democratic ticket is undoubtedly elected with him.

The returns from the state are meager and unofficial at this hour. According to those, Shackelford, Democrat, for clerk of the court of appeals, is leading Bailey, Republican, by about 1,000 votes. This was the only state office at stake. The National Democratic vote is very light.

Reports from the various legislative districts throughout the state are to the effect that the Democrats will have a majority in the next general assembly.

VAN WYCK'S POLICY.

The Mayor Elect Declares His Purposes in Regard to Various Matters.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Judge Robert A. Van Wyck, now mayor-elect of Greater New York, in an interview said: "The election is over, the polls are closed, the ballots counted, the Democracy has been victorious, and I am, I learn, by popular choice, the mayor to be of the city of Greater New York."

"At the outset I want to call the general eye again to the Democratic platform and to my letter of acceptance. By these I stand. The principles therein set forth I will do my utmost to foster—the promises to the last letter I will keep."

"As we begin this first year of Greater New York there is much to do. Liberty must be restored to the citizen, the protection of his rights must be resumed, the pillage of public money must cease, extravagance must be discontinued, waste must stop, schools must be built, the streets must be reclaimed from chaos, taxes brought to a proper level. Private interest has too long governed this city; it must give way to public good."

"The government of a city, as I understand it, has naught of sentiment about it. It is the merest business. We must get the most good for the least money. No man must be oppressed, his liberty must last inviolate, his life and property must be protected, the broad purposes of city government must be carried out, the greatest good to the greatest number must ever be the star to steer by."

"As to such public outrages as flourished under the Raines law, with all the spying and sneaking and mendacity that under it grew up, I cannot add a syllable to what I have already said. These crimes against the people must disappear; these encroachments upon individual liberty and private rights must end. These are not the middle ages, nor is the city of Greater New York Venice in the days of the doges. A city must have a city government; it cannot be controlled by village rules or run on village lines. The sooner some folk come out of the dreams and realize these facts the wiser, better, happier folk they'll be."

"The eight hour law should be enforced, and, where practicable, resident labor should be directly employed. In all cases the prevailing rate of wages should be paid."

"As to the men I shall call to fill the office under me, I will be frank and plain. 'Put none but Democrats on guard,' shall be the motto of my administration. Fitness and honesty and worth as a citizen shall make up my first demand in selecting men for an office. The men I appoint to office must own this trio of requisites. I must have proof that the public is to be honestly, faithfully, efficiently served, and that no call of duty on the part of an official is to be denied. I must know that the man I name will do his whole, full duty to the city. But to find such a man for every place of appointment under me I need not leave the ranks of the Democracy, and I will not."

"That is my notion of city government, and by that idea I will guide. I do not do this on any 'to the victor belongs the spoils of the enemy' sentiment. The sole proposal is good government, according to the expressed will of the people. These latter have declared for the Democracy. I do not understand the policy or justice of going to the enemy to select your officers."

"While I shall call none but Democrats to places of trust and power in the carrying forward of the city's business, this administration is not to become in any sort partisan. In doing my full duty to the public in that behalf, neither I nor those over whom, by my office, I have control will know any difference of race, color, creed or politics. As all share the burdens, so, too, shall all share the benefits of government and find even, equal protection under the law."

MARYLAND.

The Vote in the Legislature Close—Looks Like Gorman Won.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 4.—The Republicans have elected their municipal ticket in Baltimore by majorities ranging from 4,000 to 6,000, but the state ticket is in doubt and there is some reason for believing that the Democrats have carried the legislature and that United States Senator Gorman may succeed himself. Official returns from the state are of the most meager and unsatisfactory character, so that even the chairmen of the state central committees hesitate to express an unqualified opinion as to the result on the state and legislative tickets. A conservative estimate, based upon partial returns, indicate that the Democrats will have sixty votes on joint ballot, while the Republicans will have fifty-seven.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Prohibition Candidate for Treasurer Defeats Scrupling Strongth.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—The complete returns from all the wards in Philadelphia show a plurality of 71,019 for Beaman, Republican, for state treasurer. The rest of the Republican ticket has approximately the same plurality. Swallow's vote is 15,558. The vote for Thompson, Independent Republican, is slightly over 3,000. The majority in favor of the \$15,000,000 loan is 15,694. In 1895 the Republican plurality was 74,545 and last year McKinley had 113,138.

Returns at midnight from the state indicate that Dr. C. Swallow, Prohibition candidate for state treasurer, comes in politics as "the fighting parson," has received more than 150,000 votes.

The New York Figures.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Following is the grand total of the votes received by the three leading candidates for mayor in Greater New York:

Van Wyck, Tammany Democrat	255,900
Low, Citizens' Union	149,978
Tracy, Republican	101,883
George, Jeffersonian Democrat	20,886
Gleason, Independent	621
Van Wyck's plurality over Low	85,927

Tammany's victory in Greater New York is a sweeping one. As early as 7 o'clock it was evident that the only question to be settled was the size of the plurality. Complete returns show that it was 86,968 over Low and 133,358 over Tracy.

Seth Low, the Citizens' Union candidate, was successful to the extent of polling an aggregate vote in excess of the 140,000 pledges implied by the signatures of the petition upon which he became the candidate of an independent movement, which at the outset offered to join hands with the Republican party organization in a concerted effort to exclude Tammany from power in the greater city, to come into being on January 1, 1898, with a population second in magnitude of the great cities of the world. The offer was declined on the ground that in such a movement the Republican organization would participate only coincidentally with the other party to the compact, and the Citizens' Union, on the other hand, refused to recall its nomination of Mr. Low in order that the form of selecting a candidate might be carried out conjointly with the Republican organization.

Whatever might have been the result had Henry George survived the campaign, the indications from the earliest returns were that the substitution of the son for the father as the mayoralty candidate of the Thomas Jefferson Democracy had proved a failure from any but a sentimental point of view.

In fact, the George candidacy has made but a beggarly showing, scarcely five per cent of the vote in New York city having been cast for the son of the author of "Progress and Poverty."

On the city ticket with Judge Van Wyck, Bird S. Coler is elected comptroller and Randolph Guggenheimer president of the municipal council.

Charles S. Fairchild, who was secretary of the treasury during Cleveland's first presidential term, and whom the Citizens' Union put up for comptroller, did not hold the pace with Mr. Low. Ashbel P. Fitch, originally a Republican and afterwards a Democratic member of congress from a Tammany district, was the Republican nominee for comptroller. He is defeated by about the same vote as the head of his ticket. He was nominated with General Tracy in recognition of the services he rendered in the presidential campaign last year fighting as a gold standard Democrat against the Democrats who had accepted the 16 to 1 platform of the Chicago convention. Coler, the successful candidate, is new to public life.

Charles W. Dayton, late postmaster of this city, who was nominated for comptroller on the George ticket, polled probably half as many votes again as were given to Mr. George.

The legislative branch of the city government is Tammany-Democratic. It is a double headed body, one branch being the municipal council, consisting of the president and twenty-eight members, and the other, the board of aldermen, comprising sixty members.

The vote of Van Wyck in New York county is approximately the same as was cast for Bryan in 1896, which was 135,624. General Tracy (Rep.) polled approximately 55,000, against McKinley's vote of 156,359 in New York county, while Low (Citizens' Union) polled approximately 77,000, and George (Jefferson Dem.) 12,000.

In Kings county, which includes the city of Brooklyn, the Bryan vote was 76,882, while Van Wyck's will be almost the same. Against McKinley's vote of 109,135, General Tracy polls approximately 35,000, while Low's vote is approximately 65,000.

In these two counties, the straight Republican vote shows a falling off of nearly 175,000, or in excess of the total vote for Seth Lowe, while the Tammany vote equals, if it does not slightly exceed, that cast for Bryan.

The polling came within about 50,000 of the entire registration, which, considering the weather conditions under which the election proceeded, was all that could be expected. The day was wet, foggy, "muggy" to a degree.

FUNNYGRAPHS.

"What is an octopus, anyhow?" "An octopus is a monster which is found, chiefly, in political speeches."—Puck.

A Chicago paper tells of a bicycle crank who reads all the coal strike dispatches that have a Wheeling date line to them.

She—"Did you see anything in New York that reminded you of Philadelphia?" He—"Yes; the messenger boys."—Harlem Life.

Charity—"But, my dear," gently remonstrated her husband, "I thought I gave you \$5 to buy a sofa cushion for your fancy table at the fair, yesterday." "Why, but John, dear, this \$5 is to buy it back."—Judge.

WORKMEN MEET DEATH.

Five Killed by a Premature Explosion of Black Powder.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., Nov. 4.—James Moore, Foreman Mike Welch and three other workmen, whose names have not been learned, were instantly killed at noon by the premature explosion of black powder in the mill of the electric railway cut at the head of Fifth street in Victor. Tons of rock were thrown upon the workmen.

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This Sale will commence FRIDAY, NOV. 5, and Last Only

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Conducted by J. Y. M. Swigart. Correspondence solicited.

Antelope County Farmers' Mutual is now over four years old and has nearly \$200,000 insured, and has not had a loss. The officers are wide awake and will get the farm insurance of that county in the future.

A circular sent out by the secretary, W. W. Putney, of Oakdale, last July, is one of the hardest blows to stock companies that has been sent to us.

DWELLING HOUSE MUTUAL.

People who live in town may now have their homes insured. The insurance took effect on the first of November with a little more than \$100,000. The company is organized on the plan of the farm mutual and will insure against fire and cyclone. We want an agent in every town in Nebraska.

The Iowa Mutual Life Insurance association meets in Des Moines on the 16th of this month. It would be a good investment for any secretary of a Nebraska mutual to spend the time to go and meet with them at least once. He would be better prepared to combat with the enemies of the cause of mutual protection.

ATTACKED EDITOR AUSTIN.

John Harrop, Register of Deeds in Lancaster County Gets Victorious.

The Evening Call has been criticising the present register of deeds, John Harrop, and charging that he is not supporting the republican ticket as a loyal republican should. It has stirred up considerable trouble in the republican camp. Monday evening Mr. Harrop met Editor Austin on the street and assaulted him viciously, but did not succeed in seriously injuring the editor. Mr. Austin's criticisms in the Call have not been of a severe character and Mr. Harrop's actions have only deepened the conviction in the minds of the people that he has been playing a two-sided game and pretending to support the republican ticket when in fact he was not doing so.

You will find the date at which your subscription expired marked on this week's issue of your paper. Take notice of it and if you are in arrears you should make a payment at once.

CAPITAL CITY MEAT CO.

Salt Pork	5c
Steak	6c
Cal. Hams, No. 1 sugar cured	55c
Bacon	7c
No. 1 Sugar Cured hams	8c
Boiling meat	4c
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VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

In this column we will publish communications of a worthy and suitable character, received from subscribers to this paper. No communication should contain more than 200 words. Manuscript will not be returned.

Through Newspaper Education.

To the Editor of the INDEPENDENT: BREA, Neb., Oct. 30th, '97.—Enclosed find balance on subscription.

Success to your every effort in behalf of our common cause—freedom and equality before the law.

I am doing all I can for reform principles. I believe in the government ownership of railroads and telegraphs, municipal ownership of electric lights, water works and street cars; free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 ounces of silver to one of gold as it existed prior to 1873, but not in government by injunction nor the present banking system. Through newspaper education and the scholarly efforts of such never ceasing workers as W. J. Bryan, victory and honest reform must and will come.

The friends of reform failed to effect a fusion in this county (Box Butte) on account of a combination of double dealings, treachery and ignorance, nevertheless next Tuesday we hope to make the right parties bite the dust, both county and state. We have had enough of republican supreme judges and Mr. Post will journey farther up salt creek than any Nebraska republican has ever been, with Mr. Morton, a close second.

Respectfully, WM. J. JOHNSON.

I HAVE for sale a fancy lot of the very best strains of Polana Pigs

that I will sell at from \$10 to \$20. Can furnish pairs and trios not akin. Address L. H. SUTER, Neligh, Neb.

SADIE PUCKETT

Fashionable Dressmaking and Millinery

Bank Bldg., 1301 O Street. Prices reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed

Forty-one acre farm for sale—Adjoining a railroad at Harroton, Nebraska, with graded school houses and all the conveniences of small town. Call on or address M. F. RETZOLD, Harroton, Nebraska.