

EDITORS' IDEAS.

The republicans of Nebraska are like the little boy who had nothing to say. Ashamed to face the public, they are carrying on a still-hunt campaign.—Wiser Chronicle.

Senator W. V. Allen of Nebraska has taken up the matter of having an Indian exhibit at the Trans-Mississippi exposition, with the department of the interior. The plan is to show the customs of the aborigines, collections of their curios, and illustrate the progress they have made in civilization since the missionary and whiskey seller taught them customs of white men.—The Trans-Mississippi.

The senate of the Hawaiian government has passed a bill favoring annexation to the United States, but the people of that far away group of islands seem to oppose such a proposition. The United States does not need Hawaii. This country has trouble enough governing her already large territory without getting a charge to keep, like Hawaii, which is already a bone of contention.—Clipper Citizen.

The nation was not formed to be governed by the courts, and one of the future leading questions will be to prove our positions correct. Congress makes the laws and the only business of the courts is to interpret them. The president and other officials are the executive officials, not the courts. Government by injunction is autocratic and monarchial and has no place in a free nation.—Stanton Register.

If the people wish to squelch the government by injunction, this imprisonment without a jury trial, this shooting people down by the dozen in cold blood by injunction, they cannot afford to endorse the outrageous policy even by voting for the nominees of the party which institutes and defends these inhuman proceedings. The only safety lies in retiring them all to private life until they are willing to recognize human rights as well as property rights.—Long Island Leader.

Is it not surprising that Nebraska, the home of Bryan—a state whose administration is in the hands of the populist governor, Holcomb, assisted by a full corps of popocratic state officials—a state which has to its credit the brainiest and most pronounced populist U. S. senator and four popocratic congressmen—a state the majority of the population of which has been denounced as anarchists, repudiationists, fools, cranks, calamity howlers, traitors, and by every republican from Johnnie Thurston down to Sam Green and by every republican paper from the Globe democrat down to the Beatrice Express—is it not surprising, I ask, that such a state is now the most prosperous and favored state of the Union? The writer remembers well the prediction made by those orators and republican organs as well as by what was called the Business Men's Association, that the election of a populist governor would bring calamity and be a menace to the state's credit. Stand up for Nebraska as they cry then, while their leaders, Moore, Bolin, Bartley, Mosher and other rascals, were stealing public money.—Beatrice Tribune.

The New York Situation.

Tammany's city ticket was made up at the dictation of Richard Croker and it was a weak ticket. The county ticket nominated by Tammany on Thursday, was largely the work of John C. Sheehan and it is a strong one. Col. Asa Bird Gardner, the candidate for district attorney, is a lawyer of excellent standing, popular and able. He was formerly judge advocate general and was also assistant secretary of war in Mr. Cleveland's second administration. The candidate for county clerk on the Tammany county ticket is William Schomer, a representative German American, who was nominated despite the fact that Croker's preference was for some one else. He was urged for the mayoralty nomination by German-Americans and would doubtless have been a much stronger candidate for that office than Judge Van Wyck. In several other instances Croker's choice was disregarded and better men than his candidates put on the ticket.

All this to the credit of Mr. John C. Sheehan. Doubtless had Mr. Croker stayed in England and looked after his race horses and left the management of the Tammany campaign to Mr. Sheehan that gentleman would have brought about re-affirmation of the party platform and the nomination of a city ticket which would have commanded confidence and respect. There would have been no George movement under those circumstances and but one democratic ticket in the field.

BETTER BANKING FACILITIES.

Give Every Person a Chance to Save Small Sums if He Can't Large Ones.

The New England states and New York are fairly well supplied with savings banks. Moreover, the banks in those states are much safer than the great majority of the savings institutions that are to be found in other parts of the country. The savings banks of the New England States and New York are what are known as mutual savings banks, managed by trustees who derive no profit from their operation. In other sections the savings institutions are almost entirely stock banks, operated for the profit of the stockholders and only too often to the loss of the depositors. In the seven eastern states referred to some but the mutual banks are allowed by law to do a savings business. If the people were to be limited to private savings institutions as places of deposit, clearly every state ought to follow the example of New York and New England and provide for mutual banks.

In the savings banks of the United States, as reported to the comptroller of the currency, there were last year 3,005, 024 depositors, with deposits to the

credit amounting to \$1,907,156,277. Further, according to the comptroller of the currency, "nearly 80 per cent of both the number of depositors and amount of deposits is represented by banks in the New England states and New York." These seven states have a population of approximately 12,000,000, or one-sixth of that of the entire country, yet the savings banks of those states hold four-fifths of the savings deposits of the country. Two-thirds of the savings banks of the United States are located in these seven states. Before the entire country can be as well supplied with savings-bank facilities several thousand new institutions must be established.

The government has it in its power to supply this need at once by establishing the postal savings bank system and making use of postoffices as places of deposit. Until the government does this the people will be without adequate savings facilities. Private enterprises will not meet the want for places of deposit for small savings. Moreover, in the parts of the country now especially lacking savings facilities, the tendency is to establish stock savings banks, if any at all, rather than the more approved form of mutual savings banks, which are in use in the extreme eastern states. Even in New England the postal savings banks would be a decided benefit, in furnishing the better accommodations to the dwellers in rural districts. They would also be a great convenience to the workers who move about from place to place. But in other parts of the country they are a necessity. Curiously enough, however, those connected with the mutual savings banks of the east, where the demand for additional saving facilities is not so great, offer less objection to postal savings banks than those connected with the few savings banks that are to be found in the west and south. The reason, of course, is that the latter make a profit from handling the savings of the poor, while the former do not.

Mr. Wanamaker, when he was postmaster-general, had information gathered showing the average distance of savings banks from postoffices, which are supposed to be located centrally and convenient to the people. Following are the figures:

Table with 2 columns: State, Miles. New England states... 15, Middle states... 20, Southern states... 25, Western states... 33, Pacific states... 52.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels; never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c

A Bad Mistake.



The Python—Great Scott! what an unmitigated ass I was to take that dude's straw hat in along with the rest of him.

Willie Gibbs—It's awfully strange, but when I go into the watah, I never can hold my head undah faw a moment. She—It would be very surprising if you could.—Truth.

Both Equal to the Occasion.

A well-to-do gentleman of middle age said to me, several days ago: "Do you know that I had rather shell green peas than do almost anything else? My wife says that it demoralizes the servants to have me do it, but I'm not living for the servants."

"The other day I sat down on our back porch with a pan of my favorite vegetables in my lap, and was enjoying myself in great shape, far from the madding crowd, for my wife had some swell callers."

"All of a sudden I heard a woman's voice say: "Oh, I must see your cute back yard; I've heard so much of it!"

"Then the window flew open and out popped two pretty bonneted heads. "I turned mine away, and my wife was equal to the occasion."

"Patrick," she said, "you must remember to mow that grass before Mr. comes home."

"Yes, ma'am," I replied in my best brogue, and all was well.—The Louisville Post.

Largely Imaginative.

"The artist who drew this picture must have a wonderful imagination," remarked Miss Highland.

"What does the picture represent?" asked Miss Dinwiddie.

"It is a picture of a summer hotel, with a young man on the piazza."—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

Medicinal Collars Again.

Medicinal collars are quite reinstated, indeed all the winter mantles and cloaks have very high collars. In some of the sea-side resorts they are almost exaggeratedly high, but it is a fault on the right side, for nothing gives such a sense of comfort and bismore as keeping the neck thoroughly warm. Fur capes have appeared again. Let those, however, who cherish the idea of resuscitating their tips of a year or two ago abandon it at once, for the fur cape of to-day is not that of yesterday. The old-fashioned cape hung closely to the shoulders. Sometimes it is composed of double capes, the upper one reaching to the point of the shoulder.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County. FRANK J. CHENEY hereby certifies that the within and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the will of J. J. CHENEY, deceased, as the same appears from the records of said county, and that said will was duly admitted to probate in said county on the 10th day of October, 1897.

FRANK J. CHENEY, County Clerk. WITNESSES: A. W. O'LEARY, County Public; J. H. HARRIS, County Public.

FROM THE CAPITOL.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 13, 1897.—A good deal has been said about the million and a half dollars stolen from the public treasury by republican defaulters during the last four or five years, but that is only a tithe of the money wrongfully taken by these officials. Twice that amount was extracted from the farmers by the porfidity of Attorney General Hastings and Russell and Secretary Dilworth in the management of the maximum rate case. That law would never have been interfered with by the courts if these three republican officials had not violated their oaths of office.

In every department of the state government the taxpayers were robbed without mercy. In 1889 these ravenous plunderers paid \$9 a page for printing the session laws. This year they were furnished for \$2.95 a page. Nearly \$5,000 were stolen there.

In the same years, those robbers paid \$3 a page for printing the house journal. The reform administration this year let the contract at \$1 a page. There was another steal of \$5,954. But the most brazen and notorious thieving ever recorded was the work of Tim Sedgwick in 1895, when he printed the senate journal so as to make one or two words a whole line. He always made a whole line of the word "that." In that way he made the senate journal contain 2,034 pages. This year the senate journal has more matter and contains but 962 pages. Tim made the people pay \$2.38 per volume. The manner in which the secretary of the last senate prepared the copy has enabled the printing board to furnish the journal for 48 cents per volume. The steal that Tim Sedgwick managed was \$3,817.90.

The house journal of 1895 covered a similar steal. It was printed in the same way and contained 1862 pages, at a cost of \$2.10 a page and for each copy \$3.91. This year it has more printed matter and contains less than a thousand pages and costs 50 cents a volume instead of \$3.91. Here is a steal of \$2,910.20. This kind of stealing has been going on for years. In 1889 the house journal contained 2,318 pages and cost \$2 a page and \$3.45 a volume, being \$2.95 more per volume than was paid under this reform administration.

When one reflects that this sort of booting was practiced by republican officials in every department of the state government, it will be seen that the million and a half that the defaulters got was but a small part of the booty that the republicans stored away during the last few years. Tim Sedgwick has never been denounced by the leaders of the republican party; he is still in fact one of the leaders himself. Do the republicans of York county still glory in their leadership?

The cost of printing the session laws, house journal, senate journal and school laws in 1897 under the reform administration is \$3,865.01. In 1895, under the management of Tim Sedgwick, Moore, Bartley, and Piper they cost \$12,247.90. Two years ago the appropriation for printing laws, journals, etc., was \$20,000. All this was not enough for the republicans as they came before the legislature with a deficiency bill and had allowed them the additional sum of \$19,107.93, which made the total cost \$39,107.93. The last legislature appropriated for the same work the sum of \$12,000, and if the present rate of the printing board is kept up that amount will be amply sufficient for the work, so the steal on the whole job was \$27,107.93, which the voters had to raise by selling 10 cent corn.

EDMISTEN'S LAND LEASE.

On page 41 of "Nebraska Redeemed" (send to the populist state central committee for the book), is this statement: "In describing the land leases, want of space forbids use of more than a small per cent of the delinquents. It is impossible to charge these long standing deficiencies either to mistakes or negligence; they must have been manipulated by design, for they are scattered all over the records, preceded and followed by leases forfeited to the state, which were no longer delinquent than those not forfeited, and in some cases a part of the holdings of the leasees was forfeited, and the remainder allowed to stand for no apparent reason other than to limit the amount of his free holdings to meet the value of his political services."

The history of the lease held by Mrs. J. H. Edmisten is a full corroboration of this statement. After the seasons of drouth the board announced that in consequence thereof all the leases would be extended. Mr. Edmisten went with Jack McCall to the commissioner and they both asked extensions. McCall's leases were extended and Edmisten's forfeited and the land turned over to "a party adherent" on the payment of \$1.16. Mr. Edmisten went to the county treasurer and paid \$5 premium on the lease made to the party adherent, still they would not let him have the land. Finally a business man of Lexington got the lease and Mr. Edmisten bought him out. No better proof of the charges in Nebraska Redeemed is wanted than the history of Mr. Edmisten's lease.

T. H. THIBLES, Editor of a Nebraska Farm.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver, and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habit, constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. today—10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Farm for Rent.

Finest small farm in Nebraska. To let or for sale, quickly, cheaply. Write F. H. G., care of A. L. Millan, Harvard Square, Cambridge, Mass.

For Sale.

A choice, improved 80 acre farm in Otos county, Neb. All tillable, near school and church, good neighborhood. Address Thomas Knox, Bennett, Neb.

"Greenlander," the famous Kentucky stallion, owned by Capt. Freer, took first premium at the Lancaster county fair this week. This horse is booked for shipment to Europe in a short time.

Take the Independent 1 year, \$1.00.

We Are Very Confident

That the values here are more than bargains—they are opportunities that cannot be surpassed.

Come this week and reap the benefit of this sale.

Dress Goods Bargains

- 20 pieces 6-4 Brocades, all new, regular price 12 1/2, this week, per yard.....11c
17 pieces Damasse, 34 inches wide, regular price 18c, this week, per yard.....15 1/2c
12 pieces Novelty Dress Goods, 34 inches wide, they are beauties; regular price 30c, this week.....24c
10 pieces all wool Novelties, 40 inches wide, regular price 50c, this week.....43c

Shoe Bargains

- 20 pairs Child's best grade kangaroo calf, button, will wear like iron; square and A. S. T. tip, 8 1/2 to 11 1/2, regular price \$1.35 and \$1.50, this week.....\$1.22
40 pairs Misses' best grade kangaroo calf, button, square and A. S. T. tip, 12 to 2, regular price \$1.75, this week.....1.43
21 pairs Misses' kid button, square toe, 11 to 2, former price \$1.40 to \$2.00, to close out.....1.20
13 pairs Misses' kid button, razor toe, 12 to 1 1/2, former price \$2.00, to close out.....1.45
Child's kid button, spring heel, square toe, 8 1/2 to 11, regular price 85c, this week.....70c
Misses' kid button, spring heel, square toe, 11 1/2 to 2, regular price \$1.00, this week.....94c
Youth's calf, lace, pointed toe, former price \$1.75, to close out.....\$1.35
Boys' calf, lace, pointed toe, former price \$2.00, to close out.....1.45
Our entire line of Men's \$2.50 shoes, including welta, this week.....1.98
Do not forget that we have a good line of warm lined shoes and slippers.

Crochet Quilts

Special.

- 50c Crochet Quilts, this week.....43c
75c Crochet Quilts, this week.....64c
90c Crochet Quilts, this week.....75c
\$1.00 Crochet Quilts, this week.....87c
\$1.25 Crochet Quilts, this week.....\$1.10
\$1.40 Crochet Quilts, this week.....1.23
\$2.00 Crochet Quilts, this week.....1.70

Underwear Sale

- 40 dozen Men's camel hair random shirts and drawers, regular price 25c, this week, each.....19c
30 dozen Men's sanitary shirts and drawers, regular price 40c, this week.....33c
60 dozen Children's elastic ribbed vests and pants, size 16, 8 1/2; 18, 11; 20, 13; 22, 17; 24, 19; 26, 21; 28, 25; 30, 25; 32, 27; 34, 30c.
30 dozen Men's fleeced lined shirts and drawers, extra heavy, cheap at 50c, this week.....45c
25 dozen Men's natural wool shirts and drawers, regular price 75c, this week, each.....67c

Hats! Hats!

Special Low Prices.

- 50c Hats, a small lot, now.....35c
75c Hats, a small lot, now.....50c
\$1.50 and \$1.75 good styles, now.....\$1.10
\$2.25 and \$2.50 good styles, now.....1.49
\$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 stiff hats, now.....98c

Best grade live geese feathers in 1, 2, 3 and 5 pound sacks.

Fred Schmidt & Bro.,

921 O STREET,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE,

LINCOLN, NEB.

TO CURE NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA.

To Gain Flesh, to Sleep Well, to Know What Appetite and Good Digestion Means, Make a Test of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Interesting Experience of an Indianapolis Gentleman.

No trouble is more common or more misunderstood than nervous dyspepsia. People having it think that their nerves are to blame and are surprised that they are not cured by nerve medicine and spring remedies; the real seat of the mischief is lost sight of; the stomach is the organ to be looked after.

Nervous dyspepsia often do not have any pain whatever in the stomach, nor perhaps any of the usual symptoms of stomach weakness. Nervous dyspepsia shows itself not in the stomach so much as in nearly every other organ; in some cases the heart palpitates and is irregular; in others, the kidneys are affected; with headaches; still others are troubled with loss of flesh and appetite, with accumulation of gas, sour risings and heartburn.

Mr. A. W. Sharper of No. 61 Prospect St., Indianapolis, Ind., writes as follows: "A motive of pure gratitude prompts me to write these few lines regarding the new and valuable medicine, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I have been a sufferer from nervous dyspepsia for the last four years; have used various patent medicines and other remedies without any favorable result. They sometimes gave temporary relief until the effects of the medicine wore off. I attributed this to my sedentary habits, being a bookkeeper with very little physical exercise, but I am glad to state that the tablets have overcome all these obstacles, for I have gained in flesh, sleep better and am better in every way. The above is written not for notoriety, but is based on actual fact." Respectfully yours,

A. W. SHARPER, 61 Prospect St., Indianapolis, Ind. It is safe to say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any stomach weakness or disease except cancer of stomach. They cure sour stomach, gas, loss of flesh and appetite, sleeplessness, palpitation, heartburn, constipation and headaches.

Send for valuable little book on stomach diseases by addressing Stuart Co., Marshall, Miss. All druggists sell full sized packages at 50 cents.

Wanted—To correspond with lady with means; age 30 to 50, a widower, unincumbered, good standing in church and society; temperate, and use no tobacco. S. S. SCOTT, Fremont, Neb.

Laymen Want Equal Rights. CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—Resolutions favoring equal representation of laymen and preachers in conferences were adopted at today's session of the annual session of the Rock River conference of the Methodist church.

A Clever Swindle.

A clever swindle, whereby an out-of-town jewelry firm lost a gold watch valued at \$300, was revealed by a member of the firm to some of his friends in this city the other day. A well-dressed man called at the store, and, after much deliberating, chose a watch and gave his check for \$300 in payment for it. "I want you to have the watch regulated," he said to the clerk, "so I can get it tomorrow afternoon. In the meantime you can ascertain whether the check is good." The next afternoon he called and was informed that the check had been returned from the bank on which it was drawn with "No funds" stamped on it. He looked surprised and asked to see it. "Why, what a mistake I made," he said when he saw the check. "Of course it was no good. I carry a number of loose checks in my pocket to oblige my friends and I used the wrong one. Here, I will draw one on a bank I have a deposit in and will wait here while some one goes to the bank." This was satisfactory and the man sat down to wait. After several minutes he jumped up and said: "Oh, what's the use of waiting here all this time? I'll just pay cash for the watch. Get my check back." In the meantime the check had been taken to the office of the firm and indorsed to be cashed. The messenger was called back and the check returned to the man, who thereupon left with the watch. A short time afterward the check was returned to the firm for payment. The bank had cashed it on the strength of the firm's indorsement.—New York Times.

O'Brien—O'd loike t' git a pair av shoes for the girl. The Clerk—French kid? O'Brien—Not a bit av it, she's Ortish!—Truth.

Folly. Folly, when 'tis chronic, is a terrible disease. But it must, I am persuaded, be quite devoid of pain; For every one who has it seems perfectly at ease— So many are afflicted, and so very few complain!

A Common Experience. Some I.—Mr. Johnson is obliged to give up work, remain in the house and take care of himself on account of a dreadful scrofula sore on one of his limbs.

Some II.—Mr. Johnson reads a testimonial which tells of scrofulous troubles cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. He resolves to try it, sends for a bottle and begins taking it.

Some III.—Mr. Johnson has taken six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla. His scrofula sore is cured. He is feeling stronger, has a good appetite and is able to attend to his work. He writes a testimonial telling of his experience with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and recommends it to others.

NEWS BREVITIES.

Professor Francis W. Newman, the author and philosopher, is dead in London, aged 93 years. He was a younger brother of the late Cardinal Newman.

The Eastern Oklahoma Association of Congregational Churches convened in annual session at Jennings, with the largest attendance and most encouraging reports in the history of the association.

An eminent Russian jurist, it is said in London, will be elected as umpire in the Venezuelan dispute. The selection will not be announced officially until the czar has formally given his consent to the appointment.

Guy Webster of Miami, Mo., was arrested and taken to Marshall, for the murder of Miss Carrie Martingale at Miami three weeks ago. The evidence is merely circumstantial. Webster is a boy of 16. He denies the crime.

A Grand Army post organized and officered by Roman Catholic priests was mustered in at Notre Dame, Ind., by State Commander Dodge and full staff, assisted by men of military distinction from all sections of the United States. The Notre Dame post is the only one in the world composed exclusively of priests of the Roman Catholic church.

Ex-Congressman John H. Wilson of Barboursville, Ky., is being pushed for the presidency of the civil service commission, now held by John H. Proctor, also of the Blue Grass state.

The October term of the United States Supreme court will begin next Monday with 466 cases on the docket, against 616 at the beginning of the October term in 1896.

THERE IS A CLASS OF PEOPLE

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GUAINO, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/2 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. It is 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GUAINO.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

As an old physician retired from practice, had given in his hands by an East India physician the formula for a simple vegetable remedy for the specific and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints. Having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, and finding it restores health, restores it without distress, and cheap to all who wish it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using, sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. RAY, 301 Fawcett Block, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Trustworthy and active gentleman (or ladies) to travel for responsible, established house in Nebraska. Monthly \$500 and expenses. Position steady, permanent. Excellent, unobscured, stamped envelope. The Insurance Company, Dept. Y, Chicago.

To Chicago via the Burlington, for \$11 on Sept. 21, 23, 25, and 30th. Also Oct. 5, 7, 12, 14, 19, and 21st.