

## FURNITURE & CARPETS HARDWARE & STOVES

**Solid Mahogany, genuine leather seat, only \$8.25**

**Solid Mahogany, with leather seat, only \$8.25**

**SOLE AGENTS FOR CUTLER'S DESKS.  
Send for Catalogue.**

**Rowlett's Typewriter Desk, Oak Polished, all \$30**

**Fine quarter-sawn, polished side board \$30, reduced to \$28**

**Quarter-sawn polished oak, 10 in. wide, reduced to \$28**

**24x24 Oak Stand only \$1.25**

**Rudge & Morris Co.**

**118 to 124 N St., Lincoln, Nebraska.**

**Largest Stock of House Furnishing Goods in the City.**

**Send for our Catalogue. We Pay the Freight for 100 miles. Mail orders solicited.**

**New Bassett Garland Sweeper, warranted, each at \$2.50**

**Solid Oak polished French plate mirror \$15**

**Antique Leather Seat Office Chair \$6.50**

**Large Antique Library Chair—  
a bargain \$2.00**

**Genuine Mahogany, upholstered leather seat and back \$8.25**

**Leather Seat Office or Library Chair \$4.25**

**Club Room Rocker, leather seat, only \$5.00**

**GETTING WARMED UP.**

Dahlman and Laws Listed for \$2,000  
Transportation Secretaries.

There will probably be few changes in the state institutions when the change of administration occurs. The heads of these institutions are appointees of Gov. Holcomb and the employees are in sympathy with the new order of things. The new state officers are deluged with applications for the few places at the disposal of each, and there promises to be a right earnest rivalry for every place at the disposal of the new regime, even down to the most insignificant appointment by the legislature. The chief rivalry appears to be over the three secretaries of the state board of transportation. These secretaries are appointed by the state board of transportation. The law provides that the three secretaries shall be from different political parties. Heretofore there has been one republican, one democrat and one populist. After the new state board takes control there will probably be one democrat, one populist and one free silver republican.

It is conceded that James C. Dahlman, late chairman of the democratic state committee, will be the democratic member, and that Hon. Gilbert L. Laws, late chairman of the Nebraska bimetallic league, will be the free silver republican member. For the third place the candidates thus far mentioned are Judge Wheeler of Polk, T. H. Tibbles of Cuming, Hon. L. A. Sheridan of Red Willow, Fred Miller of this city, S. W. Beardsley of Cheney and Kessler of Burt.

There were a number of democrats who were anxious to receive recognition for the democratic corner of the secretaryship, but they all retired from the field as soon as it became known that Dahlman was a candidate. It is understood that the appointment of democrats under the new state officers will be regulated by the selections of the democratic state central committee.

**ABARBAROUS SURGICAL OPERATION****For the Cure of Piles**

Is not only intensely painful, dangerous to life and very expensive, but in the light of modern medical research and since the discovery of the Pyramid Pile Cure a surgical operation is wholly unnecessary. If you have any doubt on this point kindly read the following letters from people who know that our claims regarding the merits of the Pyramid Pile Cure are borne out by the facts.

From N. A. Stoll, Ridge Road, Niagara Co., N. Y.: I received your Pyramid Pile Cure and tested it last night. It did me more good than anything I have ever found yet, and remember this was the result of one night's treatment only.

From Penn W. Arnett, Batesville, Ark.: Gentlemen:—Your Pyramid Pile Cure has done me so much good in so short a time that my son-in-law, Capt. T. J. Klein, of Fort Smith, Ark., has written me for your address as he wishes to try it also.

From A. E. Townsend, Benville, Ind.: I have been so much benefited by the Pyramid Pile Cure that I enclose \$1 for which please send a package which I wish

to give to a friend of mine who suffers very much from piles.

From John H. Wright, Clinton, DeWitt Co., Ills.: I am so well pleased with the Pyramid Pile Cure that I think it but right to drop you a few lines to inform you its effects have been all that I could ask or wish.

From P. A. Bruton, Llano, Tex.: Gentlemen:—The Pyramid Pile Cure has done so much good for me that I will say for the benefit of others that after using it only two days I am better than I have been for months.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is prepared by The Pyramid Drug Co., of Albion, Mich., and it is truly a wonderful remedy for all forms of piles. So great has been the number of testimonial letters received by them from all parts of the country that they have decided to publish each week a number of such letters and never use the same letter twice, but only fresh letters will be published.

All druggists recommend the Pyramid Pile Cure, as they know from what their customers say that no remedy gives such general satisfaction.

**THE FREE THINKERS.****Now Holding a Session in Chicago, With a Good Attendance**

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 14.—Free thinkers from all over the United States and from England were present at Washington hall last night at the annual congress of the American Secular Union and Free Thought federation.

The meeting was called to order shortly after 10 o'clock by Samuel P. Putnam of Chicago, president of the union and federation. Addressees were delivered by Mr. Putnam, George W. Foote, Charles Watts, Judge C. B. Waite and Mrs. M. A. Freeman. President Putnam, in his address, said:

"Our American republic in its beginning was a powerful outburst of freedom, and yet today in this republic we are threatened by tyranny and superstition. It is our place to put the republic on its original foundations, to anchor it to principles of the declaration of independence. We are repeating the errors of the past. What we oppose is not religion in itself, but the union of religion with the states. The exemption of church property from taxation, the Bible in the schools, the enforcement of Sabbath laws, these are instances of the degeneration of the government."

A great conflict is before us. A vast number of petitions are circulating throughout the country in behalf of this Christian movement. The issue is direct and we must meet it by every means in our power. All differences are lost in this one tremendous and vital question. We must work for the rights of man; to give to each human being the same rights which we claim for ourselves. We labor not to divide, but to unite the human race. There can be no union except by equality of rights. We do not war upon religion. Let religion be free, is what we want. Let it depend upon reason, upon science, upon education, but not upon the sword of the state."

At the afternoon session of the congress addresses were delivered by

Charles C. Moore of Kentucky and Francis Woodbury of Washington. There was a public meeting in the evening. The speakers were M. Florence Johnson of Massachusetts, Pearl W. Gear of Oregon and Samuel C. Putnam, president of the congress.

THE WHOLE STORY of the wonderful cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla is soon told. It makes the blood rich, pure and nourishing. It cures scrofula, catarrh, rheumatism.

HOOD'S PILLS act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

**READS LIKE A STORY.**

A Kidnapping That Ended in the Re-uniting of Two Brothers.

FT. SCOTT, Kas., Nov. 14.—James Campbell, the Sandwich island millionaire sugar grower, who was kidnapped a few months ago at San Francisco and held for a \$50,000 ransom, is expected here soon to visit his brother, George Campbell. They have not met since they separated Londonderry, Ireland, forty-seven years ago. Each was lost to the other until recently, when they were reunited by means of items in the newspapers.

George Campbell is one of the wealthiest stock men in this country and lives on his big ranch twenty-five miles west of here. A few days after the kidnapping the ranchman read the details of the affair and he wrote the Sandwich island man. No answer came and the ranchman had about decided to abandon the idea of his relationship to the millionaire when one day a roughly dressed stranger, who professed to be traversing the continent on foot, stopped at the house. Campbell afterward recalled that the man wore white cuffs and silk hose under his apparently travé stained clothing. Later it developed that the visitor was a detective from San Francisco. Two weeks later Campbell received a letter from the sugar millionaire and further correspondence has resulted in arrangements for the two brothers to meet at the ranchman's home here soon.

The meeting was called to order shortly after 10 o'clock by Samuel P. Putnam of Chicago, president of the union and federation. Addressees were delivered by Mr. Putnam, George W. Foote, Charles Watts, Judge C. B. Waite and Mrs. M. A. Freeman. President Putnam, in his address, said:

"Our American republic in its beginning was a powerful outburst of freedom, and yet today in this republic we are threatened by tyranny and superstition. It is our place to put the republic on its original foundations, to anchor it to principles of the declaration of independence. We are repeating the errors of the past. What we oppose is not religion in itself, but the union of religion with the states. The exemption of church property from taxation, the Bible in the schools, the enforcement of Sabbath laws, these are instances of the degeneration of the government."

A great conflict is before us. A vast number of petitions are circulating throughout the country in behalf of this Christian movement. The issue is direct and we must meet it by every means in our power. All differences are lost in this one tremendous and vital question. We must work for the rights of man; to give to each human being the same rights which we claim for ourselves. We labor not to divide, but to unite the human race. There can be no union except by equality of rights. We do not war upon religion. Let religion be free, is what we want. Let it depend upon reason, upon science, upon education, but not upon the sword of the state."

At the afternoon session of the congress addresses were delivered by

**Westward Through the Rockies.**

The traveler, tourist or business man is wise when he selects the Rio Grande Western Railway "Great Salt Lake Route" for his route to the Pacific Coast.

It is the only transcontinental line passing directly through Salt Lake City, and in addition to the glimpses it affords of the Temple City, the Great Salt Lake and picturesque Salt Lake and Utah Valley, it affords the choice of three distinct routes through the mountains and the most magnificent scenery in the world.

On all Pacific Coast tourist tickets stop-overs are granted at Denver, Colorado Springs, Salt Lake City, Ogden and other points of interest. Double daily train service and through Pullman and tourist sleeping cars between Denver and San Francisco and Los Angeles.

For illustrated pamphlets descriptive of the "Great Salt Lake Route," write L. B. Evertland, Traveling Passenger Agent, 305 West Ninth street, Kansas City, or F. A. Wadleigh, General Passenger Agent, Salt Lake City.

Petition.

To the superintendents and all other officials of railroads whom this may concern—Gentlemen:

Thanking you for the liberal donations made to the unfortunate people of this state for carrying them free of charge the great amount of aid donated from all parts of the country to the thousands suffering from the effects of this state, and,

Whereas, This year there is generally a good crop of corn in Nebraska, but while the price of the same is much lower

than it can be produced for, and while the price is based on the Chicago market

**One Honest Man.**

Dear Editor: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially, I will mail in a sealed letter the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness, Loss of Manhood, Lack of Confidence, etc. I have no scheme to extort money from any one whomever. I was robbed and swindled by quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but, thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and anxious to make this certain means of cure known to all. Having nothing to sell or send C.O.D., I want no money. Address Jas. A. Harris, Box 825, Delray, Mich.

**AN EMERGENCY FEELER.**

Representative Kaup of Saline County Feels Like Praying a Little.

The first insidious movement to head off suspected railway legislation comes from Saline county, bearing the signature of Representative Kaup, the only republican on the Saline county ticket who escaped the landslide. Representative Kaup is in a prayerful mood, and innocently invites the state officers and members of the legislature, present and absent, to join him while he directs his appeal to the railroads to ask them to continue until next May the emergency grain rate put into effect by them some time since. Mr. Kaup realizes that there is still an emergency, which is likely to continue until about May, as the legislature usually adjourns in April. His address is as follows:

WESTERN, Neb., Nov. 14.—To the state officers, including his excellency, the governor, present state senators and representatives elected to the coming legislature—Dear Sirs: Below find a copy of a petition, the object of which explains itself. Those of you who deem this petition advisable will let me know by letter, with authority to sign my name to like petition, which I will send to proper departments of railroads at an early day as possible. I am acting on the impulse of the moment, and while immediate action may be of consequence, I know those of you whose acquaintance I have made in the past will pardon me, as it is not with any sense of leadership that I am taking this step. Truly yours, representative Thirty-third district.

WILLIAM KAUP,  
Western, Neb.

Petition.

To the superintendents and all other officials of railroads whom this may concern—Gentlemen:

Thanking you for the liberal donations made to the unfortunate people of this state for carrying them free of charge the great amount of aid donated from all parts of the country to the thousands suffering from the effects of this state, and,

Whereas, This year there is generally a good crop of corn in Nebraska, but while the price of the same is much lower

than it can be produced for, and while the price is based on the Chicago market

less freight, making the price paid here only about one-half, and in the more western part less than one-half that of the Chicago price, and the poorer class of farmers, including nearly all the renters, will be compelled to sell their crops from now until spring.

Therefore, we, the undersigned state officials, state senators and representatives of the last legislature of Nebraska, also senators and representatives elected to the coming legislature, respectfully petition all railroad companies carrying freight in Nebraska, to give a kindly consideration to carrying corn at as low a rate from now until about May 1, 1897, at which time the bulk of this year's corn crop will be in the hands of speculators, and the more able farmers who can hold the crop for better prices, which will enable them to pay higher freight rates.

We, the representatives of the people, in their name, kindly ask and pray that you consider this matter at once with a charitable disposition, thereby giving encouragement to a class of people who are and will be the bone and sinew of this state and the welfare of the future, for this state will depend fully on the success of the farmers. We are respectfully,

AN EMERGENCY FEELER.

CREW SHIPWRECKED.

Forces to Abandon Their Steamer on the North Coast of Lake Superior.

SAULT STE MARIE, Mich., Nov. 16.—The Canadian steamer Acadia, with a crew of seventeen, which has been missing several days, is ashore on the rocks near Michipicoten river and will be a total loss. The master of the steamer, Captain Clifford, with four of the crew, reached port last night in a sailboat belonging to the light house department. Since a week ago Thursday they have been fighting for life against cold and hunger in the bleak, desolate wilds of the Canadian shore of Lake Superior. The Acadia measured 806 tons and is owned in Hamilton, Ontario. Her cargo was 20,000 bushels of wheat.

Captain Clifford and the members of his crew will leave to-day if the weather permits for the scene of the wreck. On the way he will pick up the men at Gargantuia. An effort will be made to rescue the steamer if any thing can be done for her.

The Ferris Wheel's Day Over.

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—Upon the application of creditors, the Ferris wheel and its belongings went into the hands of a receiver to-day. Judge Horton appointed Andrew Onderdonk to take charge. After the World's fair the wheel was moved from Jackson park to a choice residence portion of the North side. The venture was located in a prohibition district and apparently could not under such circumstances be made to pay enough to meet expenses.

Not Too Old to Marry at 76.

MARSHALL, Mo., Nov. 16.—The social event of the season was the marriage of Captain Joseph Bunbury and Mrs. Mary F. Wilson, both of this city, last night. The groom was a valiant soldier in the Mexican war under General Doniphan. He is about 76 years of age.

Mrs. C. W. HOXIE,  
Mrs. C. M. BRANSON,  
Committee.

To Continue the War for the American System of Bimetallism.

To the Editor: We, the Mary Bryan Silver Club, desire to express our gratitude and appreciation of the many kindnesses and courtesies which you have extended to us during the past weeks of our organization. Patriotic citizens have united in the one common cause for bimetallism, and though for the present our cause seems to have met with defeat, we remember the adage, "We are never so near victory as when defeat does not consist in never failing, but in rising every time we fall. It is defeat that turns bone to flint. It is defeat that has often given the sweet law of liberty for the bitter law of oppression. So let us not fear temporary defeat."

The Duke of Wellington once said:

"There is only one thing more demoralizing than defeat and that is victory."

Our opponents may yet find in their present victory a Waterloo, unless by wise and judicious legislation they redeem their pledges to the laboring millions of this country, and bring about the promised prosperity. We believe our cause is not vanquished, and with our intrepid leader, who has so gallantly led our hosts in the late engagements, we will be ready and willing at the sound of the bugle call to join the ranks and march on to a glorious victory.

Mrs. C. W. HOXIE,  
Mrs. C. M. BRANSON,  
Committee.

Dr. Sims gives special attention to artificial teeth, crowns and bridge work. Burr R. H.

14.